

QUIET AGAIN PREVAILS IN ST. PETERSBURG AFTER A DAY AND NIGHT OF UNTOID HORROR

GEN. NOGI TO HAVE CHARGE OF IMPERIAL PRINCE'S CHILDREN

Man of War To Return To Tokio To Fill Peaceful Position.

Returned Surgeon Tells of Sad State of the Russian Red Cross.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 23.—The steamer Athenian, which has arrived from the Orient, brought among her passengers Dr. Klampe, an American who went to Manchuria to offer his services to the Russian medical corps without success. He tells of much persecution and a sad state of the Red Cross and hospital arrangements with the Russians. The Athenian brings details of the sinking of the Japanese cruiser Saiton, off Port Arthur, Commander Okada, second in command, who survived, gave the following narrative:

The Saiton was struck by a mine and in two minutes listed to her starboard side and began going down fast. Capt. Tajiima remained on the bridge, refusing assistance and rejecting renunciations of officers to take to the boats. When the vessel sank the captain and thirteen officers, together with petty officers and men were engulfed in the waves. As the Saiton foundered the Russians poured a merciless fire on her from batistons and the rescue by Japanese warships was made difficult. The work was continued twelve hours, but no trace was seen of the captain and thirty-one others. The mine having struck the Saiton below the second engine room, five men working there were instantly killed. Three escaped from the back engine room.

Gen. Nogi is to return to Tokio to receive an appointment formerly held by the late Count Kawamura, in connection with the rearing of the prince imperial's children. It is said he seemed almost unconscious of the need of sleep during the last weeks of the siege, and after the death of his elder son, news of which was brought him during the attack on 20th Metre hill, Gen. Nogi was found several times with his head in his hands weeping. Nogi's family is now extinct. Anticipating the death of his sons he had arranged that the title should succeed to an only son of his younger brother, but this boy was also killed.

VLAIVOSTOK FLEET EXPECTS TO COME OUT

Admiral Kamimura Leaves Tokio To Rejoin Jap Squadron.

Tokio, Jan. 23, 11 a. m.—Vice Admiral Kamimura left today to rejoin his fleet. It was recently announced that the Russian Vladivostok squadron was believed to have been repaired and it was thought it might come out at any moment.

The navy department is strenuously preparing for the second stage of the war.

During the year past the Japanese have captured twenty-three blockade runners, of which thirteen were Russian and seven British. The recent captures of coal amount to about 25,000 tons.

The Japanese sacrificed seventeen vessels while blockading Port Arthur. The Russians sank nine transports and menhantans.

Three hundred officers and 17,517 men, prisoners of war, from Port Arthur, have arrived in Japan to date. A majority of them have been sent to Tengachaya and Hamatera.

MANY REFUGEES
Arrive at Che Foo From Port Arthur.

Che Foo, Jan. 23.—Twenty-seven men and women, comprising the first party

THREATENED STRIKE WILL NOT OCCUR

Differences Between Men and Pennsylvania Road Are Settled.

Philadelphia, Jan. 23.—The strike situation on the Pennsylvania road has been settled. There will be no strike.

After a conference of less than an hour's duration today between General Manager Atterbury, of the Pennsylvania road and Grand Master Morrissey, Vice Grand Master Lee and the board of adjustment of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, Mr. Morrissey announced that the difference between the company and the men have been amicably settled.

The following joint statement was issued by Mr. Atterbury and Mr. Morrissey:

"Mr. Atterbury has accepted Mr. Morrissey's proposition on the Jersey City situation increasing the wages of the conductors and brakemen in the Jersey City, Haverhill, Cove, Greenville, Meadows, Newark and Waverly yards to the standard rates of New York harbor together with other working conditions."

"Mr. Morrissey has accepted Mr. Atterbury's proposition of Jan. 7 as am-

SMOOT THINKS MODERN PROPHECY JUST AS GOOD AS THAT OF OLDEN TIME

Believes God Speaks To People Through Mormon President.

Apostles Sustained As Prophets, But Are Not Good Ones.

Senator Declines To Reveal Secrets of Endowment House.

Washington, Jan. 23.—Senator Reed Smoot resumed his testimony in his own behalf today before the senate committee on privileges and elections, Judge Taylor continuing the cross-examination. Senator Smoot in answer to a question by Chairman Burrows, said he would not want to say that the apostles were prophets, but he would not want to say that the apostles were not prophets. He said he believed that the apostles were prophets, but he did not think a man is a prophet at any time unless he speaks by the spirit of prophecy. He said he believed that a man has always that spirit of prophecy within him, but he did not believe that the president of the church communicates directly with God. He said he believed that the president of the church would speak through the apostles.

"Does God speak through the apostles?" "Oh, not in the same way. An apostle has no more authority in a state of Zion than his present, and I am not a member of the church to act in the stead of the church."

In answering a question as to his belief in modern prophecy, Senator Smoot said: "Men speaking in modern days, of the spirit of the Lord—their counsel, is just as good as that of the prophets that spoke under inspiration in ancient days."

Senator Burrows interrogated Senator Smoot as to the details of the endowment ceremony.

"How long did it take to perform this ceremony?" "From the beginning to the end, about three or four hours."

"How many went through with you?" "Thirty or forty."

"State what you are able to recall of it?" "I would very much prefer not to."

"Why not?" "For conscientious reasons, I made a vow not to talk with anybody about the church, or with a living soul, but I did make a vow that I would not reveal the endowment ceremony to anybody and I have kept that vow to this day. I went out of the church tomorrow and remained out of the church until I was ready to leave. I would never feel that it was my duty or that I should divulge what little I even remember of it."

The senator said he did not even remember of it.

"I cannot say except as a guess."

"As a guess, what would you say?" "Some years, more and some years less, I understand."

"How is this money expended?" "Well, there is about \$100,000 for educational interests, about \$100,000 for the feeding of the poor, a great deal for the expenses of missionaries."

At this point, Senator Overman interrupted, saying that all he wanted was information as to the extent of church investments in industrial and commercial institutions.

The church has some money so invested, but a small percentage of the capital of these institutions," said the senator.

of refugees from Port Arthur, have arrived here in a junk. They stated that twenty-two other junks bearing over 500 non-combatants were also coming. Several launches immediately left with the idea of assisting the junks in reaching Che Foo.

These refugees including men, women and children, had been waiting for a steamer at Pigeon bay. They were without shelter and were obliged to sleep in the sand. The expected steamers failing to arrive, permission was secured for them to use junks.

The refugees state that since the first few days following the surrender of Port Arthur there has been practically no looting. The Japanese officers dealing sternly with all offenders. The Chinese were more culpable than the Japanese, who generally confined themselves to taking small articles, which they probably wanted chiefly as souvenirs. The consensus of opinion is that the soldiers behaved with remarkable self-restraint, compared with the conduct of others in similar situations in the history of wars.

Recently estimated, 200 civilians lost their lives during the siege. The refugees generally exhibit no signs of ill health from their subsistence on a restricted diet.

SHIPBUILDING COMPANY COMMON STOCKHOLDERS WANT DIVIDEND.

Cleveland, Jan. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Revolutions of more than ordinary interest are now taking place in the lake trade. In one way it means a dissolution of combination for so far as certain trades are concerned. Five years ago when the Pittsburgh Coal company was formed it took over the coal interests of M. A. Hanna & Co. and Pickands, Mather & Co. At the same time Martin Mullen sold his mines and dock property to the Pittsburgh Coal company and voluntarily agreed to stay out of the coal handling business for five years. The same agreement was also made by M. A. Hanna & Co. and Pickands, Mather & Co. The five years are now up and these contracts will not be renewed. Now Martin Mullen has entered the firm of M. A. Hanna & Co. to take charge of its extensive coal interests, and the move undoubtedly means that there will be competition on the lake in the coal trade. It will probably be very lively competition also as Mullen is being infused all along the line into the firm of M. A. Hanna & Co. Since the death of Senator Hanna has really become a new organization altogether. L. C. Hanna, who was the real head of the company, was removed from the firm both actively and financially. He has turned all his holdings in the firm into cash. Messrs. Young, Johnston and Ayers, who were in the coal department, have left the firm and gone into the business independently. Silas Hitchcock and C. C. Bolton, who were respectively in charge of the ore and pig iron departments, have retired, so that active men in the firm are entirely new.

Meanwhile Pickands, Mather & Co. have not been idle in building up their organization and are fast advancing in the coal trade. The new firm is making greater strides on the Mesaba range than Pickands, Mather & Co. and several observers of lake business predict that this firm will become within a few years the force.

(Continued on page 2, first column.)

CIVIC FEDERATION WILL TRY TO SETTLE STRIKE.

New York, Jan. 23.—The National Civic Federation has decided to attempt a settlement between the Building Trades Employers association and the 500 locked out men in the building trades. The reconciliation committee has been appointed to as a peacemaker and will proceed under the first commission of the arbitrators new president, August Belmont.

Several previous attempts to settle the lockout have failed. It has been in progress six months and many of the men, principally carpenters, have returned to work.

FIRE AT MENOMINEE.
Menominee, Mich., Jan. 23.—The plant of the Menominee Electric Manufacturing company was burned today. Loss \$50,000. Insurance \$40,000. Incendiarism is suspected.

STEAMER SUNK.
Portland, Ore., Jan. 23.—The Oregon Railway & Navigation passenger steamer George W. Elder, which left this city Saturday night for San Francisco with a large number of passengers, struck a rock in the Columbia river near Gobel at midnight and sunk. The passengers and crew escaped.

TROOPS IN COMPLETE CONTROL OF CITY

Mob Subdued and Scattered After Many Were Killed and Wounded.

Situation Remains Critical and Another Outbreak May Occur Soon.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 23, 11 a. m.—Up to this hour there has been no renewal of disturbances. The city is quiet.

Sevastopol, Jan. 23, 11 a. m.—The vast admiralty works here are ablaze.

Moscow, Jan. 23.—All was quiet here at noon.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 23, 12:45 p. m.—The military had complete possession of the city this morning and quiet prevailed in all sections.

After the last volleys in the Vassili Ostroff quarter, at midnight, the men abandoned the few barricades which they held until that hour, and retired. The word was passed around by the leaders to remain quiet for the present. During the night a fine snow fell, covering the ugly red stains and obliterating all traces of the conflict of yesterday, and with the break of the day the city, with the exception of the presence of the troops in the streets, had resumed its normal appearance. The shops had reopened and general traffic was partially resumed. The men appeared at work in several of the factories and mills, including the works of the Russian Westinghouse company, but the managers, in a majority of cases, told the men to remain away for a few days, and that in the meantime they would receive their pay.

The people generally were nervous and apprehensive and kept indoors. The strikers, looking weary and haggard after the excitement of yesterday, collected in sullen little groups in the vicinity of their various headquarters and yesterday's barricades, awaiting the decision of their leaders regarding the plan of action. They were in an ugly mood and broke out in curses whenever soldiers marched by.

An early morning tour by the correspondent of the Associated Press showed that a cordon of troops barred the entrances of the city from the big industrial sections. The bridges were still held by the guards regiments, it being rather strange to see the officers of the imperial guards, the pets of the St. Petersburg mob, on duty in the thoroughfares and doing police duty in the streets around the Winter palace. There was no trace of excitement. The big square, which yesterday was filled with troops, was empty, but inside the palace court, beyond the sight of the passersby, a regiment of cuirassiers and several companies of infantry were quartered.

The authorities had advised the factory owners not to admit the men as they had stolen a lot of dynamite bombs and might destroy property. Rumors were current that the strikers proposed to proclaim a general attack on property and a reign of anarchy, but the labor leaders denied this in the most vigorous terms. One of Father Gopon's lieutenants declared that the leaders of the strike were determined to preach the gospel of armed resistance and the overthrow of autocracy, but that it did not carry with it a threat of a reign of anarchy on property. The police have not yet been able to locate Father Gopon, though they are searching for him everywhere. His whereabouts are known to only half a dozen trusted lieutenants, through whom he issues orders.

No newspapers have appeared since Friday, except the Official Messenger, containing the government decrees which is printed under military protection at the office of the state bank, where the bank notes are issued. Orders were issued yesterday that all bulletins posted on all the bulletin boards. Strikers who came to read spat upon them.

It is reported that at one of the meetings in the early hours this morning some of the strike leaders discussed the advisability of sending delegations to the various embassies to appeal to the foreign powers for protection, but no action was taken, at least no delegations had appeared at any of the embassies up to noon.

The situation continues very critical. The military have the upper hand in St. Petersburg, and so long as the troops remain true, they can crush any attempt at resistance in the capital. But the eyes of all are turned toward the interior for the effect which the news will produce in the big centers. Considerable excitement, the Associated Press hears by telephone, existed at Moscow, but no open demonstration has been reported. The workers and Social Democrats are planning a complete strike at the old capital for Wednesday.

At Sevastopol the admiralty works, as already cabled, are reported to be in flames.

No confirmation is obtainable of the reported revolt of troops in the Caucasus.

There are continued rumors of dissatisfaction among the troops here. It is now reported that in addition to the Moscow Guard regiment, the Finland and Ismalevsky regiments declined to obey orders to fire yesterday.

OFFICIAL VIEW
Of Sunday's Rioting, Given In Official Messenger.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 23.—The story of the events immediately preceding and during yesterday's outbreak, as viewed by official eyes, is given in the Official Messenger as follows:

"All attempts of the factory inspectors to pacify the workmen were fruitless and every worker from the number of the large factories joined. The strike spread quickly and extended to nearly all the works in the city. At the same time the demands of the strikers and these were formulated in writing mostly by Father Gopon. The employers' discussions and demands for a refusal that if some of them were satisfied it could not fail to ruin industry while others desired to be examined and practically conceded. Furthermore, the strikers were expressed to negotiate with the men but not with the strikers' organization. The strikers refused to agree to it and violated the negotiation between the masters and men of the different factories. The agitation was being conducted without disturbance of public order, no repressive measures were adopted and not a single person was arrested. The agitation of the workmen's association was, however, soon joined by the agitation of the revolutionary circles."

"On the morning of Jan. 21, the workmen's association led by Father Gopon appeared with a large number of strikers. On Sunday Father Gopon drew up a petition of workmen to the emperor which contained besides demands on behalf of the men, a declaration of a political character. Among the workmen verbal and written notifications were issued. The strikers necessity for a meeting Jan. 22 on the palace square in order through Father Gopon to submit the petition to the emperor. One of the demands was of a political character and the real purpose of the meeting on the palace square was to elect Father Gopon as a man. Fanatical speeches which Father Gopon, forgetting his clerical dignity, addressed to the men and criminal agitation excited the men to such an extent that on Jan. 22, large crowds proceeded to the center of the city. At some points bloody collisions occurred between them and the troops in consequence of their refusal to obey the police regulations or owing to their direct attacks on the troops. The latter were obliged to fire in the Schlusselberg Causeway near the Narva triumphal arch, in Troitski square and in the fourth line on the Vassili Ostroff quarter, in the Alexander gardens, at the corner of Nevsky Prospect and Gogol street, near the police bridge and at the Dazan cathedral. In the fourth line the pomplace erected barricades of planks and wire. On one of these a red flag was hoisted. From windows of neighboring houses shots were fired and stones were thrown at the military. The crowd took swords from the policemen and armed themselves with them. They plighted the Schaff small arms factory and carried off about a hundred swords, a large number of which, however, the police recovered. The crowd destroyed telegraph wires and knocked down poles. The municipal building in the second district was attacked and demolished. In the evening five shops on the St. Petersburg side were plundered."

CZAR PROSTRATED.
St. Petersburg, Jan. 23.—Emperor Nicholas is completely prostrated by grief. He is represented to be almost in a state of collapse over the situation. In the meantime everything awaits his decision. All the schools

(Continued on page 4, second column.)

CROWDS INCREASE
But Police Do Not Allow Them To Collect.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 23, 1:55 p. m.—As the day advanced the crowds on Nevsky Prospect increased, but the police did not allow them to collect.

HOCH IS BELIEVED TO BE AN EXPERT POISON MIXER

Chicago, Jan. 23.—That John Hoch, whom the police allege to be a modern Bluebeard, is an expert chemist and may possess knowledge of a "secret poison," was the declaration of Police Inspector Shippy today. The inspector says he has evidence that Hoch was a druggist some years ago and compounded many poisons. "It may be that being proficient in the use of poisons he found some poison that could not be detected," said the inspector. The police say Hoch has many aliases and that he has survived at least two sentences for surreptitiously selling before complete payment furniture purchased on the installment plan.

"This man is poisoning me," are the words Mrs. William Steinbecker told the police today that her mother-in-law said shortly before death ten years ago. The dead woman is said to have married Hoch about ten years ago and to have been taken suddenly ill two months after the wedding. Mrs. Steinbecker told Inspector Shippy that after her mother-in-law's death property valued at \$4000 was disposed of by Hoch.

THE QUALITY STORE.



Are You Going to the Elks' Charity Ball?

If so you will be interested in our complete stock of fashionable apparel.

**Dress Suits,
Dress
Overcoats,
Full Dress
Shirts,
White Vests,
Full Dress
Bows and
Ties, Shirt
Studs, Cuff
Buttons,
Collars and
Cuffs, Dress
Shoes, Dress
Gloves,
Opera Hats.**



LIVELY COMPETITION IN LAKE COAL TRADE

(Continued from page 1.)

most operator on the lakes. The Pittsburg Coal company is, of course, enormously entrenched and through its splendid organization will undoubtedly continue to hold its lake trade.

During the past few months a combination has been formed among certain of the common stockholders of the American Shipbuilding company who, having acquired a considerable part of the stock are now endeavoring to force the company to declare a dividend upon it. Their action is based upon the fact that the shipbuilding company has a surplus of \$3,500,000 after having settled all claims of the preferred stockholders. Their contention is that this surplus, under the terms of the organization of the company, belongs to the common stockholders. It should be stated that the common stock of this company is unlike the common stock of the ordinary later-day combination, that is, it was not issued as a bonus, but 329 shares were actually paid into the treasury of the shipbuilding company for it. Only one dividend of 1 per cent has been declared upon this stock. The dividend was declared after an era of business such as has never before obtained on the lakes. The company built thirty-nine modern steamers and had orders for thirty-nine more. It so happens, however, that when these latter orders were filled the company found itself without a single order on its books and with every berth in its seven yards practically vacant. No one could foresee how long this condition would last and, therefore, the directors decided not to declare any dividend upon common stock. The company has always been conservatively managed and its executives believe in having on hand at all times an abundant capital so as to relieve it of the necessity of borrowing, which, of course, simply enhances the constructive cost of ships, owing to interest charges.

During the past four months, however, the company has received orders for twenty ships, but unfortunately for the common stockholders these ships bring along a train of attendant expenses. They are larger than any ships now on the lakes and are really beyond the capacity of the existing yards to care for them. There are only two drydocks on the whole chain of great lakes that could dock one of these ships now under construction. The

Piles

In order to prove to you that Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for any form of itching, bleeding, or protruding piles, the manufacturers guarantee a box and if it does not cure you your money back. Mr. Casper Walton, laborer, Michigan City, Ind., says: "I work hard and lift a great deal. The strain brought on an attack of piles. They itched and they protruded and bled. Nothing helped them until I used Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment. That cured them." 30c a box at all dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment.

company, therefore, has prepared plans for the enlargement of its plant which involves immediately the expenditure of over \$1,000,000 and the directors feel that the money should be employed to modernize its plant rather than distribute it among the common stockholders. The common stockholders, however, take a different view of the case and insist that the company should declare a dividend upon common stock.

While it is a little early to forecast the coming season on the lakes there are strange indications the current. Vessels have been chartered to move ore from the head of the lakes to Tonawanda at 90 cents. The differential which exists between Lake Erie ports and Tonawanda, which is on the Niagara river, is usually 10 cents, so that this opening rate of 90 cents to Tonawanda is really 10 cents better than the rate of 70 cents which prevailed to Lake Erie ports last year. Ore is moving freely from dock to furnace, and everything points to an early opening of navigation and a great rush of ore. There is now considerable unemployment with labor, but it is not expected that any real trouble will ensue. The wages which obtained last year were uniformly high and the men will probably be satisfied with getting the same pay this year, though there is the usual talk of seeking an advance. While a great many owners at the recent meeting of the Lake Carriers' association manifested a desire to treat with labor in a friendly manner, the directors of the company have declared upon this stock. The dividend was declared after an era of business such as has never before obtained on the lakes. The company built thirty-nine modern steamers and had orders for thirty-nine more. It so happens, however, that when these latter orders were filled the company found itself without a single order on its books and with every berth in its seven yards practically vacant. No one could foresee how long this condition would last and, therefore, the directors decided not to declare any dividend upon common stock. The company has always been conservatively managed and its executives believe in having on hand at all times an abundant capital so as to relieve it of the necessity of borrowing, which, of course, simply enhances the constructive cost of ships, owing to interest charges.

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FOUR ARE CREMATED

In Burning of Farmers' Home, Near Iron River, Wis.

Iron River, Wis., Jan. 22.—Mortimer lived in all its heroic magnificence tonight as it burned in a fire that occurred eighteen miles south of here yesterday morning at 1 o'clock.

The home of George S. Barnes was burned to the ground, and Mrs. Barnes, her two little daughters and Miss Elsie Anderson, a school teacher, boarding with the family, were cremated. Mr. Barnes, by almost supernatural effort, rescued his two older children, a girl of 13 and a boy of 11, but, perhaps, fatally burned in the vain endeavor to get to his wife, who had rushed back into the burning flames after her youngest little ones. She was burned, while her children before her eyes while he was making frantic efforts to save them. Miss Anderson was beyond help in a little room adjoining the one in which the children were sleeping. An employee, whose name has not been learned, was severely injured while trying to assist the victims. The death: MISS GEORGE BARNES, 7 years old. VIRGINIA BARNES, 5 years old. MISS ELISA MEISSNER, of Washburn, a Finn, 8 years old and unmarried, fell dead on the tracks of the Iron Range railroad at 10:20 yesterday morning. He had been drinking heavily for a month, and his death was due to brain failure aggravated by excessive indulgence in drink. Myland was on his way to the city when found he was on his hands and knees, but the body was warm.

FELL DEAD. Virginia, Minn., Jan. 22.—Mikko Myland, a Finn, 8 years old and unmarried, fell dead on the tracks of the Iron Range railroad at 10:20 yesterday morning. He had been drinking heavily for a month, and his death was due to brain failure aggravated by excessive indulgence in drink. Myland was on his way to the city when found he was on his hands and knees, but the body was warm.

Humors

They take possession of the body, and are Lords of Misrule. They are attended by pimples, boils, the itching tetter, salt rheum, and other cutaneous eruptions; by feelings of weakness, languor, general debility and what not.

They cause more suffering than anything else.

Health, Strength, Peace and Pleasure require their expulsion, and this is positively effected, according to thousands of grateful testimonials, by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Which radically and permanently drives them out and builds up the whole system.

VOLUME OF TRAFFIC

Not So Heavy in Aggregate in 1904 As in 1903.

Freight Rates, in the Main, Were Well Maintained.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, Jan. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Leading commercial movements, as indicated by reports received by the department of commerce and labor, through its bureau of statistics, were not so heavy in the aggregate during 1904 as in 1903, although in many instances distinct improvements were manifested toward the close of the year. The volume of wheat traffic was necessarily restricted by the smallness of the crop, and the foreign withdrawal of that cereal were the lightest in many years. Flour also moved in smaller quantities, owing to the same general conditions, the decrease in the size of its exports being especially worthy of note. Live-stock receipts and shipments were slightly larger than for other of the exportable commodities, but iron and steel movements were greatly depressed most of the year, although a rapid recovery to better conditions was witnessed during the last two months. Freight rates in the main were apparently well maintained, although important changes occurred in some localities. Following their usual custom the trunk lines increased and decreased the grain rates at the opening and closing, respectively, of the lakes, but the tariffs of the east-bound movements of other staples remained in most instances the same. Railroad receipts from Nebraska common points to Chicago and St. Louis made several reductions in grain rates of late in the year, but normal conditions were again established early in June.

The great increase in the price of wheat was one of the features of the commercial year. Corn prices also reached a higher level than during 1903, although the export was not of the national order characterizing the increase in the price of wheat. Oats, on the other hand, showed an inclination to decline in price, the minimum figures reached in October, at Chicago, being the lowest recorded at this city for any month of the year.

During the year 3,513,890 head of cattle were received at the markets of Chicago. Kansas City and Omaha, respectively, showed a decline of 100,000 head, while St. Louis and St. Joseph, Mo., showed an increase of 100,000 head. The total number of cars required to handle the movement was over 500,000 less than for the previous year.

At Chicago's shrinkage is apparent in the year's total live-stock receipts, but an increase is noted in the shipments. The arrivals of cattle, calves, hogs and sheep during 1904 were 100,000 more than for the two previous years, the only increase having been in the receipts of horses and mules. The aggregate of live-stock arrivals for the year was 1,000,000 more than for 1903, and 1,000,000 more than for 1902. The aggregate of live-stock arrivals for the year was 1,000,000 more than for 1903, and 1,000,000 more than for 1902.

St. Louis live-stock arrivals for 1904 amounted to 4,563,366 head, consisting of 1,241,042 cattle, 1,000,000 hogs, 150,000 sheep and mules, being about 1,000,000 head in excess of what they were in 1903 or 1902. The aggregate of live-stock arrivals for the year was 1,000,000 more than for 1903, and 1,000,000 more than for 1902.

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against 149,767,861 bushels in 1905 and 174,766,255 bushels in 1902. As compared with last year's arrivals losses were experienced at all these markets with the exception of Detroit, at which city a very slight gain occurred. The wheat yield for 1904 was the smallest for years, and that for 1903 also fell below the average, the natural consequence being a reflection of those conditions in the commercial movements of the crop. The market which appeared to have suffered the most was Kansas City, the receipts at that point being nearly 3,000,000 bushels less in 1904 than they were for the preceding year.

Notwithstanding the fact that the total commercial movements of grain were lighter during 1904 than in 1903, the east-bound trunk line movements were much heavier, increasing from 72,729,000 bushels in the latter year to 90,561,000 bushels in the former. This rather unusual condition is largely accounted for by the abnormal decline in lake shipments, which show a much larger decrease than that warranted by the shortness of the wheat crop. Extremely heavy gains in grain shipments were made by the railroads during the period of the strike of steamship employees, the movement in May, 1904, being over 5,500,000 bushels in excess of what it was for the same month in 1903, and over 2,000,000 more in June by a like comparison. Enormous gains were made in December, the east-bound rail movement for the month being over 4,500,000 bushels greater than that for a like period in the preceding year. When it is remembered that the heavy corn crop began to move very freely during that month, and that navigation on the great lakes was practically closed for a great part of December, this increase is easily accounted for. The view of the fact that grain exports via the North Atlantic ports greatly increased during the month, and were approximately 1,000,000 bushels greater than they were for November.

August witnessed the heaviest tonnage movement of the year on the great lakes, and the total freight carried, amounting practically to 9,000,000 bushels, was a record-breaking traffic for a single month in the history of the commerce of these bodies of water. While the unusually late opening of the lakes for navigation and the early summer labor difficulties must have had an appreciable effect in retarding the volume of merchandise carried that month, the restrictive influence of those factors on the entire year's business was too great to be directly offset by later increased activities, so that the total shipments for 1904 fell 5,783,694 tons below those of the preceding year. Moreover, it would appear comparatively unimportant to determine the exact extent of the decrease of these conditions on this shrinkage, inasmuch as they were, with one proper exception, undoubtedly the elements exerting the preponderant influence in its accomplishment. The abnormally light shipments of iron ore is the exception referred to as the decrease in live-stock movement may be largely accounted for by the general dullness in the iron and steel industries during the greater part of the year. The large decrease in grain and flour movements, although affected by the smallness of the crop, was wholly attributed to this cause, and in view of the fact that east-bound trunk line movements of grain and flour showed a decided increase over those of the previous year, it can be readily perceived that other important factors, such as the smallness of the crop, must have had a direct bearing upon the size of cereal shipments by way of the great lakes. Freight rates, necessarily of vital importance in connection with a traffic movement, were, apparently, a generally favorable factor in transportation, during the year, as they have been in the past.

During 1904 receipts of grain and flour at the North Atlantic ports fell far below what they were for the previous year, largely due to the unprecedented decline in the export movement. However, during the past two months a decided improvement has been manifested. December arrivals, for example, showed a remarkable increase over those of November. At Portland, Me., receipts of Canadian grain were practically twice what they were during the preceding month, and arrivals of barley totaled 162,227 bushels, as against 81,111 bushels in November. This city, being the winter port through

WOMEN WHO CHARM

HEALTH IS THE FIRST ESSENTIAL. It Helps Women to Win and Hold Men's Admiration, Respect and Love.

Woman's greatest gift is the power to inspire admiration, respect, and love. There is a beauty in health which is more attractive to men than mere regularity of feature.



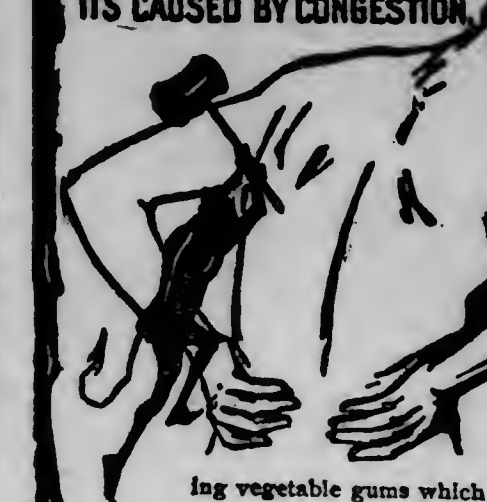
Love and admiration, to retain the love and admiration of her husband, should be a woman's constant study. At the first indication of ill-health, painful or irregular menstruation, headache or backache, secure Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and begin its use.

Mrs. Chas. F. Brown, Vice-President of the Mothers' Club, 21 Cedar Terrace, Hot Springs, Ark., writes: "Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—For many years I dragged through a miserable existence, suffering with inflammation and falling of the womb, and worn out with the weakness of a long-continued study. At the first indication of ill-health, painful or irregular menstruation, headache or backache, secure Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and begin its use."

Women who are troubled with pale or irregular menstruation, leucorrhea, bloating (or flatulence), leucorrhea, falling inflammation or ulceration of the uterus, ovarian troubles, that bearing-down feeling, dizziness, faintness, indigestion, or nervous prostration may be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,

OH! THAT BACKACHE.

NINE TIMES OUT OF TEN IT'S CAUSED BY CONGESTION.



The simplest, easiest and most effective remedy for this most common complaint is an Alcock's Porous Plaster. Millions have been cured of back trouble during the past half century by this wonderful, healing, strengthening and pain relieving plaster.

Remember—Alcock's Plasters are guaranteed not to contain belladonna, opium or any poisonous ingredients which soothe, strengthen and cure.

Stop the Ache with an Alcock's PLASTER. Insist Upon Having Alcock's.

which Canadian grain finds an outlet, the cereal exports during the period of cold weather are, under normal conditions, relatively extremely heavy. To what extent Portland depends upon Canada for its prominence as a grain port is aptly illustrated by stating that of the total receipts for the year amounting to 5,335,769 bushels, but 287,287 bushels were produced in the United States and the foreign grain received in bond, it is necessarily all outward bound. In fact, the total shipments for 1904 actually exceeded the receipts by practically 4,000,000 bushels.

Grain receipts at Boston for the year totaled 16,226,312 bushels, and were approximately 6,000,000 bushels less than for the year before. Shipments which aggregated 14,079,073 bushels in 1903, were but 2,907,739 bushels in 1904. Flour arrivals in this city indicate a decrease both for the month and year as compared with the movement for 1903. The total receipts of all grain at New York, including flour and corn meal reduced to bushels, amounted to 92,169,414 bushels, a loss in contrast with the figures of 1903 of about 33,000,000 bushels.

Grain arrivals at Philadelphia during 1904 were 14,811,731 bushels, as against 20,327,125 bushels in 1903. Withdrawals amounted to 6,401,359 bushels in 1904, being less than half of what they were for the previous twelve months. The entire flour movement shows a heavy shrinkage as contrasted with the year previous.

Baltimore's grain receipts for the twelve months were 18,250,000 bushels, as compared with 22,000,000 bushels in 1903. The decrease in corn arrivals amounted to over 11,000,000 bushels, although wheat arrivals were 1,000,000 bushels more. Shipments which totaled 7,437,292 bushels were 15,000,000 bushels lighter than those of the preceding twelve months. Flour movements indicated large decreases.

The large cotton crop of the present season has been partially reflected by a subsequent heavier commercial movement, although the low price of this commodity, which has prevailed since a considerable period, has undoubtedly proved a restrictive influence in somewhat limiting its free distribution. Many farmers have been holding back for a more advantageous market, but a largely concerted action of this kind, under existing conditions, is obviously a practical impossibility, as the financial strain involved would be too heavy for the country to bear.

The total available supply of cotton on hand on December 31, 1904, was 3,173,371 bales, as compared with 7,093,241 bales on December 31, 1903, and 6,945,145 bales on December 31, 1902. The total net overland movement for four months to the close of 1904 amounted to 2,078 bales, as against 24,344 bales in 1903, and 549,040 bales in 1902. Of the domestic takings for the cotton year to the end of December, totaling 2,982,688 bales, the Northern mills ordered 1,169,455 bales, and the Southern mills 1,813,233 bales. For a similar period in 1903, the total domestic takings amounted to 1,822,233 bales, and in 1902, 1,862,555 bales. Exports for the present season have, so far, reached a total of 4,243,391 bales, in contrast with 3,745,655 bales in 1902, and 3,436,378 bales in 1903. The United Kingdom, however, has ordered 2,982,688 bales of domestic cotton, nearly fifty per cent of the foreign withdrawals of the last four months of the year, having been purchased by that country.

SURVIVORS ARE COMING HOME

Miller and Tolerton Reach Nogales With Baclias Victims.

Nogales, Ariz., Jan. 23.—H. L. Miller and Charles L. Tolerton, who escaped in Thursday's Indian massacre at Arizona, passed through here yesterday with the bodies of Messrs. Coy, MacKenzie, Call and Steubinger, bound for Chicago.

The names of the killed are: DR. R. C. COY, Chicago. JOHN K. MACKENZIE, Chicago. STEUBINGER, Kewanee, Ill. It now appears that the party asked for to Hermocillo and an order to the military at La Colorado has been issued. Upon reaching La Colorado the escort was requested, but the Mexican officials replied that there were so many in the party that an escort was unnecessary. Thereupon the party left for Camp Toledo and reached there without difficulty.

All the mining men in the district where the massacre took place are coming in from the camp and the country will undoubtedly be a feverish state for some time to come. It is stated on high authority that just a month ago Governor Yzabel held an extended conference with a number of the leading men of San Miguel to see if all differences could not be adjusted, and the Yaquis said they demanded all the land lying along the Yaqui river and wanted all the Mexicans and their stock removed from the Yaqui river valley. Governor Yzabel said that was impossible and the conference came to an end.

Dr. Coy's body and head were mutilated, his skull being crushed with stones. His body was stripped of its clothing as were the bodies of the survivors escaped. With their clothing only, all their money, tickets and papers being taken, the bodies were buried. William Chapman Potter, son-in-law of Secretary Morton, has not yet been located. Within seven miles of the scene

THINK HOCH IS JANITOR

Who Disappeared After Testifying Against H. R. Holmes.

Chicago, Jan. 23.—Police officials believe that they have at last discovered the identity of the missing janitor of "Holmes Castle," where several women are said to have been murdered several years ago by H. R. Holmes, who was afterwards hanged in Philadelphia. A detective, working on the case of John Hoch, accused by his wife of poisoning her sister, two days before his marriage to herself, have come to the conclusion that Hoch is none other than the janitor in every detail, and a determined effort is being made to effect his capture. According to the police authorities, Hoch is still in Chicago, and it is only a matter of a few hours before he will be under arrest.

With the discovery that Hoch is still in Chicago, the police are determined to have been married to him. These three women, and a determined effort is being made to effect his capture. According to the police authorities, Hoch is still in Chicago, and it is only a matter of a few hours before he will be under arrest.

COLDS CAUSE THE SORE THROAT. Laxa five Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes the cause, cures the name and look for signature of F. W. Grove, 25c.

FOUR KILLED IN COLLISION

Four Others Fatally Injured In Wreck On L. & N.

Shawnee, Tenn., Jan. 23.—Four men were killed and four others fatally injured in a collision between two freight trains on the Louisville & Nashville railway. The victims were all employees of the railroad.

The dead: JAMES LITZ, GEORGE MOONEY, ED LAUGHLIN.

The southbound train should have met the northbound train at Wheeling, Va. The trains met 99 yards east of the station at Shawnee, at the angle of a slight curve, and came together with terrific force. All four engines were completely demolished, and the freight cars were crushed and mangled. The northbound train was carrying live-stock, some of which were fatally killed.

Conductor Eaton and his brakeman saw what was coming and escaped by freeing the caboose one mile from the spot where the trains came together.

TWO HARBORS WON The Hockey Game With the Duluth Shamrocks.

Two Harbors, Minn., Jan. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The hockey game played Friday evening between the Duluth Shamrocks and the local team resulted in a tie, the score being 1 to 1. The tie was played off Saturday afternoon, the score being 2 to 1 in favor of the locals. Following were the players:

Two Harbors: Goal..... Shamrocks: Goal.....

Two Harbors: Forward..... Shamrocks: Forward.....

Two Harbors: Defense..... Shamrocks: Defense.....

Always Remember the Full Name. Laxative Bromo Quinine. Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days. On every box, 25c.

The Good Clothes Store.

Choice Tomorrow of Stein-Bloch's Suits and Overcoats

that sold earlier in the season at \$35.00, \$30.00 and \$25.00, for—

\$17.50

All Sizes and Shapes Fitted.

This is an offer which means a great deal in a house of this magnitude, when you consider these garments are Stein-Blochs, simply sacrificed in the interest of stock reduction. Investigate.

BURROWS

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Prospects Of Ice Harvest Are Very Poor At Marquette.

Marquette—John Parker, the fisherman, began cutting his supply of ice a year ago the 17th of this month from the bay north of No. 4 dock. There was a fine thick body at that time where now open water is found. There is no ice in either harbor or bay, and the prospects for an early freeze appear none too good. From the view point of the ice man the present winter season is as poor as the season of 1903-04 was excellent. The fishermen, however, are not particularly worried, as in event of a failure of the harbor crop they can cut their supplies in the Chander pond, where the surface is protected from wind and currents by the old piers, and where, in consequence, already is found a good body of ice. The Lake Superior company usually cuts its ice in the open lake, near Light House point, but unless there is an early spell of hard

weather this will be but a disappointing place for a harvest this year.

Kenton—Since the bounty on wolf scalps was increased so that the trapper will enjoy an income of \$5 for each animal killed, Supervisor Kroil has been besieged by correspondents from different parts of the state, who are making all kinds of inquiries about the situation here with a view to beginning a campaign against the pestiferous animals. In the vicinity of Kenton there are several experienced trappers who are determined to get the first chance just as soon as conditions in the woods are favorable. The deep snow at the present time is not conducive to wolf hunting, but it is safe to predict that if the present interest does not divide there will be an extinction of the genus canis hereabouts by spring time.

Hancock—Abram Neva, the Quincy miner, who was struck on the head and badly injured by a skip in No. 2 shaft, died at St. Joseph's hospital in Hancock. He was 22 years of age and had been employed in the mine only a short time. Two sisters at Calumet survive him, and the body will be taken to that place for burial. The accident to the young man was a fearful one, one side of his head being badly crushed.

Kearsarge—Miss Bessie Odgers, of the Kearsarge mining location, who was recently bitten by a pet dog, the animal subsequently dying from a mysterious cause, has left for Ann

Arbor to take treatment at the Pasteur institute to prevent hydrophobia, of which she is fearful. The carcass of the dog has been sent to the university town for examination. Whether the dog was mad is not known, but Miss Odgers and her people wish to be on the safe side. While playing with the dog the canine scratched her face with its teeth. The dog was found dead the next day. Miss Odgers grew alarmed and called a physician, who advised her to go to Ann Arbor at once.

J. P. Harris Returns.

J. P. Harris, local manager of the Gately Supply company, has returned from Chicago, where for the past week he has been attending the annual convention of managers of the Gately syndicate of stores. Mr. Harris also attended the furniture exhibit, and selected an exceptionally fine line for the spring trade.

John Gately, president of the company, has just purchased the property at 24-26 Adams street, Chicago, for \$100,000, a portion of which will be devoted to a large stock of clothing, to be sold on credit.

Class lessons 50 cents in china, oil and water color painting until Mr. L. Studio, Fifty-third avenue and Ramsey street. MRS. HAYDEN.

'Tisn't safe to be a day without Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the house. Never can tell what moment an accident is going to happen.

GATELY'S OOD OODS

WAISTS! SKIRTS!

THE GREAT CLEAN-UP SALE

Will Be Continued One Week More!

Many extraordinary bargains and big values can be found in the lot we offer. Our usual liberal credit arrangements can be made use of on these sales. Payments may be made to suit your own convenience.

WAISTS That have sold from \$3.00 to \$9.00 **\$1.49**—this sale at—

SKIRTS Dress Skirts, Walking Skirts, Petticoats, etc., formerly \$9.00 to \$18.00, this sale... **\$4.99**

SUITS at great reductions; in some instances at **LESS THAN HALF**

GATELY SUPPLY CO.

8 East Superior St.

NORTHWEST'S LUMBER CUT DECREASES

Large Falling Off In 1904 From Total Of Previous Year.

Detail Figures of the Cut of the Duluth District.

A decrease of 600,000,000 feet in the white pine cut of 1904 in the Northwest, as compared with 1903, is the estimate of the American Lumberman, in its thirty-second annual statement of the pine lumber

and shingle output just issued.

The statement says there is an increase of stocks at the mills amounting to 300,000,000 feet, making a total difference in the disposition of the year of about 800,000,000 feet of white and of Norway pine.

In the Northwest, the American Lumberman includes Minnesota, Wisconsin and Northern Michigan. Added emphasis is given by the publication to the fact that the pine production of the Northwest is declining toward its end. For the first time, the mills on the Mississippi river above Minneapolis, not including those tributary to Lake Superior, show a decline in production. Minnesota showed a decrease last year.

A table showing the total pine lumber cut of the three states, Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan, for the past thirty-two years, indicates that the decrease in lumber production has been steady since 1872 when it was 4,233,454,000 feet as compared with 4,238,840,000 feet in 1904.

The following table shows the American Lumberman's figures of the lumber, lath and shingle cut for the Duluth district, last year, also the stocks on hand Dec. 1, last:

	CUT 1904.		STOCK ON HAND DEC. 1.	
	Lumber, Shingles.	Lath.	Lumber, Shingles.	Lath.
MINNESOTA.				
Chisholm-Mashek Lumber Co.	15,305,000	4,400,000	3,588,000	1,500,000
Duluth-Albert Smith Co.	17,000,000	3,400,000	3,200,000	1,000,000
Hubbard & Vincent	17,500,000	8,600,000	800,000	
Le Sueur Lumber Co.	17,000,000	3,500,000	2,300,000	4,300,000
Scott-Grant Lumber Co.	25,500,000	5,078,000	282,000	700,000
Samuel Nesbit	12,000,000	1,500,000	3,000,000	
Woodward & Lothrop	2,000,000			
Hibbing-C. A. Remington & Nelson	542,000	957,000	200,000	400,000
Meadowland	100,000	100,000		
Moose Lake-Ehr Bros.	225,000	300,000	125,000	150,000
Gunderson, Peterson & Co.	100,000		100,000	
Quiring-D. W. Carter	100,000			
Tower-Vermilion Lumber Co.	2,000,000		1,000,000	
Virginia-Virginia Lumber Co.	67,000,000	17,000,000	27,000,000	6,000,000
Winton-Swallow & Hopkins	15,079,000	24,125,000	20,600,000	4,000,000
Winton-Swallow & Hopkins	10,000,000	8,000,000	10,000,000	2,000,000
West Duluth-Merrill & Ring Mill	35,000,000	11,558,000	11,655,000	7,361,000
St. Louis Lumber Co.	10,484,000		600,000	
WISCONSIN.				
Blueberry-W. J. Bell	1,000,000		1,000,000	50,000
Pearson-O. J. Dodge & Co.	1,000,000		1,000,000	50,000
J. D. Young Lumber Co.	4,000,000	1,800,000	1,800,000	
Spider Lake-Rogers-Ruger	3,000,000			
Lake Superior	511,564,000	70,313,000	554,916,000	77,291,000
Association Mills	108,125,000	127,343,000	403,231,000	81,275,000
Total 1904	945,725,000	196,113,000	315,786,000	143,653,000
Total 1903	1,545,725,000	252,113,000	417,281,000	161,413,000
Increase	600,000,000	56,000,000	101,495,000	17,760,000
Decrease				

BELATED ARREST

Dan Peterson Arrested for Crime Two Years Old.

Is Charged With Grand Larceny In First Degree.

After successfully eluding the police for nearly two years, Dan Peterson was arrested Saturday evening by Detectives Irving and Schulte, within a few minutes after he had arrived in the city.

Peterson was charged with grand larceny in the first degree, in the municipal court this morning. He asked for a preliminary hearing, which was set for Jan. 28, at 10 o'clock.

The crime with which Peterson is charged took place on the evening of May 17, 1903. Sven E. Olson, who lives at 1124 1/2 West Michigan street, was in a Bowery saloon on that evening, boasting of the amount of money he had in his possession. The man who were in the saloon at the time, followed him home, and when he reached his door, suddenly fell upon him. One man strangled him, while the other dove into his pocket and secured his wallet containing \$34 in bills, and a certificate of deposit for \$100.

Olson reported the affair to the police, and the police, who had been dropped by one of the men in their hurried flight. The police made an unsuccessful search for the men, who were believed to have fled to St. Paul.

Saturday evening Detectives Irving and Schulte were walking along Superior street, when they caught sight of Peterson, who answered the description of one of the men who was wanted in connection with the crime. They placed him under arrest.

At police headquarters, Peterson denied being connected with the affair, but admitted that the hat shown him, was his. He says he loaned it to a man whose name he has forgotten, on the evening the crime was committed.

Peterson was summoned to headquarters, and is claimed to have identified Peterson as one of the men who attacked him.

The amount of money stolen, and the fact that it was taken from a person in the night time, makes the crime with which Peterson is charged, grand larceny in the first degree.

Can't be perfect blood without pure blood. Burdock Blood Bitters makes pure blood. Tones and invigorates the whole system.

OFFICIALS ADVANCED

W. J. Olcott Vice President Of Oliver Mining Company.

In closing the gap left by the recent resignation of Dr. Nelson P. Hulst, now of Milwaukee, as vice president, the Oliver Iron Mining company has promoted W. J. Olcott and L. W. Powell, who have been general manager and assistant to the president, respectively.

Mr. Olcott is now vice president, succeeding Dr. Hulst, and continues as general manager also. Mr. Powell has

been given the position of assistant general manager, and the office of assistant to the president has been abolished.

By this arrangement it will be seen that the position of vice president is filled and the roster of officials completed without any addition to the personnel. It was the general impression in the Wolvin building, at the time of Dr. Hulst's resignation, that such a course would be pursued by the company.

With the change in the official family titles there have been some shifts made in the office rooms occupied, but the officials remain on the sixth floor, as heretofore.

SPOILED HER BEAUTY.
Harriet Howard, of 29 W. 34th St., New York, at one time had her beauty spoiled by skin trouble. She writes: "I had Rheum of Eczema for years, but nothing would cure it, until I used Bucklen's Arnica Salve." A quick and sure healer for cuts, burns and sores. See at all druggists.

Duluth Men Complimented.

recent advertisement written by Henry K. Brady, advertising manager for French & Bassett, has been reproduced in a late number of the Grand Rapids Furniture Record, a leading organ of the trade in America. The ad is commented on very favorably both for its wording and typographical arrangement.

Masquerade Ball
Given by Third Regiment Band at Armory, Tonight, Jan. 23.
Music by band of 40 pieces. Prizes for best costumes and dancing.

THE BOTTLE GUN.

While the process of quieting the troubled waters by scattering oil on the surface has been known and practiced for a long time, there are constantly new means being devised for the application of the oil, says the Chicago Chronicle. The latest thing of the kind is the "bottle gun," which has been invented by Vice Admiral Gullmares, of the Brazilian navy, who proposes to scatter oil on the water ahead of the boat by its means.

The gun is a handy little piece, mounted on a pivot carriage, which is bolted down to the deck, so that there is no recoil. It is made of bronze, but the chamber at the breech which contains the propelling charge is of steel. The charge, in a brass canister, is fired by the application of the gun from the rear, as it is a breech-loading device, with an interrupted screw plug to close it.

The bore of the gun is of much greater diameter than the powder chamber, and the projectile, which is nothing more than an ordinary wine bottle filled with kerosene, is forced into the barrel by the action of the screw plug.

When the gun is discharged the bottle is, of course, broken, and with its contents scattered over the water for a considerable distance. If fired ahead, the vessel is stationary or lying to one round every five minutes, but if the vessel is moving, it is said to be sufficient.

RIVAL HEALTH SYSTEMS.
The Sturge County Old Settlers' association was holding its regular annual reunion, says the Chicago Tribune.

"I reckon," said the venerable Mr. Simpson to the venerable Mr. Skiles, "we old fellows could give those younger fellows a lot of useful pointers about living to a good old age."

"Well, I guess so," responded Mr. Skiles. "But they wouldn't do as we've done. You couldn't get these chaps to be as particular about what they eat and drink as we are. They wouldn't go to bed at 9 o'clock at night and take regular exercise."

"Is that the way you live?"
"Well, that may do for you, but it wouldn't suit me. I eat and drink anything I like to please. I don't take any exercise, and I go to bed whenever I feel like it."

"That'll tell on you some day, Simpson. When you get to be as old as I am you'll see things different. Here I am without an ache or a pain of any kind, and I'm 85."

"Tuh!" exclaimed Mr. Simpson, with lofty contempt. "I'm 91."

Saying his cane he hobbled away in great wrath, leaving the momentous question of longevity and the best method of attaining it still unsettled.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

The Corset Demonstration!

There is an almost unprecedented demand for "American Lady" Corsets.



To those who appreciate the advantage of being scientifically fitted by an expert corsetier, we extend a cordial invitation to visit our corset department any time during this week. Miss Helene Rosedale, direct from the American Lady Corset Co., will be in attendance and will freely give professional advice to all those who call. She will assist you in selecting the proper corset—will fit the corset to your figure—and instruct you in the proper mode of lacing and adjusting.

We carry a complete line of American Lady Corsets in prices ranging from \$1.00 to \$5.00. These corsets are made in all the latest and most fashionable styles in a sufficient variety of models to insure A SHAPE FOR EVERY FIGURE.

Free! Every tenth Corset Free in our Muslin department. Amongst those who have already received free Corsets are: Mrs. J. W. Kempton, 701 East Eighth street; Mrs. H. B. Sturdevant, 217 East Superior street; Miss B. McIntyre, 121 1/2 Tenth avenue east.

New Tailored Skirts and Waists
They've just arrived. New models that have every style detail of the new Spring effects. Stylish shapes, comfortable and dressy. Those who want the choicest creations in going-away clothes will be glad to look these over.

NEW WAISTS—Although it's yet early, we are showing new and dainty things, every waist being strictly exclusive.

One-Third Off Cut Glass and Jeweled Combs.
A substantial reduction when those lovely things have already been marked low during the holidays.

Free Embroidery Lessons.
Commencing tomorrow morning, from 9 to 11, Mrs. Newell will resume her regular free lessons. S. & B. Co.



PROTEST FILED

Shippers' Objections To Switching Charges Submitted To Railroads.

Document Addressed To President Elliott—Other Railroad News.

C. L. Taehy, chairman of the shippers' committee to protest against the proposed advance in shipping charges in Duluth by the Northern Pacific road, on last Thursday turned over to Thomas E. Blanche, general agent of the company at this point, the formulated report of the committee, with the signatures of practically every carload shipper in the Duluth district.

The report is intended for and directed to Howard Elliott, president of the Northern Pacific road, who is desired to take in hand the report and give it such consideration as he deems proper. If he prefers to let the matter be handled in charge of all traffic, or some of the other lower officials, it will suit the committee, so members of that body say, but they want their protest to reach the head of the company.

This aims the protest above the heads of the freight department, just as it was aimed in the first place. Originally the committee wanted the protest to go to J. M. Hannaford, second vice president, who it was thought, was the best authority to interest in the subject. The officials of the freight department did not see fit to let Mr. Hannaford get hold of the matter at all, and did not present it to him.

As H. E. Still, assistant general freight agent, expressed it when he was here some time ago, the freight department officials thought Mr. Hannaford might be buying Christmas presents for his relatives and it was hardly fair to bother him.

It remains to be seen just what the outcome of the question will be, but the chances are that some definite proposition will be gained from the railroad in a short time, especially as it was proposed to put the advanced charges into effect the first of next month, which is but a few days away.

The fact that the committee has aimed its grievance at an authority even higher than at first indicates that its determination is to get the matter before some one above the freight department in authority. The committee thinks now, and always has, that its demands are just and reasonable, and confidently anticipates a prompt acceptance of its suggestions in the report. It is understood that in the committee's outline it is agreeable to allowing some particular charges to be effective which would be higher in Duluth than in other cities.

Chairman C. L. Taehy, when asked today for a copy of the report, said that he did not deem it wise to publish it. He stated that out of courtesy to the officials of the Northern Pacific road the committee desired to have it reach the hands of the officials without having been of public record. He said that he recognized the valuable assistance which had been given to the proposition by the newspapers and was very glad that it had been rendered.

Superintendent Resigns.
William Bennett, superintendent of the northern division of the Omaha road, has resigned. That he was going to take such action was evidently known to some of the railroad people here, who above him in authority, and it is not known whether his successor has been appointed.

Sleeper Disabled.
Saturday night's Chicago train out on the Omaha road with an accident between Elroy and Eau Claire. One of the sleeping cars broke down and had to be taken out of the train. The delay was a serious matter, as the train was carrying a large number of passengers.

To Advertise Duluth.
J. F. Marrow, general advertising agent of the Great Northern, was here yesterday from St. Paul. Mr. Marrow is greatly interested in the Duluth territory at the present time and stated that he expected to make another visit here shortly for about a year, having succeeded S. Gardner Verkes, when that gentleman was promoted to general western passenger agent of the company at Seattle.

SICKENING SHIVERING FITS of Ague and Malaria, can be relieved and cured with Electric Bitters. This is a pure, tonic medicine, of especial benefit in malaria, for it exerts a true curative influence on the disease, driving it out of the system. It is much to be preferred to Quinine, having none of the bad after-effects. E. S. Munday, of Henrietta, Tex., writes: "My brother was very low with malarial fever and jaundice, till he took Electric Bitters, which saved his life." At all druggists; price 50c, guaranteed.

Grand Burns Anniversary concert at Lyceum tonight.

"LIKE MOTHER USED TO MAKE"
NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT
In 2-Pie 10c Packages with List of Valuable Premiums. NERRELL-ROULE CO. STACQUE, NEW YORK

THE EVENING HERALD.

Published at Herald Bldg., First St., Op. P. O. Square.
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
Phones: Counting Room, 324; Editorial Rooms, 1126.

10 CENTS A WEEK

EVERY EVENING—DELIVERED BY CARRIER.
Single copy, daily \$.02
One month45
Three months (in advance) 1.30
Six months (in advance) 2.60
One year (in advance) 5.00
Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

DULUTH WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year \$1.00
Six months50
Three months25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

A PACK OF GRAY WOLVES.

The czar of Russia gave evidence yesterday how little real strength there is in his professed love for his subjects. Put to the test, he was found wanting, and a peaceable assemblage of unarmed workmen who had gathered with the purpose of personally presenting their wrongs to their ruler were shot down and slaughtered without mercy.

The creature of an autocracy as vicious and merciless as a pack of Siberian wolves, the czar has no more real power than the poorest peasant in the realm. He is a mere figurehead for a cabal of cannibals, who feed on the life blood of a tortured and outraged people. Asked to meet these suffering people face to face he turned his back upon them and called upon the military to shoot them down. Knowing that if he offended the powers that surround and virtually keep him a prisoner in his castle he would likely lose his head, he gave in to the flesh and blood and backbone of his realm.

The French revolution started in a similar manner and nearly every schoolboy knows how it ended. The demonstration in the streets of St. Petersburg yesterday may mark the beginning of the end of Russian tyranny. There have been other protests against autocratic government in that country but none so menacing to the powers as this. Even one regiment of troops refused to fire upon the people. The load of grapes that came from a cannon's mouth as a salute to the czar shows that even the military sympathizes with the popular cause.

This event again makes plain the fact that the Japanese are fighting a battle for liberty of the Russian people as well as their own. The war against Japan is not endorsed by the populace of Russia. They know, as the Japanese know, that it is solely a result of the inordinate greed and rapacity of the ruling classes of the Russian empire.

The blood that flowed in the streets of St. Petersburg yesterday is upon the heads of this cabal of human wolves. The time is soon coming when they will pay the penalty for their accumulated crimes against humanity.

IMBIBING ERRORS.

After quoting some things that The Herald said and imputing other things that it did not say, the Insurance Press proceeds to read this paper another lecture. An instance of its efforts to put into the mouth of The Herald words that it did not utter is here given:

"The Herald makes some new charges against the insurance business—that it causes conflagrations by insuring property that will burn. How the insurance business can serve its own interests by deliberately seeking risks that are sure to cause losses will puzzle everybody outside of the office of The Duluth Herald."

What The Herald said was that the combine, by insuring risks that should not be insured, caused others to pay higher rates than they ought to pay; that it does not make a sufficient differential in rates between proper constructed buildings and improperly constructed buildings; between careful owners and careless owners; between properly protected cities and those improperly protected; that it follows this policy because there is more profit in it; that a different policy would soon lead to such an improvement in building construction and fire protection as to materially reduce the total of insurance written and thus greatly reduce the present enormous profits in the business.

If the Insurance Press does not think the insurance companies are obtaining a decent profit, notwithstanding excessive rates, at present, why does it not join The Herald in recommending a system of state insurance so that the trust underwriters will be relieved of their great responsibility and constant loss?

Again the Press misrepresents thus: "The Herald has seen an article written by Walter C. Betts, and reaches the conclusion that the factory mutual system is what is wanted in Duluth. It does not know that the whole city would have to be torn down and rebuilt before the factory mutual system could come into vogue."

The Herald reached no such conclusion and said no such thing. What it did say was that the insurance combine should follow the same policy pursued by the factory mutuals if it desired to reduce losses by fire, that it was not policy for the combine to do so and that if the state should undertake to furnish insurance the factory mutual plan would be closely adhered to because the desire for private profits would be eliminated.

The Press quotes an item from the Sioux City Journal to the effect that after the recent conflagration there business men who never before carried a cent of insurance hastened to the agencies to "buy insurance, and says: "These business men are probably all criminals, and the underwriters who sell policies to them are equally guilty, in the opinion of such editorial pages as that of The Duluth Herald. People never quarrel about the price of insurance when they have witnessed great conflagrations."

It is well known that conflagrations always scare people into taking out insurance that never took out insurance before, and this bears out The Herald's contention that the combine rather enjoys a big fire occasionally in order that it may make greater profits. People do quarrel about rates, however, at that time as well as others, but the quarrel is always one-sided and the property-owner must come to the combine's terms or go without protection. The scare of a big fire helps to bring them to time no matter how excessive the rates.

The following must be a sample of Insurance Press sarcasm: "One would wonder where The Herald got

its insurance information, if it did not admit that its insurance education had been 'imbibed.' Webster's dictionary, which is generally admitted to be the standard, gives this as one definition of the word 'imbibe': "To receive or absorb into the mind and retain; as, to imbibe principles; to imbibe errors." Considering the quality of its arguments the education of the Insurance Press was probably imbued along the lines indicated by the last three words of the definition. And possibly the long experience of its editor in "imbibing" in another way has led him into the further error of thinking that there is only one definition of the word.

THE FOUNDER OF DULUTH.

The tragic death of the Hon. William Nettleton at Spokane, Wash., on Friday of last week, demands more than a passing notice. He was virtually the founder of Duluth. Coming to the head of the lakes in the early fifties, he was for more than twenty years an active factor in every move for the advancement and upbuilding of this part of the country in the days of its struggles for existence.

Coming here in the prime of early manhood, of herculean frame, strong mentally and physically, his was a striking personality in those days of hardship and trial.

He acquired from the government some 600 acres of land where the most valuable property in the Duluth of today is situated, and he built his home near the corner of First street and Second avenue east.

He clearly foresaw the great value of the land-locked harbor on the Minnesota shore between the two points, and the importance of a rail communication between the cities of St. Paul and Minneapolis and the head of the lakes, this road to be wholly within the boundaries of the state of Minnesota. For years, in connection with the Hon. William Branch and the Hon. William L. Banning, he persisted, giving largely of his time and means to accomplish this end until, in 1870, he saw his hopes realized. To forward this cause he donated absolutely without remuneration almost the entire tract of land now embraced in the Duluth terminals of the Northern Pacific railway and variously estimated at this time to be worth from \$15,000,000 to \$20,000,000.

William Nettleton twice represented Duluth in the Minnesota legislature and at all times was to be found lifting his voice in an earnest endeavor to secure favorable legislation.

All the old settlers remember him as a kindly, big-hearted man, always ready to help those in need. He had a horror of debt and never owed a man a dollar. When he moved to St. Paul in 1871 his loss was deeply felt by all. During the many years of his residence there he was a frequent visitor to Duluth, when his hearty handshake and big-voiced good nature were always welcome.

Hon. William Nettleton was one of nature's noblest products and all who knew him will deeply regret his tragic end.

NEW JERSEY'S JEALOUSY.

It is evident that the people of New Jersey are becoming jealous of other states that are flitting with corporations with a view of inducing them to take out wedding licenses. At least Governor Stokes is. In his recent message to the legislature he said:

"Our state is by no means attracting all of the great moneyed interests seeking articles of incorporation. There is little doubt that the public prefer the present method rather than a policy that would compel them to pay the present state income out of their own pockets."

Wherefore the governor advises an overhauling of the incorporation laws with special reference to "the revenues of our state, her material welfare, her good name, * * * the protection of the public," etc.

New Jersey possesses a cash balance in her treasury of \$3,000,000. She has one-half as much macadam road as all the remainder of the country. She has splendid educational and charitable institutions, supported by public funds. And, withal, not a cent of direct state tax. The corporations pay it all. Is it any wonder that her governor is solicitous about the revenues of the state, its material welfare, etc., when other states are threatening to adopt New Jersey methods and grant predatory combines licenses to prey upon the people of other states?

Is it not about time that the force of state control was done away with? The financial condition of the general public compared to the plethoric condition of the public treasury of the state of New Jersey is one of the very best arguments for a change. Thereby the status of the states may be reduced to that of mere boroughs, as has been claimed, but the people can survive that as very well.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

The Minneapolis Tribune wants Governor Adams of Colorado to resign his seat because of frauds committed at the election. It would be well to wait and see how much of this fraud was committed in behalf of former Governor Peabody. Surely not all the frauds are Democrats.

President Angell of Michigan University recently tendered his resignation expressing the belief that a younger man should be called to the position. An appreciation of good service and duties well performed was shown in the reply of the regents, who said that in their belief, no man, young or old, could fill his place. They further offered to furnish him whatever assistance he might require. Largely through President Angell's efforts the Michigan University has taken front rank among the institutions of higher learning in the country. The regents paid him a deserved compliment in their action. If there is any place where an old man can give better service than a young one it is as a teacher and guide.

In his last message President Roosevelt asserted that "the prime duty of man is to work, to be the breadwinner, the prime duty of woman is to be the mother, the housewife." Lucas Malet, a woman novelist of London, criticizes the president on the ground that there are not enough men to go around and she wants to know what the women who cannot get husbands are to do. They might assist in the household work, and if they are anxious to procure husbands they might join in a movement to abolish warfare. Then there would probably be enough to go around and some to spare.

The present indications are that there will be more cotton spit than burned in the South.

Hotel Gossip.

"I see a Scotch violinello player is to appear in Duluth this evening in a concert at the theater across the way," said George Nevius, a Cincinnati man, as he Spalding this morning.

"That reminds me of a well-known violinello player that I once heard; in fact, every time I see a violinello or hear of a player of the instrument, even the memory of the fellow rises to the surface. His name was Hekking and he was a Belgian-Anton Hekking—and if they ever made a greater player than that man I would like to have heard him, for I have heard all that I ever got the opportunity of hearing, and he, of all of them, was the highest in rank. That's not only my opinion, but that of all other people who have visited the violinello that I know of."

"It must have been about fifteen years ago that I heard this man in a concert. It was in Indianapolis, I think, and that's where it was. They have an enormous building in Indianapolis, a market house, where it was, and it was in this hall that Hekking played. He was with a string quartet, and he came from somewhere in the east, and was the star of the show."

"I noticed what appeared to be some gold letters on the back of his instrument. I noticed that the four corners of the instrument practically all the time, I could not see what the letters were, but I noticed that a number of the audience should have a musical instrument lettered in the same way."

"Some time afterward I heard the story connected with that lettering, and it was in Indianapolis, I think, and it demonstrated that the player was an excellent musician. He was a Belgian, and he was the prize winner at a musical conservatory in Brussels, and the instrument was a violinello, and he was a great player."

"He had been a student of music in a famous conservatory in Brussels, and the custom had been to give a prize of a large amount of money each year to the student who was the best in the class. He was the best, and he was given the prize, and he was a great player."

"But he was such an exceptionally fine player that the faculty changed the deal, and he was given the prize, and he was a great player. He was a great player, and he was a great player, and he was a great player."

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The Weather.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Jan. 23, 1905. Zonal weather continues in the Northwest but it is quite so cold as it was Sunday morning over the Red River and upper Mississippi valleys. Light falls of snow occurred over New England states, the upper Mississippi Valley, the Dakotas and Montana, and rain over Washington, Oregon, Nevada, and upper California. The rainfall was heavy at Portland, Oregon. Pressures are high in the eastern United States and Alberta, and low off the north Pacific coast.

Following are the minimum temperatures recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	20	Medicine Hat	16
Albany	22	Miles City	10
Albany	22	Minneapolis	10
Albany	22	Modena	10
Albany	22	Montgomery	10
Albany	22	Moorehead	10
Albany	22	Neenah	10
Albany	22	New York	20
Albany	22	Norfolk	30
Albany	22	North Platte	20
Albany	22	Omaha	20
Albany	22	Pittsburg	10
Albany	22	Portland	10
Albany	22	Port Arthur	10
Albany	22	Portland	10
Albany	22	Prince Albert	10
Albany	22	San Francisco	50
Albany	22	Santa Fe	20
Albany	22	Superior	20
Albany	22	Spokane	20
Albany	22	St. Paul	20
Albany	22	St. Louis	20
Albany	22	St. Mary	20
Albany	22	Washington	20
Albany	22	Winnipeg	20
Albany	22	Winnipeg	20

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending 7 p. m. (local time), Tuesday, Jan. 24, 1905. Partly cloudy with light snow flurries tonight and possibly in east portion Tuesday. Colder in west portion Tuesday.

Minnesota—Snow flurries tonight with colder in west portion. Tuesday generally fair and colder Tuesday. Fresh west winds, clearing.

Chicago, Jan. 23.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Partly cloudy. Partly cloudy with light snow flurries tonight and possibly in east portion Tuesday. Colder in west portion Tuesday.

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Twenty Years Ago.

Taken From the Columns of Duluth Papers of This Date 1885.

***A. L. Ordean has returned from a long visit in the East.

***D. B. Smith, of the Ohio Central, is in Minneapolis visiting friends. It is understood that Mr. Smith will shortly be married.

***There were 277 births in Duluth last year and 153 deaths.

***Larson, a fisherman, while out on the ice on Tuesday last about six miles from Lester river, was caught by an ice flow and blown out into the lake, where he probably perished from the cold.

***A final report of the temporary building committee of the board of trustees will be made on Tuesday, when a permanent committee will be chosen. It is probable that the built

LINES TO A LAUGH.

Philadelphia Ledger: Magistrate—Ah! they have caught you drunk again, eh? Hobo—No, yer honor. Impersonating a constable, I guess they caught me asleep in a doorway.

Chicago News: Chicago Girl—How do you New England people get around the fact that you ancestors believed witchcraft? The strike has cost \$5,000,000. The conditions for it were peculiarly unfavorable. The high price of cotton last year piled all manufacturers at a disadvantage, and the damming competition of Southern mills, near the field of supply, newly and well equipped and worked largely by negroes, has shown how far-reaching are the results in these days of such disastrous rivalry.

Philadelphia Ledger: Doctor Wise—Now, see here, you'll have to stop drinking between meals.

Cushman—Will you compromise with you, Doc? I'll stop eating between drinks.

The teacher who taught him Jiu-Jitsu said, "Now, my young man, that just fits you."

Chicago Record-Herald: "Cause all alone."

Washington Star: "Some men's idea of holding down a job," said Uncle Eben, "is to sit around an 'aid pay-day' would hurry along."

Puck: "Well, Mrs. Brown and Smith are going to operate upon old Gorton." "Is the operation necessary?" "Why, yes, Brown has a note coming due, and Smith wants an automobile."

"FIRE" THE PARTY PLATFORM.

Fergus Falls Free Press: Up to date there has been a number of primary election bills introduced in the legislature, all of which we have seen, except the provisions to the selection of the state officers.

In an editorial Sunday the Pioneer Press opposes the extension of the law to include the state officers and one of the reasons advanced is that such extensions would do away with party platforms.

The objection is not a serious one but on the contrary is one of the advantages that would result from the extension of the law. As the law now stands, as do most voters in the state, they party platforms are framed simply for the purpose of catching votes and for no other object whatever.

The history of the parties shows that the platform binds no one and as soon as the party enters the arena, the doctrine is forgotten.

The common sense of the people to do about the party platform is to "fire" it out into the cold and lonely world and substitute in its place the individual platform of the candidates. When that is done, the voters will have some real guidance in the choice of their officials and to the successful candidate to effect election.

The Pioneer Press raises another objection. It says: "The

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the choris. All the same, deserters, liable to severe punishment. But they were good and good patriots, and Wallace about the matter. When it fighting they were all on hand bly.

DEFENSE BEGUN

Sophia Aho Maintains She Acted as Friend's Banker.

Makes Denial of Alleged Police Station Confession.

The testimony of Detective Norman Terry that Sophia Aho confessed to him that the money found in her hat, also the money she paid the dentist, was part of Harry Hill's savings, was the principal feature in the evidence introduced by the state this morning in the new trial of the case against the young Finlander woman charged with grand larceny.

Up to this point the testimony introduced by the state, which included all that County Attorney McClintock expects to introduce, was practically the same as that produced by the state at the former trial. In substance, it has covered the loss of the money, the suspicion that fell on Sophia Aho, her arrest, denial of the charge, the finding of a large amount of money hid in her hat, her alleged confession and final accusation of Katie Smith as the person who must have stolen the money, if it was stolen.

Just before the noon adjournment, Arthur Craswell, attorney for Sophia Aho, outlined the defense, and the young woman went on the stand in her own behalf. She had not completed her story when the noon adjournment was taken.

Mr. Craswell claimed that the only testimony which it would be possible for him to bring against that for the state would be that of Sophia Aho herself. He asked that the jurors consider only the circumstances which surround the young woman and judge if she could have been expected to act differently than she did. He intimates that his client would positively deny the alleged confession, and that she would show how very possible could be her story of receiving the money from Katie Smith for safekeeping.

As in the previous trial, Miss Aho told very fluently of her coming to this country from Finland, and the history of her life while in Duluth, during the past four years. She testified to the events leading up to the date that Hill is claimed to have discovered the loss of his money, and claimed that the money found concealed in her hat was given to her one night by her friend Katie Smith as the girls were about to leave. Hill's house to go to some entertainment. Sophia claimed that when Katie pushed the money into her hand, she did so with the remark:

"Take care of this for me, your room is better than mine here."

The young woman testified that she did not know how much money had been given her, and that she and the other girls were walking to the entertainment, and while she was conversing with Katie Smith relative to the money, the latter told her, Sophia, to keep it for her, and that she was to give it to her when she came back.

With reference to the dentist bill of \$50 which she paid with gold, previous to her arrest, Sophia claimed that she used the amount to pay the bill, and that she had in her money in her room to pay the loan whenever Katie Smith called for it. The \$50 she claimed reimbursed her own savings from the money she had earned in working out.

She also testified that on the morning of the day of the stealing of the pocket book containing Harry Hill's money she did not enter the bedroom where the money was kept, but swept the adjoining room.

She had told her story to about the point of her arrest, charged with larceny, when the noon adjournment was taken.

MAN LOST HIS NERVE

Double Suicide Evidently Planned in Milwaukee Hotel.

Milwaukee, Jan. 23.—A man and woman registering as "E. S. Terry and wife, Chinese," escaped murderers at the Blatz hotel in this city on Jan. 12. Today Mrs. Terry's dead body was found lying on the bed in their room and a note supposed to have been written by Mr. Terry with directions regarding the disposal of two bodies was found in the room.

Mr. Terry is said to have left behind at 8 o'clock today and it is believed by the police that a double suicide had been planned and that the man had his nerve. It is said the woman swallowed carbolic acid. Mrs. Terry was apparently about 20 years old. The police and coroner are making an investigation.

The note found in the room occupied by the Terrys reads as follows: "Send body to Mrs. Parker, 3007 Vermont Avenue, Chicago."

A second note was found crumpled on the floor, reading: "Send bodies," indicating intention of a double suicide. It is said the couple informed Mrs. Parker of their intention to commit suicide. Upon receipt of the letter Mrs. Parker is said to have telephoned to Milwaukee, ordering the arrest of the couple. It was not until after the telephone message had been received that the woman's body was discovered.

Jessie MacLachlan, prima donna of Scottish song, at Lyceum tonight.

MANY OPERATORS RETURN TO WORK.

Fall River, Mass., Jan. 23.—Practically every cotton manufacturing concern in Fall River reported today that more operatives were at work than at any time since last July.

A reduction of 12 1/2 per cent in wages went into effect today at the six mills of the Fall River Iron Works company, manufacturers of print cloth, as announced on Friday. The cut was accepted by the 400 operatives.

FIRE AT BROOKFIELD, WIS. Milwaukee, Jan. 23.—The village of Brookfield, about twelve miles west of

the city, was nearly wiped out by fire today. The approximate loss is estimated at \$30,000, partly covered by insurance. The buildings burned are: Kohle's meat market, Brookfield hotel, Scholl's livery stable, H. W. Wirth's store and postoffice, Fred Heller's general store, and A. W. Wirth's warehouse.

CITY BRIEFS

Wedding engraving, North-Land Print.

The young people of the Ashbury M. E. church will conduct the services at the Star of Hope mission this evening, at 8 o'clock. There will be special music. The pastor, Rev. E. O. Clark, will speak. The regular meeting of the Unity club will be held this evening at the Unitarian church. The subject of the evening will be "Religious Education of Children" and the speakers will be President E. W. Boulton of the normal school and Mrs. J. L. Washburn.

The regular meeting of the council will be held this evening. Nothing but matters of routine business are due to come up, and the meeting is likely to be a very short and uneventful one.

John Maher was arraigned before Judge St. Pierre this morning on a charge of petty larceny. He was sentenced to pay a fine of \$5 or spend forty days in jail. George Dibb is now held with the clerk of district court on order for a new trial in the case of Andrew Saur against the Tower Lumber company. The suit was one brought by Mr. Saur to recover damages for overhauling of tanks in driving logs. The lumber company claimed that the vessel rendered was excessive on this claim was based the motion for the new trial.

Bulletins of the Commercial club show a lot of new acquisitions to the membership roll, which indicates that the committee on new members has been active since its appointment. The committee is headed by G. L. Douglas.

Mr. John L. Mullin, G. H. Mance, John Swan, George W. White, William McQuinn and E. L. Miller will compose the Commercial club committee in charge of the club's participation in the celebration which will attend the blowing up of the Great Northern Power company's dam. The West Duluth Commercial club will co-operate and the Superior Commercial club has been invited to attend the occasion, which has been set for next Saturday.

Eight light the big steamer A. B. Wolvin, which has been anchored in the St. Louis river, since her last trip. A load of coal was moved to the dock of the Zenith Furnace, where she will be refueled. This is probably a record for the time for moving a cargo at the head of the lake.

August H. Hergert has received his commission as deputy factory inspector, and will assume his duties at once. Next Friday night has been selected as the date for the state social to be given by the Commercial club. There will be an interesting program for those in attendance. The admission is to be one stein per person, and whether the stein is large or small makes no difference.

PERSONALS

William S. McCormick, city controller, has been confined to his home several weeks in an attack of tonsillitis.

Rev. R. J. Mooney left this morning for Minneapolis.

Walter Squarta of 7 West Fifth street, who has been at St. Mary's hospital since last week, was able to be removed to his home yesterday.

J. M. Gidding is registered at the Hotel de la Paix, San Francisco.

Louis Dieb, of Sandstone is in the city on business for a few days.

W. N. Noll, of Brookline, N. D., is in the city today on a business trip.

Mr. W. A. Miller left this evening for Los Angeles.

G. D. Nixon left today for Portland.

John Becker and G. Collins left today for St. Paul.

A. C. Stewart has returned from St. Paul.

Judge H. M. Hoyt and J. J. Wall leave this evening for New York.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Haley will be passengers this evening for Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Miller and two maids start tonight for Florida.

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A STATE OF PANIC

Exists Through the Darkened Portions of St. Petersburg.

Appearance Sinister and Explosion May Occur At Any Time.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 23, 7:10 p. m.—Panic exists in the darkened portion of the city. The correspondent of the Associated Press has returned from a trip through the Nevsky Prospect as far as the Moscow station. All the stores and houses are closed and the windows and doors are barred, but sullen crowds of strollers continue in the streets. The whole appearance of the district is sinister and an explosion might occur at any minute. The police are going from house to house warning the people to remain in doors, an injunction which the terror-stricken inhabitants, sitting in their darkened homes, are glad to obey.

The greatest fear is that the water supply will be cut off and the city burned. The military authorities are trying to find workmen to start up the electric plant.

The troops had not fired on the people up to this hour.

KILLED NUMBER 500.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 23, 6:50 p. m.—The estimates of the number of dead and wounded yesterday continue to vary greatly as at least a majority of the killed and wounded were carried off by their comrades. Few of those taken to the hospitals have been reported. The official account of the rioting by the military authorities of killed and wounded is suddenly cut off. Investigation by the staff of the Associated Press, it appears that the estimate of 500 killed last night seems liberal.

AGED GENERAL KILLED.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 23.—Among the authenticated horrors of yesterday is the case of an aged general, whose sledge was stopped by the infuriated people as he was driving in the direction of the troops.

"Are you going to order them to fire on us?" yelled the crowd.

The general ordered his coachman to drive on when he was instantly struck on the head by a well-dressed individual in a sable coat. The general was then thrown out of the sledge, beaten and trampled.

MOSCOW EXCITED.

Moscow, Jan. 23.—The people of Moscow are greatly excited over the news from St. Petersburg, which was received over the telephone from private sources and spread like wild fire through the city. Last night it was the only topic of conversation at the restaurants, in the restaurants and on the streets. The workmen here are greatly aroused and the Social Democrats are ready to make use of the opportunity.

The factory and mill owners are also excited as a general suspension of work is expected Jan. 29. The owners and the authorities are conferring in regard to the measures to meet disturbances. Many shop owners are hoarding arms to protect their property.

GUNSHOPS CLOSED.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 23.—The police have closed all the gunsmiths' shops and firearms and other weapons have been removed from the windows and locked up in the cellars. The city is filled, as yesterday, with sensational rumors, among them being one that Grand Duke Alexis and Grand Duke Sergius are already on their way to the frontier.

M. Pobedonostoff, procurer general of the holy synod, is seriously ill.

AUTHORITIES FEEL EASIER.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 23, 6:30 p. m.—The authorities feel easier of the situation. Campfires are burning in all the streets where detachments of soldiers are stationed. The palace square when the darkness fell resembled a vast bivouac, the glare of the campfires being reflected against the big red palace and surrounding buildings. It is now officially denied that a single regiment refused to obey orders yesterday and the war office expresses no doubt.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

P. A. B. DeGencault and Carrie Dahl.

BIRTHS.

LINDBERG—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Lindberg, of 223 Twenty-third avenue west, Jan. 20.

MAHSALE—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John A. Marshall, of 294 West Second street, Jan. 20.

STEVENSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. George Stevenson, of 219 West Second street, Jan. 20.

WELLS—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. B. Wells, of 215 West Michigan street, Jan. 17.

STILLSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Clyde W. Stillson, of 12 East Second street, Jan. 17.

KEMPTON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Kempton, of 21 East Fifth street, Jan. 17.

BECKSTROM—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Beckstrom, of 201 West Fourth street, Jan. 21.

DEATHS.

LADZINSKI—Lena Ladzinski, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Ladzinski, of 201 West Eighth street, died Jan. 22.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

SHAMPOOING—THE HAIR ALWAYS thoroughly dried. No danger of catching cold. Face and scalp treatments, manicure, pedicure, hair cutting, etc. Store, Over Giddings. Both Phones.

Feed wrinkles, lines, creases, wasting flesh with Satin Skin Cream, a skin food restorer. 25c.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT DAVENPORT, oak parlor, mahogany cabinet, sideboard, rug and sectional bookcase, with few books. Extra low price. Call on bargain if taken quick. 29 Lowell blk.

MADAM ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT. 1921 Tower avenue, Superior, room 312.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS, furnished single or en suite. West End. Y. C. Herald.

LOST—SMALL BROWN SEAL, LEATHER or pocketbook containing small change, near Twenty-first avenue east. Reward for return to Herald office.

J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO.

Tomorrow Begins the Unreserved Final Clean Sweep of All Our Women's Winter Coats, Dresses

AT HALF AND LESS.

We don't believe in making two bites of a cherry. It is far easier and simpler for us to whittle our stocks down to the last, thinnest shaving before Spring, than to relegate them to the lumber-room for another season. It is far better for our customers to know, as they do, that they run no danger of buying a previous winter's style—even at price reductions—the year after. Every season's business starts afresh, from the ground up.

That's the why and wherefore of the thorough-going price-reductions we announce today. Not a woman's winter coat or suit escapes—every one meets the common fate of having its original price

Reduced By One-Half and Less!

The collection offers the most splendid sort of opportunity to select suits and wraps for the long period of wintry weather still to come. There are included—

Black and Covert Cloth Jackets and Coats, in wide assortment of styles and lengths.

Handsome Long Wraps for street and evening wear.

Tailored Costumes of crushed velvet and cloth—in a quantity of different, handsome models.

Pretty Dresses—both domestic and foreign—of varied materials.

Though, as a matter of course, sizes are not complete in each style or at each price, in the aggregate, all tastes, figures and pocket-books may be suited.

Following are the new price-ranges established on the various groups:

WOMEN'S WINTER COATS—

\$7.50, worth \$12.50 to \$15.00. Coats of covert and black cloth.

\$10.00, worth \$20.00 to \$25.00—a variety of handsome styles.

\$12.00, worth \$22.00 to \$27.50—black coats, in great variety.

\$16.50, worth \$22.50 to \$35.00—A collection of black and covert cloth Coats, in widely varied styles and lengths.

A Good Snap in Mocha Gloves

Cold weather is still on. You must keep the hands warm.

One lot of mocha silk-lined Gloves, in brown, tan and grey—your choice at \$1.00 per pair, regular \$1.50.

Another line of mocha unlined—just the thing for street wear, in all the leading shades—beaver, grey, black and brown; worth \$1.25 pair—choice at \$1.00.

Flannelette Night Robes slightly soiled at about half the regular prices.

We will place them on sale tomorrow at about half regular prices. The damage is slight, in most instances. None are soiled.

We will sell the \$1.00 ones at 59c.

The \$1.50 ones at 85c—and the \$2 ones at \$1.25.

And 50c children's at 35c.

About thirty dozen in all.

White Shirt Waists for Spring.

Heralds of Spring. Bright, new, crisp and fresh. Madras, linen or mull. Trimmed with laces, beadings and other touches of daintiness, or jaunty and severe. Many hand-embroidered.

See them, if you would learn the leading waist styles for next season:

At \$2.25—Of fine white figured madras.

At \$2.75 and \$3.00—Of linen; spruce and smart.

At \$3.75—Of exquisite mull, beautifully made; front shirred at shoulders, and trimmed with Valenciennes lace insertion.

At \$4.75—Of fine mull; entire front embroidered.

At \$6.00—Of richly embroidered linen.

Others at \$6.50, \$7.50, \$9.00 up to \$12.00.

J. M. GIDDING & CO., Cor. First Ave. W. and Sup. St.

slightest doubt of the loyalty of the troops.

Shortly before 6 o'clock this evening, the electric light plant supplying the upper section of the Nevsky prospect and several miles of the city, was suddenly shut down leaving the thoroughfare in utter darkness and causing a renewal of apprehension that the trouble was imminent. Enormous crowds at that hour were parading the sidewalks and squadrons of cavalry were moving up and down. The innocent spectators hastily hurried into the side streets.

It is said that an emergency battery of machine guns is located in a court yard opposite the Hotel Del Europe.

SEMI-PANIC ON BOURSE.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 23, 3:30 p. m.—The situation was reflected on the bourse today in a semi-panic in industrial shares. The government energetically supported imperial funds and prevented a slump.

MANIFESTO EXPECTED.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 23.—It is rumored that Emperor Nicholas will issue a manifesto tomorrow declaring St. Petersburg to be in a state of siege.

WRIT OF CERTIORARI

Asked By Harriman In Northern Securities Case.

Washington, Jan. 23.—The petition of Edward H. Harriman and Winslow S. Pierce, the Oregon Short Line Railroad company and the Puget Sound company for a writ of certiorari to the circuit court of appeals for the Third circuit in their proceedings against the Northern Securities company, was presented to the supreme court today by

Attorney W. D. Guthrie, of New York. The presentation consisted of a formal filing of briefs, the principal contention of which was that, following the different government suits against the Northern Securities company, there should have been a complete restitution of stock rather than a pro rata distribution. If the petition is granted, the effect will be to cause a review of the entire case by the supreme court.

Everything the market affords at Haley's Restaurant. Popular prices.

DOG CATCHES FISH.

How Carp Are Siezed by an Intelligent Canine.

Baron Munchausen, that greatest and shiest of all great fishermen, has absolutely no standing today out in the Cape Run road region. Take a trip some nippy morning out beyond Parkland, the path of the 99 cyclone, the ruins of the old breastworks and the crumbling remains of the great slave estates, ask for Frank Shank's tavern and you'll find in a spot where they have a dog that catches fish, a horse that drinks beer, a bull eagle more than 20 years old that is better than any other bull eagle, a bear that has had a hole under ground all most as big as Mammoth Cave—no satisfactory proof offered, however—and a lake so full of fish frozen in the ice that you simply chop a hole through it, reach down and pick out German carp, bass, dog fish and other funny boys weighing anywhere from five ounces to a twenty pounds, says the Louisville Herald.

Dr. P. C. Tunnell, of 144 Fifteenth street, who is physician, adviser, friend and helper in other ways of the people of the region, almost lost faith a few days ago when a man came to him and said:

"Doc, we are all having the finest fishing out at Frank Shank's that you ever saw. The lake is so shallow in spots and the ice has gone down so deep that the fish have no room to swim with their backs

upward, and they move about on their sides together. Mr. Shank says that they are not dead, but that when the rain, the fish will be themselves again. The pools are crammed with fish. Look through the ice and you can see eight, ten and twenty-pound carp lying sluggish against the ice. Mr. Shank, to show Dr. Tunnell that a hook and line are not necessary for getting them, simply cut a hole in the ice, rolled up his sleeves, thrust in his hands and came up with big bouncing carp that wriggled around on the ice, as he threw them back between his legs, and flopped around until they were frozen stiff. Friday he got half a dozen 10 pounders in that way in five minutes, and he could have had as many more if he had wanted them.

But as to that dog, the ice broke in one place, and the big brown fellow ran down to the water and stood there with his legs in it as motionless as if he had been one of the mounted animals in the house. A whopping big carp came along. The dog thrust his nozzle under water, gave a shake or two and threw a fifteen-pound carp out so forcibly that the fish slid along the ice to the shore.

The dog does not depend on sight altogether. There are so many fish, and the channel is so narrow that they cannot help bumping against his legs. As soon as he feels the touch, he opened mouth and some of the fish came in. Frank dog took fish after fish out in that way and seems to enjoy his sport. He does not mind the cold water.

One Way Second Class "Colonist" Rates.

On Jan. 3 and 17 and Feb. 7 and 21, "The Northwestern Line" will sell second class one way "colonist" tickets to points in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia, at very low rates. For full information call at city ticket office or address city ticket agent, 22 West Superior street.

GENERAL DISSATISFACTION IS SPREADING TO ALL PARTS OF GREAT RUSSIAN EMPIRE

RAILROAD DAY IN LEGISLATURE

Bills Cutting Off Free Passes and Limiting Passenger Rates.

Measure to Protect the Shippers and Secured Them Dispatch.

FROM THE HERALD, ST. PAUL BUREAU.

St. Paul, Jan. 24.—(Special to The Herald).—The railroad day in the Minnesota legislature today was a day of bills cutting off free passes and placing a limit on the passenger rates to be charged in the state. The house bill was by Mr. Ware, of Northfield, and the senate bill was by Senator Peterson, of Moorhead. The abolition of free passes, except for employees of roads, was in both bills, but while Senator Peterson would make 2 cents per mile the maximum for people over 12 years old, and 1 cent a mile for those under 12, Mr. Ware would make the limit 25 cents per mile.

The Ware bill provides that state officers and members of the legislature may be supplied with transportation by the state, but that they shall not accept mileage or other reimbursement for travel they have not paid for. Senator Peterson's bill is effective Jan. 1, 1906, and Ware's would go in effect July 31, 1905. Mr. Ware punishes violations by a fine of \$50 to \$100 or imprisonment in the county jail six months to two years, while Senator Peterson provides state's prison from one to five years or fines of \$200 to \$1000.

W. A. Nolan, of Duluth, introduced in the house an elaborate measure intended to protect shippers and insure their dispatch. It requires railroads to furnish shippers with cars for freight within forty-eight hours of demand, if at terminal points, or seventy-two hours otherwise. Sundays and holidays excepted. When the car is loaded it must be moved within twenty-four hours and, connecting lines must take it on within twenty-four hours. The speed must not be less than fifty miles each twenty-four hours, and the delay at the place of consignment shall not exceed forty-eight hours. A penalty of \$1 per car, per day, for delays anywhere, is provided, also the recovery of triple damages for delays by the shipper, with attorneys' fees. The railroad and warehouse commission may suspend this act not to exceed sixty days in a year.

Representative Anderson introduced a bill that would, if passed, make the office of state insurance commissioner much less valuable than now. It provides that fees paid by life insurance companies as compensation for valuation of policies shall go to the state instead of to the pocket of the commissioner, minus the expenses of the commissioner in valuing the policies. This would make the office worth a little more than \$2500 per year, whereas it is now much more than that.

Mr. Raehle introduced a bill providing that no employee or officer of the state university may be a member of the board of regents, except the president.

Mr. Kroette introduced a primary election bill fixing the primary on the last Tuesday of June, including state officers, who are to pay a filing fee of \$100, and providing that judicial candidates shall go on all ballots, irrespective of party.

Mr. Hugo, of Duluth, introduced a bill admitting soldiers' widows to the state widows' fund at Minnesota park and appropriating \$20,000 for its maintenance.

Mr. Adams, of Fergus Falls, introduced a bill forbidding the sale of saved lumber, which, in the rough, is not of the dimensions it purports to be. Lumber dressed on one side must not be more than an eighth of an inch short of its proper thickness or width, and all such lumber shall be designated short measure and sold as such. Violation is a misdemeanor and punishable as such.

Representative Smith proposes an amendment to the constitution permitting special legislation applying to such cities as have not adopted home rule charters.

Mr. Gannad introduced a bill providing that train employees who are kept in service more than twelve hours at a stretch, and that where there are wrecks, the proof that this has been violated shall be in the possession of the company.

Chairman Dowling, of the committee on public accounts and expenditures, got permission from the house to employ an expert accountant in examining the state office, at a salary limited to \$10 per day.

Representative Johnson, of Minneapolis, said he took it for granted the committee was going to be fair and not direct its energies against any particular office and said he would be glad to hear the committee go on record on this point.

Mr. Dowling said he was glad to go on record, as an individual member, to the effect that there was no animosity toward any office, and that the committee would try to do its duty fairly and fearlessly.

W. I. Nolan, of Minneapolis, proposed

AN ADJOURNMENT OF LEGISLATURE UNTIL OCTOBER SUGGESTED

In Order That Proposed New Statutes May Be Studied.

Defects In the Code Would Then Certainly Be Located.

St. Paul, Jan. 24.—(Special to The Herald).—A radical revision in the feeling as to the proposed new statutes has taken place within the last few days, and now scarcely anybody is in favor of immediate action on the code. In fact, sentiment in favor of postponing action one or two years is growing very rapidly, and it would not be at all surprising if the code were passed up for the session very shortly.

There are a number of plans, some being in favor of discharging the present commission, putting the code over two years and appointing another commission to act upon the code in the meantime and present it before the opening of the 1907 session. It is not likely, however, that this plan will prevail.

Senator E. B. Hawkins, in a talk with The Herald this morning, suggested a plan that is likely to meet with favor. "I would," he said, "have an adjournment taken in about ten days, and in the meantime enough appropriations could be passed to keep the state government going for a year. I would not pass any measure providing for new structures, or any general legislation. A joint recess could be taken until say Oct. 1, when all of the defects in the code would certainly be located. Then the code could be acted upon and the sixty days remaining could be devoted to general legislation. Bills introduced now would simply lie over until October."

So many startling changes are being located every day that members are beginning to feel that it would be dangerous to pass the code until it was assured that all of the changes had been found. Some fancied changes may turn out not to be real ones, and others may turn out to be for the best. But due consideration must be given to all these questions, and this is why sentiment in favor of postponing action is growing.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

LA FOLLETTE ELECTED TO THE U. S. SENATE FROM WISCONSIN

Chosen On the Separate Ballot of Both Houses. The Vote Will Be Ratified At Joint Session Wednesday.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 24.—Both houses of the Wisconsin legislature at noon voted separately for United States senator, Governor La Follette being named.

The vote in the assembly gave La Follette (Rep.), 80; Martin Leuck (Dem.), 11; Victor L. Berger (Social Dem.), 3.

The senate vote stood: La Follette, 20; Quarles, 2; Leuck, 3; and Berger, 1. There were six members absent in each body. The election will be ratified in joint convention tomorrow.

Not a Kalmuck living within twenty miles of the scene of the outrage escaped torture, destruction of property or death. The scenes of murder and robbery lasted for two weeks, unchecked by the authorities.

RECEIVER APPOINTED. New York, Jan. 24.—Jonathan Wainwright has been appointed receiver for property in this state of the Duke & Stratton company, contractors, in a friendly suit brought by James Derg, a stockholder, for a dissolution of the corporation. Wainwright is the president of the company.

OLD PHYSICIAN DEAD. Elgin, Minn., Jan. 24.—Dr. N. S. Tefft, of Plainville, the oldest physician in Wabasha county, died at his home in Plainville Sunday evening, aged 74.

Dr. Tefft was born in New York, studied medicine in Cincinnati, where he was graduated, moved to Minnesota and settled in Minnesota in 1858. In 1859 he moved to his late home in Plainville. He served several terms in the legislature and was a member of the state board of health.

FRAZIER INAUGURATED. Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 24.—Governor James B. Frazier was today inaugurated as chief executive of Tennessee, to serve his second term. The oath of office was administered by Chief Justice Eard.

J. J. HILL'S GREAT OCEAN MONARCH SAILS FOR THE ORIENT.

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 24.—With 26,000 tons of freight, the largest cargo ever carried by a ship, and 141 passengers, the Great Northern Steamship company's new Oriental liner, Minnesota, has left this port and started on her initial trip to Manila and Oriental ports.

Cotton comprises the greatest shipment of any single article of the vessel's cargo, which is made up of general merchandise, structural iron and steel, machinery and seventy-five flat cars for use on an Oriental railroad.



GOVERNOR LA FOLLETTE, Elected to the United States Senate by the Wisconsin Legislature.

who were thereupon ordered to hunt the Kalmucks, whom they caught in their tents, which afforded them no protection.

Not a Kalmuck living within twenty miles of the scene of the outrage escaped torture, destruction of property or death. The scenes of murder and robbery lasted for two weeks, unchecked by the authorities.

RECEIVER APPOINTED. New York, Jan. 24.—Jonathan Wainwright has been appointed receiver for property in this state of the Duke & Stratton company, contractors, in a friendly suit brought by James Derg, a stockholder, for a dissolution of the corporation. Wainwright is the president of the company.

OLD PHYSICIAN DEAD. Elgin, Minn., Jan. 24.—Dr. N. S. Tefft, of Plainville, the oldest physician in Wabasha county, died at his home in Plainville Sunday evening, aged 74.

Dr. Tefft was born in New York, studied medicine in Cincinnati, where he was graduated, moved to Minnesota and settled in Minnesota in 1858. In 1859 he moved to his late home in Plainville. He served several terms in the legislature and was a member of the state board of health.

FRAZIER INAUGURATED. Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 24.—Governor James B. Frazier was today inaugurated as chief executive of Tennessee, to serve his second term. The oath of office was administered by Chief Justice Eard.

J. J. HILL'S GREAT OCEAN MONARCH SAILS FOR THE ORIENT.

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 24.—With 26,000 tons of freight, the largest cargo ever carried by a ship, and 141 passengers, the Great Northern Steamship company's new Oriental liner, Minnesota, has left this port and started on her initial trip to Manila and Oriental ports.

Cotton comprises the greatest shipment of any single article of the vessel's cargo, which is made up of general merchandise, structural iron and steel, machinery and seventy-five flat cars for use on an Oriental railroad.

PREMIER OF FRANCE



MAURICE ROUVIER.

the new premier of France, was also premier in 1897, and in several cabinets has held the portfolio of minister of finance. He began political life in 1871 as a radical and was recognized by Gambetta ten years later, when he was made minister of commerce. While Rouvier held power, after the fall of the Gambetta cabinet, he had the courage to oust General Boulanger from the war ministry. He was compelled to retire, however, in 1892, owing to his connection with Baron de Reinach and the Panama scandal.

Rouvier is a lawyer by profession and 40 years of age. His wife, now dead, was the widow of the celebrated Albin Constant.

OPERATION ON EDISON

Great Inventor Is Treated For a Masterd Abscess.

New York, Jan. 24.—A critical surgical operation has been performed on Thomas A. Edison at his home, near Orange, N. J. Great secrecy was maintained by the doctor, but it is believed that the operation was for a masterd abscess behind the ear and very close to the brain.

It is generally known, the inventor has been deaf for many years, and the affliction has been growing worse. He has been suffering considerably for about a week, and the matter of an operation was broached several days ago, but there was strong hope that it might be avoided. It developed, however, that while Mr. Edison was better in many particulars, the growth was not yielding to treatment, and the conclusion was reached that the operation would have to be performed at once. It was begun late last night and was not finished until an early hour this morning, having occupied more than two hours.

Mr. Edison, who is more than 57 years old, remained up and about until a few hours after the operation began.

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THOUSANDS OF MEN ARE QUITTING WORK

Posters Calling For Violence Circulated In St. Petersburg.

No One Knows When Rioting May Break Out With Renewed Fury.

Moscow, Jan. 24, 11:15 a. m.—The strike is spreading rapidly. All printing works have been stopped. No newspapers will be issued tomorrow.

Thus far there have been no collisions with the police. Employees of the Bachrushin, Michailoff, Linder and Schraeder factories have joined in the strike.

Employees of the tanneries who are out on strike, remain quiet. The police have ordered all arms to be removed from the streets of the gunsmiths, a majority of whom have closed their shops.

The strikers here at noon today totaled 10,000.

Kovno, Russia, Jan. 24.—Work has been stopped at all the factories and railroad shops here.

Vilna, Russia, Jan. 24.—A strike has commenced here. The town is quiet.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 24, 11:10 a. m.—The night was quiet. There are no signs of undue excitement this morning, although thousands of workmen are strolling through the streets. A number of government printers resumed work this morning.

Moscow, Jan. 24.—A body of strikers at noon today forced their way into the works of the firm of Hopper, and compelled the men to join the strike. Simultaneously factories and other works were closed throughout the districts adjoining Daniloff street.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 24.—At 2:30 p. m. the city is quiet, but extreme tension exists. Disorders have begun in Moscow and the ranks of the strikers are constantly augmented. Additional troops have been brought to the capital.

Berlin, Jan. 24.—The Russian government has ordered the Ludwig Loew arms factory to supply as soon as possible 500 machine guns.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 24, 2:30 p. m.—While the city is quiet there is still extreme tension in St. Petersburg, but from Moscow comes news that disorders have begun there and the full force may be only the precursor of another storm. Not a single mill or factory has started up. This is very significant, and at daylight and housed in the barracks. Machine guns were also placed at several points for emergencies.

The situation is not yet serious, but the somewhat relieved but the dread of the next few days continues. Many foreigners are leaving Russia. The foreign embassies are not manifesting alarm. They are expressing confidence that the government will be able to handle the situation without there being anything now warranting apprehension for the lives or safety of their fellow countrymen.

The authorities insist that the danger of the situation is exaggerated, continuing to scout the idea of a revolution and maintaining the ability of the government to meet all emergencies.

Traffic between St. Petersburg and Moscow and St. Petersburg and Warsaw is uninterrupted. The Northern express arrived on schedule time.

During the afternoon came the news that workmen were going out at Kovno and Vilna but particulars were lacking.

Although the crowds on the Nevsky prospect continued to increase during the afternoon just as they did yesterday, there have been no collisions up to this hour. Moreover, during the day several of the smaller mills resumed work and the men at other mills assured their employers that they were anxious to return but that the strikers threatened to kill them if they did so.

The wildest rumors are in circulation. A mob is reported to be marching on Tarskoe Selo to see the emperor as the multitude marched to Versailles to ask King Louis XVI. of France for bread in 1789, but the story is utterly without foundation.

In certain quarters where the voices of Russia are always laid to the door of Great Britain, the feeling against the British has become intense. It being charged that the British are furnishing money to bring about a revolution.

A CALL TO ARMS. Inflammatory Proclamations Distributed to Populace.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 24, 2 p. m.—St. Petersburg wears a less martial aspect today. Everywhere troops have been drawn into court yards. Only pickets are left outside and small squads of Cossacks are patrolling the streets. The stores along the principal thoroughfares are mostly closed and barricaded.

The correspondent of the Associated Press drove up the Nevsky Prospect, and, with the help of daylight, realized that the damage done to store fronts was more considerable than appeared last night. A large number of business premises were wrecked, the mob having devoted itself principally to confectioners and pastry cooks.

Enormous crowds of strikers and many sightseers, encouraged by mild weather, were promading the sidewalks this morning, and the street cars were again in operation. All was quiet up to this hour. The Associated Press reporter noticed several men distributing proclamations. The people formerly were shy of accepting such documents, now they are eagerly accepting them, and have nicknamed them "Lastotichki" ("Swallows"), an allusion to the spring, which has become a synonym of evolution. The correspondent secured a number of copies. They are all signed by "The Russian Social Democratic Labor Party." One proclamation dated Jan. 22 reads:

"Comrades: So long as autocracy exists, no improvement in our conditions is possible. Therefore, we continue to transcribe on our banners the following demands:

"The immediate cessation of the war. "The summoning of a constitutional assembly of representatives of the people, elected by universal and equal suffrage, and direct election by the people. "The removal of class and race privileges and restrictions.

"The inalienability of the person and domicile. "Freedom of conscience, speech, the press, meetings, strikes and political association. "A second proclamation dated Jan. 23, says:

"The proletariat of all countries are united. "Citizens, you yesterday witnessed the bestial cruelty of the autocratic government. You saw blood flowing in the streets. You saw hundreds slaughtered, defenders of the cause of labor. You saw the death and heard the groans of the wounded women and defenseless children. The blood and brains of workmen were spattered around where their heads had been laid.

"Who directed the soldiers to aim their rifles and fire bullets at the breasts of the laborers? "It was the emperor, the grand dukes, the ministers, the generals, the nobles of the court. They are the murderers. Slay them.

"To arms, comrades. Seize the arsenal and the arms at the depots and at the gunsmiths. Lay low the prison walls. Liberate the defenders of freedom. Demolish the police and gendarme stations and all the government and state buildings.

"We must throw down the emperor and the government must have our own government.

"Long live the revolution.

"Long live the constituent assembly of the representatives of the people."

A third proclamation addressed to people not yet able to figure private property.

Gen. Prince Vassilichoff, commander of the guards, has not yet announced the stringent rules usually accompanying a state of siege, such as forbidding the sale of liquor, the closing of shops after 10 p. m. without special passes and the extinguishing of all lights in private houses after that hour. The authorities evidently are still confident that they have the situation well in hand.

There is no confirmation of the report that the emperor, the empress and their children are going to Copenhagen on the other hand, the emperor has decided to appoint a mixed commission of officials, employers and workmen to consider the strike demands, notably the question of eight hours work per day, and to make an investigation of the shooting of the strikers.

All sorts of rumors are circulating in both official circles and among the workmen. A curious report spread among the men last night that the emperor had given in and that three white flags were displayed over the Winter palace signifying that he had consented to reduce the maximum legal hours of work from eleven to eight. According to this legend, the emperor would have displayed a red flag if he had decided to refuse the strikers request. Many workmen deceived by this rumor shouted "Hurrah" in token of victory and this possibly was the reason that the strikers believing they had already won the day refrained from committing excesses yesterday.

Father Gapon's popularity is unimpaired but it is already evident that the Social Democrats are getting the upper hand and that they are urging the people to violence. From a trustworthy source it is learned that Father Gapon sent a letter to the Social Democrats in the following terms:

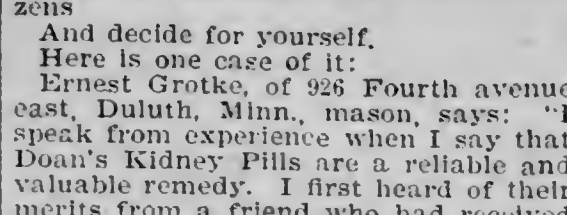
"They have fired upon and massacred us but we are not vanquished and the day of our triumph is nigh. Do not spoil our triumph by firing upon arms and resorting to violence. Content yourselves with destroying the portraits of him who is no longer worthy to be our emperor.

This pacific admonition irritated the Social Democrats and does not meet with a response from the workmen who apparently are thirsting for vengeance and are clamoring for their leaders to distribute arms.

The revolutionists are also reported to be actively preparing bombs and infernal machines to wreck the post and telegraph offices and destroy other

(Continued on page 10, fifth column.)

the entrance of the Russian embassy here was wrenched off at 2 o'clock this morning. A special constable on duty at the embassy witnessed the act but was unable to get to the spot in time to arrest the man, who eluded pursuit. The incident is regarded as simply the act of a common thief.



instructions. This test will prove it worth.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.
Cor. First St. and Third Ave. West.

Exceptional Values in Morris Chairs

We place on special sale all our \$12, \$12.50 and \$13 Morris Chairs at

\$8.75

These Morris Chairs are in various styles. The frames are as strongly made as it is possible to make them and come in the very best selected quartered oak, polished and weathered finishes, and birch-mahogany finished. The seats are coil-sprung, steel constructed, and the cushions are hair-filled, reversible and covered in various assorted colored, plain and figured velours. Backs adjust with rod to four different positions. These chairs are good enough for any home and are an exceptional value at \$8.75.

All Goods Sold on Easy Payments.

DOMINGO ACTION

Causes a Big Stir In the
South American Re-
publics.

Fear Aggressions and
Want Expression as
to Policy.

Chicago, Jan. 24.—A Washington special to the Tribune says: Apparently the friendly protestants established by the United States over the island republic of Santo Domingo has stirred up a hornet's nest, and representatives of all the Spanish-American republics are buzzing about tonight preparatory to a descent in force upon the state department. They all pretend to be much frightened over the attitude of this government toward Santo Domingo and Venezuela, following upon the affairs in Panama a year ago.

It begins to look as if Secretary Hay would have an easy job of it in settling upon the administrative entity of China as compared with the difficulty he is likely to encounter in allaying the suspicions of the touchy little republics of Central and South America, as well as in the Caribbean.

There has been an exchange of views between representatives of all Spanish-American powers, including, of course, Hayti, which is the most friendly of the republics in the occupation for administrative purposes of the republic of Santo Domingo. Some time ago steps were taken toward an alliance of all the smaller American republics against the possibility of aggression by the United States under the guise of devotion to the Monroe doctrine.

This feeling of hostility was particularly strong in Brazil, Argentina and Chile. It partially was caused by events in Panama, but the disturbing elements in the South American republics always meet by the argument that the United States had demonstrated its good faith in the case of Cuba, which it could have seized if it had so desired, but which it constituted into an independent republic. The proposed alliance did not come to anything definite and it is said tonight by South American diplomats that if nothing more had happened there would have been no discussion of such a union.

So strong was the revival of the Spanish-American suspicions that Secretary Hay was compelled to set the South American diplomats in a ferment, and they are united against any policy on the part of the United States which involves the assumption by this country of the right to act as collector for all debts due European and other nations.

It is of course absurd to think there could be any ulterior motive in the United States taking possession of the customs houses of Santo Domingo upon written consent of the president of that country, and yet South Americans seem to be much afraid that the agreement signed yesterday is only preliminary to a similar descent upon every other country on this continent which happens to owe any money to outsiders.

As most people are aware, the average Spanish-American republic is addicted to revolutions and money-borrowing in about equal proportions. There is some reason, therefore, why they should stand together to formulate a protest to the state department against what they believe to be the purpose of the United States in enforcing the payment of just debts to foreigners and in default thereof to seize the custom houses and administer the revenues for the benefit of all concerned. Radical South American representatives

One 21 H. P. Gasoline Pope Toledo Tiring Car, 1903 Model, regular price \$2800.00, our price \$2600.00.
One 14 H. P. Pope Toledo Gasoline Touring Car, 1903 Model, regular price \$2400.00, our price \$2200.00.
One 14 H. P. Pope Toledo Gasoline Touring Car, 1904 Model, regular price \$2500.00, our price \$2300.00.
One 15 H. P. Pope Toledo Gasoline Touring Car, 1904 Model, regular price \$2600.00, our price \$2400.00.
One 12 H. P. National 1904 Model Gasoline Touring Car, regular price \$2200.00, our price \$2000.00.
One 12 H. P. Standard Gasoline Touring Car, regular price \$2100.00, our price \$1900.00.
One 12 H. P. Milwaukee Steam Runabout, regular price \$1800.00, our price \$1600.00.
We also desire to inform you that we are agents for the celebrated Oldsmobile Touring Cars and Runabouts. For full particulars call or write to the Mutual Electric Co., 315 W. First St., Duluth, Minn.

AUTOMOBILES, SECOND-HAND BARGAINS

WOODSMEN LOSE

Judge Windom Decides
In Favor of Employ-
ment Agency.

Men Alleged to Be Drunk
When They Reached
Camp.

The return game of lumberjack versus employment agent was played on the municipal court diamond this morning and this time the employment agent scored.

The contest really involved two cases against the same defendant, the Globe Employment company, the plaintiffs being Charles Millo and William Kirilu. Finlander woodmen who claimed that J. J. Olson, the employment agent sent them out to a lumber camp on Lyman lake, in Wisconsin, where, in reality, there was no order for men at that camp.

The cases heard by Judge Windom, this morning, were similar to one heard by a jury a few days ago, when the plaintiff received a verdict of \$3 against the employment agency.

In the cases heard this morning, each woodman put in a claim for damages amounting to an aggregate, in either case, of \$225. The amount included railroad fare alleged to have been spent in getting to and from the camp, eight days board and eight days loss of time.

At the first trial the employment company had been unable to produce in court, M. Baudvin, the camp boss, where the men were billed for, but he appeared at the trial this morning and his evidence was responsible for the court's decision in favor of the agent.

Millo and Kirilu claimed that when they reached the camp designated on the employment ticket, the boss told them he had no room. They said he refused to sign their tickets and that by reason of the fear of the camp and that by reason of his refusing to sign, they were unable to get their money back from the employment agent.

Baudvin's testimony was that the Finlander sent out to the camp arrived in an intoxicated condition and that they did not know who they were. He claimed never to have refused to accept their services.

The criminal calendar, in municipal court was very light this morning, only three offenders appearing.

Guest Peterson, a 30-year-old man, was given the choice of paying \$2 or free board at the 30-day jail for 30 days.

Robert Connors, of 3506 Sixth street, died yesterday afternoon of cancer, at St. Mary's hospital. He had been an invalid for several years.

A team of horses belonging to Cauley Jeffrey, a farmer near Proctor, was killed in a runaway accident on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway trestle, and, their hoofs slipping in between the ties, received injuries which soon resulted in death.

Santa Maria court, Women's Catholic club of Forsters, will hold its annual installation of officers Thursday evening.

Dr. G. E. Budd, dentist, 302 Central avenue, West Duluth.

Miss Mabel Brady, of Raleigh street returned yesterday from a week's visit with relatives at Brainerd.

Eber Knutson, a workman, fell on the Boston canal dock, thirty-seventh avenue, West, yesterday, and sustained a compound fracture of one of his legs. He was taken to St. Luke's hospital.

Miss Georgina Mathews, of Slayton, Minn., is visiting with friends in West Duluth.

West Duluth lodge, A. O. U. W., No. 145, will give a masquerade ball at Gilley's hall on Wednesday, Jan. 25. Admission, 50 cents. Tickets 25 cents. You are cordially invited.

Flourishing two big revolvers and declaring that somebody was after him to take his life, he would shoot to defend himself, George A. Mason, a colored porter, said to reside at Two Harbors, created a small sized panic this morning in a boarding house at 520 East Seventh street, said to be not restored to duty.

Entry quarries company, of Chicago, who were employed, took Mason in custody.

After investigating the case, Judge Middlecott decided that the case could not be made a charge against Mason, and the Lake county authorities were notified that the case was not restored to duty.

The sheriff, from Two Harbors, was expected this afternoon, to take charge of Mason.

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PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG
GLASS BLOCK
STORE
QUALITY IS
PARAMOUNT

Last call---Final price reductions embracing every coat in our entire stock.



This week the season's business culminates in our grand cloak department, with the last and

most radical price reductions, destined to sell every last coat, jacket or wrap, by sheer force of its low selling price.

Reductions can go no further. These prices are far lower than all others on as good garments.

Every ladies' coat and jacket, every misses' coat and jacket, every child's coat and jacket is included in the offering, which is a "mark down" below the wholesale cost of the garments, a sample of the generosity of our business policy, under which we refuse to carry over any of our garments from season to season.

\$7.50 \$9.98 \$14.98

Will buy any ladies', misses' or child's coat in the house, originally ticketed as high as \$19.50. All colors and all styles, loose-fitting, long, short and medium. This is the last call and the grandest money-saving chance of the year.

Takes any ladies', misses' or child's coat in the house that has sold up to \$24.50. The cost of the cloth by the yard is not covered in this generous cut price and these bargains are beyond comparison the best in the city.

For coats that have sold as high as \$39.50. Ladies' finest garments and misses' well coats included. The finest winter wraps that have been shown this season. The most valuable and most desirable—all included at \$14.98.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG
GLASS BLOCK
STORE
WHERE
QUALITY IS
PARAMOUNT

The "stein dinner" at the Commercial club

requires a "stein" for admission fee. It's going to be one of the happiest affairs of the year. We have 400 steins for you to choose from. The finest imported Mettlach steins, plain steins, fancy steins, large steins and small steins. Steins as low as 75c each. Steins for \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$7.50 and up to \$15.00.

Minister Griscorn, the legation staff, Prince Fushimi and a number of Japanese of high rank. The emperor, who was in high spirit, toasted President Roosevelt and those present, including the legation staff.

A CARD.
We, the undersigned do hereby agree to refund the money on a 25-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. Also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

R. C. Sweeney, William A. Abbett.

DRENNAN DISCHARGED.
Cloquent Operator Justified in Shooting Half Breed.

Cloquent, Jan. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—The hearing of James Drennan, the telegraph operator at North End, near Cloquent, who shot a half-breed, Frank Lavie, one night about a week ago, after Lavie and two companions had pestered him for hours, threatening him and finally assaulting him, was held yesterday afternoon and resulted in his discharge from custody.

The court found that he had clearly acted in self-defense and it was plain that he would have been justified in shooting long before he did. Lavie was not badly hurt and was at the hearing.

TOASTS THE PRESIDENT
Emperor of Japan Pays High Compliment to United States.

Tokio, Jan. 24.—The emperor today received Minister Griscorn and the staff of the American legation in special audience and later entertained them at luncheon.

While the streets of Tokyo were ringing with the news of the riots at St. Petersburg and of the Russian emperor taking refuge at the Tsarskoe Selo, the Japanese emperor, at the reception, and through Minister Griscorn, expressed to President Roosevelt his great satisfaction at the cordial relations existing between the two countries.

He paid a high compliment to the United States for the presence shown to Prince Sadamir Fushimi during his recent American tour.

In reply, Mr. Griscorn thanked the emperor for the interest Japan had shown in the St. Louis exposition and the friendship manifested by Prince Fushimi on the occasion of his visit.

The emperor at noon lunched with

CONTRACT FOR TRACK
Thomas & Truax to Build Spur to Power Plant Site.

The National Railway Construction company which has the contract for the construction of the water power on the St. Louis river for the Great Northern Power company, has awarded a sub-contract for the building of a spur track from the Northern Pacific terminus at Fond du Lac to the site of the power house which the company will build on the St. Louis river, to Thomas & Truax. The distance is about three and a half miles and the cost will be about \$25,000. It is to be finished July 1.

THIRTY-TWO ARE EXAMINED
An Educational Test For Would-be Policemen and Firemen.

Thirty-two stalwart young men, applicants for positions on the local police and fire department are taking the civil service examination held in the city hall, today, under the direction of Leroy Coons, secretary of the local board of health.

The examination embraces an educational test and familiarity with certain lines of work in the departments mentioned.

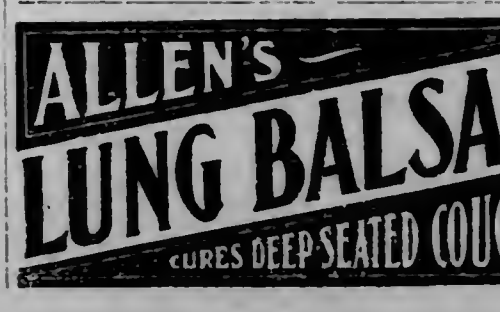
Precious to the examination there was filed with Secretary Coons, about 50 applications for positions on the fire department and 25 applications for positions on the police department. At the examination this morning over 20 of those appearing took the police examination, the remainder writing on the firemen's examination.

These passing the educational test successfully, must submit to a physical examination and test before appointments are made to fill vacancies now existing in both departments.

FEW PERSONS REGISTER
Cold Weather Keeps Voters Away From Polling Places.

Although this is the next to the last opportunity afforded voters for registration before the municipal election, to be held next month, the reports from the registration boards in the various precincts show that business is very light.

It was not expected that there would be a heavy registration, in view of the fact that the majority of the voters who will probably vote at the election, registered at the primaries in December, and because there is another opportunity offered Saturday of this week



MALADIES THAT WRECK MARRIAGE

Our Modern, Advanced Electro-Medical Methods Cure Where All Other Treatments Fail.

We want every man afflicted with NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY, CHRONIC BLOOD POISON, STRICTURE, VARI- COCELE OR ALLIED TROUBLES to come to our office, where we will explain to him our ELECTRO-MEDICAL METHOD (ELECTRICITY AND MEDICINE COMBINED) of curing these diseases. We invite in particular all men who have become dissatisfied with treatment elsewhere. We will explain to you why you have not been cured, and will demonstrate to your entire satisfaction why we can cure you safely, quickly and permanently. Our counsel will cost you nothing, and our charges for a perfect cure will be reasonable and not more than you will be willing to pay for the benefit conferred. We will do by you as we would want you to do by us. Your cases were reversed. Certainty of cure is what you want. We can and will cure you, by permission, to numerous cases that we have cured "TO STAY CURED," which had been abandoned by family physicians and so-called EXPERTS.



Longest Established, Most Successful and Reliable Specialists in Diseases of Men, as Medical Diplomates, Licenses and Newspaper records show.

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, SPYLLITHIC BLOOD POISON, NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY, RUPTURE, KIDNEY AND URINARY DISEASES,

And all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. We charge nothing for private consultation and give to each patient a LEGAL CONTRACT to hold for our promise. It is worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men.

If you cannot call at our office write your symptoms fully.

REFERENCES—Best Banks and Leading Business Men of This City Consultation Free and Confidential.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association
No. 1 West Superior St., Cor. Lake Avenue, Duluth, Minn.

We Want Your Business—Best Work and Service.

Peachey & Lounsberry, Printers.
Providence Bldg., 4th Avenue West and Superior St. Both Phones.

Blank Books
Loose leaf or tight bound—all rulings, we can supply you with the newest for 1905.

Chamberlain & Taylor,
323 W. Superior Street.

OLD SCANDAL STIRRED UP

By Lord Cowley's Engagement to Lady Edith Villiers.

New York, Jan. 24.—A London cable to the world says: Society received a shock to week when it learned that Lord Cowley, the correspondent in the Harpington divorce case, is to wed Lady Edith Villiers, only daughter of the Earl of Clarendon.

The shock is due to the universal belief that Lord Cowley would wed Lady Edith Villiers, the daughter of the Earl of Clarendon, only if he had been divorced.

The Harpington case will come up again in court in April, when all the unsavory details of the life of the hunting set in Leicestershire will be re-

laid. Sir Charles Cradock Harpington, a divorcee a few years ago, is now Lord Cowley's co-correspondent, and Lady Harpington, who was a countess, is now Lady Villiers.

The charges contained therein now have been dropped. The first trial resulted in a verdict that nothing was proved against either Sir Charles or Lady Harpington.

Lord Cowley and Lady Harpington denied all the charges. Although it was proved that he had been a constant visitor to Gaudesby cottage, her hunting lodge, near Melton Mowbray, had been pictures and put down as her own, and had done other little services unsavory to the most intimate relations, there was no evidence of anything more than a flirtation.

But it has been understood by everyone that if Lady Harpington should be freed from her matrimonial bonds, she would at once become Lord Cowley's wife. Therefore the present report has occasioned the utmost surprise.

Lady Edith Villiers is one of the same name as the Harpingtons. Her father is Lord Chamberlain to the king and a very influential personage at court and in society.

Lord Cowley's record is a most unsavory one. His first public appearance was at the age of 20, when he paid a Gaudesby cottage, her hunting lodge, near Melton Mowbray, had been pictures and put down as her own, and had done other little services unsavory to the most intimate relations, there was no evidence of anything more than a flirtation.

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LOOK GRAVE

Duluth and Superior Must Work For Harbor's Interest.

Belief That Annual Maintenance Fund Is Only Relief.

In a news article which appeared in the issue of Feb. 26 last, The Herald called attention to a possibility which might arise by which all the improvement work in the harbor would be done by the government has spent several millions of dollars might go for naught unless an annual fund or appropriation be provided for the maintenance of the improvements already completed.

That possibility now seems to be a fact, unless the commercial and business interests at the head of the lakes as well as the vessel owners, get active and press the urgency of the situation upon the members of congress, the conditions feared will actually come about.

The harbor committee in congress has been called to the fact that no rivers and harbors appropriation has been made, and that there was a little more than a year ago the situation was hardly improved.

The situation that now confronts this harbor is that it has no money left for improvement work, and the government prospect of getting any further appropriation for the coming year is very dim.

All the work on the harbor will be practically at a standstill for the next two years.

As has been stated through The Herald, a cessation of improvement work at this harbor, means that the government will have to sustain a direct loss of about \$200,000 a year.

It is estimated that the harbor has been in the operation. Even this loss, it is claimed, would be small compared with that of the rest of the harbor.

Thousands of dollars have been spent to dredge the harbor and deepen the harbor channels, and now the harbor is in a state of disrepair.

The government has been in charge of this district have been in their power, but so far as the harbor is concerned, they have been in a state of disrepair.

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HE MEANS SCOTT'S

Your doctor says you must take cod liver oil. Probably he means Scott's Emulsion because you cannot take the clear oil who needs cod liver oil. The doctor understands that and doubtless means Scott's Emulsion of cod liver oil which everybody can take because it is emulsified and prepared so that it can be very easily digested by the most sensitive stomach. Most everybody likes it.

We'll send you a sample free. SCOTT & BOWNE, 400 Pearl Street, New York.

construction of the line will begin in a few months. The Jungfrau line, which is nearly completed, arrives at an altitude of 12,488 feet over the level of the sea, but has the advantage of running through tunnels.

The Mont Blanc railway, on the contrary, will have only one tunnel, and the passengers will be enabled to enjoy the magnificent views of the Alps.

The new railway will start at the village of the Paris-Lyon railway, and will have nine stations where the passengers will be allowed to stop and enjoy the scenery.

The cost of the whole line, which will have a length of 20 kilometers, will be about \$2,000,000, which has all been subscribed. It is calculated that about 50,000 tourists go every year to Chamounix to try the ascent, and that instead of paying \$200 for the services of guides they will be glad to make the ascent by railroad at the cost of only \$10 each.

SARAH IS STRENUOUS.

Has Half Dozen Plays Ready For Production.

Paris, Jan. 24.—Once again, after another of her prolonged tours, is Sarah Bernhardt back in Paris; and once again must it be said that she was never in better spirits.

On the night of her arrival—she was fatigued by a long journey—she visited her own theater to witness her son's play, "Par le Feu et Par l'Eau."

It was performed during her absence. It is something of a melodrama, but skilfully constructed; and the great actress declared herself delighted with M. Maurice Bernhardt's debut as a playlight.

In one of the entr'actes the audience recognized their old seated in one of the private boxes, and the divine Sarah had to rise and acknowledge their cheers and cries of "Vive Sarah."

However, she has not returned to Paris for the first time since she left for St. Petersburg for a season. Quite half a dozen new plays has she for ultimate production in Paris. All are so good (she declares) that she does not know which to give first.

CONFIRMED BY SENATE.

Washington, Jan. 24.—The senate today in executive session confirmed the following nominations: Henry E. Cutting, receiver of public moneys at Pierre, S. D.; Albert Wheeler, register, the land office at Pierre, S. D.

Postmasters: Minnesota—William J. Auman, Ansonia; R. Burt Hagley, William E. S. Smith, Cambridge, Wis.; Robert J. Audus, Chicago; Charles Scheraga, Baldwin; Martin A. Lion, Black River Falls; Charles S. Dutton, Milton Junction; Oliver W. White, Otrac; John E. Soderworth, Whitehall; Irwin R. Noye, Wittenberg. William G. Wheeler, attorneys for the Western district of Wisconsin.

FIRE AT M'KINLEY.

Ford Hotel and Peter Holland's House Burned.

McKinley, Minn., Jan. 24.—The Ford hotel and barn, owned by J. B. Ford, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning, and the boarders had a narrow escape, losing nearly all their effects.

The house of Peter Holland, adjoining the hotel, was also destroyed. The loss on the hotel building was about \$3000, and Mr. Ford carried no insurance.

The fire broke out in the kitchen of the hotel, and spread rapidly to the barn and the house. The firemen arrived in time to save the hotel building, but the barn and the house were completely destroyed.

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THE CLUB

Religious Education of Children Discussed at Meeting.

Religion Appreciation of One's Dependence, Says Prof. Bohannon.

"The Religious Education of Children" was the subject discussed by Prof. E. W. Bohannon, president of the Normal school and Mrs. J. L. Washburn, at the meeting of the club in the Unitarian church, last night.

Both asserted, on taking the floor, that they had no solution of the problem. They merely intended making a few suggestions. They expressed themselves as believing, however, that religious education of the young has been entirely wrong in the past.

"Interest in this subject is widespread just now, more so than at any time for many years past," said Prof. Bohannon. "The people are interested in the matter, and believe their children should be religiously educated, but do not know what the method of procedure should be."

"We hear a good deal nowadays to the effect that the religious training of the child is a failure, and that the child is a religiously educated, but do not know what the method of procedure should be."

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was filed in this office for record,
May 20, 1906, at 8 a. m., and was duly
recorded in Book 3 of Miscellaneous, page

M. C. PALMER,
Register of Deeds.
By THOMAS CLARK,
Deputy.

CLEAN-UP PRICES

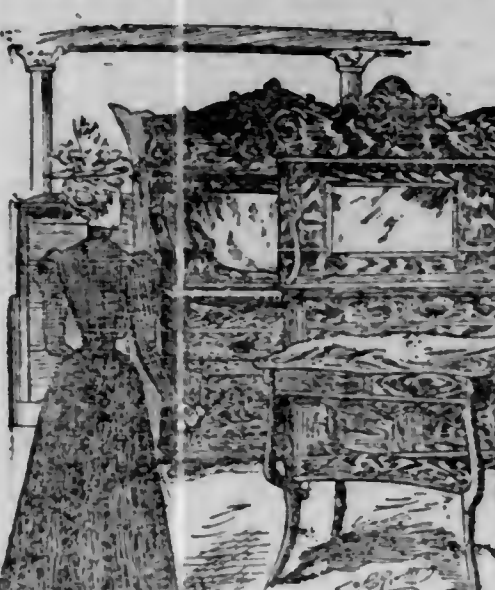
Means Bargains for you. Read these reductions—it will pay you to call.

DESKS

Of all sorts reduced—roll top, ladies' desks and combination. Our stock is large, to reduce the stocks we reduce the price.

\$5.99 Desks—this sale, but, \$5.99
\$9.25 Desks—this sale, but, \$7.15
\$19.75 Desks—this sale, but, \$8.61
\$14.99 Desks—this sale, but, \$11.23
\$15.99 Desks—this sale, but, \$11.99
\$15.50 Desks—this sale, but, \$12.50
\$16.00 Desks—this sale, but, \$12.79
Better qualities 20 per cent reduction during this sale.

SIDEBOARDS



At cut price—special cuts on some reductions on all. An oak sideboard—big mirror, swelled front and ends, regular \$23.50—only \$15.34
An oak buffet—fancy mirror, reg. \$20, only \$15.13
A oak sideboard, carving decorated round corner mirror \$16.09—reg \$25.50, but, \$12.79
18 per cent reduction on any sideboard or buffet in our stock.

Comfort Sale.

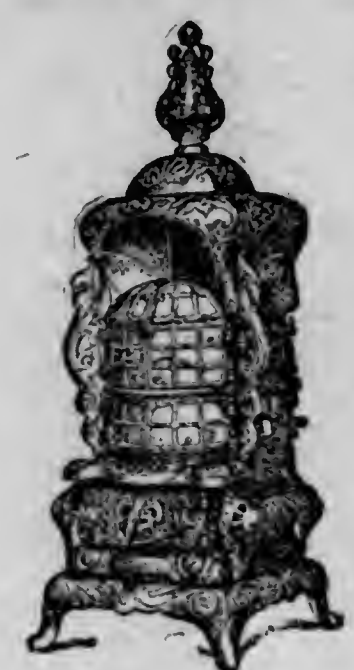
We make cut prices on these qualities where we are overstocked.

Regular \$1.25, only .93c
Regular \$1.00, only .82c
Regular \$4.25, only .33.11
Regular \$6.50, only .47.78

1/4 Reductions on all Blankets

75c Blankets, only .56c
\$1.25 Blankets, only .94c
\$2.75 Blankets, only \$2.07
\$7.00 Blankets, only \$5.25
\$9.00 Blankets, only \$6.75

Reductions on Heating Stoves



\$40 Heater goes at \$29.99

Twenty-first Avenue W., on Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

R.R. Forward & Co. HARDWARE & FURNITURE

Twenty-first Avenue W., on Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

We Place on Sale Tomorrow All of Our Imported Costumes and Evening Wraps at Exactly One Half.

We mention only a few of the fine bargains to be found among them.

One black Lyon's silk velvet Costume, handsomely trimmed with Escorial lace—former price \$97.50, now \$48.75.

One light blue Messaline, satin, elaborately trimmed with chiffon, French lace and applique—former price \$92.50, now \$46.25.

One white Voile imported Costume, chiffon and applique lace trimming—former price \$125.00, now \$62.50.

One brown Messaline, taffeta, 1830 model, exclusive style—former price \$125.00, now \$62.50.

J. M. GIDDING & CO.

Cor. Superior St. and First Ave. W.

NO TARIFF CHANGES

To Be Made By Congress at the Present Session.

Little Probability of Railroad Rate Bill Being Passed.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, Jan. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—The president call an extra session of congress in the spring to consider freight rates? The question which nearly every member of congress is asking of every man likely to have any information of value. It is practically settled that the idea of revising the tariff at once has been abandoned. Various polls of the house for the purpose of getting at congressional sentiment have been taken and they show that an overwhelming majority of the Republicans are opposed to any change whatever at this time. It is not that a majority of members of the majority party do not realize that many of the schedules of the tariff law are susceptible to change to the advantage of every one. But, on the other hand, it is feared that any attempt to revise the incongruities of the existing law would bring about a general unrest which would be disastrous.

There are only two Republican members from the state of New York who are in favor of the president's program for tariff revision. It is true that these gentlemen rank among the most prominent members from the state which is as deeply interested in the tariff as any commonwealth in the union. The great bulk of the New York membership believes in the stand pat policy which was a shibboleth of the late campaign in so many districts.

Mr. Roosevelt, like Mr. Cleveland, is at odds with his party as to the tariff policy. He has been known to force his views down the throats of the members of the house and used the executive power in an endeavor to coerce the protectionists. Bliss, Greenman, Snowden and a few others, to abandon their convictions for the sake of a place in the cabinet.

The president alluded to the bill, which was subsequently sent to him as the outcome of perfectly amicable negotiations on the part of the members of the house and who had prepared and put it through congress. Mr. Roosevelt will take no such course in attempting to incorporate his views on the subject of import duties into the statutes. But he will probably win out eventually. He has a faculty for winning men over to his ideas and while it would be unwise, in view of the temper of the house to attempt to secure the enactment of a tariff bill in April, he hopes to create enough of the right sentiment—according to the passage of a revision bill.

As to the railroad rate question, there is a large contingent in both houses who believe that one of the severest rate-fixing bills should be enacted into law promptly. Efforts are being made every day to put the Cooper Quarles bill through before March 4. But it is natural that such an important question should demand careful consideration before drastic measures are taken to correct alleged existing evils.

I am used on behalf of the railroads that no more stringent law be made than the one now on the books. It is a natural feeling of the railroads to be made than the one now on the books. It is a natural feeling of the railroads to be made than the one now on the books.

careful consideration will prove futile and it is extremely unlikely that an extra session will be called before October.

Besides, no man in the house or the senate is anxious to remain in Washington all summer.

There is a law, the federal statute books which authorizes each state to erect in the old hall of the house of representatives, statues in commemoration of two of its most eminent sons. In line with this act thirty-four statues in bronze and marble of more or less artistic merit, have already been set up. Roger Sherman and Jonathan Trumbull represent Connecticut, both of whom served in the early congresses. Illinois has sent a statue of James Shields, who served in the senate both from Illinois and Missouri. A massive marble statue of Oliver P. Morton, governor and senator, stands for Indiana. Kansas has recently erected a representation of John J. Ingalls, the iron senator who added fame to that state. Massachusetts shows two private citizens, John Winthrop and Samuel Adams, to represent her greatness, while Maryland has John Hanson, also a private citizen, and Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, who served for a short time in the first senate.

Maine has William King, also of the first senate, as her sole representative in the national hall of fame. Missouri presents counterfeit presentments of two of her ablest senators—Thomas H. Benton and Francis Pickens. A senator from '45 to '48.

John Starke, who occupies one of the New Hampshire niches, had no congressional service, but his colleague in the gallery is Daniel Webster, whose military heroes, Phil Kearney of the army and Richard Stockton of naval fame, and sister state also New York also ignored her national statesmen and elected Governor Clinton and R. D. Livingston.

James A. Garfield, one of the most eminent men who were chosen by the legislature of Ohio for reproduction in marble served in the house, the senate, an executive office, and the other is William Allen, a member and senator for eight years.

Robert Fulton and Peter J. Muhlenberg stand for Pennsylvania, the former the inventor of steam navigation and the latter a soldier and statesman of the revolutionary period.

Sam Houston was one of the great senators from Texas. He is represented in the national hall of fame by a marble or image of Stephen Austin, Vermont, one of the biggest statues. It is that of Ethan Allen, of Fort Ticonderoga fame, and by his side stands a statue of John C. Calhoun.

West Virginia is proud of Senator John E. Kenna and of F. H. Pierpont, and those men form the quota for representatives. Old Virginia has not yet made a contribution, although her greatest son, George Washington, has a place in the gallery.

Wisconsin contributed Peter Marquette, in priestly robes. It is perhaps the most artistic piece of sculpture in the whole collection, and it certainly created a greater furor than any other when first revealed.

Electors induced by acceptance of the statue but congress was wise for once and ignored the best work of the sculptor.

Government contractors run across peculiar people in the federal department at times, and they have to use great care in filling orders, if they desire to avoid trouble and delay in the settlement of their bills. Last year a contractor for stationery in several departments received an order for 100 dozen typewriter ribbons. He sent at once, with a note saying that he had telegraphed for the remainder. He was summoned to the stationery room at once and asked what he meant by his note. He produced it and the stationery clerk gasped. "I meant that I had a sickle cane that order or I'll lose my job."

Yesterday that same contractor found in his morning mail a formal order from one of the departments for 1,000,000 boxes of brass fasteners at 6 cents. The total value of that order was \$6,000,000, or about 20 per cent more than the entire stationery bill of that department for an entire year.

He investigated before filing the requisition and found that the number of boxes required was only 100. Some one had blundered in some unexplained way, and the department's bill was \$6 instead of \$60,000.

Senator McEnery of Louisiana is very deaf. Sometimes the atmospheric conditions make his deafness more pronounced. This was the case on Wednesday when the correspondent of a New Orleans paper called him out and asked the customary question, "Have you any news today, senator?" Mr. McEnery asked that the question be repeated. "Have you any news?" shouted the newspaper man. "Yes," replied the senator, "I think I have one left," and fishing a cigar out of his waistcoat pocket he handed it over and passed back into the senate.

When he reached his seat he turned to his colleague and said: "What do you think of the nerve of that man McEnery? He actually called me away from my work to ask me for a cigar."

The Snoot country will close to an end this week and then will conclude the most long-drawn-out inquiry into the right of a senator to occupy a seat which has ever been known in the history of congress. The protestants have apparently failed to prove a single allegation of their charges. The case, Mr. Smoot is a polygamist was abandoned at the outset. The attempt to prove that plural marriages have been performed in the United States since 1890 has failed utterly. Not a single ceremony of the kind has been shown to have occurred in any state of the Union. The charge that the Mormon church absolutely controls political and temporal affairs in Utah and Idaho has been refuted by the testimony of witnesses fully as reputable as those on the other side, and while, on the other hand, it has been proven that men who married plural wives prior to 1890 still live in polygamous relationship, it has been substantiated that polygamy is surely dying out.

Senator Smoot has certainly come out of the case with clear skin and a record for pluckitude and morality unsurpassed by any of his judges. In fact some of them would have been exhibiting as clear a bill of health, morally speaking, as the junior senator from the newest state in the Union.

PATENT MEDICINES

Need Not Be Sold to Cut Rate Dealers.

Chicago, Jan. 21.—On the ground that makers of proprietary medicine have an equity in their goods under the secret of the manufacture is discovered, Judge Tuley has declined to enjoin the wholesale druggists of Chicago from refusing to sell patent medicines to a cut rate dealer.

With the decision in the druggists' favor, Judge Tuley has granted a temporary injunction given by Judge Dunn two weeks ago. The injunction forbade including the plaintiff's name in alleged blacklists sent to the trade naming dealers who refused to sell at prices fixed by the medicine makers.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Florence Jacques and Louis E. Williams, St. Louis county.

BIRTHS.

NELSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Anton Nelson, of 705 East Third street, Jan. 21.

KERN—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Kern, 183 West Michigan street, Jan. 14.

CIPPOYNSKI—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Cipponyski, 31 West Eleventh street, Jan. 22.

CARTIER—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Cartier, 42 North Fifty-ninth avenue west, Jan. 23.

DEATHS.

CONNERS—Robert Connors, aged 48 years, of 196 West Fifth street, the husband of Mary's hospital, Jan. 23, of cancer. Deceased leaves a wife and seven children. The funeral will be held tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. at St. Mary's hospital.

SWENSON—Axel William Swenson, 10-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Swenson, 624 East Seventh street, died early this morning. Funeral notice later.

HAMMOND—John Hammond died of pneumonia, this morning, at the home of his brother-in-law, Peter Bohan, 227 Lake avenue north. Deceased leaves three sisters and one brother, all but one of whom reside in Iowa. Funeral from the Catholic church, Thursday morning at 9 o'clock. Interment at Calvary cemetery.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

HAIR DRESSING FOR THEATER, RECEPTION, Masquerade, or any occasion. Switches, Waves and Pompadours on hand or made to order at Miss Horigan's Dress Store, Over Gidding's.

A rough, red, dry, tender, chafed skin made fair and lovely by Satin Skin Cream. A skin food. 25c.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in private family, out of city; \$4 a per month. F. A. T. Herald.

RAILROAD NEWS

Conductor Ryan Narrowly Escapes Injury In Sleeper Accident.

Piece of Wheel Pushed Through Floor—Other Railroad News.

Edward B. Ryan, conductor on the Omaha Chicago limited between here and Elroy, had a narrow escape from a very critical injury on Saturday evening on his train when the accident occurred to the sleeping car, as reported in yesterday's Herald.

He was sitting in the sleeper counting up his receipts on the train when the accident occurred. The train was whizzing along between Eau Claire and Elroy, and Mr. Ryan was occupying a seat at the end of the car assuring his tickets preparatory to making his regular report to the auditor, it being near the end of his run, when he heard a sudden crashing sound and was noticed the floor gave way for a piece of car wheel tire which pushed up through the floor of the car.

Mr. Ryan did not wait for any further developments, but sprang for the bell rope and gave it one long, steady pull, as a signal of danger to the engineer and a warning to stop the train instantly. The engineer obeyed the signal promptly and the train was brought to a standstill within a very short distance.

It was found that the wheel, as it separated and struck the floor in its revolution. Fortunately Mr. Ryan was far enough from the jagged steel pulch as a signal of danger to the engineer and a warning to stop the train instantly. The engineer obeyed the signal promptly and the train was brought to a standstill within a very short distance.

Mr. Ryan is one of the oldest and best known conductors in the service of the Omaha and Northwestern of this city, making his home on Seventeenth avenue east, between Superior street and London road.

Changes at Escanaba.

Notices have been issued by the Chicago & Northwestern of the appointment of W. E. Look as dock agent at Escanaba, vice H. A. Barr, retired. The new appointee, formerly chief clerk under Superintendent W. D. Linsley, will be in charge of the ore and coal business of the company at Escanaba, has been made agent in charge of the local freight and passenger business. Both branches have heretofore been in charge of H. A. Barr, who has gone out of the service through the pension plan, but which the retiring employee receives about one-third of the average salary for the last ten years of service from the time of retirement until decease.

New Train To Mexico.

The International & Great Northern has announced the inauguration of an entirely new daily train between St. Louis and the City of Mexico, to be known as the "Mexico Limited" and it will run in both directions. The road cooperates with the National railway of Mexico, over whose rails the trains run on the other side of the Mexican border. The National was formerly a narrow gauge road, but recently the rails have all been changed until they set apart the standard distance.

Railroad Notes.

R. E. Taft, of Superior, has been appointed resident engineer there for the Great Northern road, the appointment coming from Chief Engineer Hongland. The appointment confirms Mr. Taft in the work he has been performing, he having for some time been engaged in the duties of the position. General Agent George M. Smith,

CITY BRIEFS

Wedding engraving, North-Land Printery.

W. R. Bernier, who was indicted for forgery in the second degree, entered a plea of guilty yesterday afternoon. Bernier is said to have passed a forged check of \$50 on A. D. Smith at Hibbing last Christmas.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Edward A. Silbert, of East Third street, the young man will be christened Bernard, in honor of his grandfather, B. Silbert.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the De Volla Drug company was held yesterday afternoon and the officers for the ensuing year elected. A report of the year's business was made by the president, G. T. Ellsworth, who was re-elected president and general manager. W. M. Steele, of West Superior, was chosen vice president, John Christensen, secretary and treasurer, and John M. Grimes director.

The young people of the Second Baptist church have charge of the meeting at St. Mary's hospital after a serious operation. The church choir will sing. The pastor, J. W. Loughridge, will speak.

Today's high wind has resulted in a blizzard in the lake along Minnesota Point. Much of the ice has been broken up, and the rest has been carried out in the lake, spreading the skating for the time being, and causing another delay in the ice-cream operations which were due to begin on the lake within the next two or three weeks.

PERSONALS

M. Friedlander leaves this evening for New York.

E. J. Dougherty has gone to St. Paul.

J. C. Hubner left today for Minneapolis.

Mrs. Jean Arns left today for Aberdeen.

Herbert Nussner, of the Lyceum theater, who has been recently confined at the St. Mary's hospital after a serious operation, is reported as getting along favorably.

Mrs. C. C. Demars, of Fifty-third avenue west, is ill with pneumonia.

SMITH SHOULD BE PUNISHED

For Example He Sets In Polygamy, Says Witness.

Washington, Jan. 24.—Frank B. Stephens, of Salt Lake, was the first witness today in the Senator Smoot case. He testified to the intensity of feeling between Mormons and Gentiles and of the amelioration of that feeling after the Hoffman manifesto and of the co-operation of Mormons and Gentiles in charitable work. Concerning conditions in Utah and

Closing Out Sale!

We are closing out at less than cost our entire stock of lances, with or without engravings, rock boats, wood and canvas covered canoes, duck boats etc.

Pearson Boat Construction Co.

No. 100 Alworth Building. Old Phone 1147.

HOLDERS OF RAILWAY BONDS

And Stocks Asking That Their Interests Be Protected.

Washington, Jan. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—The information that an association of the holders of railway stocks and bonds had been formed for the purpose of protecting their interests in connection with the agitation to confer upon the Interstate commerce commission the power to fix railroad rates, has attracted considerable attention at the "capitol" in comparison with the number of the depositors in savings banks and similar institutions and the policy holders in fire and life insurance companies, which hold several billion dollars of these securities, the fact that the railroads employ 1,200,000 persons, mostly males, dwindle into insignificance. This organization, called the Association for Maintaining the Rights of Property, is being rapidly organized in various parts of the country and promises to exert a powerful influence on such legislation.

MRS. DUKE ARRESTED

On Indictment Returned By a Texas Grand Jury.

New York, Jan. 24.—Mrs. Alice Webb Duke, wife of Brodie L. Duke, was arrested at an office in Broad street, this today, on requisition papers issued by the Texas authorities. Mrs. Duke had been indicted by a grand jury at Nacodoches, Texas, on the charge that she and Chas. L. Taylor of Chicago, had made false statements on an instrument on the strength of which a stockholder in one of the national banks in that place was induced to endorse their notes for \$50,000.

Mrs. Duke was arrested as she was alighting from a cab to enter an office in Broad street. The warrant was served by a detective from the district attorney's office. When Mrs. Duke was notified that she was under arrest, she became hysterical and screamed and wept. She declared: "I'm the wife of Brodie L. Duke. His family are trying to hurt me. I have done nothing wrong."

She insisted upon making a call in the building, as she had intended, but the officer would not permit it and took her to the district attorney's office. She was kept in the office until her counsel arrived. The procedure will be to await the arrival of requisition papers from Texas. Mrs. Duke has a substantial fortune and is a member of the central figures in a sensational case growing out of her recent marriage to Brodie L. Duke of Durham, N. C.

The proceedings, which resulted in her arrest today, are quite distinct from her matrimonial difficulties.

WILL ASK CONGRESS

To Petition Czar To End the Revolution.

Chicago, Jan. 24.—Mrs. Catherine Breschkefky, a delegate of the Russian social revolutionary party, delivered an address before 100 prominent Chicagoans at the residence of Mrs. L. A. Conley Ward on the Lake Shore drive today. "When the movement becomes more widespread here," said Mrs. Breschkefky, "we will ask congress of the United States to petition the czar to end the revolution by peaceful means."

NEW FRENCH CABINET

Presented to LOUBET

Paris, Jan. 21.—M. Rouvier today presented to President Loubet the full list of members of the new cabinet as announced in these dispatches last night. Later the members of the new ministry called in a body at the Elysee Palace, lengthily going over their program. Both branches of parliament will be convened on Friday when M. Rouvier will outline his plans.

HOLDERS OF RAILWAY BONDS

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BUILDERS WILL DINE

Second Annual Banquet of Exchange Saturday Evening.

Its second annual dinner will be held next Saturday at the Commercial club by the Builders' Exchange. The hour will be 7:30. Invitations have been issued for the affair, for which a decidedly tasteful menu has been selected. Covers will be laid for 150 diners.

The officers of the association are J. P. Schlotness, president; Otto Johnson, first vice president; Hugh M. Todd, second vice president; Alexander Anderson, treasurer; Edwin E. Cobb, secretary.

The committee on arrangements consists of H. R. Armstrong, M. A. Thompson, D. Campbell, while the reception committee includes H. A. Hall, J. A. Clarey, H. M. Todd, W. F. Quayle, William Penn, Donald-Freeman, H. Bullard, Frank Carlson, E. J. Zaur, E. Evans, D. R. Black, Charles Baxter, G. V. Burgess and L. R. Helberg.

SOLONS WILL INQUIRE
CHARGES AGAINST
GRAIN WEIGHING SYSTEM

Farmers Said to Be Losing
By Weighing at
Minneapolis.

No Complaints Are Made
of the Weighing at
Duluth.

New State Fish Hatchery
Near Deerwood Is
Proposed.

FROM THE HERALD
ST. PAUL BUREAU.

St. Paul, Jan. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—A committee from the house of representatives of the Minnesota legislature, will investigate a charge that under the system of weighing at Minneapolis, the farmers are losing out at the rate of ten to fifty bushels on each car. In the case of the charge is true, this would mean a heavy loss to the farmers of grain in the course of a year. The investigation will probably not be extended to Duluth, as it is said that there have been few or no complaints of the weighing there. This action will be the result of the resolution introduced in the house recently by Representative Hannaford, a prominent and wealthy farmer of Monticello. His resolution, calling for the appointment of a committee of seven to investigate the weighing and inspection of grain in the state, came in for a good deal of discussion, as Mr. Hannaford did not until today, make any public statements of what he had up his sleeve. This morning, however, he appeared before the house committee on agriculture and fisheries, and made his statement. As a result it was unanimously decided by the committee to recommend to the house that the speaker be empowered to appoint such a committee. Under the resolution the committee will have to report to the house the result of its investigations within ten days after its appointment.

A new state fish hatchery not far from Duluth is contemplated in a bill introduced in the senate this morning by Senator Frater, of Brainerd. It provides that a third state fish hatchery shall be built within two miles of the postoffice of Deerwood, Crow Wing county. The state board of game and fish commissioners is to select the site, purchase the site, and to superintend the construction of the hatchery. For this purpose, \$25,000 is appropriated, which \$10,000 is to be available this year and \$15,000 next year.

A bill authorizing county commissioners to employ tax assessors to seek out property that is escaping taxation, was introduced in the house this morning by Representative Burrhead, of Thayer, of Spring Valley, and it is one of the most important measures of the session. While the tax forest idea has been tried with great success, it is now impossible in this state because of law governing the duties of county commissioners and other county officers in the way of it. This will make it the duty of commissioners to find out that all taxable property, not exempt by law, gets on the tax rolls of each county. In carrying out this duty they may contract for such aid as they may deem necessary and fix the compensation of the persons so employed, whose pay is not to exceed 25 per cent of the taxes collected as the result of their labors. The bill also provides for the owners of property that is dug up by the assessors, if they wish to show cause why the property should not be included on the rolls, is now in vogue in Iowa.

Senator Buck, of Fairbault, complicated the board of control situation a bit this morning by introducing a new bill, which takes away the state university, the normal schools and the school for defectives at Fairbault, from the board of control after Aug. 1, 1906, except in so far as the building, repairing and maintenance of buildings and the purchase of coal therefor is concerned. The bill also provides that all other powers are given to the local boards governing such institutions.

Senator Constock of Minneapolis introduced a bill giving the state university \$277,500 for maintenance, new buildings, etc. The bill also provides that the state university shall be divided into four divisions, each of which shall be under the control of a separate board of trustees. The bill also provides that the state university shall be divided into four divisions, each of which shall be under the control of a separate board of trustees.

Representative Hago of Duluth has had a chance to show the legislature what kind of a speaker they missed by not voting for him. Speaker Clague is ill with the slight touch of the grip, and Mr. Hago presided over this morning's session. He put the business before the house through with readiness and dispatch, and the session lasted only eleven minutes.

Representative Ramsland of Sacred Heart, introduced a bill requiring peddlers to pay licenses for vending out of cities or incorporated towns. The license to be fixed by county commissioners at not more than \$100, and graded to whether the peddler walks or uses one or two horses. A small penalty is provided for peddling without a license.

Representative Wolbater of Clover introduced a bill to appropriate \$25,000 to make up the deficiency in state aid

DIVISION OF COUNTY
SOUGHT BY DOWLING

Duluth Members of the Delegation
Will Oppose His Bill.

The Judiciary Committees Again
Wrestle With the Revised Code.

FROM THE HERALD
ST. PAUL BUREAU.

St. Paul, Jan. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The division of St. Louis county is said to be unpopular in the minds of a couple of house members from that same county. They are not saying anything about it, but from a view of the range papers last week, and sundry rumors that have come to hand, it is safe to assume that within a short time a bill will be introduced that will tend to make it easier to divide St. Louis county so as to create the new county of Iron, upon which the people voted a few years ago, with the result that it failed to carry because of a difficulty that it is the purpose of the projected legislation to do away with.

The trouble with the proposition is that there are a number of large, lively and ambitious cities on the ranges that think—each and every one of them—that they are the proper recipients of the county seat of a new county government. So it is difficult to get

together under the present method, which requires that the proposition submitted to the people shall carry out only the proposed division, but the temporary location of the county capital. While the range might vote as a unit on the former proposition, it could hardly do so on the second, owing to the ambitious cities.

The remedy?

That is in the proposed legislation, which will be introduced in the near future by Representative Dowling, of Eveleveth, and opposed by the Duluth members of the delegation. It will provide that an election can first be held upon the question of division. This settled, then the question of county seat location is to be decided by the voters in the separated section.

The range papers, which have been very decided on this question, have been practically active upon it lately, and the plan here referred to has been broached by several of them. They have also suggested the for-

(Continued on page 8, fourth column.)

SENSATIONAL MURDER
ON CHICAGO ELEVATED

Cashier Shoots Guard For Alienating
His Wife's Affections.

Chicago, Jan. 25.—Passengers on an eastbound Metropolitan elevated train were thrown into a panic when George H. Gould, cashier of an insurance company, shot and fatally wounded A. B. Hammond, a guard, employed by the road.

Hammond was off duty and was returning home, Gould boarded the train and entered the car, where the guard was sitting.

Witnesses to the shooting say he at once accused Hammond of alienating the affections of his wife, who, Gould said, left home, deserting her husband and three little children a week ago. Words followed and before the train had reached the next station, Gould drew a revolver and fired two shots.

Among the persons in the station at Marshfield avenue was Mrs. Gould, who said she was waiting for a friend whose name she refused to divulge. When she saw Hammond being carried out of the station, she started forward with a cry.

Both she and her husband were locked up. Hammond was taken to a hospital, where it was said that he could not recover.

One of the bullets took effect in his left side an inch below the heart and the other penetrated his left wrist.

Before her marriage Mrs. Gould was Mrs. Evans. Her relatives live in Rhode Island.

WOMEN ADVISE "RACE SUICIDE"

New York, Jan. 25.—The Women's Society for Political Study has discussed the injustice done to children in large families, where the parents are unable to support them properly, and after due consideration those present came out strongly in support of "race suicide."

The discussion was started by the reading of the weekly newspaper report. It developed that the society desires anti-pauperism laws that shall restrict the propagation of the human

species. The speakers expressed their belief that such laws would furnish the solution of the child labor question, of overcrowding of schools, and of other complaints that hang upon the rapid increase of children.

"We are wasting sympathy," declared one speaker, "on people who surround themselves with large numbers of little ones when they can possibly feed them. Let the parents starve if they bring paupers into the world."

WOMAN DIES IN A LONELY HUT
ONE HUNDRED MILES FROM TOWN

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Jan. 25.—John D. Johnson, an Indian who has been hunting in the wilderness of Algoma, beyond the Algoma Central railroad, returned to his hut this week and found his wife dead. The couple's three small children were keeping a fearful vigil in the stricken home beside the silent woman, who could no longer respond to their cries. Taken sick suddenly in the lonely hut, 100 miles from the nearest town, and with the children

too small to realize their parent's distress, or prove of any assistance, the helpless woman died without anything being done to alleviate her suffering. The husband brought his three little ones to Sault Ste. Marie and immediately started back on his long tramp to bury his wife in the woods near the home in which she died. The children have been sent to the Shingwauk Home for Indian children. Nobody accompanied the hunter on his homeward journey, and he alone will be present at the burial.

for semi-graded and rural schools for 1905.

The house adjourned until 10, and the senate until 11 a. m.

The senate judiciary committee has followed the example of the house and divided the new code up among its sub-committees. At every spare moment the lawyers of the legislature, therefore, are digging into the code with might and main.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

Kovno, Russia, Jan. 25.—The governor has issued a proclamation announcing that the general strike at Kovno has been brought about by the threats of a small group of workmen whose hopes for changes in the factory regulations and an increase of wages can-

not, the governor says, be attained by such means. He urges the strikers not to listen to the promptings of the evil disposed but to resume work, promising to consider their demands and so far as possible grant them. At the same time the governor warns the strikers that in the event of disturbances in the streets he will take vigorous measures, using armed force if necessary.

RUSSIAN SECOND FLEET.
Seychelle Islands, Indian Ocean, Jan. 25.—The French gunboat Capricorn reports that the Russian second Pacific fleet was at Passandava bay, north-west of Madagascar, Jan. 26. It was thought the fleet intended to go to the east coast of Madagascar owing to the hurricane season.

The Seychelle Islands are about 200 miles northeast of Madagascar.

STRIKERS MUST GO BACK
TO WORK OR BE DEPORTED

NEW YORK IN GRASP
OF A VIOLENT STORM;
FIERCE COLD WEST

All Kinds of Traffic Sadly
Demoralized In
Metropolis.

Three Schooners Blown
- Ashore In Hampton
Roads.

Mercury Seeks the Bulb
In Many Western
Cities.

New York, Jan. 25.—New York is today struggling with a storm whose violence has not been equaled in many winters. Beginning last evening with a gentle fall of snow, the elements gathered strength until by noon today only intense cold was lacking to make it a typical blizzard.

Traffic soon became demoralized. Surface car lines made heroic attempts to maintain service, but at best it was slow and uncertain. The elevated roads soon began to feel the effects of the storm and ran on uncertain schedule and slow speed, driving the crowds into the subway which, crowded to its capacity, was strained to handle the sudden rush of traffic.

Teaming had begun in the early hours before the storm had become so bad, and by 11 o'clock Broadway was practically blocked by a standstill. Horses were stalled or down, the car lines made little headway, and all the ground traffic arteries were almost entirely paralyzed.

Eight inches of snow had accumulated by noon, but the high wind drifted it badly.

THREE SCHOONERS ASHORE
Blown on Beach By Fierce
Northwest Gale.

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 25.—Three schooners were blown ashore at Hampton roads early this morning by the fierce northwest storm, which swept over the region last night accompanied by a fall of snow.

The John A. Russell, of Narragansett, was the first to be driven ashore, and the other two were pulled into deep water by tugs and are now in the mouth of the James river. One of the vessels, the Capt. W. J. E. Russell, was pulled ashore by a line to shore on a tusk. The line was caught by an Associated Press correspondent and another newspaper man, who pulled a skiff containing Capt. Russell, and the other two were pulled into deep water by tugs and are now in the mouth of the James river.

On board the Russell, which is coal laden, were Capt. W. J. E. Russell, his 3-year-old son Joe, and Andrew Norton. They made their escape from the sinking craft by pulling a line to shore on a tusk. The line was caught by an Associated Press correspondent and another newspaper man, who pulled a skiff containing Capt. Russell, and the other two were pulled into deep water by tugs and are now in the mouth of the James river.

Atlantic City, N. J., Jan. 25.—A large steamer and ashore during the gale today on the shoals at Brigantine and is blowing her whistle for assistance. The steamer is the Blount, and the snow it is impossible for life saving crews to render aid. The name of the vessel cannot be ascertained at this time. The storm here has reached the proportions of a blizzard.

St. Paul, Jan. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—There was no change in temperature today from that of yesterday except that the high wind had abated. The mercury registered sixteen degrees below zero again according to the government weather bureau and the extreme cold will continue today and tonight. There is prospect of warmer weather tomorrow. Winnipeg and Minneapolis in Manitoba reported thirty-two below, at Moorhead, Minn., twenty-six below, and at Huron, S. D., thirty-six below.

Baltimore, Jan. 25.—Seven inches of snow has fallen here since 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon and the weather is intensely cold, the thermometer marking twenty-one degrees above zero. Dispatches from various counties of Maryland and West Virginia report that the snow storm is the heaviest of the winter.

Cincinnati, Jan. 25.—Officially the coldest day in this city early today was one below zero. Middlesboro, Ky., experienced the coldest weather in six years, the mercury reaching twelve below.

Lexington, Jan. 25.—The blue grass country and central Kentucky was today in the grasp of the worst blizzard since 1891. A fall of thirty-three degrees in temperature in twenty-four hours, sent the mercury to six below zero. Live stock is suffering and all trains are delayed.

Chicago, Jan. 25.—A hard snow storm, accompanied by a stiff wind, prevailed



CHARLES L. TUCKER,
Found Guilty of Stabbing Miss Mabel Page to Death, While She Was
Alone in Her Home at Weston, Mass.

here today for a short time. Tonight a fall of 20 degrees temperature is predicted, 6 degrees below zero being looked for. Thus far traffic has not yet been seriously affected.

New York, Jan. 25.—With six inches of snow on the ground, a forty-mile wind from the northeast blowing the snow into high drifts, and the temperature at 18 degrees, and falling, New York experienced, today, one of the worst storms of the winter.

Conditions throughout the greater city steadily became more serious as the storm continued. The streets continued with unabated vigor and traffic of all kinds became more uncertain. On the harbor the ferry boats continued to move but all the boats were far behind their regular schedules. No attempt was made to run surface cars, and before attempting to come up through the crooked channels of the lower bay.

The gale was increasing in force at the Hook early today.

Boston, Jan. 25.—The snow storm which began in this city last night assumed severe proportions before morning, the snowfall being accompanied by a high northerly gale and low temperature.

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 25.—A snow storm, accompanied by a high wind, prevailed all night throughout Connecticut and continued today unabated. Steam and trolley traffic was delayed, but no blockades were reported.

Rochester, N. Y., Jan. 25.—Snow has been falling here steadily since early last evening, but up to the present time street traffic has been uninterrupted. The temperature is near zero.

Philadelphia, Jan. 25.—The storm which began in this city and surrounding country last night continued today without any sign of abating. The snowfall registered seven inches, and street car travel is badly crippled. Reports from Delaware breakwater

Are Given Twenty-Four
Hours to Resume
Employment.

Leader Maxim Gorky
Has Been Arrested
at Riga.

Strike Spreading at Mos-
cow—All Quiet at
St. Petersburg.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 25.—A notice was posted today at all works, giving the strikers twenty-four hours to resume their employment, and intimating that those who did not comply will be deported to villages.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 25, 4:45 p. m.—The Associated Press has been privately advised that Maxim Gorky, the author and reform party leader, has been arrested at Riga, whether he had been summoned by the illness of his wife.

Moscow, Jan. 25, 3:15 p. m.—All the printing works are now closed. The strike is spreading. Additional police have been stationed in all the streets.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 25, 3:30 p. m.—Governor General Trepoft was in supreme command of the city today. Although a state of siege has not been actually proclaimed, it practically exists. The emperor having conferred upon him as governor general almost absolute power, authorizing him to use the military, gendarmes and every other agency of the government to preserve order, placing under his control the government works and schools and even empowering him to exile persons who are inimical to peace. During the night hundreds of arrests were made.

The only decision of the government thus far is to preserve order at all costs.

The government is living on a volcano and can do nothing else," said a high official this morning. "Every other consideration must give way to the question of public order."

Private advices from all the big cities and towns of Russia indicate that there is excitement everywhere. The red flag demonstrations at Helsinki, Finland, last night, were disquieting but there is no evidence yet of a general movement. The appointment of Senator Linder as secretary of state for Finland just at this time is considered to be an unfortunate blunder and is likely to prove exceedingly distasteful to the Finns. Although a Finn himself, Senator Linder is exceedingly unpopular, owing to his support of the policy of the Russification of the towns of the Baltic provinces.

Troops are marching through the streets of Riga and Reval, but the eyes of all Russia today are fixed on Moscow.

The appearance of St. Petersburg is more normal but no more men have returned to work than yesterday. The funerals of many victims of Sunday's tragedy were held this morning. Pitiful sights were witnessed. In several cases a man and wife carried between them a wooden box containing a child killed. Some of the coffins were borne by common carts or sleighs. The mourners following in foot, according to the Russian custom. It was noticed that in many cases the usual priest and ikon ahead of the procession were absent. No demonstration occurred, but workmen and others stood uncovered in the streets as the little groups passed by the dead. In the Volkoff cemetery beyond the Varva gates, the bodies were lowered to their last resting place.

Moscow, Jan. 25.—The city is quiet this morning.

NO ENCOUNTERS
Have as Yet Occurred In Mos-
cow District.

Moscow, Jan. 25, noon.—The industrial district on the other side of the Moskva river was patrolled by troops and police all night long and paraded by bodies of workmen, but no encounters occurred.

The barristers, at a meeting today, decided not to appear in court for the present.

Owing to the disturbed conditions the celebration today of the 16th anniversary of the foundation of the university here, the first to be established in Russia, was confined to a religious service in the university chapel.

LACK OF MONEY AND FOOD

St. Petersburg, Jan. 25.—The lack of money and food is already operating against a continuance of the strike. Weeping women are returning to the cigarette factories, pleading to be allowed to resume work, but the managers are afraid to reopen in consequence of the threats of the strikers to sack their establishments.

An official note this morning announced that the governor general expressed his thanks to Gen. Trepoft, the new governor general of St. Petersburg, for his distinguished and zealous services as chief of police of Moscow.

PANIC IN THEATRE.

Kishineff, Jan. 25.—A seditious demonstration during the performance led to a panic in a theatre here last night. A crisis in the hostility toward the government was raised in the crowded audience by incendiary proclamations which were showered from the gallery. The audience became panic stricken and considerable time elapsed before order was restored. Twenty arrests were made including four Jewish soldiers.

THE ELKS' BALL

Annual Dance In Charity's Interest Is at Hand.

Will Be at the Spalding Elaborate Arrangements Made.

Tonight is the time set for the charity ball to be given by the Duluth lodge of Elks, No. 133. Tonight's ball is to be the fifth annual one of the fraternity and a large number of invitations have been issued, to which the responses are expected to be correspondingly numerous, so preparations have been made for entertaining an unusually large number of dancers and others at the Spalding. While the charity ball is an affair which ordinarily indicates entertainment for dancers only, tonight's event has been planned with a wider scope.

It will include card playing for all those who do not care to dance, which is considered by the committee to be a very desirable arrangement in view of the fact that even the capacity of the dining room on the top floor of the hotel, which is to be used for the entertainment, will be taken care of at the game tables, while the guests may in some instances be people who do not care to dance, but would play cards, and get tickets to the ball just to demonstrate their kind attitude toward the brethren of the lodge.

Arrangements have been made with Manager Emery of the Spalding, for the use of the sun parlor, which is a desirable spot for playing cards, and all the parlors of the hotel, which are available for the free use of the friends of the Elks who attend, so that no matter how many people attend, there need be no discomfort to those who do not wish to be kept standing while awaiting a chance to dance or play cards.

The committee for the event are as follows: Executive—A. C. LeRicheux, chairman; R. M. Edwards, F. M. Anderson, A. H. Smith, Dr. J. D. Park, Decoration—H. M. Edwards, chairman; H. A. Leidel, Frank Cox, George Munsey, H. W. Andridge.

Floor—Dr. J. D. Park, chairman; W. C. Sargent, Dr. D. Amis, J. T. Black, E. F. Burg, John Cox, L. L. Culbertson, Gus E. Dixon, W. A. Edson, A. V. Goulette, Fred W. Hazen, C. F. Collier, G. D. Lucore, John Doran, E. C. Regill, C. M. Mauseau, M. A. Ryan, H. E. Wells, J. L. Fuller, W. S. McCormick.

Musical—F. M. Anderson, chairman; Dr. C. W. Benson, Dr. F. J. Patton, H. E. Blanton.

WRECK ON BIG FOUR Passenger Train Derailed Near Lafayette, Ind.—No One Killed.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 25.—The Big Four passenger train which left Chicago last night was derailed near Lafayette, Ind., today. The wreck was caused by a broken rail.

It is reported that fifteen persons were injured, but nobody was killed. The engine did not leave the track, but the nine coaches did. The last two cars, containing the Pullman and one for Cincinnati and one for Louisville, both rolled over an embankment.

Nineteen people have been brought to Lafayette. It is said, and nine of them are seriously hurt. The train was derailed before the track is cleared. Seven coaches stand on the embankment.

TEXAS CITY BILL Passed by House, All Objections Being Withdrawn.

Washington, Jan. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Tawney of Minnesota today called up and secured the passage of a bill making Texas City a sub-port of entry.

Representative Cooper of Texas made a statement supplementary to the explanation made by Mr. Tawney of the purpose of the bill, which caused several Democrats, who were disposed to object, to withdraw their objections, and the bill was passed.

ZIOLKOWSKI Held For the Murder of His Father.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Jan. 25.—Peter Ziolkowski, who has been in jail here for a short time on a charge of murdering his father in the town of Corlies, had his preliminary hearing yesterday. He was bound over to the grand jury at the spring term. The authorities delayed the hearing, hoping that Ziolkowski would confess. He has said nothing, but it is reported that evidence discovered by the state will make a confession unnecessary. His father was shot through a window while sitting in his home.

REPUBLICANS Of Montana House Unseated a Democratic Member.

Helena, Mont., Jan. 25.—The Republicans now have a majority of four in the lower house as the result of the adoption yesterday by that body of the report of the committee on privileges and elections, which declared that Wesley Richardson was shown by a record of the votes cast in a caucus to have received a majority over M. A. Wellman. (Dem.) The official returns as shown by the canvassing board gave Wellman a majority of one. The Republicans have a majority of ten in the senate, thus giving them a safe working majority in both houses.

RESULTS VAN DYKE FELT

Milk Ordinance Has Already Brought About Important Changes.

Dairymen Are Getting Rid of Their Diseased Cows.

Results following the passage, by the city council, of the milk ordinance are not only astonishing to the city health department, but gratifying in many ways, for they demonstrate beyond a possible doubt that the legislation was not only very much needed, but that it has come in good time.

From reliable sources it is learned that some of the dairymen of this city are already selling to beef buyers cows that they have reason to suspect are affected to a greater or less degree with tuberculosis and the inference seems clear that they will endeavor, as fast as possible, to eliminate from their herds before the tuberculosis test is made under the ordinance all cows that they have reason to suspect of being diseased.

A striking illustration of this condition was shown yesterday, when Meat Inspector Langslow, connected with the local health office, in the course of his duties of inspecting beefs killed, discovered the carcass of a cow sold by one of the Duluth dairymen, which was badly affected with tuberculosis. The disease had reached such a stage that it had attacked the flesh and bones, as well as the lungs. A piece of the animal's lung was taken from the carcass and given to City Health Officer Murray, to show to any person interested in the stage of the disease as it has already appeared.

The carcass of the animal killed yesterday was immediately kerosened by Inspector Langslow. His department is exercising the greatest diligence in scrutinizing all the newly killed beef with a view of promptly condemning any and all that is unfit for use. In the matter of cows killed where tuberculosis is traced, it is claimed that there is a light stage of the disease where the meat of the animal is not affected and is fit for sale and use, a practice even sanctioned by the health officer, in such a degree as to render its use. The person buying the beef immediately put in a claim against the dairyman, who is liable for the loss of the animal, and the latter rather than have the publicity of a claim against him, promptly paid the money for the live animal.

Since the milk ordinance has passed and the health department has taken a great interest in the matter of the dairymen with whom the department has had great trouble, previous to the passage of the ordinance, the dairymen are keeping their premises in a sanitary condition, and are scrupulously following out the requirements until, in the case of never a time before the present, when the dairies were in as good a sanitary condition.

McKay, the veterinary surgeon, who has been employed under the ordinance to make the tuberculosis test, will, it is understood, begin his work on March 1. The licenses to be issued the dairymen from May 1, at which time the health department will have assurance that every cow in the city coming within the limits of the ordinance will have been tested. If they are found to be free from disease they will be given a clean bill of health. If any animal proves diseased it will be condemned and killed.

POULTRY SHOW At 16 East Superior street, Wednesday, Friday, Saturday, Monday and Tuesday. Hundreds of fine birds, as well as cats, will be shown. Friday afternoon and Saturday morning free admission. By parents paying regular price, 25c. COME EVERYBODY.

ATTEMPT WAS THWARTED

Officer Catches Chain Gang Member on the Fly.

The escape yesterday, from the "chain gang" guards of one of the county jail prisoners, recalls to an East Second street resident the incident which took place Monday morning of this week, at which goes to show that the tendency of some of the prisoners is to attempt to escape.

The gang, in charge of the usual guards were bound to some East Second locality to move south at 10 o'clock. One of the prisoners, a 40-day man, broke away from the gang and ran rapidly west on Second street, one of the guards in pursuit. The guard slipped and fell on a slippery sidewalk and the prisoner gained a half block.

Going East on Second street and was just about in front of Judge Ensign's home when the guard, seeing further pursuit was useless, shouted to him to stop the prisoner. Mr. Patterson, taking in the situation, walked along apparently as if he did not hear the summons, but just as he was about to pass the house of the judge, suddenly threw both arms around him, exclaiming that he was in the hands of an officer and resistance would be useless. This sudden turn seemed to take the guard off his guard and he was captured.

Since his escape he has been given a stance round in the gloomy confines of the county "dungeon."

MILLIGAN ARRESTED CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Milwaukee, Jan. 25.—Detective Dennis Sullivan, of this city, today secured a warrant charging Arthur H. Milligan with the murder of Florence Egan at the Plaza hotel, in this city, on Monday. Milligan was arrested at Racine last night and brought to Milwaukee. He will have his preliminary examination within a day or two.

Miss Groves died from swallowing carbolic acid. The couple were registered at the hotel as E. S. Terry and wife.

WORLD PROHIBIT FOOTBALL. Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 25.—A bill absolutely prohibiting collegiate football and making it a felony was introduced in the Nebraska legislature today.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

\$22.50, \$27.50 and \$32.50 Tailored

Suits Selling at \$10.00.

Ones and twos from lines we are closing out—materials are fancy mixed suitings and coverts; colors—browns, blues, etc. Some in tight-fitted coats, others in tourist style. All skirts pleated. But 34 suits in the lot—one of the most advantageous offers of the season. Choice \$10.00.

\$18.50 to \$27.50 Coats at \$10.00.

About 25 of those long loose coats now so popular. Materials are heavy fancy mixtures, tweeds, etc. Choice tomorrow, \$10.00.

\$8.50 to \$13.50 Heavy Walking Skirts at \$5.00.

Clean-up time on heavy Walking Skirts. Tomorrow we place on sale a line of man-tailored skirts, in black, blue, brown and oxford; values which have been selling from \$8.50 to \$13.50. Choice tomorrow, \$5.00.

SEARCHING FOR POISON

Which Hoch Used in the Murder of His Wives.

Chicago, Jan. 25.—In their hunt for evidence against Johann Hoch, who is now declared to have been married to sixteen women, several of whom died soon after marriage, the Chicago police have called upon chemists and physicians to determine what poisons, administered in small doses, would produce nephritis, a disease of the kidneys.

Both doctors said the prisoner was unquestionably of unsound mind. They believed him to be a dangerous man, for his insanity has taken a homicidal turn, although it started, said Dr. Magle, from melancholy. If given his freedom he might at any time become violent, they said. Dr. McComb said the prisoner was not mentally capable of understanding court proceedings.

RESIDENTS OF CARLTON County Want Officers of School District No. 14 Removed.

St. Paul, Jan. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Oscar Johnson has received a petition, signed by seventeen residents of school district No. 14, in Carlton county, asking for the removal of David Fitzsimmons, Andrew Blomquist and J. W. Clark, school officers.

The complaint is that they have been jointly interested in the construction of two new school buildings, and have otherwise mismanaged the school money.

ARGUMENTS IN SMOOT CASE Will Begin Before the Senate Committee on Thursday.

Washington, Jan. 25.—The investigation of protests against Senator Reed Smoot, of Utah, by the introduction of testimony is concerned, was brought to a close today. When the senate committee on privileges and elections convened at 10 a. m., S. A. Worthington, counsel for Senator Smoot, announced that he would not put other witnesses on the stand.

WINS THE PRIZE. George Spenard Successful In Johnson & Moe Flour-Naming Contest.

A new brand of flour will shortly be put on the market by Johnson & Moe, the West End department store, and will be known as "Aerial Best Patent Flour." The firm, which is located at 45, with a barrel of the new flour to the school child submitting the most appropriate name. Hundreds of names were submitted, many of which were very clever and original, from school children in every part of the city.

A TOUGH BEAR. Killed Assailant After Being Shot 54 Times.

They had met by chance in a corner of the lobby of the Waldorf-Astoria and had been telling hunting stories which had made the eyes of some of the boys bulge. A bit of the narrative was dressed in evening clothes, and to all appearances had never so much as soiled his finger with powder smoke. One had recounted his sporting exploits in the Adirondacks, and had told with great gusto how many of his guides had complimented him on his skill.

LA FOLLETTE'S ELECTION FORMALLY RATIFIED.

Madison, Jan. 25.—Governor Robert M. La Follette was formally elected United States senator today in joint legislative session. The roll call stood: La Follette, 101; Quarles, 2; Luck, 15; Berger, 8. A committee was appointed to escort the governor before the joint session.

DRANK AND QUARRELED. Mystery of Murderous Assault Is Cleared Away.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Jan. 25.—William Chippewa, who was found Sunday unconscious at his home as the result of a knife wound, has revived and says he sold his life, because he was drunk and quarreled. He accuses the buyer of his farm with attempting to kill him, and a warrant will be sworn out yesterday. Milton was a wife and a hiker at Antigo, Wis. Niles, Mich. Frank left his home yesterday.

Devoy told of Van Dyke's marriage to Miss Devoy and of the subsequent life of the couple. They had always appeared happy and contented up to a few years ago, when Van Dyke began to show signs of being mentally unsound. For several years he was a hard-working man, but later refused to work at any kind of employment for a few days at a time. Before the examination of Devoy was complete the physicians gave an opportunity to testify. Devoy was again called to the stand this afternoon.

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TWELVE MILLION PACKAGES SOLD LAST YEAR NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT! In 2-Pie 10c Packages with List of Valuable Premiums. McNEILL-SOULE CO. SYRACUSE, NEW YORK

Riddance Of Fine Millinery Tomorrow.

\$15.00 to \$37.50 PATTERN and DRESS HATS AT \$8.50—Tomorrow we offer choice of every pattern and dress hat in the house at \$8.50. Less than the price of the materials and ostrich plumes.

\$4.50 to \$7.50 STREET HATS at \$1.25 and \$1.75—Final reductions on the balance of all our street and suit hats. An opportunity to get a beautiful hat at a fraction of cost while there's yet four months to wear it.

DRESSERS

Two bargains that you cannot afford to miss.

All Boys' and Children's Clothing at
HALF PRICE.

Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) is pleasant and safe to take. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Composed of Pure Botanic Ingredients. Strengthens Weak Stomachs, cures Dyspepsia. **SAMPLE SENT FREE** by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe your trouble, and special free medical advice to suit your case, also sent in sealed letter.

The F.S. KELLY Furniture Co.

Our Special \$8.95

Miss Page, who was 41 years old, was stabbed to death. It was at first thought she had killed herself, but the wounds failed to bear out this theory. Tucker was seen about the Page house about the time of Miss Page's death and was arrested. He explained his movements only to be arrested and charged with the murder.

As Dr. Bennett says, the only reason I can imagine why Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are not universally used by everybody who is troubled in any way with poor digestion is because many people seem to think that because medicine is advertised or is sold in drug stores or is protected by a trademark must be a humbug, whereas the matter of truth any druggist who oversawnt knows that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets have cured more people of indigestion, heart burn, headache, nervous prostration and nervous conditions generally than all the patent medicines and doctors' prescriptions for stomach trouble on the market.

Dyspepsia is such a miserable disease that the tendency to it should be given early attention. This is completely overcome by

Hood's Sarsaparilla
which strengthens the whole digestive system

day as was originally planned. Yesterday it was decided that while the annihilation of the old dam, expected to take place Saturday, would be a good event with which to signal the public appreciation of the Great Northern Power company's gigantic undertaking, the fact that it is midwinter and the real development work of the

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BRONCHIAL
TRACHEA

COUGHS
AND
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A superior remedy for
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France, cables the correspondent there of the Herald. They were met at the station by Grand Duke Michaelovich.

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All coughs, colds and pulmonary complaints that are curable are quickly cured by One Minute Cough Cure. Harmless and pleasant to take. Sold by all druggists.

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ONLY THREE MORE DAYS

of the great January clearance sale to reduce stock before inventory. Every department is offering unequalled values that wise women from everywhere are picking up. Get your share before Saturday night.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

FURNITURE STORED FREE!

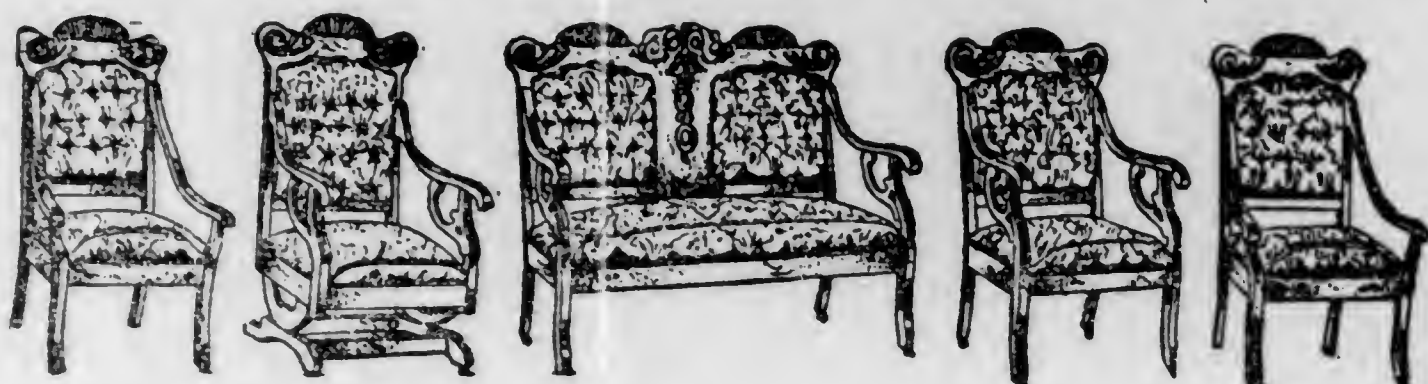
Any furniture bought at this sale stored free until you want it delivered. Buy now and take advantage of these unusual prices. Have the goods delivered when you are ready.

SECOND ANNUAL JANUARY FURNITURE SALE

Begins Thursday, January 26 and lasts for 10 days. We have completed our stock counting in the furniture department. You profit by this, as we begin our January sale at once and offer every piece of furniture in the house at prices impossible of duplication by installment and "trust" houses. This is one of the most favorable times in all the year to buy the furniture you need for your new home or your old home. Come and get familiar with the Glass Block prices.

Hundreds of parlor pieces and sets will sell at similar low prices to these tomorrow.

It is impossible to itemize—to attempt to name every article. We simply reserve nothing, and the prices quoted here on parlor furniture are no better than hundreds of other bargains we haven't space to specify.



PARLOR SUITE OF FIVE PIECES—Like the above cut—frames of selected quarter-sawn oak—upholstered in fine silk damask—backs nicely tufted, extra deep and finely tempered springs in the seats—a suite whose equal never sold for less than \$41.25—Inventory price..... **\$26.75**

Davenport bed at \$29.75.

DAVENPORT BED—A davenport by day, a full-sized bed by night. Special construction with box for bedding when used as a davenport. A very handsome and useful piece of furniture. Extra deep springs. Handsome velvet upholstery— **\$29.75**

Other pieces similarly reduced.

STEEL DAVENPORTS—Folding steel davenport couches—thoroughly sanitary and comfortable—best all-steel National springs—good felt mattress for back and body. Can be used as full size bed or as a davenport—regular value \$46.50. Inventory sale complete with all **\$9.95**

All other pieces similarly reduced.



KARPEN GENUINE LEATHER COUCH—Regular price here is \$33.50—other stores charge \$40.00 for no better. Karpen steel construction—guaranteed genuine sterling leather—all steel corrugated spring work throughout—solid oak frame—claw feet—Inventory sale price..... **\$23.75**

Other leather chairs and couches similarly reduced.



THREE-PIECE PARLOR SUITE—(Like the above cut)—made of heavy mahogany frames with high polished and splendid finish—upholstered in fancy durable velvet—best spring seats. A very desirable set of parlor pieces—never sold for less than \$18 at "trust" stores—Inventory sale price complete..... **\$9.75**

Other parlor suites and pieces similarly reduced.

PARLOR CHAIR—A beautiful odd parlor chair, mahogany frame—upholstered seat in assorted colors—regular value \$7.75—Inventory sale price..... **\$3.95**

All parlor pieces such as tables, rockers, Vernis Martin cabinets, Rockwood pieces, Mission furniture, in Arts and Crafts effects—all similarly reduced.

Office desks and chairs reduced.



The Glass Block Furniture department is headquarters for roll-top desks—flat-top desks—type-writer desks, spring and swivel office chairs and ordinary office chairs.

REDUCED PRICES—During the inventory sale we offer every desk and every chair at a substantial reduction from regular Glass Block low prices—enabling you to own the desks for less money than at any other time.

Carpets, rugs and linoleums reduced.

WILTON VELVET CARPETS—with or without borders—all the best manufacturers represented—excellent designs and choice colorings—the \$1.35 quality— **98c**

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS—10-wire—the best quality manufactured—with or without borders— **79c**

INGRAIN CARPETS—heavy union quality—very desirable, 49c quality, a yard..... **29c**

MOQUETTE RUGS—Thick, heavy pile and rich, lustrous colorings—

27x63—reg. price \$2.25, for \$1.98
36x72—reg. price \$3.75, for \$3.19

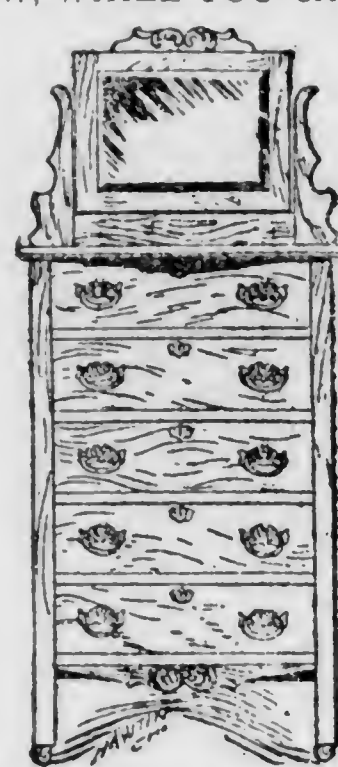
OILCLOTHS—A good durable quality, in splendid patterns, worth 30c a yd. for..... **19c**

OILCLOTHS—extra heavy, worth 40c—for..... **29c**

STEINS for the Commercial club stein dinner—Greatest variety, lowest prices and the best values—Prices range from 75c up to \$15.00.

Wood, iron and brass beds and bedding reduced.

We believe these values in beds and bedding will hardly be duplicated again this year. We strongly advise immediate purchase, and will hold under free storage until delivery is required. The point is—BUY NOW, WHILE YOU CAN TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THESE PHENOMENAL CUT PRICES.



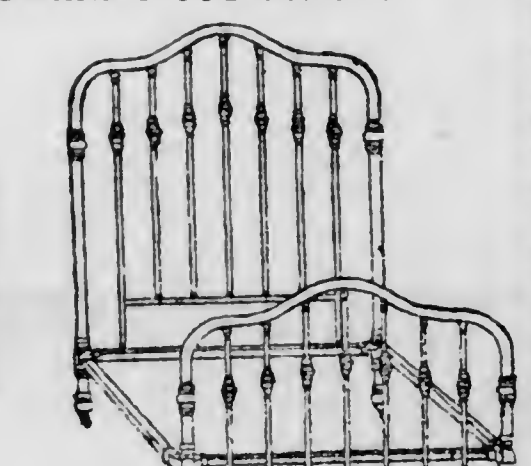
CHIFFONIER—A very special bargain. This chiffonier, made of solid oak, has five large drawers, large bevel plate glass, nicely polished, brass pulls, all drawers work smoothly and freely. A genuine \$27.50 value. Inventory sale price..... **\$5.95**

Same without the glass, \$4.25. Other chiffoniers and bedroom pieces similarly reduced.

WOOD BEDS—About 18 full-size wood beds—very handsome—some from regular stock and some left over from bedroom suites. Regular prices are \$5.75, \$6.50, \$7.75 and \$9.25. While they last during the ten days' inventory sale, your choice of any bed in the lot for..... **\$2.98**



IRON BEDS—A number of iron beds in various styles. Some continuous posts, like others, others varying in style. Regular prices are from \$5.50 to \$6.75 at the Glass Block, and higher at other stores. During the ten days' inventory sale, take your pick of this bed. Inventory sale price..... **\$4.45**



THIS IRON BED—In three different colors of enamel—posts 1 1/4 inch thick and filling 1/2 inch thick. Claw feet, extra heavy chills throughout. Furniture stores always get \$16.50 for this bed. Glass Block price is \$12.75. Inventory sale price..... **\$9.95**

Sanitary bedding specials.

Don't be alarmed because the furniture dealers are advancing the prices of cotton felt mattresses. Come to the Glass Block and buy them during the inventory sale at even lower prices than ever before.

SPECIAL—THE BEST—the very best felt mattresses that can be made—full weight (45 lbs)—full size, made in one or two parts—finest French cotton filling—positively the very best, cleanest and most sanitary white bleached cotton felt—regular value \$16.50—all over the United States—Inventory Sale price..... **\$11.95**

MATTRESSES—P. & W. Co.'s No. 1—white cotton elastic felt, full size and weight, best satin finish linen ticking—one or two parts—worth regular \$11.75—Inventory Sale price..... **\$7.95**

MATTRESSES—Special cotton combination—made of cotton, felt and rattan fiber—one or two parts—very comfortable—good ticking and all edges are bound, worth \$5.50—Inventory Sale price..... **\$4.45**



EXHUMED BODY

Of Dr. Gebhardt to Get a Lock of His Hair.

State Has Secured Another Bit of Circumstantial Evidence.

St. Paul, Jan. 25.—Sunday night, the body of Dr. Louis A. Gebhardt, was removed from the grave at Black River Falls, Wis., at the orders of the state. A lock of hair was cut from the head of the murdered man. The body was reburied and the hastily relic will be introduced at the new trial of Dr. George R. Koch.

Inside it will be placed the bloody handkerchief, found in the pocket of Gebhardt's coat, and the state will show that the bloody hair was Dr. Gebhardt's.

Since Saturday morning, the state represented by Gen. H. W. Childs, has taken up the work of securing new evidence with an energy that must be frightful to the dentist confined in his cell at New Ulm, awaiting another opportunity to prove his innocence.

The state has been most successful. The last stroke was to secure the runaway witness.

This witness, whose identity had been

kept secret, is John Horman, a special agent for the New York Life Insurance company. He lives at 101 Lehigh street, and he acknowledges that he ran away to escape testifying against Dr. George R. Koch.

Gen. Childs has seen the young man, and has talked with him. He told him that after this talk that he gave orders to have the body of the murdered dentist exhumed.

The state will try to show by John Horman that Dr. Koch had a razor that was as sharp as a razor. They will try to show that the knife with which Dr. Gebhardt's throat was cut, was so sharp that it severed a lock of hair from his head.

He will then introduce the testimony of John Horman, the runaway witness. Horman will testify that he once visited the office of Dr. Koch to talk life insurance to him. It is said he will say that Dr. Koch showed him several tools, and that finally he drew out a knife of the pocket knife pattern and said to look at it. You would think it was only a pocket knife.

He will testify that Dr. Koch, with the greatest ease, snapped off bits of paper with the keen blade, and that he cut hair with it in razor fashion.

Gen. Childs regards the testimony of Horman as of the greatest value in the line of circumstantial evidence.

The regard which Gen. Childs has for the testimony is shown by the fact that he ordered the removal of Gebhardt's body, in response to the wishes of the mother of the murdered dentist.

It is said that Gen. Childs assured the brothers and other relatives of Dr. Gebhardt that the evidence would be of great weight and that this statement caused the mother to withdraw her opposition. The story of how the body was removed during the darkest hours of Sunday night will be told in the next trial, and will be a surprise to all.

TRY IT AT OUR EXPENSE.

There is no cash about this. If Mull's Grape Taste doesn't positively cure Constipation, you are out nothing, save your money. We will pay for the bottle. Write to Mull's Grape Taste, 101 Lehigh street, St. Paul, Minn. The first bottle is free to you. Write today. While they last. Address: Mull's Grape Taste, 101 Lehigh street, St. Paul, Minn. At drug stores.

lend to the story of the murder, which is already gruesome enough to satisfy the appetite of the most morbid, a new aspect of tragedy.

It is not known who the work was done, but it will be necessary when the lock of hair is introduced to have the man who did the work, and the witnesses, tell their stories of how the body was exhumed and how the hair was cut from the mangled head, by the light of a lantern, before the court can receive the hair as an exhibit.

Without the testimony of John Horman, this evidence will be of no use. It is said that Horman has given his word to Gen. Childs that he will allow the subpoena to be served on him by the state.

During the first trial the state introduced the lock of bloody hair, and also introduced the testimony of a barber, who in expert testimony, said the hair had been cut by a sharp knife.

Dr. Robert Gebhardt testified that the hair appeared to be that of his brother, but he could not be sure. Further testimony as to Dr. Koch's sharp knife could not be given.

With the evidence of John Horman at hand, the state can now proceed surely in the hair case.

Mr. Horman was interviewed yesterday.

"I ran away," he said, "because I did not want to testify. I went to live with a friend during the trial. I am well acquainted with persons in New Ulm, and I had a good reason for not wanting to testify. I was afraid they would say that my testimony was given against Koch's shop, because he would cut take out insurance with my company when I asked him to."

Horman denies that he made such a statement on the street car, and says that Dr. Koch did not mention blood, but merely remarked that the knife was exceptionally sharp.

Senator George W. Somerville, attorney for Dr. Koch, is in St. Paul, trying to catch up on his senatorial duties.

In an interview he announced that as soon as the new trial began he would

go back to the court room to defend Dr. Koch.

"I know he's innocent and I must do my duty by him, because his cause is in my hands. The charge of murder against Dr. George R. Koch is ridiculous. Some of the people who know that the body of Dr. Gebhardt had been exhumed, Thiel agency detectives, who kept watch of every movement of the state, announced the midnight affair to him by telegraph. I don't think that such evidence is so surprisingly strong," said Senator Somerville.

Perhaps Dr. Koch did have a sharp knife, but there's nothing to show that it was his knife that cut off Gebhardt's hair, if the state can show that the hair was cut off and not knocked off by the hammer blow.

FARMER PERISHES.

Freezes While Going to a Neighbor's House.

Thief River Falls, Minn., Jan. 25.—P. Freeman, a farmer living in the town of Roxbury, froze to death. He was going from his home to a neighbor's for medical aid and froze so badly that he died from the effects in the hospital in this city.

He lived alone with his pigs and chickens in the most squalid manner. He had stock and a good farm, but no relatives can be found to claim the property.

COMMANDER

Thousands of housewives in Duluth tried a first order of **COMMANDER FLOUR** and continued to use it. Because it is so good. Manufactured by your grocer for Commander Flour will give you the same tangible results. Manufactured by **GREGORY, COOK & CO., Duluth, Minn.**

Minot-Gregory Treat, formerly chief of police of Great Falls, Mont., but a resident of this city for two years, died on the operating table in the city hospital while undergoing an operation for rupture. His remains were taken to Decorah, Iowa, for burial.

Mrs. Emma Redders, of Rugby, who

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Nothing Can Now Save Rooney From the Noose.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo-John Rooney, the Fargo murderer, must hang. The decision of the United States supreme court that he can find no relief from that body leaves no further hope of escape through the channels of the court. Executive clemency may be sought, but it is not thought it will be of avail. Rooney will probably be returned to Fargo at an early date for a new sentence, which cannot be carried out earlier than six months from the time it is imposed.

Rooney had frequently been arrested on charges of committing hold-ups. In the spring and summer seasons he worked as a teamster, and in the fall, when the country was filled with laborers, they were his prey. His operations were confined largely to Fargo and Moorhead and the trains running out of the two towns. Rooney's father was a New York saloonkeeper. The murderer's parents died early and he was sent to a farm in Iowa, where he remained till he was 18, when he ran away. His criminal record began soon afterwards.

Spurious \$10 bills are again in circulation. The cashier of a cigar store accepted one, and others have been tendered recently. The money is of the Brunswick bank of New Jersey series that has so frequently been used in the Northwest.

Aberdeen-Sheriff Jerry Schlacter, of Edmunds county, has returned from Canada, where he went to secure J. W. Lewis, held there awaiting extradition for robbing the treasury of Edmunds county. Schlacter returned without his prisoner. When Lewis was arrested in Canada last fall Governor Herried issued requisition papers. With the advent of a new state's attorney in Edmunds county Governor Elrod was requested to withdraw the extradition, and did so. President Roosevelt and the state department refused to consider the request of Governor Elrod that the application for extradition be withdrawn, but Lewis meantime had managed to escape.

Harry Stamm, of Roberts county, was arrested for taking wheat from the barn

came to this city a few days ago for medical treatment, died suddenly of heart failure while on her way to the train to return home. Her remains were sent to Rugby.

Port Yates-Col. Steele, the newly appointed Indian agent for Standing Rock agency, is expected here as soon as he has procured his funds. An agent's bond is \$50,000, and he is responsible for all the employees on the reservation. There are three large boarding schools here, all employing many persons, which makes Standing Rock one of the most important agencies left.

The Indian hides sold for the remarkably high price of \$5.33 each. The bidding was lively. A St. Paul firm secured them.

Hust Chittick, livestock agent for the Milwaukee railway, has been here for some time sounding the Indians regarding the leasing of their lands. A general council will be held on the 2nd to consider the matter. The Indians appear to be generally opposed to leasing any more land.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Canton—In accordance with a law passed by the last legislature, County Auditor Kunder has called a meeting of all the sheep owners in Lincoln county on Feb. 6 for the purpose of nominating a candidate for county sheep inspector. The nominee of the convention will be appointed by the county commissioner.

Walter V. Kunder is suffering from appendicitis, which developed about a week ago. An operation was performed upon him at a hospital in Sioux Falls a few days ago.

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Harry Stamm, of Roberts county, was arrested for taking wheat from the barn

of Frank Redman, northeast of Sisseton. Redman had been missing grain and said a trap for Stamm, whom he suspected. Loading a wagon with wheat, he told Stamm he was going to market. Instead, he hitched his team a short distance away and returned home just in time to catch Stamm filling some grain sacks.

Thomas Cresser and L. D. Miles are candidates for appointment as postmaster at Langford, Marshall county. Miles is editor of the Langford Herald.

W. J. Keane, for five years agent in this city for the American Express company, has resigned.

Further details concerning the death of William McCarthy show that the rumors of foul play were unfounded. McCarthy was killed by a wagon running over him.

The man who committed suicide at a hotel here was H. M. O'Connor, of William, Minn. Carbolic acid was used. No reason for his act except that despondency has been advanced. A son, who lives at Solby, S. D., came here last night to claim the body.

Armour—The board of control of the State Firemen's association will meet here this week for the purpose of fixing the time and place for holding this year's tournament. The only active candidate is Armour.

Can't be perfect health without pure blood. Burdock Blood Bitters makes pure blood. Tunes and invigorates the whole system.

Closing Out Sale!

We are closing out at less than cost our entire stock of launch and without engines, row boats, wood and canvas covered canoes, duck boats, etc.

Pearson Boat Construction Co.
No. 100 Alworth Building.
Old Phone 1147.

...

JOHNSON & KAAKE,
DENTISTS.
Zenith 'phone 168. Bell 'phone 1389-M
Mesaba block—409 W. Superior St.

Known, Proved and Warranted.

American Family Soap

Wherever used, the dirt disappears in almost magic fashion. Contains no adulterations or free caustic soda. Every atom cleanses.

Send for complete list of the many valuable premiums given for American Family Soap Wrappers. Address Premium Dept., 360 North Water St., Chicago, Ill.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY.

RAILROAD VOTES

Sixty Thousand Dollars For Y. M. C. A. Along Its Line.

Southern Railway to Spend \$15,000 For Employees' Building.

New York, Jan. 25.—The largest appropriation ever made by a railroad company for the establishment of Young Men's Christian associations along its line has just been authorized by the board of directors of a southern company, which, upon the recommendation of its president, voted that \$60,000 be spent in the erection of buildings and the betterment of the railroad association equipment at division points along the line of its road during 1905. This will provide three new buildings and extensive improvements in the association already organized. The excellent influence of the association on the men centering at one of the most rough and lawless points on the road has led the president to recommend the extension and equipment of these associations.

The Southern Railway company has recently made an appropriation of \$15,000 for a building and provided a central and valuable at New Orleans, La. The Pennsylvania railroad, which has now twenty-two departments at division points, with 500 members, has given authority to equip quarters for its employees at Jersey City and South Amboy, N. J., to be placed in charge of the association and will readily organize its men. Although over 1200 men have signed for membership in Jersey City, where there are 15,000 railroad employees, Mr. William A. Patten, assistant to the president of the Pennsylvania railroad, has just given an organ costing \$500 to the Pennsylvania railroad department in Philadelphia. Mr. Patten has constantly championed the extension of the association along the line of his railroad.

In five years seventeen buildings have been erected on the Gould lines, and the membership increased from 1000 to 10,000. Miss Gould has fostered these associations and has given valuable gifts. At New Decatur, Ala., the seventh building was opened Saturday. It cost \$25,000. New Decatur is a new railroad town. On the opening of the new shops there the master mechanic of the road declared that the workmen would not remain in the town unless a railroad association was provided. The company made an appropriation of \$15,000, and the men gave one-third of the cost, as is generally the custom.

For a building in Richmond, Va., the Chesapeake & Ohio company has offered \$12,000; the R. F. & T., \$2500, and

the Southern railway \$2500, and enough more will be pledged by the other companies and the railroad men of Richmond to insure a \$10,000 building. The association has 1400 members now. This will make the eighth building on the C. & O. President Stevens said recently in an interview that no small part of that railroad's prosperity was due to the Y. M. C. A. along its lines. At Douglas, Arizona, the railroad and mining companies centering there have given \$25,000 for an association clubhouse, and the miners and railroad men contributed \$10,000 more. Mr. George Foster Peabody and General Palmer have recently given \$25,000 to erect an association building at Helper, Utah. The associations have been erecting a building every four weeks for the last five years, expending about \$200,000 per year. The railroad companies now give \$260,000 a year, and the members and citizens \$300,000 a year for the maintenance of these associations. Men of all positions on the railroad, and of all nationalities engaged in the service, as well as representatives from almost every religious faith, are enrolled in the membership. It is found that the church having the largest representation is the Roman Catholic.

HABITS OF SALMON

To Be Watched By Columbia River Cannermen.

Portland, Ore., Jan. 25.—Salmon cannermen of Portland and the Columbia river have received a communication from the bureau of fisheries, United States department of commerce and labor, asking them to watch the results of an experiment that has been made of the percentage of artificially hatched fish that return to the rivers of the state where they are hatched. The department's experiments began last year and have been carried on as follows:

1. Eleven thousand three hundred and sixty-five fish from eggs taken at Clackamas (Oregon) hatchery, Oct. 15, 1902; planted in Clackamas river June 20 to 25, 1904. Marked by removal of adipose fin and anterior half of dorsal fin.
2. Ten thousand eight hundred and thirty-five fish from eggs taken at Issaquah hatchery, Oct. 29, 1902; planted in Clackamas river June 20 to 25, 1904. Marked by removal of adipose fin and posterior half of dorsal fin.
3. Nine thousand one hundred and ninety fish from eggs taken at Mill Creek (California) station on Sacramento river, Dec. 15, 1902; planted in Clackamas river July 12 and 13, 1904. Marked by removal of adipose fin and anterior half of dorsal fin.
4. Nine thousand eight hundred fish from eggs taken at Little White Salmon (Washington) station in the fall of 1902; planted in Columbia river, July 25, 1904. Marked by removal of adipose fin and posterior half of dorsal fin.

By following the future movements of these fish it is proposed to determine whether the young of Sacramento river and Rogue river salmon, when planted in the Columbia basin, will go back to their native streams in any noteworthy numbers, whether the young of the late runs of salmon return only as late fish, or as both early and late fish, and various other important facts of practical value in the fisheries industry of the Pacific Northwest. No final results are expected before 1907, but cannermen and citizens who angle for sport

are asked to look out for the appearance of the marked fish.

LANDSCAPE PAINTERS

Engaged to Lure Men to Join Navy.

Philadelphia, Jan. 25.—In urgent need of recruits for the marine corps, Uncle Sam, with the assistance of congress and sign painters, is making every effort to improve the service. Besides increasing the corps by 500 men, an increase in pay is also being seriously considered. To draw applicants, landscape painters are busy all over the country, especially in Philadelphia, ornamenting fences with large murals standing in the sunshine. In the background of the alluring picture is an immaculate battleship, and the water is dotted with happy marines rowing to and fro. It is evident from the expression on the marine's face that he is just about to receive a bouquet from the admiral's daughter.

During last December half fifteen men were enlisted at the Philadelphia recruiting station. Since last June only 15 men have been enlisted at this station.

SCHOOLBOY SMOKERS

In Schools of Philadelphia Number Thousands.

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 25.—That most of the boys in the public schools who smoke are found in the first grade, where the children range from 6 to 8 years of age, is the result of an investigation being conducted by Superintendent of Schools Edward Brooks. Last week he sent out to the teachers of the city schools circulars requesting a report showing the percentage of smokers in their classes and the standards of their work compared with that of children who do not use tobacco.

While all the returns are not as yet in, sufficient replies have been received to enable the authorities to get a correct idea of the conditions as they exist. Considering the ages of the children in the primary schools, where the habit seems to be most prevalent, the result is startling. In the modern life too great to even compute the increased tonnage required by present-day living is absolutely not the slightest doubt that for years to come the demand for iron and steel will be enormous. These being assured conditions in that regard, it will be perceived that hopes for the future are based on a very real basis. The iron and steel industry is firmly established, safely established today and for future years upon the needs of the world, guaranteeing ability to pay for the needed supplies of all kinds.

The other metal markets are booming. Iron, copper, lead, and silver all bring high prices and are in constant demand. The demand for each of them is steadily increasing. The steel industry is the most important of them all. It is the backbone of the modern world. It is the backbone of the modern world. It is the backbone of the modern world.

Take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. See it exterminate the poison, feel it revitalize the blood and bring back that happy joyous feeling of bygone days. 25 cents. Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

SUNDAY SCHOOL ROW.

Pretty Teachers Allege Ballot Box Was Stuffed.

York, Pa., Jan. 25.—"We just won't serve under those superintendents. Their friends stuffed the ballot box and in a Sunday school election, too." Pretty young women who train the young religious idea how to shoot thus denounced an election of officers conducted by the Sunday school of the Church of God at Andersonstown, a small suburb.

These protestants go further. They will call a new election. They declare that after the vote for two superintendents had ended in a tie a plot was hatched with its object the disenfranchisement of the young. Resulting in victory for Harry Trout and Harry Biegar, showed more votes than there were voters.

There was almost a row. Great accumulations of speech were released. Twenty voters batted in a body. Among them were the young women who will demand a new election and "a square deal."

EXCLUDES MOTHER-IN-LAW. Supporting Husband Is a St. Louis Woman's Limit.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 25.—Alleging that she has had to support not only her husband, but his mother as well, Mrs. Jennie Mann Cosby has filed suit for divorce from Howard W. Cosby in the circuit court.

The couple were married April 21, 1901, and lived together until July 1, 1902, when Mrs. Cosby alleges that her husband became so unmanageable that she was compelled to discontinue his support. Among the charges set forth in Mrs. Cosby's petition are cruelty, neglect and non-support.

She further states that her husband refused to live anywhere except with his mother, and that because she had to support her husband and mother-in-law she was compelled to rely on her own mother for clothing and food for herself. She asks in her petition for the restoration of her maiden name, Jennie Mann Bobout.

TRAFFIC IS GROWING

Many Orders Are Given For Rails and Rolling Stock.

Greater Activity In Business Circles Than For Months.

New York, Jan. 25.—With the heads of the great railway system vying to outdo each other by the forcing to the front of the question of government control the business of the railways keeps steadily improving, and never was so good in the United States as it is at the present time. It is at maximum volume, and taking the entire roads of the country the uniformity of profit never was so good as now. The great orders for locomotives and cars continue, the Norfolk & Western and the Pan-handle roads being among those which demand supply. In February and March, the order of the Pan-handle reaching into the thousands of cars for freight alone.

The activity of general business maintains and grows in almost every branch of trade, and there is neither hesitating nor halting in the progress of financial, commercial and industrial affairs. Merchants and manufacturers in all sections are doing a large and profitable business. With great export and monetary conditions at all points. Shoe manufacturers are constantly broadening their demand for footwear, and are all engaged in filling large orders for their products. The iron and steel situation is all that could be desired. The iron and steel situation is all that could be desired. The iron and steel situation is all that could be desired.

Immense sales of wool in London at prices not reached before in twenty years with African, Australian, Asiatic and all other sources of supply developed, creating a big stock. The men who raise wool in the United States will obtain fine prices for their product. The wool market is all that could be desired. The wool market is all that could be desired. The wool market is all that could be desired.

The business men at the head of the great steel industry are wisely devoting attention to the developing of these new uses for their products.

It is stated that recent experiments with the use of steel in the construction of bridges and other structures have shown that steel is a much more economical material than iron. The use of steel in the construction of bridges and other structures has shown that steel is a much more economical material than iron. The use of steel in the construction of bridges and other structures has shown that steel is a much more economical material than iron.

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WINTER TERRORS RHEUMATISM CATARRH

A DEMON OF PAIN

DISGUSTING—DANGEROUS



Even when the body is strong and free from disease, the blood pure and healthy and every member working in harmony with nature, the cold, bleak winds of Winter, its ice and snow are disagreeable, and we are glad to see the "Ice King" give place to Spring with its warm, pleasant weather. There are many, however, who must, in addition to the disagreeable, unpleasant weather, bear the suffering and distress of Rheumatism and Catarrh—the terrors of Winter—and they have little bodily comfort or pleasure during this season, for the time not spent in absolute suffering is employed in "doctoring" and treating these miserable diseases.

RHEUMATISM is a deep seated disease caused by a sour, acid condition of the blood resulting from bad digestion, weak kidneys, poor bowel action, stomach troubles, etc. The poisons and accumulations which should pass off through the avenues of bodily waste are retained in the system, to be absorbed by the blood and through the circulation distributed to the different joints, muscles, bones and nerves of the body, producing the pain of Rheumatism. The muscles contract, the joints inflame and stiffen, pains shoot through the body, and every movement is accompanied with excruciating agony. The first breath of Winter brings on the symptoms, and at every exposure to cold or damp weather there is another attack. Plasters, liniments, oils, etc., do not reach the disease, which is in the blood, and valuable time is lost by experimenting with these, because all the while the poison is accumulating in the blood and the disease getting a stronger hold on the system, that may result in shattered nerves, weak heart or permanently crippled limbs.

CATARRH, with all its loathsome and dangerous symptoms, is fanned into life when cold weather comes, and the patient knows he must go through the winter "hawking and spitting," with dull headaches, an annoying, thin, watery discharge from the nostrils, and half sick feeling all the time. In vain he tries washes, sprays and inhalations, with only temporary relief, because the trouble is in the blood and beyond the reach of surface treatment. The blood is filled with waste matter and catarrhal poisons caused by the inactivity of the organs, and if these are not expelled and the blood built up, the disease becomes dangerous and often leads to Consumption.

S. S. S. is a perfect blood purifier and cleanses the blood of all poisons and impurities, and as it circulates through the body it nourishes and soothes the irritated nerves, aching muscles, joints and mucous membrane, and cures Rheumatism and Catarrh permanently; and while it is thorough in its action, it is gentle and never leaves any bad results. S. S. S. builds up every part of the system by its fine tonic effect, increases the appetite, aids the digestion and puts every part in good working condition. S. S. S. is purely vegetable, and does not injure the system in the least.

Book containing information about either disease and any advice wished will be given by our physicians without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.



Book containing information about either disease and any advice wished will be given by our physicians without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

there were not ten pairs of shoes in a radius of fifty miles. The natives wore but one kind of shoe, which was a piece of leather used as a sole and fastened to the foot with leather thongs. Today, he stated, that hundreds of pairs of shoes, American make, were worn by the natives and the parents took great pride in having their children wear shoes. He also stated that the company's trading post of store, when opened up two years ago, had no demand from the natives for shoes, but now they are purchasing canned goods, general groceries and are especially partial to tinware. He said that the people of foreign countries come into touch with modern civilization they speedily recognize the lead of American business men and appreciate quickly the superiority of American productions. This mining company store in the isolated mining district is but one distributing point of thousands such in Mexico, and each of these little outposts of civilization is being established by the growth of commercial streams. The latest reports from Africa and Asia as to consumption of cotton cloth are of the most encouraging nature. The war in Manchuria, bringing each year to the market millions of yards of cotton cloth, has not yet been used in America. The South is not far from the point of being able to produce more cotton than ever before used in America. The South is not far from the point of being able to produce more cotton than ever before used in America.

FALLING LINEMAN Has a Miraculous Escape From Being Killed.

Pottstown, Pa., Jan. 25.—Dangling from a pole forty-five feet in the air until pedestrians noticed his predicament, Lewis H. Gibble, a lineman of this place, barely escaped with his life. He was working at the top of the pole trying to fasten a heavy cross-arm when it fell, striking him across the legs. His spurs came loose, and Gibble fell like a stone. His safety strap caught on a knot on the surface of the support pole ten feet further down, and saved him from probable death on the flagstones below. As he fell the cross-arm fell with him, and when the safety strap held the heavy block of wood lay across his body, pinning him so that he could move neither his hands or feet. Bystanders called fellow-linemen to his assistance.

BROKEN PACT Brings Riches to a Woman Portrait Painter.

Rosalia, Wash., Jan. 25.—G. P. Tolton, of this city tells of an incident in his sister's life illustrating the vagrant fancies of old Dame Fortune. His sister is an artist and made an agreement to paint a certain man's portrait. Her bargain was that her pay should consist of one-half cash and one-half mining stock. When the work was finished the man refused to stay with his agreement and the artist was obliged to receive payment wholly in the Red mining stock at 15 cents a share. The stock had not been in the woman's possession very long before she was able to dispose of it at \$8 a share. She invested the proceeds of this little deal in cheap oil stock in the East and at the present time the price of the picture amounts to \$172,000.

BOY WITH FROZEN HANDS Clings to Locomotive Pilot For Eighty Miles.

Rochester, N. Y., Jan. 25.—Unconscious from exposure and with his hands frozen to the pilot of a New York Central locomotive, John Shaw, 15 years old, of Philadelphia, was found by a policeman as train No. 141 pulled into this city. He climbed under the forward projection of the boiler at Batavia, eighty miles distant, thinking that the heat would protect him. He left Philadelphia four days ago in search of work. He will recover.

CUPID WON RACE. Lover Pursues a Girl Being Spirited Away.

Rending, Pa., Jan. 25.—Since the elopement of Miss Isabelle Dives of this city with Charles Clark, the Orange lawyer, no word has been received in this city from the bride, and all effort on the part of friends has failed to reveal her present location. When Miss Dives left this city it was presumed that she was going to California for the benefit of her health. It has since been learned that Clark, hearing of her being spirited away from him, took a train from New York, and in a race across the state caught up with her at Geneva, N. Y., where they left the train together, and were married. It is now supposed that they have continued the intended trip to California, and that they are at present either in some Pacific coast town or are spending the winter in Honolulu.

"Neglected colds make fat graveyards." Dr. Wm. C. Schmitt, 91 Adams Street, Chicago, and women to a happy, vigorous old age.

Wouldn't You Like to be in FLORIDA

Away from this snow and slush and zero weather, with nothing to do here but stay indoors, with everything to do there outdoors in the balmy of weather? Get aboard the Chicago and Florida Limited

leaving Chicago at 1:15 p. m. daily, and you will be in Florida early the next evening—only one night on the road. Your local ticket agent will make your ticket good via this line if you request it. For full information write to A. B. SCHMIDT, G. A. P. D., 91 Adams Street, CHICAGO.

CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS RAILROAD.

You walk with her, you rock her, you give her sugar, you try all kinds of things! But she coughs all through the long night, just the same! No need spending another night this way. Just a dose or two of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral will soothe the throat, quiet the cough, insure a good night's rest. Ask your doctor about the wisdom of your keeping this remedy in the house, ready for these night coughs of the children. Doctors have the formula. They know all about this medicine.

Made by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
AYER'S HAIR VIGOR—For the hair.
AYER'S PILLS—For constipation.
AYER'S SASSAPARILLA—For the blood.
AYER'S AGUE CURE—For malaria and ague.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.
Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.
Must Bear Signature of Dr. J. C. Carter.
See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.
Very small and as easy to take as sugar.
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Purely Vegetable.
CURE SICK HEADACHE.

WANTED TO BUY
WANTED TO BUY
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WANTED TO BUY
WANTED TO BUY

WANTED TO BUY
 ———
 Immediately, a few loans,
 \$500 to \$2500.
 ———
 MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
 MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
 208 First National Bank Building.
 ———
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A RARE OPPORTUNITY.
 Finest 25-foot lot on East Second street, in the best neighborhood, with more than 2000 sq. ft. of vacant land on each side, that will always remain so, thus assuring light, air and good view for all time. Speak quick. Lots are in all parts of city.

A. C. VOLK & CO.,
PALLADIUM BUILDING.

\$2200 Will buy a well built seven room house on East Sixth street, near Third street, with water, sewer and gas connections made. Will sell on easy terms.

WHITNEY WALL
 Real Estate and Insurance.

Atlantic Bldg. Call Radio	Telephones—Bell 380, Central 360.
RAILROAD TIME TABLES	
NORTHWESTERN LINE.	
Leave Duluth	Arrive Duluth
4:00 p.m. *Daily, Ex. Sunday	8:45 p.m.
5:10 p.m. *St. Paul, Minneapolis.	11:10 a.m.
4:00 p.m. Twilight Limited.	11:10 a.m.
5:10 p.m. Chicago, Milwaukee.	11:10 a.m.
5:10 p.m. Appleton.	11:10 a.m.
5:10 p.m. Oshkosh, Fond du Lac.	11:10 a.m.
5:10 p.m. *FAST Mail.	11:10 a.m.
Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.	

Leave	"Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
1:00 a.m.	ST. PAUL	* 6:30 a.m.
9:55 p.m.	MINNEAPOLIS	* 7:00 p.m.
11:10 p.m.		* 7:00 p.m.

*Daily. *Daily Except Sunday.
 Union Depot and 330 West Superior Street

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

Buy Ticket Office, 430 Spaulding Hotel Block. Bell Phone 44
 All trains arrive & depart from Union Depot.

6:20 p.m.	Lv. North Country Mall.	Ar. 8:55 a.m.
	ALL FALLS	
7:45 a.m.	Lv. LOCAL	Ar. 10:35 p.m.
	Marquette and Copper Country.	

*Daily. *Except Sunday.

Duluth & Iron Range R.R.									
A.M.		P.M.		STATIONS				M. P.M.	
7:30	3:15	Lv.	Duluth	Ar.	12:00	7:25			
1:25	7:05	Ar.	Virginia	Lv.	8:10	3:30			
3:10	7:10	Ar.	Eveleth	Lv.	8:00	3:30			
1:55	7:45	Ar.	Ely	Lv.	7:33	3:30			
A.M.		P.M.		Daily, except Sundays.				A.M. P.M.	

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY.

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	A.M.	P.M.
:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth, Ar	10:30	3:40
:05	7:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:25
:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor, Lv	10:00	3:10
:13	10:12	Ar. Ir'n J'net'n Lv	8:01	1:13
:10	10:40	Ar. M'n Iron, Lv	-----	12:20
:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia, Lv	6:55	12:50

7:33	10:29	Ar.	Eveleth	Lv	7:42	12:57
---	10:56	Ar.	Sparta	Lv	---	12:34
---	11:20	Ar.	Biwabik	Lv	---	12:12
7:54	11:05	Ar.	Hibbing	Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.
 Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

DULUTH CONSIGNMENT COMPANY..

The undersigned do hereby associate themselves together and adopt and sign these articles for the purpose of forming a corporation according to the provisions of title two (2) of chapter thirty-four (34), General Statutes of Minnesota of 1894, and all acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto.

shall be the Duluth Consignment Company, and the general nature of its business shall be a general mercantile business of buying and selling at wholesale and retail, dry goods, clothing, hats, caps, shoes, gloves, coats, suits, and all other household hardware, furniture, and all other goods usually kept in stock by general store dealers and department stores and may buy, own and lease real estate and may purchase and sell any business, and to transact all kinds of business incident to the foregoing, and to acquire, hold, use and dispose of all such property, including personal, mixed and real estate, and all other assets and interests, and to execute any and all such necessary and necessary powers and expedient

conducting and managing the business of said corporation. The principal place of business of this corporation shall be in the County of DuSable, Minnesota.

Article III. The time of commencement of this corporation shall be February 1st, A. D. 1965, and shall continue for a period of thirty (30) years.

Article III. The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be fifty thousand and (\$50,000.00) dollars, to be paid in cash and in such amounts and manner as may be determined by the board of directors.

Article IV. Any and all claims, demands or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject shall

Article VI. The government of this corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of three directors, all of which shall be stockholders, and who shall be elected annually by the stockholders at their annual meeting. The directors shall hold office for one year of each year, and in a president, vice president, secretary and treasurer, who shall be elected by the board of

directors it was found that a number of persons were interested in the same property. The officers and treasurer may be held by the same person. The names of the first board of directors are Joseph Oreckovsky, Annie Oreckovsky and Louis Lieberman. The first officers are Joseph Oreckovsky, president, Annie Oreckovsky, vice president, and Louis Lieberman, secretary and treasurer.

Article VII. The capital stock of said corporation shall be divided into five hundred (500) shares of the par value of one hundred (\$100.00) dollars each.

Witness our hands and seals this 3rd day of January, A. D. 1968.

JOSEPH OREKOVSKY (Seal)

ANNIE ORECKOVSKY. (Seal)
LOUIS LIEBERMAN. (Seal)
Signed and sealed in presence of:
C. W. STILSON.
ESTELLE M. REILLY.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis
-ss.
On this 3rd day of January, 1965, before
me, a notary public within and for said
County of St. Louis, personally appeared
Joseph Oreckovsky, Annie Oreckovsky
and Louis Lieberman, to me known to be
the persons described in and who executed
the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged
to me that they executed the same as
their free act and deed.

C. W. STILSON.
Notary Public,
St. Louis County, Minn.



FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT
Chester Terrace

HUGO CHOSEN SPEAKER WHILE CLAGUE IS ILL AND IS NOW PRESIDING

Bill Affecting Minerals Under the Beds of the Lakes.
King's Appointment as State Librarian Confirmed By Senate.
Separate State Training School For Girls is Proposed.

FROM THE HERALD ST. PAUL BUREAU.

St. Paul, Jan. 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The state's bill to amend the mineral laws is expected to be introduced in the house tomorrow, at the request of State Auditor Iversen. The bill will regulate the leasing of mineral lands and contracts upon such lands, and when it is passed, it is expected that in the neighborhood of 150 mineral leases on lake beds will be on the market. Most of these locations are claimed by owners of riparian rights, and when the leases get into the hands of private owners, it is likely that suits will be brought to finally determine the title.



REP. N. F. HUGO, Of Duluth, Elected Speaker Pro-Tem of the House.

This morning's session of the house was devoted to the consideration of the bill to amend the mineral laws. The bill extends the term of the state lands commission from two to four years, and provides that the commission shall have the right to lease lands for a term of not more than five years, and that the lease shall be subject to renewal at the expiration of the term. The bill also provides that the commission shall have the right to lease lands for a term of not more than five years, and that the lease shall be subject to renewal at the expiration of the term. The bill also provides that the commission shall have the right to lease lands for a term of not more than five years, and that the lease shall be subject to renewal at the expiration of the term.

The appointment of John E. King as state librarian, held up several weeks ago at the request of Senator Hawkins, was confirmed by the house today. The appointment was made by a vote of 100 yeas to 10 nays. The bill to amend the mineral laws was also introduced and read twice. The bill provides that the state lands commission shall have the right to lease lands for a term of not more than five years, and that the lease shall be subject to renewal at the expiration of the term. The bill also provides that the commission shall have the right to lease lands for a term of not more than five years, and that the lease shall be subject to renewal at the expiration of the term.

Representative Anderson, of Le Sueur, introduced a bill to amend the mineral laws. The bill provides that the state lands commission shall have the right to lease lands for a term of not more than five years, and that the lease shall be subject to renewal at the expiration of the term. The bill also provides that the commission shall have the right to lease lands for a term of not more than five years, and that the lease shall be subject to renewal at the expiration of the term.

THE TAX FERRET PLAN TRIED IN THIS STATE Experiment In Blue Earth County Was a Decided Success.

Defects In New Code Not So Great as First Thought.

FROM THE HERALD ST. PAUL BUREAU.

St. Paul, Jan. 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The tax ferret bill, introduced in the house yesterday by Representative Burdette Thayer of Spring Valley, will probably meet with some opposition, but in the opinion of many authorities on matters of taxation in this state, it is a very important measure, and one that would make a very noticeable difference in the tax rolls of every county in the state in which it is put into operation.

THE EXCITEMENT IN THE RUSSIAN EMPIRE RAPIDLY SUBSIDING All Quiet at St. Petersburg and Moscow and Business Resuming.

Proclamation By Government Seems to Have Had Good Effect.

Washington, Jan. 26.—A cablegram has been received at the state department from Consul Watts, at St. Petersburg, dated today, as follows:

"Excitement subsiding. Business resuming."

Moscow, Jan. 26.—The streets this morning are quiet. The newspapers, with the exception of three, have resumed publication.

A proclamation of the prefect of Moscow has been posted at the street corners, as follows:

"Under the influence of the threats of evil-disposed persons, a strike has broken out. I therefore deem it my duty to notify the working people that energetic measures have been taken for their protection against agitators. Workers wishing to resume their occupations can do so without danger."

Work has been suspended at several of the small industrial shops. The water works, electric light works and gas works are guarded by troops and police. An attempt of a large body of strikers to interfere with the employees of the gas works was frustrated.

The developments so far fall short of meeting the expectations of the anarchists. The view of the authorities is that the great mass of the workers are not in sympathy with the strike movement, and they express their confidence that the strike will not be any extension of the strike and no further trouble.

Acting Chief of Police Roudneff, in an interview with the correspondent of the Associated Press today, said:

"These directing the movement are taking orders from outside. I don't believe it will end with a general response. All the necessary measures are taken to protect the men who wish to work. I am confident that the strikers have been effectively prevented from entering the city proper. The troops have nothing to do except in the northern and eastern outskirts where the strikers are seeking to break the cordon. I am thankful to say there has been no occasion so far to use firearms, and I sincerely hope it will not be necessary to do so."

M. Roudneff invited the correspondent to visit the factory district, declaring that the men appeared for work, the employers decided not to resume till Monday. This is the case with the Russian Westinghouse company.

ALMOST NORMAL.
The feeling at St. Petersburg is decidedly calmer.

\$15,000 to the tax receipts of that county for the year of the experiment. If it would do that in a small farming county, what would it do in the larger counties, like St. Louis, Ramsey and Hennepin, where there are hundreds of wealthy people owning personal property that escapes the tax rolls every year?

The full story of the experiment in Blue Earth county can be found in the reports of the supreme court of Minnesota, in the case of Samuel H. Grannis against the board of county commissioners of Blue Earth county et al., St. Minn., p. 55. The county board entered into a contract with one Wellman, who agreed to ferret out property which had improperly escaped taxation for 1890 and prior years, for a compensation of one-half the taxes paid in as a result of his work. He and his associates located property to the value of \$2,000,000, the owners of which paid \$15,000 into the county treasury.

"But when it came to paying the 'ferrets' for their work, the law step-

(Continued on page 7, second column.)

FATHER GOPON.



GEORGE GOPON.

Drawn from a description by a representative of the Russian revolutionary propaganda who is personally acquainted with the hero priest. No photograph of him exists in this country.

Although heretofore unknown to the world at large, Father George Gopon, the priest who founded the plan of the Sunday school for the Russian people, has for many years been a leader with the troops. Like Gorky, he sprang from poverty, but is 30 years the senior of the anti-patriot. Considerable mystery surrounds Gopon's early life. He was born in Poltava in 1839. His father was a peasant and Gopon was given the work of a swineherd as soon as he was able to toddle.

It is a strange fact that Father Gopon escaped Sunday from the frightful massacre. No soldier would have been allowed to enter the house of a priest. He was a peasant and Gopon was given the work of a swineherd as soon as he was able to toddle. It is a strange fact that Father Gopon escaped Sunday from the frightful massacre. No soldier would have been allowed to enter the house of a priest. He was a peasant and Gopon was given the work of a swineherd as soon as he was able to toddle.

THE SOUTH AND WEST Must Have Dominant Voice In Democratic Politics, Says Bryan.

New York, Jan. 26.—A political conference lasting three hours has been held here between William J. Bryan and Alton B. Parker. The meeting is stated to have been arranged by Norman S. Mack, of Buffalo, a member of the Democratic national committee.

It is stated by the Herald that Mr. Bryan made his views quite plain and South must have the dominant voice in the management of the Democratic national interests. He predicted that within a few years there will be great internal changes in both party organizations, and men who now call themselves Democrats will come out openly as Republicans, while those who call themselves Republicans will come out openly as Democrats.

COMPARATIVE QUIET
At Moscow During the Festival of Patroness.

Moscow, Jan. 26, 2 a. m.—The festival yesterday of Tatiana, patroness of Moscow, which it was feared would be marked by disturbances and possibly by bloodshed, passed off quietly, although the whole city was in a state of alarm. The strike did not become general, continued to spread gradually throughout the day. The estimate at midnight was that 40,000 men were out. The authorities had brought in forces of troops from Pskov, placing them so as to prevent a union of the Moscow strikers with the strikers from various outlying districts, but strict orders were given to avoid spilling blood, except in case of extreme necessity.

A correspondent of the Associated Press, after carefully verifying the rumors of innumerable collisions, is convinced that the statement that the only incident occurred on Plantiskaya street, was exaggerated.

EX-MAYOR MUST HANG.
Richmond, Va., Jan. 26.—The supreme court of appeals has denied the supplementary appeal in the case of ex-Mayor McCue, of Charlottesville, convicted of the murder of a woman, sentenced to be hanged Jan. 20 and was today executed by Governor Montagu until Feb. 10.

EIGHT PERSONS FROZEN TO DEATH IN STREETS OF GREATER NEW YORK

IS GROWING DEEPER

The Mystery Surrounding Hoch Case Is Far From Solved. Now Thought to Have Been Accomplice of Holmes.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—Belief that Johann Hoch, the man of many wives, may prove to be the elusive and mysterious Edward Hatch, accomplice of H. H. Holmes, the notorious woman murderer, whose crimes created excitement all over the United States and Canada in 1895, has led the police to begin an investigation along that line. At the time Holmes made his confessions, when in prison at Philadelphia before his execution, Hatch was generally regarded by the police as a mystical character, invented by Holmes, but since that time there have been revelations which are almost convincing that there was a man named Hatch, who did operate with Holmes in his swindles and who aided him in making way with the lives of the women and children whom he murdered.

Because of the similarity of Hoch's operations with the criminal record of H. H. Holmes, the cleverness with which Hoch apparently disposed of many of his wives and other singular circumstances, which the police refuse to divulge, there are working to establish the fact that there was an Edward Hatch—name sometimes said to have been spelled Hoch—and that he is Johann Hoch, the man now being hunted.

That Hoch used the name Hatch—Hoch as one of his aliases about eleven or twelve years ago, at the time of the Holmes outrages, is declared by the police. Hoch is now known as working on the streets of Chicago and this line of evidence may lead to a search in Toronto and Montreal, where Holmes declared in one of his confessions that Hatch killed the Pielzel children of Philadelphia.

Five white powders, supposed to be the kind given to his wife by Johann Hoch, have been found in an old writing desk which had been taken from the house at 6430 Union street formerly owned by Hoch. The powders are now in the hands of the city chemist for analysis.

William Nusser has told Police Inspector Shippey of another alleged wife of Hoch's. Nusser says that Miss Martha Hercheff, now living in Pasadena, Cal., married Hoch in 1895. Nusser had the wedding cake. Miss Hercheff was living with her sister, Mrs. Mary Burmeister, at the time. Hoch took flight from this woman, is charged, and also got a few hundred dollars from Mrs. Burmeister and disappeared.

Cleveland, Jan. 26.—The Iron Trade Review says today: The unusual rate at which steel works and finishing mills are turning out material, the inadequacy of local blast furnace plants of leading steel companies to keep pace with the demands upon them from steel departments, and the fact that specifications and early shipment orders are coming to the mills in such volume that in a number of lines each week adds to the amount of business ahead of the mills—all are significant factors in the present situation.

THE foundry iron market is generally inactive. In the Central West the low-priced orders of ten days ago are no longer in evidence, and the market is now considered minimum, while some interests ask \$12.50.

THE operation of a prominent Bessemer steel plant in the Pittsburgh district on a seven-day schedule, with no Sunday shut-down, is an indication of the pressure for Bessemer steel products—bars, sheets and tinplate and wire goods.

COTTON CONVENTION
Listens to Plans to Solve the Cotton Problem.

New Orleans, Jan. 26.—With its most vital work already performed, the Southern Interstate Cotton convention met today to receive and act upon additional reports of its committees, which have been elaborating its plans to solve the cotton problem. President Jordan again presided over the convention.

Senator Lamm, of South Carolina, presented the report of the committee on resolutions, heartily approving the reduction of acreage and fertilizers and urging "all owners of cotton to hold their cotton until the government reports are made to the world that southern cotton farmers stand solidly together, and that they have decided with their agreement, and demand the value of their product."

Intense Cold Follows the Storm of Wednesday In Metropolis.

Traffic at a Standstill and Provisions Are Getting Short.

Other Parts of the East Are Suffering Severely From the Cold.

New York, Jan. 26.—Eight deaths have already been reported due to the severe cold and many more are expected. All those thus far reported have succumbed on the streets, benumbed by cold and unable to force their way through the large drifts of snow.

New York, Jan. 26.—New York emerged today from a thirty-six hour gale and snow storm to face the coldest day of the present winter. In the early hours street car lines were tied up, railway service disarranged and delayed and street traffic almost impossible.

With the dawn tremendous efforts were put forth to clear the streets in the business districts and free the car track but the work was delayed by the difficulty of finding men, with which to face the cold and wind. By noon, however, conditions began to assume an aspect approaching normal.

The railways report of delay of three to fifteen hours in through train service while suburban service is practically without schedule and in some directions entirely suspended. While fear is expressed of a coal famine, it is said by dealers that if more snow does not fall the supply on hand is adequate to meet the situation. The city, however, is suffering for milk.

The police and charitable organizations report much suffering among the poor, and thousands of persons have been given shelter in the municipal lodging houses and other charities. Incoming vessels are coated with ice and report very cold weather at sea. A heavy snow fell throughout New England, impeding railroad traffic and making country roads impassable. In the Litchfield hills in Connecticut, the drifts are twenty feet high.

New York, Jan. 26.—Clearing weather which followed the great storm yesterday, brought New York the coldest day it has experienced in many years. During the early hours of the morning the mercury reached the zero mark in the weather bureau's official thermometer and at 8 o'clock it stood at two degrees below.

Terrible suffering is reported among the residents of some of the poorer quarters of the city where thousands were without sufficient heat, clothing or food. Charitable institutions where free lodging is given are crowded with the homeless. While nothing like full reports from all sections of the city have been received, it is known that at least eight deaths have resulted directly from the abnormal weather. All these victims were persons who fell in the streets benumbed by the cold and exhausted from the effort of attempting to force their way along the snow drifted streets.

One of the most serious conditions which confronted New Yorkers today, was the food and fuel supply. Already there is practically a famine in milk. Coal dealers reported today that they had about a two days' supply on hand. Provisions of all kinds have been advanced in price by the wholesalers and in many cases the retailers have added a price of two cents a pound to the advance of the larger dealers.

Every railroad running to this city, is suffering severely from the storm today. Not one of the through trains had succeeded in getting through. The New York Central, which suburban traffic was in a serious state. Seventeen passenger trains from New York on the New York Central road, scheduled to pass Little Falls during the last fifteen hours, had not been heard from up to 8 a. m. Among them was the Twentieth Century, which thousands of persons slept last night in railroad stations and ferry houses in and near this city.

The plight of the passengers stalled in trains in the outer sections of the city was pitiable. Though within a few minutes of their destination under normal conditions they might as well have been miles away.

One hundred and fifty persons were driven from their homes early today by a tempest of severe fire in the Bronx district. Several occupants of the house, whose exit had been cut off by the flames, were rescued by volunteer fire-savers, while the firemen were struggling through immense drifts of snow, which made the streets almost impassable. Many of the persons who were forced to flee in their night-clothing suffered severely from exposure in the terrible weather, and it is feared that some of them may not survive. The fire was subdued after six double three-story houses had been burned and destroyed. The financial loss is placed at \$100,000.

Boston, Jan. 26.—Reports today from various points on the New England coast indicated that the great storm of yesterday had lost its severity during the night, but at the same time news that four schooners and one steamer had been driven ashore off Cape Cod was received. The steamer was the Georgetown, of the Atlantic Steamship company line, which struck on Great Point on a barbed point. The crew have reached shore but the steamer is reported to be in a bad position. Of the schooners two were five masters, a third was a four master, the names of these being unknown, while the fourth was the two masted

fishing schooner Monitor of Provincetown, which struck on the beach at Sagamore Beach bar off Sandwich. The crew of four men were driven to the rigging, where they spent the night, with intense suffering, until daylight, when the falling tide permitted them to escape to shore. The schooner reported last night as ashore off Provincetown still was in distress today and her identity had not been learned.

Boston, Jan. 26.—Boston was slowly recovering today from the effects of yesterday's great storm. The streets were piled high with snow, which thousands of men were working hard to remove. The mercury early today registered 5 above zero. There was much suffering from exposure, which was the direct cause of two deaths in the city.

The schooner which was driven aground in Provincetown harbor yesterday, was still fast early today. Her identity had not been learned, but tremendous seas were breaking over her.

New York, Jan. 26.—Among the trains stalled on the New York Central is the Twentieth Century limited, set for Chicago this morning. The train is stuck in drifts, near Irvington, with about fifty men and women aboard, who will not be able to communicate with the outer world until 500 workmen, sent from New York, can clear the tracks.

Philadelphia, Jan. 26.—Bitter cold weather today followed the snow storm of yesterday. The weather bureau thermometer registered 2 degrees above zero at 8 a. m. At that hour a north-west wind was blowing seventeen miles an hour. Railroad traffic was badly crippled today by the drifting snow.

Des Moines, Jan. 26.—The continued cold of seventy-two hours' duration was slightly broken today when the wind shifted to the south and the mercury climbed slowly up the tube to 4 degrees below zero. Much suffering is reported from all parts of the state.

La Crosse, Wis., Jan. 26.—Today is even colder than yesterday, thermometers generally registering 18 degrees below zero or lower at La Crosse and vicinity. Passenger trains on all roads into La Crosse are from two to six hours late. No attempt is being made to run freight trains.

NEW YORK SOCIALISTS Will Hold a Great Demonstration Next Saturday Evening.

New York, Jan. 26.—If the plans of Russian socialists in this city are not interfered with by the police, Madison Square Garden will be the scene of a night of a great demonstration by sympathizers with the Russian revolution.

There was some difficulty in getting a place meeting satisfactory to the Russian socialists. It was finally decided to hold the demonstration in Madison Square Garden, set for Saturday night. To a meeting. Several of the most prominent speakers among the Russian socialists of this city will make addresses.

After the dancers have enjoyed themselves for a few hours, a signal will be given at which a procession will form. The parade will start at 10 o'clock, and will march to the music of patriotic airs.

When this was first suggested it was believed that the demonstration would be confined to the few persons attending the ball, but as the news spread through the East Side that there was to be a parade, the enthusiasm rose, and within a few hours every Russian sympathizer in that section of the city was talking of the opportunity to give vent to their feelings.

THREE ROBBERS ARE ARRESTED

Believed to Belong to a Gang of Safe Burglars.

Philadelphia, Jan. 26.—Three men, who according to the police are members of the gang of safe robbers known as the "Three Kings," were arrested today in a rooming house in the city. The three men were arrested while they were in the act of robbing a safe. They gave their names as Harry Coleman, 21 years old, of Wilmington; Charles Ryan, 27 years old, of Philadelphia; and John Smith, 25 years old, of Philadelphia.

More Rural Carriers.
Washington, Jan. 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Robert H. Bell has been appointed a regular and Charles B. Moore a substitute carrier for Route No. 2 at Big Lake, Minn.

Last Two Days **Famous SHOE STORE** Last Two Days **LAST TWO DAYS** **FINAL CLEARANCE**

Prices cut to the quick—Satisfy your wants for future wear—Shoes for men, women and children at lowest prices ever known.

Warm Goods and Overshoes at About Half!

Ladies' and girls' all felt Slippers	29c	Girls' \$1.00 Felt Romeos—sale price	59c
Ladies' Alaskas and one-buckle Arctics	59c	Children's 75c Felt Shoes—sale price	49c
Ladies' Felt Shoes, with leather or felt soles	69c	Girls' \$1.25 Felt Shoes—sale price	79c
Ladies' \$2.00 Felt Juliets—sale price	\$1.00	Men's \$3.00 Felt Shoes—sale price	\$1.98
Ladies' \$1.00 Felt Slippers, several styles	59c	Men's Alaskas and one-buckle Arctics	89c
Ladies' seven-button Over-gaiters	9c	Men's 75c Felt Slippers—sale price	49c
Boys' and Youths' one-buckle Arctics	59c	Men's Alaskas, sizes 6, 7, 11 and 12—at	50c
Boys' and Youths' leather-top Rubbers	\$1.19	Men's Felt Shoes with felt soles—sale price	69c
Misses' and Children's two-buckle Arctics	98c	Men's \$2.50 Felt Shoes—sale price	\$1.69

WOULD-BE COPS

Undergo Physical Examination in the Y. M. C. A. Gymnasium. Candidates for Police Force Make An Excellent Showing.

Judging from the appearance of the twenty-four candidates, for positions on the Duluth police force, who made their appearance at the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium this afternoon to undergo a physical examination, the Duluth force stands in no danger of degenerating as far as physical conditions are concerned.

Out of the twenty-four men, six of them stood over six feet in height, ten twelve more were over five feet, ten inches. One of the candidates, Fred, Mahlen measured six feet, five and seven-eighths inches, while his brother, Gust, measured six feet, three and one-eighth. Edward Davis stood six feet, three and three-quarters, and Peter Griggs six feet three inches.

After being measured and weighed, the men were put through a series of gymnastic exercises. In all these demanding strength tests of the men were deficient, but in the matter of agility many made but a sorry showing. In the running races on the little circular track in the gymnasium the thirty candidates for positions as guardians of the peace, showed a tendency to run through the wall at the end of the gymnasium and negotiated the turn with difficulty.

At the lung-testing machine they all made a good showing, and there are evidently no consumptives among Duluth's embryo policemen.

The physical test occupied the greater part of the afternoon. The results of the examinations, which were held Tuesday, will be announced at the meeting of the civil service commission, to be held Friday evening, and the markings at today's test will also be taken into consideration in appointing men to fill the vacancies on the force and to place on the eligible list.

The following men took the physical test: Gustav Frank, Shannon, Henry Mason, Peter La Bionnier, Alexander Clave, John Marshall, Gust Vansky, Robert McKelburn, Albert Kikore, August Muren, George Rothland, John Bradley, Mark Stewart, William Durkin, Edmond

INCORPORATE YACHT CLUB

Duluth Organization Now On Regular Business Basis.

Two Duluth organizations filed articles of incorporation with the county register of deeds this morning. The Duluth Yacht club has incorporated under its old name, with no capital stock, and with a \$2500 limit of indebtedness. The incorporators are: Horace Johnson, C. R. Ash and Frank Lyman, the commodore, vice commodore and captain of the club.

TWO TUGS ARE FINED

Smith and Crosby Failed To Surrender Their License.

Fines for \$50 each were today assessed against the tugs Annie L. Smith and Crosby by local customs officials, for failure to surrender their licenses within the year of issue. A penalty is attached to failure to surrender the certificates within a year from the date of issue, and consequently vessels are usually promptly others besides those of the Crosby and Smith are nearly overdue, and more fines may be assessed within a few days. The tug Smith is the property of Eli Jacques, and John Shea is named as owner of the Crosby.

Licenses of all the vessels of the Pillsbury fleet have been surrendered, making a total of 113. The Union Towing and Wrecking company and several of the smaller fleets have also presented their licenses.

CURLING SCORES
Events Narrowing Down In St. Paul Boushiel.

St. Paul, Jan. 26.—(Special to The Herald).—In the semi-finals of the Northwestern boushiel today, the Rees rink, of St. Paul, put the Griggs rink, also of St. Paul, out, in the Flour City competition, and the Stewart rink was defeated for the second time

during the spiel by Hastings. The morning's scores were:
Flour City, semi-final—Rees, 13; Griggs, 7.
St. Paul, semi-final—Hastings, 14; Stewart, 9.
International, first round—Light-15; Cameron, 8.
Flour City, second draw—Lorimer, 13; Murray, 8.

This afternoon a semi-final game for the Myers trophy is being played between Van Bergen and Cameron, also the finals for the Merriam medal between Rees and Murray. The novel competition was also staged.

GETS THREE YEARS IN PRISON FOR MURDER.

St. Louis, Jan. 26.—The jury which tried Zach Muhlall, general live stock agent of the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad and a well known cattleman in the Southwest, charged with assault with intent to kill Ernest Morgan, found him guilty and fixed his punishment at three years' imprisonment in the penitentiary.

Ernest Morgan, 48 years of age, was shot while watching a fight between Muhlall and Frank Reed, a cowboy employed at the Wild West show on the World's Fair place on the night of June 15.

SAVE MONEY

Try a ton of Zenith Fur-nace Company

COKE

To introduce it, we will make a discount for JANUARY DELIVERY of 50 cents per ton, reducing it to

\$5.00

per Ton Delivered.

The Pioneer Fuel Co.
306 W. Superior St.
Telephones 161.

RAILROAD NEWS

Great Northern to Put New Dining Service on Western Line.

Railroads Considering the Rates For Y. M. C. A. Convention In Duluth.

In a short time the Great Northern railway will make a change in its dining service on the through run to the west of Duluth. For some time a combination dining and parlor car has been run on trains Nos. 13 and 14, and instead of these cars a buffet sleeper will be put on. The dining car has been leaving here at 9:30 a. m. and going as far as Ball Club, where the train arrives at 2:08 p. m. The east-bound train will leave the car back leaves Ball Club at the same hour, which has been a pretty close connection for the service. In case the east-bound train is late, it makes it necessary to shorten the westbound run of the freight car. The dining car will be put on the through run to the west of Duluth. In the contemplated change it is proposed to run two buffet sleepers through as parlor cars from Duluth to Grand Forks. With this change patrons will be enabled to eat later, if they desire, while westbound, and commence as much earlier on the east-bound run as they like. At present the dining car is not hitched on the east-bound train until after 2 o'clock in the afternoon, so that it makes the hungry ones wait longer than is favored by some of them. The change will be considerable more and the use of an additional car will double the increased haulage, there will be the customary economy in giving the patrons more steady service and the saving of one man of the crew each way. On a combination dining and parlor car a conductor, cook and waiter is necessary, and on the buffet sleeper only the conductor and porter, who acts as cook and waiter in the bargain.

Rates For Y. M. C. A. Meeting

Railroads running into Duluth are now considering the matter of a rate to the Y. M. C. A. state convention, to be held here February 9 to 12. The Great Northern has already printed instructions to grant fare and a third, on the certificate plan, to the Sons of Norway, who will hold their convention at the head of the lakes January 30 and 31. The rate will apply from all points on the line east of Minnesota, which means Minnesota and the Dakotas.

New Freight Manager.

W. M. Hardin, traveling freight agent of the Minneapolis & St. Louis, was here today. He says that business is pretty brisk, and brought news of the resignation of W. M. Hopkins, general freight agent of the C. & N. P. Eastman will be assistant general freight agent, also H. F. Marsh, both at Minneapolis. Mr. Hardin was formerly assistant general freight agent of the Iowa Central at Peoria. The new profit-sharing plan, authorized by both the Minneapolis & St. Louis and the Iowa Central.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat, All drugs refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

It's All the Now

To have skating parties. There are several almost every night at the Central Rink, Lake Av. South. The latest costumes at the head of the lakes.

THREE NEW BATTLESHIPS

Are Urged By Secretary Morton Before the Naval Committee.

Washington, Jan. 26.—When Secretary Morton went before the house naval committee today to speak in support of the naval estimates, he submitted to them a memorandum showing that the annual appropriation for the up-keep of the navy when all the ships now building are authorized shall have been completed will approximate \$77,000,000. These figures are based on a careful estimate by the board of construction recommended by the secretary. The secretary told the committee that the navy department had urged the authorization of three new battleships this year for the reason that congress instead of authorizing two battleships last year had authorized but one and for the reason that he believed three battleships this year were absolutely necessary to maintain the even and gradual increase of the navy which had been recommended by the general board of which Admiral Dewey is president. Although the general board recommended in addition to three battleships the authorization of six torpedo boats, six torpedo boat destroyers, five scout cruisers, two squadron colliers, a gunboat of the Helena class, two river gunboats and a steam launch for use in Chinese rivers, the secretary told the committee that in view of the general wish to economize in the estimates in the appropriations of this congress, he was urging the authorization of only the most important part of the new construction recommended by the board, namely three battleships costing \$8,000,000 each. He pointed to the fact that if these ships were authorized this year, no appropriation would be necessary until next year as it requires about one year to prepare the plans and let the contracts.

The secretary was accompanied to the capital by Rear Admiral Converse, chief of the bureau of navigation, both of whom gave the committee a great

"WE FURNISH YOUR HOME COMPLETE ON EASY PAYMENTS."—BAYHA & CO.

EXCEPTIONAL GOOD VALUES

Values that are unapproachable anywhere else. Many good articles to be found in this store during the last days of the "Grand Clearance Sale" not to be found even here under ordinary conditions.



Our stock of medium and fine Diningroom Furniture must be seen to be appreciated. We are showing by far the largest stock as well as the most reasonably priced of any in the city.

SOLID OAK DINING TABLES—Exactly like cut, beautifully turned and fluted legs, extends to 6 feet long—a good value at \$6.50—special clearance sale price this week. **\$3.75**

BREAKFAST TABLES—A necessity in every home, and no home complete without one. Solid oak Breakfast table with open legs—size of table when open is 3 feet 2 inches wide and 4 feet long. Nice turned and fluted legs as shown in above cut—worth \$4.—above special sale..... **\$2.48**

PARLOR TABLES—Made of solid oak and nicely finished and has extra shelf below—turned legs—size of table is 16 1/2 inches and worth **45c**—special sale price. **\$1.75 SOLID OAK TABLE 95c**—24x34 inches square. Has extra shelf below, turned legs and nicely finished—a table you would have to pay \$1.75 anywhere for—special sale here..... **95c**

Corner Second Avenue West and Superior St.

BAYHA & CO.

deaf of information regarding the needs of the navy.

TRAFFIC IS PARALYZED

Fifty-Three Trains Snow-bound On the Pennsylvania Road.

Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 26.—Railroad traffic in this locality has been paralyzed by the storm. Fifty-three freight trains are reported to have been snowbound on the Pennsylvania road between here and Philadelphia. During the storm the high wind blew the flames from the firebox of an engine into the cab, burning the engineer and fireman badly.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The Atlantic coast storm, according to reports to the weather bureau, has moved more rapidly since Wednesday morning and this morning is central south of Nova Scotia. The great wave of high pressure in the interior is slowly giving way, although the temperatures are still decidedly below the seasonal averages east of the Rockies.

Elkton, Md., Jan. 26.—A Baltimore Central division express train has been stalled in a snow drift at Colorado and a passenger train is snowbound on the north of Rising Sun. Both trains are almost buried in the snow. A freight train, one mile south of this place, is buried in the snow and has been abandoned by its crew. The schools here are closed and business suspended.

New York, Jan. 26.—Funerals have been suspended all over the city and the conditions at the cemeteries are such that none can take place for several days. Burial companies have offered their vaults for bodies without charge.

CRUISER IS SENT NORTH

The Boston With Yellow Fever on Board to Leave Isthmus.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Because of the report of the existence of yellow fever on board the cruiser Boston now at Panama, Secretary Morton has cabled instructions to her commander to take the vessel to Puget Sound or elsewhere in the north according to his discretion. Two cablegrams were received over night at the state department from Consul General Guider, at Panama, relative to the outbreak of yellow fever on the United States cruiser Boston. In the first dated yesterday morning, Mr. Guider says:

"Boston arrived at Panama this morning from coast ports. Japanese messenger died from yellow fever. Paymaster P. P. Sackett, Lieut. W. D. Leahy and Dr. Otto Kolassa have admitted cases."



RUFFLED MUSLIN CURTAINS—Like shown in the cut—assorted pattern, worth regularly 75c to \$1.00 per pair—special for Friday and Saturday, per pair..... **48c**

3 Great Bargains

IN DESIRABLE LACE CURTAINS.

We want you to remember that whatever we offer you in this line you can rest assured it is clean, fresh, new goods and not mused up as all the goods in this department is new since we moved to our new building. We have made three great lots of Curtains in assorted patterns:

ONE LOT of plain white and ecru, worth regularly \$4 to \$5 a pair—special clearance sale..... **\$2.95**
ONE LOT includes many fine patterns in ecru and white in all the different makes, up to \$6.25, at..... **\$3.95**
ONE LOT consisting of from 1 to 6 pairs of a kind, and worth up to \$8 a pair—special sale..... **\$4.95**

Let Us Open An Account With You.

Corner Second Avenue West and Superior St.

BAYHA & CO.

Two other Japanese and Private Lafayette have yellow fever. Have been removed to Ancon, (where the hospital is located). Not safe to move.

cases reported this morning. Perry and Pierce (believed to be Japanese) died. Disinfection progressing. All cases seven.

Commander Niles, commanding the Boston also has reported to the navy department that yellow fever has broken out among the crew of that vessel. Prompt action was taken by the navy to deal with the yellow fever patients on the Boston.

Orders were issued directing that a doctor on the isthmus be sent aboard the vessel to take the place of Dr. Kolassa and Assistant Surgeon Frank E. McCullough has been ordered to join the Boston as soon as she reaches the home coast on her way to Puget Sound to assist the ship's doctor.

HAD ENOUGH "STRAW VOTES"

Many Voters Against Commissioner F. W. Kulger's Idea.

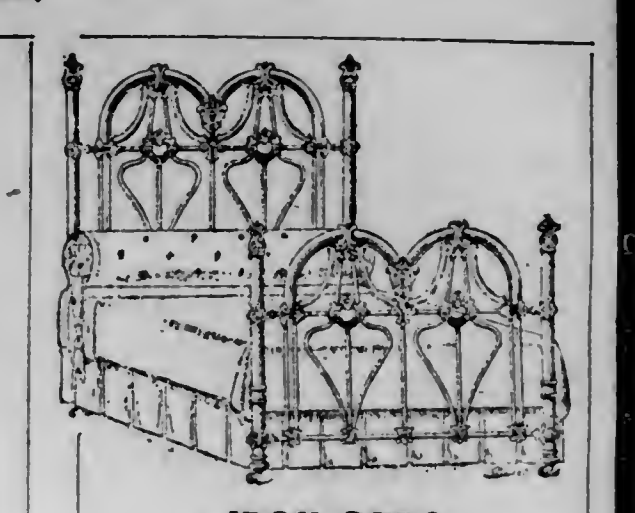
Commissioner F. W. Kulger, whose idea for a straw vote on the courthouse site proposition was exploited by The Herald yesterday, says that he was misunderstood on one point.

Mr. Kulger, instead of advocating one polling place, as was understood, believes that there should be a ballot box placed for the straw vote at every one of the nine precincts in the First and Second wards, and that the vote should be taken at the February municipal election, when those regularly voting at the election could cast their straw vote on the courthouse site.

Although Mr. Kulger says that the suggestion of a straw vote has found favor with some of the taxpayers in his district as a way to get at the sentiment, there are a great many voters living in the First and Second wards who demand how many times he expects to call for an expression of opinion from the taxpayers in those two wards as to the proper courthouse site. Those voters claim that the public meeting at the city hall gave ample opportunity for all persons to express their preference, and that the vote taken at the meeting, which was so overwhelmingly in favor of a downtown site, was as fair a "straw vote" as any fair-minded man could ask for. They point out with emphasis the fact that a large portion of those in attendance at the mass meeting were of Mr. Kulger's constituency, yet only about three votes were noted against the resolution requesting that the new courthouse be more centrally located.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Chicago, Jan. 26.—Ole A. Thorp, a member of the Chicago board of education, and head of the board of trade firm of Ole A. Thorp & Co., exporters, is dead, aged 48 years. He was the first man to send a boat from Chicago to Europe with merchandise. Mr. Thorp attempted to establish a steamship line direct to Norway, but the scheme was a failure. King Oscar created him a knight of the Norwegian order of St. Olav.



IRON BEDS

At Wholesale Prices.

In the last week of this Great Clearance Sale. There never was a time when we were selling so many Iron Beds as we are now. Many good patterns in our present stock to be discontinued by our manufacturers, therefore are closed out now. There are here 88 different patterns to select from, and every one a bargain.

A BED—like the above cut—very heavy and massive, has 1 5/16-inch posts, extra heavy chills and fillings throughout. Four brass scrolls in head and foot ends, assorted colors—regular price \$20—special here..... **\$12.75**

Universal Bread Mixers.

One of the handiest and greatest labor savers ever invented. By a special arrangement with the manufacturer we have arranged to give you these on two weeks free trial. Then you are at liberty to return them, if you are willing to part with them. We have just 50 of these to put out in this way and the price is only..... **\$2.25**

Let Us Open An Account With You.

BAYHA & CO.

deaf of information regarding the needs of the navy.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—Elizabeth McCormick, the only daughter of Cyrus H. McCormick, is dead, aged 12 years. The death of the heiress of the millionaire family came as the result of an attack of appendicitis which began more than a week ago. An operation had been performed and the patient had rallied, but a relapse followed from which she never recovered.

STORM CAUSES SUSPENSION

Of Bank Whose President Is Detained on Stalled Train.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—The stalling of the Twentieth Century limited on the Lake Shore is alleged to have caused the suspension of the Pan-American Banking company here today.

No statement has been issued and no notice has been posted at the bank. W. H. Hunt, president of the bank, is a passenger on the blacked-out train, which should have reached Chicago today. Julius Helman, the bank's attorney, declared that when Mr. Hunt reaches Chicago business will be resumed. W. H. Travers is secretary and treasurer of the bank. On the bank stationery the address of Mr. Hunt and Mr. Travers is given as 81 Wall street, New York.

The bank capital is given as \$500,000 with a surplus of the same amount. A concern did a savings business, it is said, to a considerable extent.

WILL MEET WITH COMPANY

Tugmen to Hold Wage Conference on February 7.

"We will meet the representatives of the Great Lakes Towing company on Feb. 7, either in Cleveland or Detroit," said President James Walsh of the Licensed tugmen's association in Detroit, where he was re-elected to his present office for another year.

"At the conference with the company the question of wages will be taken up, and we will decide what the rates will be for next season. I don't know anything definite about the question at present, and we do not know what the men will ask until the representatives from the different local associations get together and discuss it."

The business transacted at Detroit was chiefly routine, and there was nothing of special interest to the public.

THE ONLY WAY

Of being sure that your baggage will be at the depot on time is to telephone or leave your orders here. Our rigs are at your service at any time, day or night.

BOARD OF TRADE LIVERY,

Both Phones, 440.

The Greatest Skill! The most experience—14 years. We grind our own lenses. **G. D. TROTT** OPTICIAN, 3 West Superior Street.

Closing Out Sale!

We are closing out at less than cost our entire stock of lumber with or without engines, row boats, wood and canvas covered canoes, duck boats, etc.

Pearson Boat Construction Co.
No. 100 Alworth Building.
Old Phone 1147.

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DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
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Single copy, daily \$.02
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Three months (in advance) \$ 1.30
Six months (in advance) \$ 2.50
One year (in advance) \$ 5.00
Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

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Per year \$ 1.00
Six months \$.50
Three months \$.25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:
It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

THE WATER AND LIGHT BONDS.

If a business man could greatly increase his income by adding to his plant although his indebtedness at the time practically equalled the value of his plant, would it not be good policy for him to add to his indebtedness in order to secure an increased income?

That is practically the question that confronts the board of water and light commissioners at this time, and the question that the people will be called upon to answer at the coming city election. Because it is clearly good business policy, The Herald believes the answer should be and will be in the affirmative.

There is no disputing the fact that the gas and water plant has been and is worth to the people of Duluth all that it has cost, notwithstanding that the city may have made a rather poor bargain when it took over the plant from the Duluth Gas and Water company.

Much of the cost of this plant, while necessary for the service of the people here at present, has been incurred with a view of serving a quarter of a million people in the future. At present a plant capable of serving that number of people only serves actually about 30,000. And still it pays expenses and pays for its own maintenance.

Of course, if Duluth is never to grow much beyond its present size it would seem to be necessary and good business policy to increase water rates to such an extent that the plant would pay off its indebtedness, and maintain itself with the present number of water consumers. But Duluth is expected to grow and to grow rapidly, and it will grow in spite of all the croakers. Therefore it is the part of wisdom for the board of water and light commissioners to build largely for future needs, and not to compel present residents to pay for all the expenditures now being made for the benefit of other generations.

Duluth is a widely scattered city and an expensive city in which to build a water system. But whatever the expense, the furnishing of pure and wholesome water to its inhabitants is an absolute necessity if the place is to grow and thrive. After bravely providing the funds for this extraordinary expense, will the people fall down now that the goal is almost reached? The board promises that this will be the last bond issue that will be necessary, at least for many years to come.

It should be remembered, too, that to increase the present water rates, which are considered reasonable, but which are in reality very high when compared with rates in force in other cities, the consumption of water would be discouraged instead of encouraged and that in reality such action would serve to defeat the end sought. The board has very wisely put the rate at such a point that the aggregate revenues will very nearly equal the cost of furnishing the water, maintain the present plant and pay the interest on bonds without accumulating any profit. The profit will come when the city grows to such proportions that the blank spaces will be filled in.

It is decidedly unfair to compute the amount of water and light bonds as a charge against the assessed valuation of the city. The water and gas plants are not taxed and consequently their valuation does not appear on the assessor's books. The bonds are a lien first upon this plant, and it is fully worth the indebtedness. It is a revenue-producer. It is not like school property, which produces no revenue.

The people of Duluth may rest satisfied that the water and light plant, with careful, competent and honest management, will eventually pay every dollar of indebtedness now against it, and that without raising the water rate, if Duluth grows to any extent.

It is generally admitted that the bonded indebtedness of Duluth is high, and The Herald has frequently advised caution in adding to that indebtedness, but here is an instance where a comparatively small addition to the bonded indebtedness of the gas and water plant will create a much greater asset by adding materially to the revenue-producing powers of that plant.

Furthermore, the man who is already served with city water is morally bound to see that his neighbor is also served in the shortest time possible. The insurance combine has promised, too, that the additions made to the plant by the expenditure of this money will materially reduce the insurance premiums paid by property owners. If the combine tells the truth that is another good reason for the expenditure.

COULD PLAY WITH HIS OWN.

The story is told by the Kansas City Journal that a man from Maine, who recently sojourned in Kansas City, visited a saloon late at night, and was somewhat astonished to find a white bartender seated at a table playing cards with a negro porter and the negro porter.

The man from Maine asked: "Missouri is a Southern state, isn't it?" "Yes," replied the bartender, "it was up to last November." "You don't allow black men to take many liberties down here, do you?" "You bet we don't," again replied the bartender. "We would lynch them in a minute." "Well, then," rejoined the man from Maine, "how comes it that you were just now playing cards with a black man?" The bartender pondered awhile, and then, looking squarely at his interrogator, said: "Well, stranger, it is this way: I can play with my own nigger, but I can't play with yours or anybody else's nigger."

This incident may explain why it is that in the South, where there is such intimate association between whites and negroes in private, there is such abhorrence on the part of a certain portion of the white population to associate with negroes in public. In the North the process is generally reversed.

The evident explanation is that many Southerners consider the negro fit to associate with as long as he admits his inferiority and "keeps his place," but to be avoided wherever there is opportunity for him to assert his personal rights or political equality. And that is a result of the fact that the negro was once a slave and the white man was once his master.

Note the nice distinction in the Journal's comment on this occurrence: "If the black porter in the story

had obtrusively butted into the game with the barkeeper he probably would have been slugged on the spot. But being asked to play as a convenience to the barkeeper, he had a pleasant time without causing any offense."

There you have it. If a dog's master feels in good humor and whistles, then the dog may approach to be patted and played with. But if the master is irritable the dog should keep away or he is liable to be kicked. Both the dog and the negro are to be given a "pleasant time" when it pleases their masters, not otherwise. Isn't that a noble view of the matter?

THE REAL PARTY DESTROYERS.

There is an evident disposition on the part of the legislature to extend the primary law in obedience to the popular desire, but some of the more partisan members fear that if it is extended so that all nominations shall be made by direct vote of the people it will have the effect of disrupting party lines and destroying the party organization. They contend that party organization and party platforms are necessary. But why?

If as a result of nominating all state officers by direct vote, the people secure better government, which they undoubtedly will, why should they worry over party disorganization? They do not. It is only the small-fry politicians who are looking for appointive offices, and the big ringsters who know that they would stand no show if conventions are abolished, that are doing the worrying.

Parties are no longer sacred to the people, but principles are, and a personal platform is much superior to a party platform, because it is more binding on the candidate. Under the direct nomination system the office-seekers and the would-be party leaders, who are usually one and the same, could get together in convention just as formerly and give their endorsement to prospective candidates if they were so disposed. They would not be deprived of that right. The only difference would be that their deliberations and their actions would not be binding upon the rank and file. And they ought not to be.

The ordinary voters who are not looking for office desire to be freed from the dictation of the small clique that depend so much upon party organization and convention manipulation for their success. They want to vote for the man and for principles rather than party success. The people of Minnesota demonstrated that fact in the election of last November. They are no longer disposed to be dictated to, and it would seem that if the Republican managers are wise and really desire to keep their party from disintegration they will yield to the popular desire and grant to the voters what they have so plainly demanded.

There is little room for doubt that if the Republican voters had nominated their candidate for governor by direct vote, whether his name was Dunn, or Collins, or Eddy, or something else, he would have been elected. So it is plain to be seen that those few Republican partisans who insist on retaining the system of convention nominations are really disrupting and destroying their party instead of strengthening it. Let them succeed in their efforts to prevent the direct nomination of state officers and in the end they will discover this to be a fact.

MINDING OTHERS' BUSINESS.

It is understood that the United States is to become receiver for another bankrupt republic by taking charge of the financial affairs of Santo Domingo.

Of course, this action will be looked upon with high favor by all the other South American republics that are now laboring under a load of bonded indebtedness too heavy for them to carry. It will also meet the strong approval of European money sharks, who have encouraged these nations to borrow beyond their means in the hope of making big profits.

The principal function of government nowadays appears to be to take care of the money-lender and the trust. That is the real meaning of President Roosevelt's "big stick" policy.

Minding other people's business is always an expensive undertaking and that is the reason congress is now discussing the question of cutting off all river and harbor appropriations in order to provide the three battleships demanded by the president and the navy department.

Although this is a time of peace, the present administration is preparing for war with a vengeance, in fact, inviting it. Soon this nation will be minding everybody's business but its own, and then it can count itself a really and truly great world power.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

The fact that he failed to hit the mark, is offered as proof that the shot directed at the czar the other day was fired by a Russian artilleryman.

The new senator from California is named Flint. In his race for the office all the political boulders were removed from his path, and he is within a stone's throw of his destination. He will now proceed to get the rocks with which to build a suitable foundation for his future fame. Although it is intimated that he has rubbed up against Standard Oil, he is not expected to set the world on fire. He is supposed to give the people the stony stare.

The ideas of the people are changing as to party fealty. The extreme partisans would do well to take heed and act accordingly.

Governor Folk of Missouri has four brothers, two of them preachers, one treasurer of Tennessee, and the fourth was formerly president of Bowdoin college, but retired on account of ill health. The folks also appear to be the people.

It will probably be found in the end that Gessler Roseau is but an ordinary crank of murderous tendencies who is more than half insane and that he has no confederates in his scheme to annihilate everything foreign.

Secretary Metcalf has reversed the decision of the New York immigration board to deport William Bishop, a skilled English machinist, on the charge that he is a Socialist "whose views protrude on anarchism." Bishop's offense was that he wrote to an American Socialist for information before he came to this country. There are some professed Socialists in this country whose actions "protrude on anarchism," whatever their views may be, and it was probably on this account that the immigration board got mixed in its bearings.

Recently a Minnesota girl married a man who demonstrated his great love for her by attempting to take her life with a revolver. The other day in New York, Nellie Thomas married John Price, whose love she had formerly spurned, but who finally convinced her of his consuming devotion by knocking her down with a club. Nellie explains that she "did not know Jack loved her so much."

And still some people want to send wife-beaters to the whipping post.

Hotel Gossip.

Asbestos can be sold wherever there is a smokestack, according to the practical statement made by S. T. Harris, who is the Swedish agent. He represents the H. W. Johns-Manville Co., a consolidation of two formerly well known individual firms whose combined efforts make one of the most formidable business amalgamations of the kind in the world.

"Most people think that asbestos is used chiefly for lighting fire," said Mr. Harris, "but that is not the case. The ordinary man knows that asbestos is a wonderful product which as the propensity of resisting the flames and he thinks that it ends there. It has become a noted ingredient only within the last 10 years, whereas at that time the general public has become used to associating asbestos with configurations and the protection of theaters in its use."

"It is a peculiar contradiction of the popular belief that the amount of asbestos used for theater curtains is decidedly small as compared with the amount used for the purpose of lighting. It is safe to say that the amount used in that particular branch of manufacture is the small amount, comparatively, of one devoted to a certain branch of manufacture."

Like for instance in a room at the Spalding here, there will be a pipe running from the floor through the ceiling, which is encased in asbestos, and the heat from the room and also steam up to the next floor to a radiator and so on. If you wrap that with asbestos, the heat will radiate, and there it is. You might have heat in this room from the heat of the radiator, but you would find no heat coming out of it and the room would be cold. That example shows the value of the asbestos, and the radiator is turned on.

There is a great deal of asbestos used in the Latin countries, Panama for instance, for roofing purposes. They want to keep the heat from penetrating into the houses, and the natural heat of such a climate is a very desirable thing for them. The business that the asbestos has developed wonderfully in recent years is the making of table-mats containing asbestos, used to put underneath the table cloth in order to keep the dishes that are hot from burning the table. There is an enormous amount of these manufactured today.

It helps to keep the boxes and refrigerators from letting their ice melt, and wherever there are free boxes for electricity it makes a considerable saving. The general list prices of asbestos floor coverings are from six to ten cents a pound. This does not indicate the variety of the product as originally taken out of the earth, but the variety of the finished product. Some of the best asbestos used in making the alloy. Some of the best asbestos used in making the alloy. Some of the best asbestos used in making the alloy.

Most of the veins of asbestos come anywhere from one to six inches in thickness, and as a rule the best quality comes from the veins that are from one to two inches. There is a great deal of rock found, though, where asbestos is believed to be abundant, but it is not so good. The pure asbestos and you can send it off through the fingers into the air almost as easily as you can blow a feather. When it is the original form it is of a sort of bluish color, but when it is made into a heavy white, the solidity of the mass makes the darker color.

Most of the asbestos gotten nowadays comes from Canada. In the province of Quebec. There is supposed to be a great deal of it in the state of New York, but it has been pretty hard to get out of there. There is a great deal of it in the state of New York, but it has been pretty hard to get out of there. There is a great deal of it in the state of New York, but it has been pretty hard to get out of there.

Mr. Harris is an enthusiastic admirer of the game of hockey, and at his home there are a number of hockey players. The people, great and small, turn out to a hockey game just as they would to a football game. It is a very popular sport.

"They have some great games down there at Houghton," said Mr. Harris, "and I would not have missed one of them. I was down there one time and saw one," said Mr. Harris, "and I would not have missed one of them. I was down there one time and saw one," said Mr. Harris, "and I would not have missed one of them. I was down there one time and saw one."

It is the finest, fastest and cleanest sport in the world, and it is a very popular sport. The games at Houghton are simply not in it. The games at Houghton are simply not in it. The games at Houghton are simply not in it. The games at Houghton are simply not in it.

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Greene, Grand Forks; Thomas R. Benton, St. Paul; Herman Springer, Minneapolis; Hays Young, Chicago.

The Weather.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 3 a. m. (Central time) Jan. 26.—The Eastern storm is central off New England coast. It is decidedly warmer throughout the Northwest, but zero weather continues in the upper Mississippi valley, while in Southern states it is still very cold. Temperatures slightly below the freezing point occurred this morning at San Antonio, Galveston, New Orleans and Jacksonville. A low pressure area is moving rapidly across Western Canada. The barometer remains very high over the Mississippi valley. Snow will cover portions of the lake region, the Ohio valley and North Atlantic states, and rain in Oregon and Washington.

Following were the minimum temperatures recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Atlanta	20	Miles City	13
Battleford	4	Minneapolis	8
Bismarck	4	Modesto	12
Boston	4	Montgomery	12
Charleston	16	North Platte	12
Chicago	6	New Orleans	21
Cincinnati	12	New York	0
Davenport	6	Northfield	3
Denver	24	North Platte	12
Detroit	10	Omaha	4
Dodge City	10	Phoenix	46
Edmonton	4	Pittsburg	12
El Paso	28	Port Arthur	18
Galveston	26	Quincy	6
Green Bay	10	Rapid City	18
Havana	20	Santa Fe	24
Helena	20	Shreveport	15
Houston	28	Spokane	2
Kanapolis	24	St. Louis	4
Knoxville	8	Sault Ste. Marie	10
La Crosse	14	Swift Current	12
Lander	10	Washington	12
Little Rock	10	Williston	12
Los Angeles	50	Winnemucca	20
Marquette	10	Winning	20
Medicine Hat	8		

Forecasts for twenty-four hours ending 3 p. m. (local time), Friday, Duluth. Superior and vicinity—Snow flurries tonight and Friday. Warmer tonight, colder Friday. Brisk and high southwest winds, shifting to northwest Friday. H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Friday, Wisconsin—Probably light snow flurries tonight and Friday. Warmer tonight and in east portion of the state. Minnesota—Threatening with snow flurries tonight and possibly in east portion of the state. Warmer in east and cooler in west portions tonight. Colder Friday. North Dakota and South Dakota—Snow flurries tonight and Friday. Warmer tonight. Colder Friday.

THE REVISED CODE.

Minneapolis Journal: The scare over the revised Minnesota code seems to be subsiding. It is evident that the code, after closer inspection, and that some of the flaws so hastily picked in its text disappear as the entire work is examined. The new statutes have necessarily changed the language of the old laws in many cases, and also the order of arrangement. In some cases mistakes have been made, but that is only to be expected of finite minds grappling with the almost infinite diversity of session laws. However, many of the apparent mistakes are due to a more careful study of the work. It is noticeable that the members who have worked the hardest on the new code have the least to say against it.

Before the work is finished, it will probably appear that the commissioners in charge of the work are deserving of credit, rather than censure, and that a great deal of unjust criticism has been leveled at their heads. Manifestly they are not infallible, neither can they be expected to suit everybody with their work, but it is plain enough that the attacks on the members of the commission have been intemperate and largely uncalled for.

FATHER GOPON.

Milwaukee Free Press: The leader who was largely responsible for Sunday's demonstration in St. Petersburg, was the Socialist priest, Father George Gapon. Born in the village of Poltava in 1852, he was the son of a peasant father and mother, and at a very early age he was a swineherd. He showed phenomenal mental ability and a keen sense of justice, and he was a very popular man. He was a very popular man. He was a very popular man. He was a very popular man.

Then he was a zemstvo clerk until a young woman friend, who was a Socialist, urged him to enter the priesthood, which he did under limitations that he permit him to enjoy a general paragon. He wrote a work on "Christian Socialism," which was suppressed by the government. He worked among the poorest classes and worked well. He became the ideal of the masses. Then finally he suggested that an appeal be made to the czar and the workingmen should go to the palace weapons and pledged to protect their monarch's life.

The Heaven Express.

Nowak News: "This world is nothing but a town on the Eternity railroad," said one of the leaders of the joyous jubilation. "We all tourists from heaven. We all have return tickets properly stamped and numbered, and we are all going to wait while the train goes sweeping on to other stars and planets, and Mars and the other stars up the line. Why and how, when the train comes back to pick us up, those of us who have not been in the waiting room, or walked up and down the platform admiring the landscape, will get aboard all right, but those of us who have wandered uptown to the saloon or to the poolroom or the track are nearly likely to get left, and the only train out of town after the heaven express is the hell accommodation."

Reflections of a Bachelor. New York Press: Nearly every man would like to pass judgment on trusts from the inside.

A girl is very clever to act as if she didn't have such things when anybody happens to mention a leg.

There is something very deceptive about the way a girl can make you think she is looking the other way when she almost walks on you.

Men get so excited over whether the flag has been insulted by a mob in Central Africa as women do over whether the new minister ought to wear leg neckties.

Pure Food and the Press.

Northwestern Argonaut: Senator Stewart of Nevada, during the discussion of the pure food bill in the senate, remarked that the press would not resist the exposure, because "the patronage of the press is on the other side of the street." Seldom has a remark been made in the senate more untrue. With the exact terms of the present pure food bill, the majority of the press may not be familiar, but with its purpose there is the fullest sympathy. The press is today supporting the movement to correct the evils of the pure food law, and will seek to overcome to this activity, almost solely, is due the sentiment by grace of which the pure food bill is being passed in congress.

Horrible Holcomb.

From Fraser's "Famous Fighters": One of the revolution's gunners was killed by his own gun when he slipped the trigger of De Grasse's flagship. The gunner was all ready and was just going to fire when a shot came in at the port and took his leg off at the knee. As the shot came in, the gunner fell off his seat and his leg was blown off.

The next instant he seized his shot-off limb and thrust it into the muzzle of the gun, which went off two seconds later. "My God," shouted the man, exultantly, "is the first to board the Ville de Paris!"

Fifty Years the Standard



BAKING POWDER

Made from pure cream of tartar derived from grapes.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO.

Twenty Years Ago.

Taken From the Columns of Duluth Papers of This Date 1885.

"*J. C. Thomas, an evangelist, who is generally known as 'the young preacher from England,' will visit Duluth soon, but under whose auspices is not reported."

"*The Chautauqua Circle will meet on Wednesday night at the residence of L. A. Barber, corner Fourth avenue west and Third street."

"*R. L. Henry, manager of the Duluth Lumber company, stayed today from a long visit in the East."

"*C. P. Bailey is vice president of the State Agricultural society, which meets in St. Paul Wednesday."

"*James T. Hale is expected here next week with his family and will have rooms at Rev. Ringland's home."

"*Rev. G. H. Bridgman, D.D., president of Hamline university, occupied

the pulpit of the M. E. church yesterday. A liberal donation of funds was made by the friends of the institution here.

"*William R. Stone and wife are off this week for a trip of some weeks East and South."

"*Miss Januscheck, the noted actress, will tonight present the play, 'My Life,' at the Opera house."

"*R. W. Petre and Capt. McDougall have in their henry on Park Point about 300 fowls. They expect to raise a large number of chickens."

"*Today the St. Paul & Duluth road was a sufferer from the effects of one of which, near Mahtowa, a brakeman was literally cut in two."

"*About half the pile driving for the St. Louis river bridge is completed.

THE JOKESMITHS.

New Orleans Playmate: Men think it's awfully funny to see a girl trying to control a three-acre field with a three-inch handkerchief.

Detroit Free Press: She—"Do you think that a woman can truly love but one?" He—"Well, if that's the only chance she has—yes."

Houston Post: "Papa, will you send me to Europe to study music?" "No, but you can study it here and I'll send you to Europe to practice."

New York Times: Proofreader—"Sappy speaks here of his ideas 'wroughten in verse.' Editor—No, make it 'written in verse.' Sappy never could spell."

Houston Chronicle: Mrs. Carter Early—"Miss Oldfield is looking for a husband." Mrs. Cutting Hunt—"She can have mine."

Boston Transcript: Miss Sulzmate—"No man who kisses the wine cup can kiss me." Ferguson—"And I suppose it is only the man who has kissed the wine cup who can kiss me." "Yes, but I don't want to kiss the wine cup, I want to kiss you. Awfully awkward, isn't it?"

Pittsburg Gazette: Nervous Old Lady (on seventh floor of hotel)—"Do you know what the proprietor of the hotel has taken against fire?" Porter—"Yes, ma'am, he has the place insured for twice what it's worth."

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Mankato Free Press: Too many partisans, instead of looking a little after the boy, offer their sympathies to him and proceed to do so. The result is that the boy, who is which is harmful to the boy, partisans should give the teacher the benefit of the doubt.

Warren Plaindealer: We hope that congress will take some action looking toward reciprocity with Canada. Any American walking through the various large business houses of Winnipeg will be astonished at the number of the variety of American goods that he will see displayed there for sale. What is true of Winnipeg is undoubtedly true of other large trade centers of Canada. A country that buys so much of us as does Canada should receive attention at the hands of congress.

Funkley Beagle: J. J. Johnson and party, of Bemidji, who were engaged for five weeks cutting a road from the mouth of the Tamarack river to Boudinville, a distance of sixty miles through hitherto almost unexplored region, came out of the wilderness last Sunday. Mr. Johnson reports that the project is not feasible even for winter traffic, unless some means are taken to draw the big swamps north of Red Lake, the waters from which would easily flow into Rainy river, the fall being very considerable. If the swamps were drained thousands of acres of state lands would be reclaimed. He further says that there is much high land in that region which is covered with the finest birch and poplar he ever saw, and that the meadow lands are very extensive.

San Francisco Chronicle (Rep.): "As prearranged," Frank P. Flint has been elected United States senator, and the people of California should be deeply grateful to the "organization" that it has given us a senate of ability against whom nothing can be brought except the character of some of his supporters. The door has been done nicely, and happily without open scandal. Mr. Flint's connection with public measures has not hitherto been so conspicuous as to attract general attention or to assure an election to the senate.

Pittsburg Dispatch (Ind. Rep.): There seems to be ground for a grave dispute as to whether Flint, the newly elected senator from California, represents the Southern Pacific or the Standard Oil. That he can represent anything else is re-

FAST BECOMING

as popular as "SALADA" Black tea.



CEYLON AND INDIA NATURAL GREEN tea is displacing Japan tea everywhere because of its absolute purity. Sold in the same form as the celebrated "SALADA" Black tea in sealed lead packets only. 60c and 70c per lb. By all grocers. Trial packets 10 cts. Received the highest award and gold medal at the St. Louis Exposition.

A FORTUNE IN FEES

Refused By Thomas D. O'Brien, State Insurance Commissioner.

He Is Turning the Money Over to the State.

St. Paul, Jan. 26.—State Insurance Commissioner Thomas D. O'Brien has refused to accept the fees of his office, which in the past have amounted to over \$15,000 a year. Mr. O'Brien has informed Governor Johnson that he does not believe the law which allows the commissioner salary and clerk hire contemplated his taking fees. He is of the opinion that the fees belong to the state and will turn them into the state treasury. Last year the attorney general ruled that the fees in question belonged to the insurance commissioner, but the incumbent takes issue with the decision. Since taking the office Mr. O'Brien has refused fees to the amount of \$160,000.

The actuary fees received by Minnesota insurance commissioners in past years have been the envy of other state officials. The law provides that life insurance companies shall submit to a valuation of their insurance in force in the state the option of the insurance commissioner. The maximum compensation provided by the law is 1 cent for each \$1000 in force, but a provision permits the insurance commissioner to accept the certificate of the commissioners of other states in lieu of frequent examinations of the same company. The examination is to determine the liabilities of the companies by showing the valuation of their outstanding policies. The Minnesota law makes no provision for compensating actuaries, and they have been in the past employed by the commissioner to make examinations and are popularly supposed to receive the fees for such services.

It has been said that the commissioner fixed the compensation of the actuaries, and that the difference between the amount provided for examination by the statute and the sum paid the actuary has been regarded as the legitimate emolument of the state insurance commissioner's office.

Last spring an Eastern insurance paper started a war on insurance commissioner O'Brien, claiming that he was receiving immense sums from the examinations, and the result was that Governor Van Sant demanded an accounting from his insurance commissioner for the four years of his incumbency. Mr. O'Brien submitted a statement showing that he had received in the four years of his term \$63,073.00 in actuary fees. Of this \$18,000, but \$18,000 was obtained from the valuation of foreign companies, according to the statement rendered by the commissioner to the legislature. July 3, Attorney General Donahoe, in response to a request from the commissioner, gave an opinion, in which he held that the actuary fees properly belonged to the insurance commissioner and did not have to be converted into the state treasury. Both Governor Van Sant and Governor Johnson, in their annual messages, advised that the fees of the state insurance commissioner's office be turned in to the state.

Commissioner O'Brien has interpreted the provision of the law relating to his salary, that it shall be in full for his services, to be an effective bar to his participation in any fees in connection with his position. He says that there are no accounts in the insurance commissioner's office to prove or disprove the correctness of the statement that the actuary fees for four years amounted to \$63,073.00, and that there are rumors in legislative circles that the actual amount received was much larger than the sum reported.

Insurance Commissioner T. D. O'Brien issued a statement yesterday defining his position. He says that under the present law the fees for valuation of policies do not go to the state, but that the law should be changed, putting the office on a straight salary basis. A strong effort will be made to increase the salary to \$2000. It is now \$1500, and it is understood that Mr. O'Brien will not remain on that salary. He is giving up a large law practice. A bill to be introduced will grant him \$5000, and also allow a salary for the actuary to make the examinations.

Mr. O'Brien's statement is substantially as follows:

"My position seems to be misunderstood. I believe the department will be

more efficient and the commissioner to give his best attention to the duties of the compensation, whether by salary or fees, is clearly and definitely fixed by the actuary for such valuation, and that everything above that amount should be paid to the state. The valuation of the policies of a life insurance company is a matter of great importance, and no company can be fully and thoroughly examined without such valuation. If such valuations are to be made it is absolutely necessary that actuaries be employed to make them. The state might provide to pay such actuaries and then have the fees charged for the work turned into the treasury.

Under the statutes of this state, as they stand now, the state is entitled to no part of the fee paid by the company to the actuary for such valuations. I cannot see that my predecessor, Mr. Dearth, is subject to the slightest criticism because the actuary fees collected from insurance companies for valuing policies, during the past four years, were not turned in to the state treasury. In fact, under the law, I do not see how such a course could have been adopted.

With laws providing for an efficient force, adequately paid, and in addition providing for certain additional fees which I think should be charged, and turned in to the treasury, I believe the state can receive a larger net revenue from the office than it ever has before, and that in saying a good deal, as during the year 1904 there was collected and turned over to the state through this department \$60,755.94, that being the total amount of taxes and fees collected, while the total cost to the state was \$10,375.56."

Sunday Concert
By Flanigan's Third Regiment Band.
Assisted by—
George Taylor, Tenor.
Gerard Tonnies, Pianist.
January 29, at the Lyceum.
Opening number at 3 p. m. All seats 25c.

MUST ENACT MANY REFORMS

La Follette Addresses Wisconsin Legislature at His Election.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 26.—The occasion of the election of Governor La Follette as United States senator was dramatic in the history of Wisconsin. The governor, who had been elected by the people, addressed the legislature at his election.

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WINNEBAGO INDIANS ARRESTED FOR MURDER.

Neenah, Wis., Jan. 26.—Edward Wolf and Charles Williams, Winnebago Indians, have been arrested at Wittenberg and taken to Waupun to answer to the charge of the murder of John Brand in August last. Brand sold a piece of land for \$1200 and shortly afterward disappeared. The Indians are said to have confessed to the crime, and according to their story Brand's body is now in a dugout near Wittenberg, buried under rocks and snow.

RISING BREAST

No woman who uses "Mother's Friend" need fear the suffering and danger incident to birth; for it robs the ordeal of its horror and insures safety to life of mother and child, and leaves her in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery. The child is also healthy, strong and good natured. Our book "Motherhood" is worth its weight in gold to every woman, and will be sent free in plain envelope by addressing application to Bradfield Regulator Co. Atlanta, Ga.

And many other painful and serious ailments from which most mothers suffer, can be avoided by the use of "Mother's Friend." This great remedy is a God-send to women, carrying them through their most critical ordeal with safety and no pain. The child is also healthy, strong and good natured. Our book "Motherhood" is worth its weight in gold to every woman, and will be sent free in plain envelope by addressing application to Bradfield Regulator Co. Atlanta, Ga.

FIRST TO TALK

Judge Tutthill of Chicago Juvenile Court Coming Here.

Will Give Free Lecture on Prevention of Crime.

If the plans of the Duluth Humane society are successful this city and the ranges will be visited, next month, by Circuit Judge Richard S. Tutthill of Chicago, who will deliver free lectures at Duluth, Hibbing, Eveleth and Virginia on the topic, "Prevention of Crime Better Than Punishment."

Humane Officer Withrow, who has the matter in charge, has issued a call to the friends of the movement to better the condition of juvenile offenders, asking them to help defray the expense of bringing Judge Tutthill here, and thus far the responses have been most satisfactory.

Judge Tutthill presides over the famous juvenile court of Cook county, Chicago, the first one of the kind ever established in this country. His experience in dealing from the bench with juvenile offenders has given him a wide and remarkable knowledge and youthful criminals and the best means of treatment for those already starting wrong, as well as an insight into the best methods that might be employed to keep juveniles from getting into trouble.

It has been planned to have Judge Tutthill in this part of the Northwest, Feb. 22, 23, 24 and 25. If he comes the first three days will be spent on the ranges, Saturday, Feb. 25, Judge Tutthill will lecture in the High School assembly hall, Sunday morning, if arrangements are made, he will speak at one of the local churches, and in the afternoon before the local Y. M. C. A. association.

Mr. Withrow, who has been most active in the attempt to bring Judge Tutthill here, says that he has heard the jurist speak on former occasions, and he believes that the lecture here would be productive of good results.

FIRE AT ST. PAUL.

Bannon & Co. Sustain a Loss of \$150,000.

St. Paul, Jan. 26.—Fire which last night completely gutted the department store of Bannon & Co. Severely damaged streets, caused a loss estimated at \$150,000. The fire, when first discovered, was believed to be of minor importance, and was apparently under control. It broke out again, however, with greater fierceness, and spread rapidly throughout the building, which was situated on Seventh street and about the same space on Minnesota street. Owing to the extremely cold weather, the firemen were somewhat handicapped in fighting the flames.

Bannon & Co. carried a stock valued at \$175,000, on which there was an insurance of \$100,000. The loss is estimated at \$150,000, and was the property of the firm, and valued at \$45,000, with insurance of \$35,000.

O'BRIEN GETS PRESIDENCY

Ousts Grillo From Head of American Baseball Association.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—After a heated contest lasting from 10 o'clock in the morning to 10 o'clock last night, J. E. Grillo was ousted from the presidency of the American Association of Baseball clubs and was succeeded by Joseph D. O'Brien, of Milwaukee.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The eleventh futile ballot for United States senator in Washington yesterday resulted as follows: Foster, 4; Fies, 20; Preston, 23; Wilson, 16; Jones, 7; Hogan, 10.

MURDEROUS LADRONES

Kill Surgeon and Private and Wound Others.

Manila, Jan. 26.—Additional details regarding the attack by Ladrones on the town of San Francisco De Malabon last night, in which Contreras, Surgeon J. A. O'Neill was killed, show that the Ladrones numbered 30. They were led by the famous outlaw Monte Alvarado, and the surgeon, who was aided by two American negroes. The Ladrones were armed with knives, pistols and revolvers.

KILLED HIMSELF

But Failed to End Life of Woman.

Minneapolis, Jan. 26.—Edward McGraw, a drinker and gambler, who was indicted for the murder of his wife, Alice, last night, and then turned the weapon upon himself, with fatal result. Mrs. McGraw, suffering from her husband's brutality, had been separated from her wife some time.

TEETH OF CHILDREN

Few mothers know how vitally important is the care of a child's first teeth. The beauty of the permanent set depends almost entirely upon it.

SOZODONT TOOTH POWDER

used with SOZODONT Liquid, prevents accumulation of tartar, yet being free from grit does not scratch the enamel. Do not experiment on baby's teeth. Insist on SOZODONT.

3 FORMS: LIQUID, POWDER, PASTE.

The Stage

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

METROPOLITAN—Frank E. Long company in "Porgies."

FRANK E. LONG COMPANY. The Frank E. Long Stock company last evening presented "Across the Desert" at the Metropolitan and a large audience enjoyed the play. It is a strong melodrama with many interesting and intense scenes. The scenery and other embellishments were excellent.

Everything the market affords at Haley's Restaurant. Popular prices.

KILLED HIMSELF

But Failed to End Life of Woman.

Minneapolis, Jan. 26.—Edward McGraw, a drinker and gambler, who was indicted for the murder of his wife, Alice, last night, and then turned the weapon upon himself, with fatal result. Mrs. McGraw, suffering from her husband's brutality, had been separated from her wife some time.

A CARD.

We, the undersigned do hereby agree to refund the money on a recent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar. If you fail to get a refund, we will send you also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

THREE MEN KILLED

BY BOILER EXPLOSION.

Porte Haute, Ind., Jan. 26.—Three men were killed and several others injured by a boiler explosion that wrecked the building which housed the Standard company's plant yesterday. The dead: LEVI WHITTAKER, HORACE G. GALVIN, and LEONARD PATTERSON.

MRS. CHADWICK FORMALLY DECLARED A BANKRUPT.

Cleveland, Jan. 26.—Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick was yesterday adjudged a bankrupt by the United States district court. Mrs. Chadwick has been ordered to file a list of all her creditors together with a schedule of her assets and liabilities.

Carl Du Bois Dies.

Carl DuBois, aged 58 years, who was committed from this city to the state insane hospital early in the present month, died at that institution Jan. 25. He had been in the hospital for some time, and his death was due to complications arising from his illness.

What to Do if Constipated.

Q. What is the beginning of sickness?
A. Constipation.
Q. What is Constipation?
A. Failure of the bowels to carry off the waste matter which lies in the alimentary canal where it decays and poisons the system. The result is a general debility, and the results are death under the name of some other disease. Note the deaths from this epidemic fever and appendicitis at the present time.
Q. What are the results of neglected Constipation?
A. Nausea, loss of appetite, indigestion, and improper diet.
Q. What are the results of neglected Constipation?
A. Constipation causes more suffering than any other ailment. It causes indigestion, loss of sleep, and general debility. It is the cause of many diseases, and its consequences are known to all physicians. But few sufferers realize their condition until it is too late. Women become confirmed invalids as a result of Constipation.
Q. Do physicians recognize this?
A. Yes. The first question your doctor asks you is "are you constipated?" That is the secret.
Q. Can it be cured?
A. Yes, with proper treatment. The common error is to resort to physics, such as pills, salts, mineral water, castor oil, injections, etc., every one of which is injurious. They weaken and increase the malady. You know this by your own experience. What the opposite effect is what you need.
Q. What then should be done to cure it?
A. Write to Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 307 Third Ave., New York City, who will send you a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic and instructions how to positively cure your Constipation. Constipation is a permanent ailment. Mull's Grape Tonic is a powerful purgative, and it is the only one known to cure Constipation. It is a Grape Compound that overcomes a peculiar healing influence upon the intestines, strengthening the muscles of the alimentary canal so that they can do their work unaided. The process is gradual and it is not a violent cathartic. It is like anything else you have ever used, but it cures Constipation. Having a rich, creamy grape flavor, it is pleasant to take.
Q. Where can Mull's Grape Tonic be had?
A. Your druggist sells it. The dollar bottle contains three times the amount of the 50-cent bottle. It is the best size, but if you write today you will receive the 50-cent bottle free with the instructions. This test will prove its worth.

WINS ONE GAME

Haig Rink Enters Second Round For International Trophy.

Loses In First Round For the Merriam Trophy.

As far as can be learned from the reports sent out from St. Paul, the Duluth rink in the Northwestern league is still in two events, the St. Paul Jobbers' and the International. Yesterday's games knocked the Duluth players out of the contest for the Merriam trophy, Ross, of St. Paul, winning by the score of 16 to 4.

The Griggs rink, of St. Paul, has won the Duluth Jobbers' trophy, defeating Stewart, of the Nushka club by the score of 10 to 6.

The Haig rink was victorious in the first draw for the International trophy, defeating the team from St. Paul, by the score of 8 to 5. The Duluth men have apparently not yet played in the St. Paul Jobbers' trophy.

The following were the results of yesterday's contests:

MERRIAM TROPHY.

First draw—

Ross, St. Paul, 16; Haig, Duluth, 4.

Second draw—

Ross, St. Paul, 16; Hastings, Minneapolis, 6.

INTERNATIONAL TROPHY.

First draw—

Lemon, Winnipeg, 33; Driscoll, St. Paul, 6.

Second draw—

Duluth, 8; Wonn, St. Paul, 6.

SEMI-FINALS.

St. Paul, 12; Lemon, Winnipeg, 12.

ST. PAUL JOBBERS' TROPHY.

First draw—

Fulleton, St. Paul, 12; McLaren, St. Paul, 6.

Second draw—

Orway, St. Paul, 10; Driscoll, St. Paul, 6.

THIRD DRAW—

Griggs, St. Paul, 13; Myron, St. Paul, 10.

RE-PLAY.

Ross, St. Paul, 12; Lorimer, Minneapolis, 6.

Hastings, Minneapolis, 14; Murray, St. Paul, 6.

Fulleton, St. Paul, 8; Orway, St. Paul, 17.

MEYERS TROPHY.

Semi-finals—

Fulleton, St. Paul, 15; Murray, St. Paul, 10.

Final—

Fulleton, St. Paul, 15; Murray, St. Paul, 10.

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Fulleton, St. Paul, 15; Murray, St. Paul, 10.

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High Candle Power Lights

One of our 1905 New Models In Two Sizes For Natural or Artificial GAS



Most light for least gas—that's Welsbach

Gold Medal—the highest honor—awarded to Welsbach at the St. Louis Exposition.

SIX BRANDS

Intensive Welsbach, 35c. Burn Brightest Last Longest

Yusea Welsbach, 35c.

No. 197 Original 1 Welsbach, 30c.

No. 191 Melotte Welsbach, 20c.

No. 2 Cap Welsbach, 20c.

No. 2 Loop Welsbach, 15c.

Beware of Worthless Imitations!

NOTICE: If your dealer cannot supply the Welsbach in their original sealed boxes, on which is the name Welsbach and the Shield of Quality—your protection against imitations—write direct to the Welsbach Factory, Gloucester, N. J., enclosing price, and goods will be sent you by prepaid express.

Genuine Welsbach Goods

FOR SALE BY Board of Water and Light Commissioners, Panton & White Company.

building. The work on the lunch room is nearing completion, and it is expected that it will be opened by Feb. 1.

MEMBERS TO EAT

Lunch Room Being Installed In the Y. M. C. A. Building.

C. A. Building.

Hot Drinks and Light Lunches Will Be Served.

"Have a cup of coffee and a sandwich with me" is likely to prove a popular saying among Y. M. C. A. members after Feb. 1. For the convenience of members who desire to take a gymnasium class at noon, or at 6 o'clock, and for the furtherance of good-fellowship among the members, a lunch room is being installed in the building on East Superior street, and home-cooked provisions will be served at almost any hour of the day that they are called for.

The room will be decorated in white, the walls and ceiling being painted with white enamel paint. The furniture will be of mahogany, and the room will be as clean and as attractive as it is possible to make it.

Four tables, each seating six persons, will be installed at the furtherance of good-fellowship among the members, and the room will be in charge of a Duluth woman, who is noted for her culinary abilities. The menu will include tea, coffee, milk, cream, and other light refreshments, all kinds of sandwiches, bread, rolls, cakes and cookies, pies, baked beans and any other articles that can be served without too extensive preparation. The pastry will be cooked outside the building and brought in, to prevent the odors of the kitchen from spreading through the building. A small gas range has been installed for heating the tea and coffee and doing whatever cooking is necessary in the room.

The lunch room will be kept open from 11 a. m. until 2 p. m. and from 5 p. m. until 10 p. m. This will give all members using the gymnasium at noon or 6 o'clock an opportunity to get their meals without leaving the building, and will also allow the using the building for evening to drop at the lunch room and get a cup of coffee.

The so-called "home-cooking" will be a feature of the lunch room, and the kitchen will be in charge of a Duluth woman, who is noted for her culinary abilities. The menu will include tea, coffee, milk, cream, and other light refreshments, all kinds of sandwiches, bread, rolls, cakes and cookies, pies, baked beans and any other articles that can be served without too extensive preparation. The pastry will be cooked outside the building and brought in, to prevent the odors of the kitchen from spreading through the building. A small gas range has been installed for heating the tea and coffee and doing whatever cooking is necessary in the room.

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For Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, for Weak Lungs and for painful and sensitive parts of the abdomen, Allcock's Plaster should be applied as shown above.

REMEMBER—Allcock's Plaster has been in use over 25 years. They are the original and genuine plaster and have never been equalled as a pain-killer. Guaranteed not to contain belladonna, opium or any poison whatever.

Insist Upon Having Allcock's.

FINE FIDDLES MADE BY COP

Musicians Surprised By
Work of Binghamton
Policeman.

Binghamton, N. Y., Jan. 26.—Out of an old washstand Policeman George Warner, of this city, has made four violins which by their excellence surprise musicians hereabouts. The achievement is the more surprising as Warner is not a musician himself.

Warner has been on the police force for twenty years. Before that he was a farmer and carpenter. Last summer he wanted his 14-year-old son Chauncey to take violin lessons, and looked around for a violin. Good violins cost more than he could afford to pay.

"I was always handy with tools," said he in telling of his experience. "When I worked at carpentering I built several houses, and one time I wanted a special kind of a skeleton wagon to break a team of colts. I could not find anything that was just what I wanted, so I set to work and made one wagon, and it was a good one, too."

"When I couldn't find the kind of a violin that I wanted for Chauncey without paying several hundred dollars, I set to myself. You've built houses and you made that wagon. Why can't you make a good violin? And so I set to work."

He hunted for a second-hand violin until he found a curly maple washstand, about a hundred years old. When he went to a house that has been built for over ninety years and obtained one of the fine attic stoves, which he made the front of his violins. Then he began work.

He did not even have a pair of calipers to gauge the thickness of the wood, but determined when he had obtained the proper thickness by feeling the wood between his fingers and looking through it at a lamp. The work was all done at night when he was off duty.

He whittled and gouged and scraped until he had his stoves reduced to the proper shape for his first instrument. Then he obtained the assistance of J. B. Franklin to help him to glue the violin together.

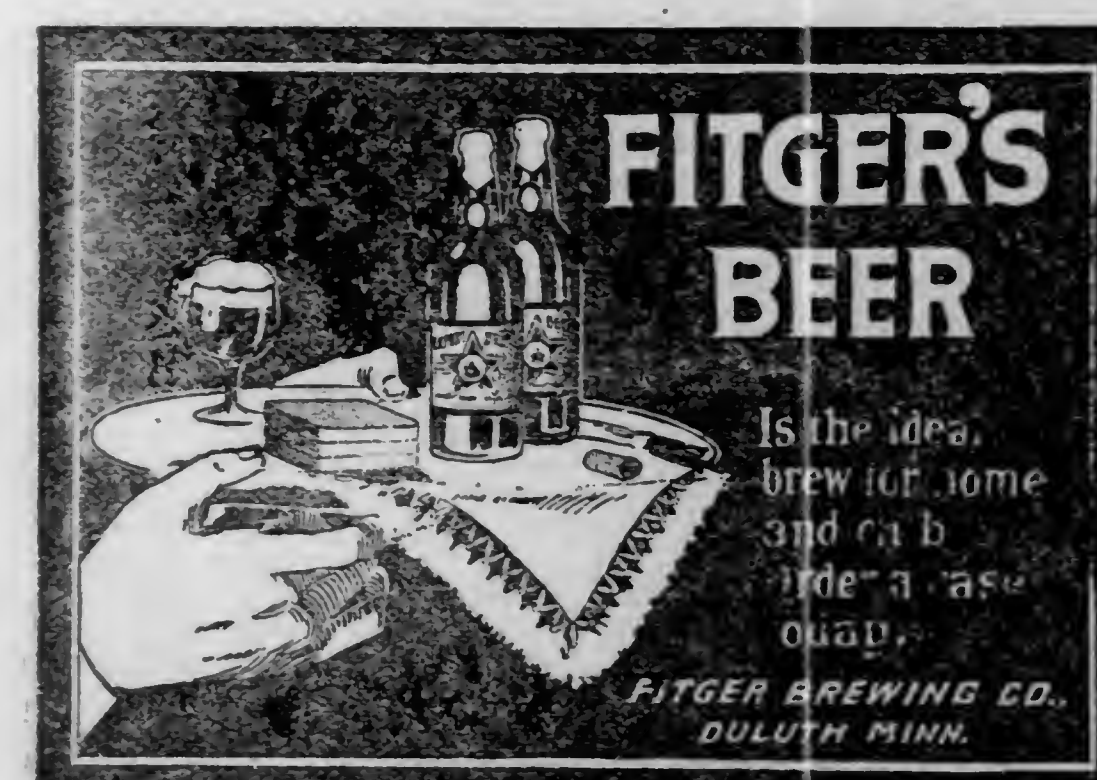
After several weeks the instrument was completed, and after it was thoroughly dried, Warner took it to Professor Fritz, the Chicago violinist, from whom his son took lessons. On trying the instrument, Professor Fritz would not at first believe the story of its manufacture. Its tone surprised him, being rich, clear and strong.

Having succeeded so well, Warner made three more violins. When they were taken to Professor Fritz for trial he was more surprised than at the first one.

WORTH A \$10 CABLEGRAM

Was the Philippine Reception of Bride From Kansas.

Atchison, Kan., Jan. 26.—Mrs. Hoke Simpson, who left her home in Beloit about two months ago as Miss Minnie Schumacher for the Philippines to become the bride of Hoke Simpson, an ex-Belton man, has sent a description of her reception in her foreign home. Miss Schumacher is the young woman who answered by cable her sweetheart's proposal of marriage. It cost him \$100 for the acceptance was followed shortly by the departure of the bride-debt for Santa Maria, Iloilo Sur. The bride was met in Manila by the groom, Mr. Simpson. They were married by the M. E. missionary there and con-



FITZGERALD BEER CO., DULUTH MINN.

IN SHILOH COLONY

Practices of the "Holy Ghost and Us" Followers Described.

Long Fasts That Even the Babies Have to Endure.

Auburn, Me., Jan. 26.—Some new features of the "Holy Ghost and Us" colony at Shiloh were brought out in a case just tried by the probate court here. Charles F. Dunlap, of Portland, petitioned for the appointment of a guardian for his son, C. Archer Dunlap, who is a member of the colony and an enthusiastic follower of Frank Sanford, the leader of the sect. On the ground that he had wasted and spent his estate and was likely to bring his family and himself to want and his town to expense.

The petitioner's real purpose was to get his grandson, Erion Dunlap, out of Shiloh. He alleged that the lad was improperly treated and educated. The court decided the case in favor of the grandfather.

C. Archer Dunlap has been a member of the Shiloh colony since the latter part of 1902. He has turned in all his available means, and like the other disciples, he and his wife are completely under the control of Sanford.

He has one child, a son, Erion, aged 11. A daughter, Margery, died two years ago at the age of 10. Margery died of pneumonia at Shiloh, and did not have medical attendance. Erion, like all the other children at Shiloh, has been made to fast on various occasions and has often been severely punished.

Sanford once told his parents that the boy and girl should be "straightened" and "purified." Then followed weeks of torture, consisting of whippings, terrorizing, threats of hell fire and compulsory confessions. His mother was then allowed to go to her boy, shortly after Thanksgiving, 1904, the child's grandfather sent him a box of fruit, nuts and confectionery and money.

Many atrocities, counsel declared, are practiced on the disciples, both adults and children. Sanford preaches no medicines or medical attendance for the sick, and many deaths have been caused by improper treatment of diseases and neglect, both at Shiloh and at other places where Sanford has branches of his colony.

He has not infrequently ordered fasts covering from one to three days, during which time all adults and all children, sick and well, have been required to abstain completely from nourishment. Children are severely whipped and sometimes punished for trifling offenses. They are taught that modern text books are incorrect, especially histories, and are in apparent conflict with Sanford's teachings.

Six indictments have been returned against Sanford by the grand jury. They charge that he has committed manslaughter in causing the death by neglect of a young boy, and the others are for the abuse of his power and the destruction of property.

In the manslaughter case a verdict of guilty was rendered, but a new trial was granted on exceptions to the rulings of the court. In one of the other indictments, in which he is charged with causing his own son, a small child, to die by neglect, a verdict of guilty was rendered, and the case is now up on appeal.

Sanford's influence over his people has steadily grown in the last few years. Resolutions have been passed by the boards of trade of Portland, Auburn and Lisbon Falls, calling for legislation to suppress the sect. Sanford has been indicted by the grand jury of each of these towns for the same offense.

The Rev. N. H. Harriman, who is a graduate of Harvard and a member of the Shiloh colony, was one of the first witnesses called on behalf of the petitioner. He testified that Sanford preaches that he is Elijah, David and Melchizedek.

"He claims he was one of the witnesses referred to in the Bible?" "Yes."

"What was his control over the people?" "Absolute."

"For what reason did they obey him?" "I can tell why I obeyed. Through fear. I greatly feared Mr. Sanford."

"What does he teach will happen to them if they disobey him?" "That they will go down the road to hell, full of demons."

"What will you consider his greatest form of cruelty?" "He breaks a person's will by fasts and punishments until he can stand out no longer."

Asked if he knew C. Archer Dunlap, Mr. Harriman said he did, and that he duties at Shiloh were to tend the pens, act as stenographer to Mr. Sanford and play the organ, besides making himself useful in many ways. Dunlap was severely disciplined by Sanford, being made the butt of ridicule and sarcasm. If this treatment was not effective, he was threatened and punished.

George A. Barton, of this city, who has been a member of the Shiloh colony, testified that it was the practice for members to turn over their property to "the Kingdom." He had given Sanford \$100.

John Swart, of Lewiston, testified that it was the custom to have fasting and fasts at Shiloh, and that even nursing babies. He said his wife had a baby and was not allowed to nurse it during the periods of fasting.

Julia A. Barton testified that a child who took a crust of bread to appease his hunger during the fast was obliged to confess before the sect and be thrashed. When one boy disobeyed it was recommended that he be taken into the woods and severely thrashed.

Charles F. Dunlap, the petitioner, and all other persons or parties

testified that his son had a business which paid him from \$500 to \$1000 before he went to Shiloh. He was willing to support both his son and his family if they would leave Sanford's place. He would give his son a salary of \$200 a year and would guarantee to give the grandson as good an education as money could procure.

Joseph Harriman, brother of the Rev. N. H. Harriman, testified for the defense that he believed Sanford was infatigable and "as the representative of God, I believe he is perfect."

"How do you feel toward your father since he left Shiloh?" "I have no fellowship whatever for my father."

Miss F. E. Richardson, one of the teachers in Sanford's schools, testified that all the Shilohites loved him and that she had not known babies or any one else to suffer at Shiloh.

She declared her belief that Sanford was Elijah, David and one of the two witnesses. She also expressed the belief that Sanford was the son of God and that he had been sent to earth to do his work in this world.

Miss Richardson said she thought her leader was the most perfect man on earth, the one most loved by God, and she would follow him to do his work in this world.

"Do you believe that a person who disobeys God will be condemned to hell?" "If a person disobeys God he will be condemned; likewise if he disobeys the word of God as spoken by Mr. Sanford."

Erion Dunlap, the object of his grandfather's petition, testified that he had been with his parents all the time he was in Shiloh, that they treated him with love and kindness and did not abuse him. He said he had a comfortable home and returned the box of sweets sent by his grandfather of his own accord. He thought Sanford was God's prophet.

The Rev. Mr. Harriman was called in rebuttal. He was asked if he was fast at Shiloh when there was no illness. He remembered the Easter fast in 1904, when most of the people went without food for eight days.

Mr. Harriman told of the deception that was practiced at Shiloh while they were in the health resort. He said that the knowledge of the health officers so the place would not be quarantined. Miss Grace Harriman also testified that when the smallpox was there one of the elders gave out word that the fact should not be made public, as it would not look well for Mr. Sanford.

The Rev. C. E. Holland, of Shiloh, was asked if he had ever known anyone who admitted holding that belief. He said he believed Sanford was Elijah and had been because of what is said in the Bible.

It was after this testimony that the court awarded Erion Dunlap's custody to his grandfather.

THE ARMY IN REVOLT PLOT

Says Young Russian at
Grand Rapids, Mich.,
Who Deserted.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Jan. 26.—Henry Siegel, aged 25, nephew of the late Emperor of Russia, who was a member of the Russian revolution, arrived here two weeks ago, having deserted from the Russian army. He is now in the city of Grand Rapids, Mich., and is said to be in the hands of the police.

Mr. Siegel is the son of a Russian nobleman and was educated in St. Petersburg. He was a member of the Russian revolution and was active in the movement to overthrow the present government.

He is now in the hands of the police and is being held in custody. He is said to be a dangerous man and is being kept under close watch.

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HIGH CLASS DRUGGISTS AND - OTHERS.

The better class of druggists, everywhere, are men of scientific attainments and high integrity, who devote their lives to the welfare of their fellow men in supplying the best of remedies and purest medicinal agents of known value, in accordance with physicians' prescriptions and scientific formula. Druggists of the better class manufacture many excellent remedies, but they are the men to deal with when in need of anything in their line, which usually includes all standard remedies and corresponding adjuncts of a first-class pharmacy and the finest and best of toilet articles and preparations and many useful accessories and remedial appliances. The earning of a fair living, with the satisfaction which arises from a knowledge of the benefits conferred upon their patrons and assistance to the medical profession, is usually their greatest reward for long years of study and many hours of daily toil. They all know that Syrup of Figs is an excellent laxative remedy and that it gives universal satisfaction, and therefore they are selling many millions of bottles annually to the well informed purchasers of the choicest remedies, and they always take pleasure in handing out the genuine article bearing the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package. They know that in cases of colds and headaches attended by biliousness and constipation and of weakness or torpidity of the liver and bowels, arising from irregular habits, indigestion, or over-eating, that there is no other remedy so pleasant, prompt and beneficial in its effects as Syrup of Figs, and they are glad to sell it because it gives universal satisfaction.

Owing to the excellence of Syrup of Figs, the universal satisfaction which it gives and the immense demand for it, imitations have been made, tried and condemned, but there are individual druggists to be found here and there, who do not maintain the dignity and principles of the profession and whose greed gets the better of their judgment, and who do not hesitate to recommend and try to sell the imitations in order to make a larger profit. Such preparations sometimes have the name—"Syrup of Figs"—or "Fig Syrup"—and of some piratical concern, or fictitious fig syrup company, printed on the package, but they never have the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of the package. The imitations should be rejected because they are injurious to the system. In order to sell the imitations they find it necessary to resort to misrepresentation or deception, and whenever a dealer passes off on a customer a preparation under the name of "Syrup of Figs" or "Fig Syrup," which does not bear the full name of the California Fig Syrup Co. printed on the front of the package, he is attempting to deceive and mislead the patron who has been so unfortunate as to enter his establishment, whether it be large or small, for if the dealer resorts to misrepresentation and deception in one case he will do so with other medicinal agents, and in the filling of physicians' prescriptions, and should be avoided by every one who values health and happiness. Knowing that the great majority of druggists are reliable, we supply the immense demand for our excellent remedy entirely through the druggists, of whom it may be purchased everywhere, in original packages only, at the regular price of fifty cents per bottle, but as exceptions exist it is necessary to inform the public of the facts, in order that all may decline or return any imitation which may be sold to them. If it does not bear the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package, do not hesitate to return the article and to demand the return of your money, and in future go to one of the better class of druggists who will sell you what you wish and the best of everything in his line at reasonable prices.

unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein.

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, this 12th day of January, A. D. 1905.

J. P. JOHNSON, Clerk.
V. A. DASH, Deputy.
(Seal of District Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Jan. 19-26, Feb. 2, 1905.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Henry H. Harrison, applicant to have registered the land situated in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and described as follows: Lots 1 and 2 in block 25, Marine division of Duluth, St. Louis county, Minnesota, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county.

vs.

And all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein.

Defendants.

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Duluth Evening Herald—Jan. 19-26, Feb. 2, 1905.

Storage and Moving

We invite parties who are thinking of storing their goods to call and inspect our storehouse at 510, 512, 514 East Superior street. We want them to see for themselves how we are prepared to take care of their goods.

NO MISREPRESENTATION

Special heated room for Pianos. No extra charge. Private rooms if desired. Our rates for storage and insurance are very low.

We move you in our large "VANS" cheaper than you can get the work done in DRAYS. Get our price.

Duluth Van & Storage Co.

Both 'Phones, 492. 210 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

REVIVO
RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.

FRENCH REMEDY
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Cures all diseases of the blood, and restores vitality, strength, and energy. It is a French remedy, which unites one for study, business or marriage. It is not only a cure for all diseases of the blood, but it is a cure for all diseases of the body. It is a French remedy, which unites one for study, business or marriage. It is not only a cure for all diseases of the blood, but it is a cure for all diseases of the body. It is a French remedy, which unites one for study, business or marriage. It is not only a cure for all diseases of the blood, but it is a cure for all diseases of the body.

MEN AND WOMEN.
The Big C for unnatural...
Cures all diseases of the blood, and restores vitality, strength, and energy. It is a French remedy, which unites one for study, business or marriage. It is not only a cure for all diseases of the blood, but it is a cure for all diseases of the body. It is a French remedy, which unites one for study, business or marriage. It is not only a cure for all diseases of the blood, but it is a cure for all diseases of the body.

PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Genuine...
Cures all diseases of the blood, and restores vitality, strength, and energy. It is a French remedy, which unites one for study, business or marriage. It is not only a cure for all diseases of the blood, but it is a cure for all diseases of the body. It is a French remedy, which unites one for study, business or marriage. It is not only a cure for all diseases of the blood, but it is a cure for all diseases of the body.

MEN NERVE BEANS
Nervousness, all kinds of...
Cures all diseases of the blood, and restores vitality, strength, and energy. It is a French remedy, which unites one for study, business or marriage. It is not only a cure for all diseases of the blood, but it is a cure for all diseases of the body. It is a French remedy, which unites one for study, business or marriage. It is not only a cure for all diseases of the blood, but it is a cure for all diseases of the body.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis
In Probate Court, Special Term, January 17th, 1905.
In the matter of the Estate of Laura Kennedy, Deceased:
It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order in which all persons having claims or demands against the estate deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

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SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

A Climax of Seasonable Bargains Tomorrow

NOTICE.

All goods bought after the 25th of the month will be charged on the following month's bill.
S. & B. CO.

The choicest of the season's styles. Not a doubtful garment in the lot. No uncertainty in making a choice—and yet the prices are less than you are asked for lines offered as bargains elsewhere with not a single good feature to recommend them. Reliable styles at end-of-season prices. That's the S. & B. Co.'s way of cleaning up stocks.



\$22.50, \$27.50 and \$32.50 Tailored Suits Tomorrow at \$10.00.

Ones and twos from lines we are closing out—materials are fancy mixed suitings and coverts; colors—browns, blues, etc. Some in tight-fitted coats, others in tourist style. All skirts pleated. But 34 suits in the lot—one of the most advantageous offers of the season. Choice, \$10.00.

\$18.50 TO \$27.50 COATS AT \$10.00—About 25 of those long loose coats now so popular. Materials are heavy fancy mixtures, tweeds, etc. Choice tomorrow, \$10.00.

\$8.50 TO \$13.50 HEAVY WALKING SKIRTS AT \$5.00—Clean-up time on heavy Walking Skirts. Tomorrow we place on sale a line of man-tailored skirts, in black, blue, brown and oxford; values which have been selling from \$8.50 to \$13.50. Choice tomorrow, \$5.00.

New Silk Shirt Waist Suits \$17.50.

Early arrivals with that daintiness of style which characterizes all the S. & B. Co.'s garments. Colors are new blue, green and soft brown-toning into the Havana shade—and the price \$17.50.

Remember the sale of fine Fur Scarfs at HALF.

Final Riddance of Fine Millinery Tomorrow!

\$15.00 TO \$37.50 PATTERN AND DRESS HATS AT \$8.50—Tomorrow we offer choice of every pattern and dress hat in the house at \$8.50. Less than the price of the materials and ostrich plumes.

\$4.50 TO \$7.50 STREET HATS AT \$1.25 AND \$1.75—Final reductions on the balance of all our street and suit hats. An opportunity to get a beautiful hat at a fraction of cost while there's yet four months to wear it.

A systematic condensing of stocks and prices which will attract every careful buyer to the S. & B. Co.'s establishment

TOMORROW!

Every Tailored Suit in the house

AT HALF

Every Velvet and Cloth Coat in the house

AT HALF

All Children's Coats at Half tomorrow.

\$6.75 and \$7.50

Silk Waists \$4.75.

Clearance of Chiffon Taffeta Waists—odd numbers from regular lines that sold at almost double. Colors—blue, brown and black; also a few fancy effects in the lot. Choice tomorrow, \$4.75.

\$4.75 to \$8.75 Waists \$3.75—

A line of warm Waists in Prunella, Granite and Voile, mostly all colors to choose from—clearance price, \$3.75.

\$3.75 to \$5.75 Waists \$2.00—

This line consists of Nuns' Veiling, Granite and Sicilian materials—not all sizes but nearly all popular shades—choice tomorrow, \$2.00.

Store open tomorrow evening until 10



Last day of the Special Demonstration of the celebrated American Lady Corsets.

EXPERT FITTING FREE.

Every tenth corset fitted will be given absolutely free of charge, regardless of cost.
S. & B. CO.

Last Day of the White Sale

An important clearance of all lines tomorrow.

Ending days of the greatest White Sale ever known in Duluth. Note these values on the better lines of FINE LINGERIE.

38c for Drawers which have been selling at 50c, sale price.

50c for Chemise which have been selling at 75c, sale price.

75c for choice of a lot of fine Corset Covers, slightly soiled by handling—\$1.75 and \$2.50 values.

\$1.25 for choice of a beautiful line of French lingerie, consisting of Chemise, Skirts, Drawers, Corset Covers, etc., slightly mussed by handling—values selling at \$2.00 and \$2.50.



Special clearance beautiful corset covers tomorrow.

50c for all Corset Covers which should sell regularly at 75c.

75c for all Corset Covers which should sell regularly at 85c and \$1.00.

\$1.00 for all Corset Covers which should sell regularly at \$1.25 and \$1.50.

\$1.25 for all Corset Covers which should sell regularly at \$1.75.

\$1.50 for all Corset Covers which should sell reg. from \$2.25 to \$2.75.

\$2.50 for all Corset Covers which should sell regularly at \$3.50 and \$4.00.

EXTRA SPECIAL—French Lingerie at Half. Tomorrow we place on sale at Half all fine French lingerie shown during the past two weeks and slightly mussed by handling. Values up to \$8.50.

New Silk Girdles on Sale Tomorrow.

They've just arrived—dainty conceits that embody the correct ideas of the Parisian modistes—tucked, gathered and shirred effects in shaped styles—trimmed with crocheted rings, buttons, etc. Prices commence at \$1.00.

New Skirts—New Waists—for Spring 1905.

Although it is yet early we are showing many handsome models of the correct styles for the coming season—each day sees the showing increase. New skirts in the latest cut, direct reproductions from Paris models. Pretty creations in nobby waists, silk pleated and chiffon effects. The new shirts, etc. You are invited to look these over when in the store.

NOW WITH JURY

Frank Mox Trial on First Indictment Is Closed.

Trial Begun on Indictment Charging Forgery in Third Degree.

The fate of Frank Mox, road foreman in Commissioner Kugler's district, and charged with intent to defraud the county of \$25, rests with the jury. The testimony was completed at the noon hour today, and the arguments to the jury began at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon.

During the morning session Frank Mox was on the witness stand for cross-examination, and Commissioner F. W. Kugler and Assistant Attorney W. G. Crosby were called as witnesses for the defense.

Following the testimony of yesterday that he was engaged on the election board in the town of Ghessen all day Nov. 8, by reason of his office as town clerk, Frank Mox admitted that he served on the election board on the date mentioned, and that he was paid for his services on such board. He admitted, also, that he put in a claim against the county for \$2.75 for road work for the same day, in his capacity as foreman, and claimed that he did so with the express consent and at the direction of Commissioner Kugler, by whom he is employed to act as election foreman.

During which he had driven about over the roads with Mr. Kugler. He claimed that he made no charge for that work, nor for over time.

Several times Mr. Crosby pushed the witness to tell what work he had actually performed for the county Nov. 8, and that many times Mr. Mox made the jury what he considered as duties of a road foreman, Mr. Kugler said that Mr. Mox was hired with the understanding that he was to buy the tools, gather up the crews on road work, keep the time of the men, superintend the construction work, plan and outline the work, go over and inspect the roads and keep them in repair. He declared that his notion of a foreman or overseer did not mean a person who should work with a shovel and hoe alongside the other men, except when necessary might arise.

Commissioner Kugler further claimed that when Mr. Mox was hired it was the understanding that so long as the crew worked the road foreman's responsibility did not cease, that he was to be held responsible for the work, even though he might be absent. Mr. Kugler said that the road foreman, except as a matter of necessity, was never absent from the work, unless he had previously gained the consent of the commissioner of the district, and that if there was such absence without consent, the foreman could not charge the county for work alleged to have been done.

Under cross-examination Mr. Kugler said that the commissioner was boss of the road work and over the road foreman, and that if he gave the foreman permission to be absent from the work, while his pay should go on, he, the commissioner, was acting entirely within his privileges, as he understood them.

As to Frank Mox's absence from the work Nov. 8, Commissioner Kugler said he had talked the matter over with him and advised him to put in his time for the day at the regular scale of wages. Mr. Kugler explained that Mr. Mox had worked steadily and had not worked in and in hours on a Sunday for which he received no pay, and it seemed fair and just to give him an occasional holiday from the work, although he was held responsible for the work.

Mr. Kugler said that in giving his foreman permission to be absent from the work on the day of Nov. 8, he was not making any mistake about it. If there was any mistake about it, it was his own, and not Mox's mistake.

Mr. Kugler denied that he ever told Mr. Mox to give him an occasional holiday from the work, although he was held responsible for the work.

"Under the board resolution fixing the wages of a foreman," said Mr. Crosby, "do you say that you had the right, if he did not work at all, and if his crew worked, to let him be paid for his work?"

"Yes, sir," replied Mr. Kugler. "Was that the theory on which you advised the bill?"

"Yes, sir," replied Mr. Kugler. "Did you explain this matter to the other members of the board?"

"No, sir," replied Mr. Kugler. "Then you know that in order to recover pay for work which had not been performed, the foreman must swear he had performed the work on that day?"

"Yes, sir," replied Mr. Kugler. "Your theory was that Mr. Mox had worked pretty steadily, including Sunday, and that he was entitled to pay for the two days he was on the election board?"

"No, sir," replied Mr. Kugler. "I always contended that his responsibility never ceased while the crew was working, and that therefore, he was entitled to his wages."

"Even when the time of the men was being kept by another man?"

"Yes, sir," replied Mr. Kugler. "Did you ever have any talk with Mox as to how long he was to be paid for responsibility?"

"No, sir," replied Mr. Kugler. "The bills presented by Mox for September and October, were audited by the board and yourself, then, on the theory that he might not have worked 10 hours per day for the days for which he charged the county, consider some idea that actual labor was meant by work?"

"Without obtaining from Mox any statement as to how much time represented responsibility and how much labor?"

"Yes, sir," replied Mr. Kugler. "When he put down 16 hours of work for Nov. 8, you know that he had performed none of his duties, except responsibility?"

"Yes, sir," replied Mr. Kugler. "Ten hours of responsibility?"

"Yes, sir," replied Mr. Kugler. "You knew that when he presented this bill that Mox's statement was untrue and false, except as you interpreted the word work performed to be responsibility for the work of others, and that only by that interpretation the man was not committing a crime?"

"No, sir," replied Mr. Kugler. "Has the county board ever passed a resolution that the road foreman had a right to charge for responsibility when he was absent from the work?"

"No, sir," replied Mr. Kugler. "Whenever you chose to tell him, he could be absent from the work and get pay for it?"

"Yes, sir," replied Mr. Kugler. "Mr. Crosby, when called to the stand, by the defense, was asked several preliminary questions as to the capacity of his service. Questioned as to his acting as an advisor of the board, Mr. Crosby said he did when requested. As to the form of affidavit such as Mox used to make his sworn statement, Mr. Crosby could not tell how long it has been used in the county, and he never examined it particularly until the present case came up."

Mr. Fryberger's parting question at Mr. Crosby was as to how much of his time he devoted to the affairs of St. Louis county and how much to private affairs. To this Mr. McClintock objected, and Mr. Fryberger withdrew. With this final matter, in fact he would not press any objection to it. With this final little passage between the attorneys, the case was closed and an adjournment taken preliminary to the arguments to the jury.

CITY BRIEFS

Wedding engraving, North-Land Printing.

Open for business, Sullivan's barber shop.

Dr. Frank Lynam gave the first in a series of three lectures on "The Care of the Body" before about seventy members of the Y. M. C. A. last evening.

The lecture was devoted to the topics of "Digestion and Breathing" and proved very interesting and instructive.

The next two will deal with "Nerves and Muscles" and "The Brain."

The parents and friends of the members of the Boys' department of the Y. M. C. A. will have an opportunity to see the boys go through their gymnasium exercises this evening at 8 o'clock when a public exhibition will be given under the direction of Professor Cole. No admission will be charged.

We have on hand a large supply of fresh cut carnations for McKinley day, Jan. 28. Eschen Bros.

Andrew Sandelin, a laborer employed in Woodruff's planing mill on Garfield avenue, was taken to St. Luke's hospital this afternoon with a badly bruised leg, the result of injuries sustained while working in the mill. No serious results are expected.

Mr. C. A. will have an opportunity to see the boys go through their gymnasium exercises this evening at 8 o'clock when a public exhibition will be given under the direction of Professor Cole. No admission will be charged.

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SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Monday, January 30

Commences the greatest Furniture Clearance ever announced in Duluth. The Silberstein & Bondy Company having decided to discontinue their entire furniture line, announce a thorough clearance of their splendid stock at—

Exactly HALF Price



SEE PARTICULARS IN SUNDAY'S PAPER.



W. Teo left this afternoon for Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Hale leave this evening for San Francisco, to stop at Bishop en route. They will return via Portland.

W. W. Carter left today for North Branch.

H. W. Coffin left today for Wausau.

St. Paul, Jan. 27.—A passenger today to St. Paul.

Mrs. E. H. Lower left last night for a two weeks' visit with her aunt at St. Paul.

here. He was the author of many articles on architecture and horticulture.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 27.—A report has reached here from Nogales, Ariz., that four men were killed there this morning in a fight in a saloon. The dead are said to be all well-known Arizona men.

BUT TWO BATTLESHIPS ARE RECOMMENDED.

Washington, Jan. 27.—The house committee on naval affairs today decided upon the naval increase program to be incorporated in the naval appropriation bill providing for but two battleships. They are to be of 16,000 tons each, representing the largest type and carrying the heaviest armament and armor. The vote by which two were adopted was thirteen to four.

SCORES AT BONSPIEL.

Duluth Rink Wins Game In International Event.

St. Paul, Jan. 27.—Winning scores were easily made in today's events in the Northwestern bonspiel. Only two matches were played. In the international match W. W. Lorimer, of the Flour City team, defeated W. S. Fullerton, of the Onawa club, by a score of 10 to 6. Charles Brewer, of Duluth, skipping the A. S. Hagg rink, defeated Dr. Lightner, 12 to 8. W. H. Hagg, of Nushka, forfeited to C. M. Griggs, of the Nushka club.

In the semi-final of the St. Paul Jobbers' trophy, Griggs defeated L. P. Ordway, 16 to 4.

New York, Jan. 27.—George Evertson Woodward, a civil engineer who took part in the construction of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad and later its chief engineer, is dead at his home

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Walter A. Von Wald and Hulda Quate.

DEATHS.

JOHNSON—Carl August Johnson, aged 36 years, died Jan. 27, at 504 South Sixth avenue west.

DUNNIS—Rosanna Dunnis, aged 26 years, died Jan. 26, at 1529 West Michigan street.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FACIAL MASSAGE BY THE NEW VIBRATORY method used at Miss Horigan's Drug Store. Softens and beautifies the complexion and removes wrinkles, pimples and discolorations.

Prettiest girls in town use Satin Skin Cream and Satin Face Powder.

HOTEL AT FOND DU LAC WILL REPAIR TO SUIT. Tenants very small rental; party must be fine cook and tidy. Cheap place to live in this section. Big trade in summer time. Write to Charles Gasper, Fond du Lac, Minn.

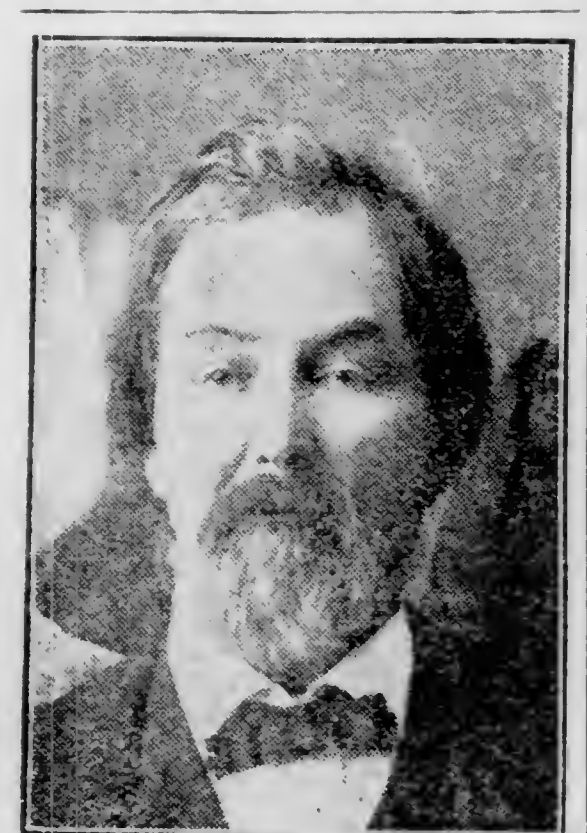
VERY WARM, NICELY FURNISHED room. 235 Fifth avenue east.

DOMESTIC BREAK

Common Law Wife Asks
For Decree of
Divorce.

Mrs. Caroline Howenstine
Brings Action Against
William Howenstine.

After a common law marriage covering a period of thirty-four years, Caroline Howenstine has instituted in district court of this county, divorce proceedings against William Howenstine, charging cruelty and ill-treatment. Capt. Howenstine has filed an answer to the complaint, denying the charges made, also a cross bill for a divorce, alleging that his wife is "intellectually weak," and that she deserted him of her own accord seven years ago.



WILLIAM HOWENSTINE.
Pioneer Resident on Minnesota Point,
Who is Sued for Divorce by Common-Law Wife of 34 Years.

Howenstine alleges that she is 49 and her husband 74 years of age. She claims that on or about the year 1871, she and William Howenstine entered into a contract of marriage by virtue of which they have been and are now husband and wife. From this marriage there have been six children with ages ranging from 14 to 25 years of age, two of the older ones having been married for several years.

Mrs. Howenstine says she resided continuously with her husband at the old Howenstine homestead on Minnesota Point, until September, 1898, when, by reason of cruel treatment, she was forced to leave and has since supported herself by working out and receiving assistance from her friends and neighbors.

She alleges that her husband began a course of cruel and inhuman treatment fifteen years ago and that she stood it for a period of eight years, during which time he is alleged to have compelled her to cut all the wood and do other heavy manual labor about the place.

Mrs. Howenstine further alleges that her husband repeatedly, and without cause, struck and beat her and even compelled their son to strike her with a club, at one instance requesting him to kill his mother. She claims that on this occasion she had to take refuge at the home of a neighbor. At the time she left home in 1898, Mrs. Howenstine claims that her husband threatened to kill her with a razor.

She alleges Captain Howenstine to be a man of large means, setting forth specifically that he has \$500 in cash, and controls property valued at \$10,000 from which he derives an annual income of at least \$1000. Charges are made in the complaint that Captain Howenstine refused to provide her with sufficient clothing and gave her food of an inferior quality.

Captain Howenstine, in his answer filed by Charles J. Ryan, a superior attorney, admits the common law marriage and his wife's continuous residence with him to September, 1898. He denies, in toto, the charges of cruelty and inhuman treatment and claims that he always treated her well and with consideration and never threatened her with violence, compelled the children to, or asked her to do work

out of the ordinary line of housekeeping.

Mrs. Howenstine petitions the court for a decree of separation from Captain Howenstine's bed and board forever, and controls property valued at \$10,000 from which he derives an annual income of at least \$1000. Charges are made in the complaint that Captain Howenstine refused to provide her with sufficient clothing and gave her food of an inferior quality.

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Notice!

Parties who had paid and had goods laid by at Bernhard's can have such goods by calling at our store and paying the balance still due on same.

We Place on Sale Tomorrow Morning Bernhard's Entire Stock of Suits, Cloaks, Skirts, Silk Petticoats, Waists, Children's Coats, Etc., at About 40c to 50c on the Dollar!

This sale will offer a money-saving opportunity which does not come your way very often. Mr. Bernhard, who was suddenly called to Europe on account of the weak condition of his father, was placed in a position to sell his stock at once at any sacrifice. He came to us and asked for an offer to buy the stock and fixtures. We looked the stock over and made him one—not a very high one. Mr. Bernhard hesitated to accept it, considering it much too small, but wanting to wind up at once he finally accepted it. We consider the purchase an unusually fortunate one, not only on account of the low price we paid for it, but also on account of the specially good condition this stock is in. Mr. Bernhard disposed of very nearly all his early purchased stock, and found it necessary to go East after Christmas to buy new goods. A large portion of the goods is, therefore, stock received by him within the past week or two. All of it will be on sale tomorrow. The stock is being assorted and marked while this goes to press, and we can give you only a small conception of the many good bargains. Prices will be lower than any ever made in the cloak line. Here is what you may expect:

\$6.00 and \$5.00 Taffeta Silk Petticoats at \$2.98
\$5.00 Walking Skirts at \$2.50
\$13.00 Walking Skirts at \$3.50
\$10.00 Walking Skirts at \$5.00
\$12.50 Silk and Voile Skirts at \$6.25

\$15.00 Silk and Voile Skirts at \$7.50
\$16.50 Silk and Voile Skirts at \$8.25
\$17.50 Walking Skirts at \$6.50
\$17.50 Walking Skirts at \$8.75
\$25.00 Walking Skirts at \$11.75

\$1.00 Brooches at 39c.

Odd lot, about 100 in all, Ladies' Brooches and Belt Pins—in large variety of design; worth up to \$1.00—
Saturday only 39c

At the Drug Counter Tomorrow.

75c PERFUMES—Vivian's celebrated perfumes—choice of eleven odors—Saturday's special—per oz. 43c

35c FACE POWDER—Henry Tetlow's face powder, all tints, white, flesh and brunette—Saturday's special—per box 23c

25c TALCUM POWDER—Colgate's Violet perfumed borated talcum powder—Saturday's special—per can 15c

25c JAR ROSALINE—Dr. Parker Pray's Rosaline for the finger nails, face and lips—Saturday's special—per jar 19c

75c VIOLET TOILET WATER—Bradley's violet perfumed toilet water, exquisite odor of wild violets—Saturday's special, per bottle 50c

25c BOTTLE MILK OF CUCUMBER—A refined lotion for curing the skin—Saturday's special—per bottle 15c

40c PERFUMED TOILET SOAP—James S. Kirk's famous line of Summer Bouquet perfumed soaps—4 cakes in box—Saturday 25c

New Neckwear Just Received.

PRETTY EMBROIDERED TOP COLLARS—in all white, blue on white, brown and green on white—reg. 15c kind—Saturday 10c

ANOTHER LINE MUCH RICHER embroidered than the above, on fine mercerized cloth—beautiful patterns, reg. 25c kind—Saturday 19c

EMBROIDERED STOCKS in white, blue, green and brown, at 32c

Waists!

A large range of wool, mohair, Jap silk and taffeta silk shirt waists—all new and up-to-date—at less than the cost of the material. Look for Bargains and you will not be disappointed.

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Sample Muslin Underwear.

Final wind-up of travelers' sample Underwear at from one-third to one-half regular prices. The Bargain Square and other tables on our main floor are piled high with these beautiful goods. Prices range from 35c to \$5.00 for the gowns—from 21c to \$2.25 for corset covers—15c up to \$3.50 for the skirts—and from 21c up to \$2.00 for the drawers. All sample garments, no two alike, and positively worth from one-third to one-half more than what we ask.

15c PLAT VAL LACES AT 10c.

2000 yards fancy Plat. Val. Laces and Insertions, in beautiful line of new patterns. Laces run from 2 to 5 inches wide and are worth 15c yd.—Saturday 10c

10c TORCHON LACES AT 5c.

1500 yards of machine Torchon Laces, all widths and hundreds of patterns; worth 10c a yard—Saturday 5c

Big Clearing Prices in Daylight Basement.

These are snaps that won't last long—so come early.

SLEDS.

Every Sled in the house at HALF PRICE

29c Sleds 15c
50c Sleds 25c
98c Sleds 45c
\$1.25 Sleds 63c
\$1.69 Sleds 85c

SKATES.

One-third off on all Skates, including hockey skates.

50c Skates 35c
95c Skates 65c
\$1.50 Skates \$1.00
\$2.25 Skates \$1.50
\$2.85 Skates \$1.90
\$4.50 Skates \$3.00

COPPER BOILERS.

Heavy copper-bottom wash boilers, Nos. 8 and 9 size—worth \$1.50—Special, each 98c

TOOLS.

Carpenters' and household tools. A little load of them. All to go at half price.

45c Saws, at 23c
39c Saws, at 20c
35c Saws, at 18c

25c Hammers, at 12 1/2c
25c Axes, at 12 1/2c
30c Rules, at 20c
20c Screwdrivers, at 10c
10c Bits, at 5c
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FRUIT SAUCERS.

Fruit Saucers to match—each 4c

FANCY BASKETS. Fancy silk-lined Baskets, worth up to 69c—Special, each 25c

SLOP JARS. Combinets Slop Jars with cover and handle, worth \$1.25—Special—each 89c

PITCHERS AND BASINS. Fancy shape Pitchers and Basins, worth \$1.25—each 69c

10c SPECIALS. Cups and Saucers—Creamers—Salad Bowls—Egg Cups—Pickles, and many other articles worth up to 35c—Your choice 10c

SIFTERS. Shaker Flour Sifters, worth 25c—Special, each 15c

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WHITE SALE

The January white sale closes at 10 o'clock tomorrow night. Great and remarkable values continue in all white lines. Muslin underwear specials. Household linen specials. Cottons, embroideries, laces, white goods and wash fabrics.

Open Until 10 Saturday Night.

Come Out and Meet Your Friends.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
LADIES' WRAPPERS—Flannelette and percale wrappers, originally selling up to \$1.75—59c
odds and ends, choice, Saturday

FURNITURE

The great annual January furniture sale is in full blast Saturday at the Glass Block—better qualities of furniture are selling way below "installment store" and "trust" prices. This is the time of year to buy. Furniture stored free until you have it delivered.



We close our year Saturday with a grand rush

of buying and selling, just as we commenced it. Tomorrow night we count stock, after you have rushed us during the day. During the past ten days' counting and measuring, many lots have been unearthed which we positively refuse to take into stock for next year, or even put on our stock sheets. *Some lines are fine and some are not so good*, but all will be good bargains at our Saturday prices. Read carefully every item, get your money ready, and be on hand when the doors will open for the last day's pre-inventory selling, at 8:30 a. m. Saturday.

Last call—Men's caps.

All the odd lines and broken lots of men's good winter caps got to go Saturday. The caps are as good as ever—the lots alone are broken—the regular values are 75c—25c and 50c—now take your pick for.

Saturday drug snaps.

Call and pick up these odds and ends Saturday. 50c bottles of imported toilet waters. 25c rubber complexion brushes, last call. 15c 30c nail brushes—choice all kinds and sizes. 10c 25c boxes of Silver Cream, finest silver polish. 10c 25c boxes of Silver Salt, the "no-rub" cleaner. 10c 25c cakes of Mederine soap, true antiseptic. 12c 5c bottles Hood's Beef, Iron and Wine, only. 48c 5c bottles imported olive oil, last call. 19c

Last call 1905 calendars

Your pick of any calendar in the house—regular prices from 50c to \$1.95—some very handsome ones in the lot—last call Saturday. 19c

Wood patterns to burn.

About 50 pieces of basswood—all sorts of fancy articles, stamped and plain, all ready for burning—also some finished pieces—paper baskets, plaques, frames, match safes, etc. 1/2 price

Art needlework sale.

YARNS—Saxony, Shetland floss, Germantown—all the skeins that are soiled or mussed—worth 8c, 10c and 12 1/2c—per skein. 5c

75c and \$1 satin-covered head rests. 1/4 price

65c souvenir pillow tops, last call. 35c

HONITON AND LACE BRAIDS—5c, 8c, 10c and 12c goods—your pick of anything in the lot—per yard. 1c

98c tapestry pillow tops, your pick. 48c

BATTENBERGS—Your pick of all the dollies and centerpieces. 1/2 price

Ladies' glove sale.

Take your pick of all the odds and ends of 50c, 45c and 75c lines of ladies' gloves and mittens, including: Best English golf gloves and mittens, also fleece-lined, kid mittens with fur wrists—Saturday they will all go at only. 35c

Climax of winter selling in coats, suits, furs, etc., Saturday.

COATS AND JACKETS—One table of ladies' and misses' coats and jackets originally priced up to \$10.00 will be on sale Saturday—2.00

Your pick for

WAISTS—Wool, flannel, Henrietta and Albartross waists and shirts, actually worth up to \$4.50, on sale Saturday, at. 1.98

Gingham remnants.

The grandest gingham values ever—1000 remnants, 1 to 8 yards, all the colors and all styles of the best 10c seersucker ginghams—you'll recognize them as 10c goods—the whole lot on the bargain counter Saturday—per yard. 5c

Saturday silk sensations

AT 10c—1246 yards of 19-inch plaid satins for drop skirts and fancy petticoats.

AT 13c—520 yards of light colored satin finish foulards, 19 inches and 39c values.

AT 15c—750 yards lining silks, 22 inches wide, cheap at 39c. Come quick for 'em!

AT 29c—All remnants of plain silks 1 to 8 yards—every kind. Come early.

AT 39c—All remnants of fancy silks and some plain blacks—better come in the morning.

Trimmed Turbans.

Last offer—grand values—the best styles and most desirable hats, worth up to \$3.50, black and colors, Saturday. 89c

Ladies' trimmed street hats, all the hats worth up to \$2.50, trimmed and ready to wear—last price. 19c

Last millinery calls.

Any pattern hat in the French room—regular prices up to \$20.00—Your pick for. 5.00

One table of trimmed dress hats—all the correct and popular shapes of this season—all colors, large and small hats, worth up to \$10.00 regularly—Your pick Saturday. 3.89

Stocking caps, worth up to 65c, for. 25c

Tam O'Shanter, worth up to 65c, for. 39c

All soiled baby bonnets less than half.

LADIES' AND MISSES' COATS—Every coat in the house reduced. This lot ordinarily sold up to \$19.50 each and you may now take your pick for. 7.50

Another lot that originally sold up to \$24.50, now goes on sale at only. 9.98

And the best coats in the house, that originally sold up to \$39.50 will be on sale Saturday, at. 14.98

LADIES' WRAPPERS—Flannelette and percale wrappers, originally selling up to \$1.75—59c

odds and ends, choice, Saturday

SATEEN PETTICOATS—Black sateen. 75c

good \$1.25 values—Saturday for. 75c

All fur trimmings at half

Every yard of fur trimming in the Notion dept., regular price 35c to \$2.00 a yard, at exactly. 1/2 price

Bargains for boys.

A table loaded with great values—50c knee pants, sizes to 15. 25c

75c and 50c blouses and shirts for. 25c

50c and 35c caps, all odds and ends. 9c

25c and 35c golf gloves, odd and ends. 15c

\$2 and \$1.75 sweaters, boys' and girls'. 75c

Up to \$5 suits, one lot, choice. \$1.95

Housekeeping Goods.

Come and pick up these odds and ends Saturday. The values call you.

10c mincing knives, Saturday. 5c

39c German blue ware spice jars. 19c

10c kitchen stew forks—Saturday. 6c

9c scrubbing brushes, Saturday. 4c

25c fiber lunch boxes, any size. 7c

Royal steel granite tea and coffee pots—"seconds"—2, 3 and 4-quart sizes—your pick Saturday for. 23c

Last sled prices.

Girls' sleds. 18c 48c coasters. 37c

25c coasters. 18c \$1.75 coasters. \$1.18

39c coasters. 24c \$2.25 coasters. \$1.48

Last of the skates.

ONE-THIRD OFF the ticketed prices on any pair B. & B. skates in the house. A few pairs of the new "Brownie" spring skates—\$1.70

regular price \$2.48—for.

Unlaundered shirts.

All that's left—see if we have your size, 14, 14 1/2, 16 1/2, 17, 17 1/2 and 18—fine linen bosoms, Wamsutta muslin bodies, fully reinforced back and front—long and short bosoms—regular 75c value—Saturday. 37 1/2c

Crockery, china, lights

Our superb basement has dozens of good snaps for wise housekeepers Saturday.

AT 5c—A table full of all sorts of odds and ends of crockery, china and glassware worth up to 35c a piece.

AT 19c—A collection of odds and ends of china, crockery and glass easily worth up to 65c a piece.

AT 25c—Odds and ends of all sorts of china, glass and crockery worth up to \$1.00.

1-3 OFF—Stock patterns of Haviland china dinner sets—patterns we are closing out.

CUPS AND SAUCERS—Real thin china—Popular ovate shape—Regular \$1.50 value—per doz. \$1.20

LAMPS—Choice of any decorated stand lamp in the house—For Saturday. 1/3 off

GAS LAMPS—Complete with mantle—any ready to attach to fixture. 39c

TUMBLERS—Fluted bottom—medium weight—worth 39c doz—per doz. 24c

GLASS WATER BOTTLES—Cut neck and cut star on bottom—worth \$1.25—75c

Special

SYRUPS—Patent top—opal glass—19c

29c values—each

29c values—each

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MONEY IN MOVING

Cheaper for the County to Change Site of Courthouse.

Will Obtain Much Larger Asset at a Far Less Cost.

One of the city's well known taxpayers has been doing some figuring relative to the cost of a new courthouse built on the old site and one built on the new site, and it shows the interest of the taxpayers of the county to be vastly with the latter proposition. In estimating the value of the building to be erected he places it at \$800,000 and his statement is as follows:

Building on a new site in the business district. Cost of construction. \$800,000
Land, one half block to be purchased. 90,000
Total cost. \$890,000
Building on old site in residence district. Building. \$500,000
Ten per cent additional cost on account of training, etc. 50,000
Four years rent of office room from the county follows. 100,000
Total cost on old site. \$650,000
Should it be found that the county owns the old site, the cost of building on the old site would be changed but the county would thereby have some property to sell, the proceeds to apply on the construction account of a building in the business district. This should not be about \$150,000. Eight lots at \$500 each. \$40,000
Salvage in old buildings. 100,000
Total. \$540,000
This sum should be deducted from the cost of the new site. This would leave \$106,000 as the net cost of the building on a new site in the business district, as against a cost of \$890,000 for the same building on old site.
A number of other items would also be

saved by building on a new site, such as the expense of hauling down the old building, etc., besides keeping in security the property which would be a great danger of destruction if moved to some other office while the old building is being torn down and a new building being erected on the same site.
If the county built on a new site in the business district, somewhere between Lake avenue and Sixth avenue west and where Third street crosses, where the building was completed show as assets the following:
Land. \$500,000
Building. \$500,000
Total. \$1,000,000
It should be remembered, too, that this secured for \$20,000, with the value of the old site and salvage deducted. If built on the old site the county could show the following:
Land. \$500,000
Building. \$500,000
Total. \$1,000,000
This is a total cost of \$1,000,000. The additional cost of building on the old site could not be included as an asset. It would be a penalty paid for the privilege of building there.
These statements would show that the county would obtain \$140,000 more in assets at \$140,000 less cost by building on a new down-town site than by using the old one.
In case the county cannot get title to the old site, we will have built a \$500,000 building on land we do not own and to which we can never get good title, and would therefore have a worthless asset, which nothing could be realized in case of necessity. It is the worst possible policy to build anything on ground belonging to someone else. It is claimed that there would be, in case the courthouse were moved, a loss on the part of its original cost of about \$400,000. Let us see if this would be the case. The inadequacy of the present jail is a well-known fact and is really notorious, and it is common knowledge that it will have to be remodelled, greatly enlarged and rebuilt in the near future, if not at once. To conform to the architecture of a new courthouse, if put on the old site, it will have to be completely torn down and demolished. Everyone knows that it is more economical to tear down old buildings and rebuild than it is to change over old ones by adding to, remodeling and changing. In either event of changing location or using the old, the only salvage in the jail would be in the things and cells taken to new site, there would be an additional salvage in the jail building which could be credited to the new site. It would be cheaper to build a new jail on a down-town site than to build a new one on the old site and also a savings to construct one building to take care of both jail and courthouse, over building two different buildings in this town at different times.
Summarized, the arguments for a change are:
1. As a matter of convenience to the patrons of the courthouse the down-town site is the best, as great amounts of time would be saved.
2. As a matter of direct expense to the county, the down-town site is the most economical, as street car fares would be saved.
3. The down-town site would involve

the expenditure of about \$115,000 less money by the county than the old building, and after tax on account of courthouse just this much more.
4. The county would get at least \$140,000 more in value for its money by building on a down-town site.
5. As there has been no complaint from taxpayers so far for the tax for courthouse purposes which has been levied the past couple of years, there is no indication that it will be burdensome in the future.
TONIC TO THE SYSTEM
For liver troubles and constipation there is nothing better than DeWitt's Little Blue Pills, the famous pills which will regulate the action upon the system is mild, pleasant and harmless. Sold by all druggists.
Everything the market affords at Haley's Restaurant. Popular prices.
LONG STRIKE ENDED
Pittsburg, Jan. 27.—After a struggle lasting eight months, the strike at the Pittsburg Steel Foundry at Glassport, Pa., has been declared over. The men will return to work next Monday at the same terms offered last May when the strike was inaugurated. It was said to strike for more money or against reduction, but the men because the mill was declared to be an open one.
DO YOU SKATE?
IF NOT, WHY NOT?
Gentlemen attendants will teach you how if you wish.
CENTRAL ICE RINK
Lake Avenue South.
HAS FAILED BEFORE.
President Hunt of Chicago Pan-American Bank.
New York, Jan. 27.—William H. Hunt, president of the Pan-American bank in Chicago, which has been closed by a constable, is the head of a private bank at No. 91 Wall street, reorganized in the United States. Hunt, according to the Herald, was the promoter of the International Bank and Trust company, which failed about eighteen months ago. It had eight or ten branches in Mexico and in several states. The head offices were in this city and the company was capitalized at \$1,000,000. An attempt to reorganize it was made, but it failed. The company was reorganized in the formation of the Pan-American concern.
SPEEDY RELIEF
A valve that broke without a sound in DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. No remedy for such speedy relief. A sure cure for inflammation, sores, cuts and burns all cuts, burns and bruises. A sure cure for hemorrhoids and hemorrhoids. Beware of counterfeits, they are dangerous. Sold by all druggists.

BUTTER IS LOWER

Storage Supply Prevents Wild Fluctuations In the Market.

Potatoes Show Signs of Rot—Business Conditions Quiet.

"If it hadn't been for the large stocks of creamery butter we had in storage the price would have gone up to 40 or 50 cents a pound," said one of the Michigan street dealers, when the high price of butter was remarked on. "Storage houses act like an anchor to both the butter and egg markets, preventing wild fluctuations. In the summer time, just as soon as the price shows a tendency to go below 16 or 17 cents, the surplus is placed in cold storage. And when, in the winter, it reaches 25 or 30 cents, this cold storage butter is taken out and placed on the market. Large quantities of the cold storage butter have been sold during the last three or four weeks, and if it had not been for this fact you would have seen the price up as high as 40 or perhaps 50 cents a pound."
The price of butter does not vary much in the large cities. It has become a staple article, much like wheat, and the New York and Chicago markets seldom differ by more than a cent or two cents from the Duluth market, or other large cities.
The price is a little lower this week, ranging at about 25 cents here on the street. The high winter market for the winter was probably reached last week when it touched 31 cents, and it will probably drop steadily from now until spring, although the decline may be very slow.
Eggs prices are also a little lower this week, fresh eggs being quoted at 23

cents and storage at 19. The receipts by the country by the coast, and after the first of February the price should show a decided decline. The cold storage supply is about exhausted, and the consignments of fresh eggs are now about sufficient to supply the market.
Potatoes are still quoted at 35 cents a bushel, which is the lowest point that has been reached at this season of the year for many years past. Last year, at this time, they were quoted at \$1.10 on the street, and it was impossible to secure Minnesota potatoes for any price. Western potatoes were the only kind offered for sale. This year but few Western potatoes have been imported up to the present time, and the Minnesota crop has supplied all the demands of the market.
Some complaints are being heard concerning the quality of the stock, however. Much of the stock now offered for sale is soggy, and it is difficult to secure potatoes that will be dry and "mealy" when cooked. Some of the dealers are planning to import some Western tubers here in the demand for a higher class of stock.
"Market conditions haven't changed a particle from last week," said one of the dealers, in speaking of trade conditions along the street. "Business has been very slack, as we expected, and it will be quiet for two or three weeks yet. It is the regular mid-winter dullness that we look forward to every year. But trade should begin to pick up along about the middle of February, and by the first of March we should be having regular shipments of Southern strawberries and green vegetables to live up the market."
"All fruits and vegetables are quoted at about the same price as last week, and you may say there are no changes."
Poultry prices are also the same as last week. Shipments of fresh poultry have been very light during the week. The Minnesota hen is too valuable as an egg-laying proposition at the present time to be sacrificed at the block, and the farmers who have kept their hens during the winter are planning to keep them until the spring egg-laying fever is over before turning them into poultry. The demand has also been very light, however, and the prices are unchanged.
The branch packing-houses are the only wholesale houses on Michigan street that report active business conditions. The meat business has been very good during the week, according to the reports of the different managers. Prices remain unchanged from last week.

THIS WEDDING LIKE FUNERAL

Bride In Mourning Garb and Groom In Sackcloth.

Moscow, Jan. 27.—The mad freaks of the Parovoz Society of Irkutsk are described by the Vostok correspondent, who tells of an amazing marriage.
M. Ljugin, a millionaire miner of Irkutsk, lived so unhappily with his wife that he swore that none of his sons should ever marry. Before his death, however, he bequeathed and made a will sanctioning his marriage under extraordinary conditions. As nothing but misery, he said, resulted from most matrimonial alliances, festivities were unseemly. His sons must marry with all the ritual of a funeral, otherwise they could not inherit his property. The wedding day must pass as sadly as possible.
The marriage of the second son actually took place under these conditions. Bride and bridesmaids were dressed in black and gray and carried mourning handkerchiefs. All persons were requested not to appear in colors. In the rear of the church was a choir of hired mourners, who wailed and sang melancholy music as the pair left the church. After the wedding the bridegroom donned a sackcloth apron and strewn his hair with ashes.
Once the actual wedding day passed, however, the newly-married pair regarded themselves as absolved from these funeral restrictions. An orgy of merry-making and intermingled began and lasted a week. So outrageous, indeed, were the festivities that no fewer than seven persons, including the bridegroom himself, were arrested.
FIVE MEN
In Canada Are Under Sentence of Death.
Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 27.—Five men in the Dominion are under sentence of death. This number, to a Canadian, is appalling. Justice is swift in Canada, and the death sentence cannot be deferred by appeals, as in the United States, nor the execution of the crown, at the instance of the department of justice, which finally passes upon all cases reported by the trial judge who pronounces a death sentence. Only one in the history of Canada has a new trial been granted on a murder charge, and the result then was not such as to encourage practitioners.
The latest statistics show a decreasing

percentage in the number of female criminals, and they also show in the increased per cent an increase among the offenders of those between the ages of 16 and 21.
The tendency in Canada is toward a habitual criminal class, which means a smaller body of criminals and a larger number of repeated crimes by the same individual. There is also a large increase in the list of boy criminals under 16. Dominions in men is increasing in the number of those between the ages of 16 and 21.
ELEPHANTS DELAY
Construction of the Cape-to-Cairo Railroad.
Cape Town, Jan. 27.—Huge herds of elephants are obstructing and delaying the progress of construction of the Cape-to-Cairo railroad. This railway, which is to link the Mediterranean with Cape Town, was the ambition of Cecil Rhodes' life. It is being pushed simultaneously from the north and south.
In mid-tropic Africa the greatest difficulty to be reported is elephants. They charge the camps of the laborers and professional hunters are unable to prevent their forays.
In Uganda the wooden ties have had to be replaced with iron ties, because insects ate up the wood.
Professional hunters are attached to every laborer's camp, and they have their hands full keeping down elephants, hippos and other formidable beasts from running amok among the men.
It is estimated that the line cannot be completed within five years.
ABSCONDING BARON
On His Way From Vienna to America.
Vienna, Jan. 27.—Among the latest departures for New York is the elegant young Baron Roger Morhugo, who left debts amounting to half a million crowns behind him. Baron Morhugo comes of a family of rich bankers and has had a brilliant career. Born in 1872, he studied technical sciences and devoted himself first to banking and then to the stock exchange. He married a daughter of the manager of the Southern railway, but his risky undertakings frightened his wife's family and a separation was arranged, the only child being taken by the mother.
Morhugo played a prominent part in society and always had some grand scheme in view, for which he was admired and envied. His friends thought nothing of his intentions to Lucy Laval, a young actress of the Deutsche Volks theater, who left here with him on Dec. 29. Morhugo's creditors never for a moment doubted his word when he promised to return on Jan. 8.

DULUTH IS CHOSEN

Local Club Will Hold
Northwestern Bonspiel
In 1906.

S. H. Jones and A. H.
Smith Are Chosen
as Officers.

Duluth will be the scene of the annual bonspiel of the Northwestern Curling association in 1906, in accordance with the decision reached at the annual meeting held last evening in St. Paul.

The bonspiel will be held at the rink of the Duluth club, and Superior will be asked to co-operate. The date will be fixed by the executive committee.

Duluth also received rather more than her fair share of the offices. Stephen H. Jones was chosen as first vice president, and A. H. Smith as secretary and treasurer. Three out of the five members of the executive committee are also from Duluth, owing to the fact that the bonspiel is to be held here. The officers chosen were as follows: President, J. C. Myron, St. Paul; first vice president, Stephen H. Jones, Duluth; second vice president, James MacCutcheon, Minneapolis; secretary and treasurer, A. H. Smith, Duluth; executive committee, C. M. Griggs, St. Paul; W. S. Fullerton, St. Paul; J. MacLeod, Duluth; H. Hurdon, Duluth; S. L. Reichert, Duluth.

The Merit medal at the bonspiel was won last evening by the Nushka club rink skippered by Dunn Reid, which administered a crushing defeat to the rink of D. C. Murray of St. Paul. The rink of Reid in the other events has progressed rapidly and the final draws have been reached in the J. E. Myers and Canadian Soo events, while the St. Paul jobbers trophy and Flour City trophy are in the semi-finals. The Paul rink is to win a majority of the trophies, although London's Grange rink, which are still in the race for the international.

Results of play follow:
Merit medal, final—Reid, St. Paul, 11; Murray, St. Paul, 5.
Canadian Soo trophy, semi-final—Hastings, Minneapolis, 14; Griggs, St. Paul, 7.
Flour City, second draw—Reid, St. Paul, 13; Griggs, St. Paul, 7; Lorrimer, Minneapolis, 11; Lightner, St. Paul, 14.

J. E. Myers trophy, semi-final—Cammeron, St. Paul, 11; Van Bergen, St. Paul, 7.
International trophy, second draw—Ordway, St. Paul, 6; LaBatt, Minneapolis, 12; Reid, St. Paul, 10; LaBatt, Minneapolis, 12.
Third draw—Lemon, Winnipeg, 12; LaBatt, Minneapolis, 8; Myron, St. Paul, 12; Stewart, St. Paul, 12; Griggs, St. Paul, 17; Hall, Minneapolis, 3.

Three matches were played last evening at the Duluth rink. In the Manley-McLennan agency contest, T. E. McGilvray's rink won from Frank Green and Roy Hoyle defeated S. L. Reichert.

In the Universal Mill contest George Sullivan's rink lost to W. L. McLennan's. The players and scores are:
A. W. Erick, C. B. Miller,
C. J. McBride, C. Hewitt,
C. H. Sorenson, C. C. Stucke,
W. L. McLennan, George P. Stillman,
Skip—10, Skip 14.

D. H. Seymour, S. H. Jones,
J. E. Ross, C. Jacobson,
W. Seluup, S. McPhail,
T. F. McGilvray, Frank Green,
Skip—10, Skip 10.

W. A. Chapman, James Carrell,
W. P. Major, C. Fred,
W. H. Kitchin, F. H. Hinkley,
Roy Hoyle, S. L. Reichert,
Skip—10, Skip 10.

Harbor Chart.

A revision in colors of chart of Ontonagon Harbor, Mich., has just been issued and is now on sale at the United States lake survey office, 33 Columbia building, Detroit, Mich., at 5 cents per copy.

LEGISLATION HELD UP BY DELAY WITH CODE

(Continued from page 1.)

to a new commission, to report before the next session.

At present the code is in charge of the lawyers of the legislature, who make up the judiciary committee of both houses. The judiciary committees have divided it up among sub-committees, which are now busy planning through it during their spare time.

The members who are not lawyers are getting restless, and are thinking that they ought to be having a hand in it, also. They argue that lawyers are not really very different from other people, and that they are specially qualified only to pass on the form and legality of the various provisions of the code. They say, with considerable show of reason, that so far as matters of practicality go, the layman in the legislature is just as well qualified to pass upon the thing as the lawyers.

This led to the resolution introduced yesterday by Senator Stephens, Crookston, who wants nine committees of the senate appointed, with seven members each, to take up the entire membership of the senate, which is sixty-three. The resolution also provides that two lawyers shall go on each committee. That makes eighteen lawyers, and there are nineteen in the senate. The plan met with

WELL KNOWN SCENIC ARTIST

Joseph Harrington of New York
City Saved From Pneumonia
By Father John's Medicine.



Some time ago, I was attacked with a severe cold and cough which nothing seemed to relieve. It grew steadily worse until I was told that my trouble was likely to develop into pneumonia. A neighbor who had used Father John's Medicine with very satisfactory results, brought me a bottle and within a short time I could see that it was helping me. I continued to use it until I was entirely cured. My wife has used the medicine for throat and lung troubles with excellent results and so have many of our friends to whom we have recommended it. (Signed) Joe Harrington, 20 West 23rd St., New York. Father John's Medicine is for sale by all druggists; the L. W. Leithhead Drug Co., wholesale distributors.

some favor, and a similar resolution may be introduced in the house.

It is not customary to have so many long week-end recesses, but the delay caused by the code has really made it unnecessary for the legislature to sit more than four days a week. Later it will sit five days, and shortly it will begin to sit six days and have afternoon sessions.

The election of N. F. Hugo, of Duluth, as speaker pro tem of the house, was made in a form that follows the practice in the national house of representatives, for the first time, and it will form a precedent that will undoubtedly be followed at future sessions. Two years ago, when Dr. L. W. Babcock, the speaker, was ill, the house elected George W. Armstrong, of Minneapolis, speaker pro tem, without any particular formality. It was not done until a speaker pro tem was needed, however, and no election was held this year until the illness of Speaker Chague made it necessary. The election was by formal resolution, and the resolution provided that the governor and the senator should be notified of the action.

Senator Jepson, of Minneapolis, yesterday introduced a bill designated to improve the present law governing the live stock sanitary board by providing for full payment for animals killed by mistake. The bill provides that where animals suspected by the board of being diseased are killed, a board of three veterinarians shall be formed to pass upon the matter, and if it turns out that the animal was healthy the owner is to be paid full value. If the animal is diseased, the owner is to get three-fourths of the excess of the appraised value over the market value of the carcass. The limit for a horse is \$150, and for a cow \$35, or \$100 if registered stock. The limit for a glandered horse is \$75.

The bill introduced by Representative A. L. Cole, of Walker, yesterday, providing for a state board of immigration commissioners and for a state immigration commissioner under salary, is an important measure, but like the similar bill introduced two years ago, it will probably have a stormy career in the legislature. The duties of the commission will be to collect and spread all possible statistics and detailed information respecting the industries and resources of the state, and it is to co-operate with the state land commissioner in getting the state's public lands settled up.

The resolution yesterday to have the house employ an ex-Representative James D. Shearer, of Minneapolis, as a sort of general counsel for the members, to assist them in drawing up their bills and getting them in legal form, at \$10 per day, is the result of a complaint from the office of the attorney general, which is being overwhelmed with requests for advice and assistance in drawing up bills. Of course the house has plenty of members who are lawyers, but the supposition is, presumably, that they are busy with their own affairs.

It has leaked out that there was rather a stormy session of the house committee on public accounts and expenditures Wednesday afternoon, when Chairman P. E. Dowling was authorized to select an expert accountant to go through the books of the state officers. There were several candidates for the place, including two from Minneapolis, and Chairman Dowling put his foot down emphatically on having anybody from Minneapolis do the work. He said that naturally the Minneapolis people would be prejudiced in favor of Minneapolis office-holders, and this was taken up by Representative Timberlake of Minneapolis, who said he would not stand for it.

Chairman Dowling won his point, however, and he will appoint a St. Paul man. The objection to a Hennepin county man is taken to mean that S. T. Johnson, former public examiner, who appeared so prominently as a critic of the republican candidate for governor at the last election is to come in for special notice, and that the campaign of 1904 is not yet over.

The report of the state auditor, just out, shows that the members of the state capitol commission last year received the following sums for their work: Chairman, Seabury, St. Paul, \$125; E. E. Corlies, Fergus Falls, \$77.50; Edgar Weaver, Mankato, \$75.10; C. H. Graves, Duluth, \$30.30; L. De Laistre, Minneapolis, \$35.10; H. W. Lambertson, Winona, nothing.

The committee on roads of the two houses held a joint meeting yesterday afternoon, at which the various bills for a state highway commission were considered briefly. It was decided to hold another meeting after the members had had a chance to become more familiar with the pending measures. It was also decided to form a committee of seven, three from the senate committee and four from the house committee, to draft a substitute measure, and another similar committee to draft a constitutional amendment that will give the legislature more latitude in dealing with this important subject.

Capt. Ray T. Lewis, chairman of the house committee on public buildings, has named the following sub-committee to draft a bill to take the place of the measures now before the committee to arrange for the care of the capitol until the capitol is ready to be taken through with E. Putnam, Smith, Johnson, Hetland and R. T. Lewis.

Senator McNamee of St. Paul, has been asked to present a bill introducing the whiplash post as a punishment for wife-beaters and highwaymen, who are seriously considering its introduction. The bill would provide that conviction of such offenses would mean from ten to fifty lashes on the bare back, to be distributed over the period of the sentence imposed.

MOTHER OF TURKISH MINISTER IS DEAD.

Washington, Jan. 27.—Nesrin Hanoom, mother of Cheikh Bey, minister of Turkey in this country, is dead at the Turkish legation in this city. She was about thirty years of age and belonged to a noble Circassian family. She was educated in Constantinople and there she married at an early age. Surveys Pascha, was the father of Cheikh Bey. After the death of her husband, Surveys Pascha, twenty-five years ago, Nesrin Hanoom retired from social life to devote herself entirely to her only son. Since then she had not left Constantinople, except to accompany her son and her two brothers to Washington, where, for the last three years, she has led a life wholly devoted to her family.

PHYSICIANS OBJECT To Reduction In Pay For Performing Autopsies.

New York, Jan. 27.—Physicians of Rockland county are on strike against a reduction by the board of supervisors for performing autopsies. This body recently, in seeking to bring about economy, decided that the usual fee of \$5 was too high and reduced it to \$3. A meeting of the county medical association at once resolved that the supervisors were exceeding their right and no physician in the county will perform an autopsy until the board's action shall have been rescinded.



NOW FOR
YOUR LAST
CHANCE!



The Sensational Half Price Clothing Sale Will Positively End Saturday, Jan. 28, 10:30 P. M.

Thousands of Duluth and Superior people have availed themselves of this unusual opportunity and supplied themselves for some time to come—now is your turn to buy the celebrated CHAS. KAUFMAN & BROS. Hand-tailored SUITS and OVERCOATS at

EXACTLY HALF PRICE!

PRICES FOR TOMORROW, the Last Day of the Greatest and Only Genuine Half Price Clothing Sale Ever Held In This State:



SUITS AND OVERCOATS HALF PRICE

- Best \$10 Suits and Overcoats.. \$5.00
- Best \$12 Suits and Overcoats.. \$6.00
- Best \$15 Suits and Overcoats.. \$7.50
- Best \$18 Suits and Overcoats.. \$9.00
- Best \$20 Suits and Overcoats.. \$10.00
- Best \$25 Suits and Overcoats.. \$12.50
- Best \$30 Suits and Overcoats.. \$15.00



Positively the last chance to buy famous Brockton \$3.50 Shoes at

Tomorrow your last chance--
the famous CLUETT \$2.50,
\$2.00 and \$1.50 Shirts only



Remember, tomorrow the last
day to buy the well known MONARCH
\$1 and \$1.25 soft or stiff bosom Shirts at

98 cents

59 cents

Underwear Bargains.

A few odds and ends, 75c values
—tomorrow

\$1.00 values

Underwear that retailed for \$1.50
per garment—now

Collins' mills best \$3.50 Underwear
—tomorrow

Men's \$2.50 Sweaters—sale
price tomorrow

Boys' Suits at Less than Half Price

Suits worth \$3.50

Boys' Suits, worth \$4.00

Boys' Suits, worth \$5.00

Men's Trousers.

A large line of \$2.50 Trousers

\$3.50 Trousers go at

\$4.00 and \$5.00 Trousers

Handkerchiefs.

Handkerchiefs, good quality—

2 for 25c—or, each

Boys' Pants.

Boys' Pants—choice of the lot,
worth up to \$1.00—at

Linen Cuffs.

Linen Cuffs—during this sen-
sational half-price sale

Linen Collars.

Good quality of Linen Collars—
to go at

Gloves and Mitts.

Buckskin Gloves and Mitts—

\$1.00 value at

Muleskin Mitts.

Mule skin Mitts, our regular 25c
value—at

Arctics.

Cloth top Arctics, our \$1.25
values—at

This great sale is totally unlike any other sale now in progress in this city. The low prices have compelled people to realize its actual strength, and they have allowed neither weather nor anything else to keep them away

Prices are Cut To the Lowest Figure!

Eagle Clothing and Shoe House,
321 W. Superior St. D. C. CASMIR. 321 W. Superior St.

This Sale Closes Tuesday, Jan. 31

Just a few days left for you to get in on a good thing in the way of clothing.



Copyright 1904 by
Hart Schaffner & Marx

\$14.75

takes the best Suit or Overcoat in the house—nothing reserved. Hart, Schaffner & Marx and Ely Meyer finest hand-tailored garments included. Made to sell from \$20.00 to \$35.00.

All of our regular \$12.00, \$13.50, \$15.00, \$16.50 and \$18.00 Suits and Overcoats now to close at—

\$9.75

Boys' Overcoats and Reefers will be Closed Out at HALF PRICE.

Boys' Suits Reduced From 25 to 50 per cent—All Broken Lines JUST HALF PRICE.

FUR COATS AT COST.

Kenney & Anker

409-411 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

The Stage

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

METROPOLITAN—Frank E. Long company, in "Hearts of Gold."

FRANK E. LONG COMPANY.

A large audience saw "Forgiveness" as presented last evening at the Metropolitan by the Frank E. Long company and the play made a pleasing impression. The players were accorded much applause. The specialties were all good and these serve to make the performance continuous, there being no waste between acts. This evening "Hearts of Gold" will be the play. Tomorrow afternoon there will be a matinee, and "Tip Van Winkle" will be presented.

ELMORE SISTERS. The Metropolitan offering for the first half of next week will be one of the liveliest, jolliest and brightest offerings of the season. A musical comedy of the most attractive kind will be found in "Mrs. Delaney, of Newport," in which Melville B. Raymond is starring the Elmore Sisters this year.

HOSE COMPANY

In Minnesota Puts Out Fire In Ontario.

International Falls, Minn., Jan. 27.—Nothing but the hardest kind of work on the part of the local volunteer fire department prevented a costly conflagration in the town of Port Frances, just across the river, Wednesday afternoon.

The fire started in the boarding house run by John Gagne, and as there was a very strong wind blowing from the north, it was thought that nothing could be done to save any of the buildings on Mowatt street between Nelson and Sinclair streets, owing to the fact that there is no fire department or apparatus of any kind in the town. As the river at this point is 1000 feet wide and the burning building was about

200 feet from the bank of the river, it was feared that one line of hose could be run across, and although it is extremely dangerous crossing the ice on foot, owing to its being very thin, the firemen managed to get over with a single line, and by hard work soon had the fire under control, and succeeded in confining it to the building in which it started.

But very little insurance was carried, the loss amounting to nearly \$3000. Had it not been for the department from this side of the river they would have been unable to prevent the burning of several buildings, and they are now taking steps toward the organization of a fire department and installing a fire engine and other necessary apparatus to provide proper protection in the future.

FOUR TRAINMEN KILLED. Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 27.—Four trainmen were killed and several persons injured in a collision today between a northbound freight and a southbound passenger train on the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis railroad near Tullahoma, Tenn.

Can't be perfect here without pure blood. Burdock Blood Purifiers makes blood pure, tones and invigorates the whole system.

Gately's Easy Payment Plan

Lets You Wear the Clothes While Paying for Them.

You put aside a dollar a week to be well dressed. Thus you employ usefully the spare change you might otherwise fritter away foolishly. Deprive yourself, if you will, of passing amusements and petty extravagancies, but do not deprive yourself of your appearance. It pays to dress well. By good clothing, you make the most of yourself. "To make others respect you, you must respect yourself." The feeling that you are well dressed increases your self-respect. People who neglect their clothes, slouch through life feeling cheap. No one notices them. "To be prosperous, you must look prosperous." Be well dressed by using your credit.

Let Credit Stand for Money!

Tomorrow is the last day of the Special Sale on Waists, Skirts and Suits. The bargains are worth your while.

GATELY SUPPLY CO.

8 East Superior St.

OFFICIALS BUSY

This Is Season of Contests at Duluth Land Office.

Much Litigation Among Settlers on Government Land.

This is a season of contests at the Duluth United States land office. So busy are the officials looking after the claims of homesteaders in regard to their land that it may be two or three months before a decision is arrived at in the case of Mrs. Wallen against William J. Van Pelt, now being heard before the register and receiver.

It is believed the first quarter of 1905 will be a record-breaker in the number of contests suits heard. The unusual amount of litigation among the settlers on government lands results from the fact that at the recent opening for entry of townships 22-23, 22-24 and 22-25, located in the Little Fork country, it was found that the claims of many squatters who made their homes on the land before the official survey overlapped each other. Particularly was this true of 22-24, considered in many respects the most valuable of the three townships in point of agricultural possibilities.

In rare instances it was even found that the homes of two squatters had been built on one quarter section, owing to the inaccuracy of the unofficial survey. This is how the Wallen and Van Pelt suits started. After the official survey of township 22-24 was completed, Mrs. Wallen and Van Pelt learned that they had built their homes on the same quarter section, although the register and receiver is claimed, was to file on separate claims. Van Pelt, at the land office hearing is attempting to prove the woman widely advertised the fact that she had selected another "piece of land" entirely. The man believes that by showing that Mrs. Wallen built her house on the same quarter section as he, his homestead claim, his right to the land will be established. She claims, however, that she well knew what she was doing. When building the house on its present site.

Very considerable numbers of squatters make their homes in a township before the official survey. It is almost inevitable that there will be several contests, although it not infrequently occurs that the contestants are mutually adjusted by the parties interested, without litigation. In other cases the feeble-minded or the dishonest, or the dishonest, and it not infrequently occurs that the contestants are mutually adjusted by the parties interested, without litigation. In other cases the feeble-minded or the dishonest, or the dishonest, and it not infrequently occurs that the contestants are mutually adjusted by the parties interested, without litigation.

BOYS ARE SENTENCED

Youthful Burglars Are Committed to Training School.

When confronted with the stolen article, the small boys arrested yesterday for burglary, broke down and confessed the crime. When arraigned in court they pleaded guilty to the charge. The two small boys, one named William and the other named John, were committed to the training school at Red Wing.

GOES TO JAPAN. S. M. Erickson Assigned to Foreign Y. M. C. A. Work.

S. M. Erickson, a young man well known in Duluth, who resided here up to about two years ago, when he went to Mobile, Alabama, to engage in Y. M. C. A. work, has been assigned to Japan, where he will engage in foreign Y. M. C. A. work. Erickson was very successful in his chosen line of work so far, and his friends, of whom he has many in Duluth, believe this success will be continued in Japan. He is a graduate of the central school of commerce, and a boy acted as a carrier for The Herald.

RICH STRIKE Of Silver In an Old Montana Mine.

Butte, Mont., Jan. 27.—One of the richest silver strikes in recent years has been made in the Liverpool mine, in Lump gulch, near Clancy, about fifty miles north of this city.

The strike was kept secret until two returns from one car of ore, which netted \$25,000, were received, the ore averaging about 18,000 ounces of silver to the ton.

The Liverpool mine is operated by MacAulay, a Chicago capitalist, who bought the property from the late Thomas G. Merrill, of Salt Lake. The latter sold out for a small sum, thinking the mine had been exhausted, he having taken \$100,000 from it.

SCHOOL FOR DEBUTANTES Will Teach Fair "Buds" How to Conduct Themselves.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—A society coach, That is the latest thing discussed on the Lake Shore drive.

Engraved notes state there is one, and every woman says in discussing her morning's mail, "What does she mean?" "What does she mean?" The pamphlet declares that a debutante tutor would be pleased to relieve hostesses of all responsibilities of entertaining. She will also manage weddings, receptions, progress, luncheons, balls, banquets, club progress, and all real social functions. She will arrange literary, musical and

Special Attention given to Mail Orders.
We Refund Car Fare on \$3.00 purchase or over.

RIGHT IN THE LOW RENT DISTRICT.

Johnson & Moe

THE West End Big Department Store

7 Minutes from Down Town.
10 Minutes from West Duluth.

Women's Stylish Furs at Sweeping Reductions

Women's Winter Coats and Suits at Half and Less.

And a mighty clearance movement in all kinds of winter merchandise that will make profitable shopping here tomorrow. We say come and reap the benefit of these tremendous price reductions:

Women's Fur Coats.

All our Women's Stylish Nearsal and Astrachan Fur Coats, former price \$35 and \$38—tomorrow's great clearance price, choice **\$24.50**

All our Women's Stylish Nearsal and Astrachan Fur Coats, former price \$48.50 and \$50.00—tomorrow, clearance price, choice **\$35.00**

All our Women's Stylish Nearsal, Astrachan and River Mink Fur Coats, regular price \$55.00—tomorrow's great clearance price **\$37.50**

\$60 and \$65 Women's Fine Krimmer Fur Coats Tomorrow \$39.50.

We have just a few of these stylish Fur Coats left, which we offer tomorrow at the lowest price ever named on equal garments. Here you are. Come before your size is gone.

Women's Stylish Krimmer Fur Coats, Gordon & Ferguson's best make; regular price \$60.00 and \$65.00—tomorrow, **\$39.50** your choice.....

Women's High-Class Fur Scarfs at Tremendous Reductions Tomorrow.

All our Isabella Fox and Marten Fur Scarfs, regular price \$12.50, \$15.00 and \$16.50—tomorrow's clearance price, choice **\$10.00**

All our fine Isabella Fox Fur Scarfs—beautiful quality of fur; regular price \$18.00 and \$19.50—tomorrow's clearance price, choice **\$12.50**

All our best Isabella Fox Fur Scarfs, regular \$25.00 kind—tomorrow's clearance price **\$17.50**

Children's Winter Coats.

Join the clearance sale tomorrow at NEARLY HALF.

All our Children's \$4.95 Winter Coats—tomorrow **\$2.98**

All our Children's \$6.50 Winter Coats—tomorrow **\$3.98**

All our Children's \$8.50 Winter Coats—tomorrow **\$4.98**

All our Children's \$10.00 Winter Coats—tomorrow **\$5.98**

All our Children's \$12.50 Coats—tomorrow **\$7.98**

This is our final great sacrifice sale of Children's Coats. Don't delay buying till all the best are picked up.

GEORGE SPENARD, 1507 W. Superior St.

The Prize Winner in Johnson & Moe's Flour Naming Contest

We the undersigned having carefully examined the names or brands submitted by the school children of Duluth and the Northwest in the Johnson & Moe flour naming contest, have decided to award the prize for the name:

"AERIAL BEST PATENT FLOUR"

Submitted with drawing of the new Aerial Bridge as trade-mark, by George Spenard, of 1507 West Superior street.

While there were several who submitted the name "Aerial" and many other excellent names and drawings, none in our opinion was so original and carried the points as thoroughly as George Spenard.

GEO. M. JENSEN, WM. F. HENRY, WM. J. HAYES, Judges.

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 25, '05

strong probability of a compromise being effected so that a portion of the forest reserve contiguous to Cass Lake will be released and thrown open to settlement.

Senator Clapp will prepare a bill and endeavor to pass it at the present session, which will be satisfactory to all interested parties.

The territory to be withdrawn comprises all of the forest reserve south and west of Cass Lake. H. L. Hartley and A. G. Bernard, who are representing Cass Lake, have agreed to the proposed change.

Lieu lands are to be taken in place of those to be opened to settlement, so that virtually there will be no loss to the forest reserve, but the plan is to add to its attractiveness.

LILLIAN RUSSELL

Declines to Be a "Clown For Mrs. Fish."

New York, Jan. 27.—Without mincing matters Lillian Russell announced yesterday that "under no circumstances" would she appear at Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish's party tonight with the "Lady Teazle" company. She said:

"I should refuse to act in anyone's home as a paid performer—a clown—to undertake. Miss Fish, I have been entertained in homes of quite as much importance as Mrs. Fish's, and there is another reason why I should not appear there. It is one matter to perform on the stage of a theater and in private. My character, Miss Fish, will take my place as Lady Teazle."

Mrs. Fish, told of Miss Russell's views about appearing, replied: "I was not aware that Miss Russell was asked to sing for my guests."

unique entertainments, direct amateur theatricals, pantomimes and tableaux. She will, moreover, attend to the invitations, decorating, catering, and reduce financial expenditure and relieve host and hostess of all care.

"It is what it seems to be. I couldn't possibly leave town," said Mrs. Potter.

The woman who claims that society is a business and not a pleasure, her name is Adeline Leonard McAdam.

Involved in a Krimmer partially disguised by a giraffe of Roman pearls.

"I would act in any capacity except that of a servant."

"I should if the hostess directed. I have no moral sense when I am employed."

"Will you adjust money differences after a game of bridge?"

"I would hesitate at nothing. It is my art, my life."

DESPERATE ATTEMPTS Of St. Paul Young Man to Commit Suicide.

St. Paul, Jan. 27.—Patrolman Scamell thwarted the suicidal attempt of Gustav Schultz, who threw himself upon the street car track at Seventh and Minnesota streets yesterday, as a car was approaching. The officer pulled his man from danger just in time.

It was the first of four attempts at self-destruction made by the same man within two hours.

He was evidently suffering and the pain of his illness had driven him insane.

After being taken to the Central station the prisoner tried to hang himself with a strap, which he happened to have in his pocket.

Julius Hammer came upon the scene after the prisoner had suspended himself, but in time to cut him down out of danger.

Again he tried to suicide the same way with a pocket.

This kind of rope taken from him, he made an effort to use his shirt, by twisting it into a coil.

The police became impatient by that time and sent him to the county jail. He was there put in a straight jacket, and in safety.

Schultz resides at 576 Hope street, is 42 years old and has a wife and six children.

BERNICK SETTLES Mortgages Land to Settle With Stearns County.

St. Cloud, Minn., Jan. 27.—Charles A. Bernick, former deputy county treasurer, who recently confessed defrauding Stearns county out of \$400, has made a full settlement with the county.

There were shortages in his accounts with the local lodges of the Red Men and Catholic Order of Foresters, but these were paid some time ago. At the time Bernick confessed he turned over to County Treasurer Schmitt securities valued at \$29 and yesterday he turned over the remainder of the \$400, which Schmitt made good at the time the shortage was discovered.

Bernick, who has been held to the grand jury in heavy bonds, owns several hundred acres in Collegeville and Avon townships, this county, and he mortgaged this land in order to raise money to repay Schmitt. Bernick has been a popular young man, belonging to many secret societies and prominent in all of them, and the general impression seems to be that in view of his settlement he was a hard matter to secure a Stearns county jury which will convict him.

Bernick confessed to these defalcations when confronted by Schmitt several weeks ago. He had secured the money by uttering false duplicate tax receipts, pocketing the difference between the original and the forged receipt.

MAY BE COMPROMISE Regarding Forest Reserve Lands Near Cass Lake.

Washington, Jan. 27.—After numerous conferences between the president, the chief of the bureau of forestry, and Senator Clapp, there seems a

We Are Forced Out

READ THIS LETTER:

FRANK L. YOUNG & CO.
Architects and Superintendents,
Suite 201 Palladio Bldg.
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 3, '05.

Oak Hall Clothing Co.,
Phoenix Block, City.

Gentlemen:—In order that your stock of clothing be protected from damage during the time work is being done in the extension of your store through to Fourth Avenue West—taking in the store now occupied by Boyce's Drug Store—it will be necessary for you to vacate your present quarters.

We advise you at this time so you may procure temporary quarters elsewhere. Yours truly,

Frank L. Young & Co.
By F. L. Y.

Only a short time before the carpenters, masons and builders will be at work enlarging our store by adding the corner of Fourth Avenue West, now occupied by Boyce's Drug Store.

The reason is apparent, too. By reading this letter you can readily see that

We Are Forced to Sell

our entire stock of the finest line of clothing ever shown in the city. Truly a line of high-grade stock, gathered from the four quarters of the world. We must temporarily vacate our present quarters. Sooner than move for a short period we will

Sacrifice Our Stock Regardless of Cost

Men's Suits	Men's Suits	Men's Suits	Men's Suits	Men's Suits
that are good \$6, \$7 and \$8 values—	Strictly all wool—\$10, \$11 and \$12 values—	\$15, \$16.50 and \$18 values—	\$20 and \$22.50 Suits at—	All \$25, \$27.50, \$30 and \$32.50 Suits at—
\$3.95	\$6.98	\$11.35	\$14.35	\$17.98

MEN'S OVERCOATS.

Thousands of Overcoats sold to you at a fraction of their cost. We must have the room they occupy for the carpenters and builders. The greatest overcoat values ever offered.

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING AT HALF PRICE.

UNDERWEAR! UNDERWEAR!

75c fleeced and ribbed,	\$1 all wool ribbed, all colors,	\$1.25 all wool,	\$1.50 all wool—all colors,	\$1.75 and \$2, all wool, all colors,	\$2.50 all wool,	\$3.00 all wool,	\$3 and \$4 all wool,
39c	79c	89c	98c	\$1.29	\$1.59	\$1.98	\$2.39

Oak Hall Clothing Co.

331-333 West Superior St.

331-333 W. Sup. St.

West Duluth

In a curling match held at the Fifty-seventh avenue rink last night the Western Curling club rinks divided honors with two rinks from the Duluth club, each organization winning one game. Considering the experience of the local players, and in view of the fact that this was the first time they had entered a competition with outsiders, the result was highly gratifying to members of the Western club. McDermott's rink won from the crack Ron Smith upstart rink by a score of 12 to 7, while Macaulay and his men were defeated by the R. J. MacLeod rink the score standing 22 to 8. Two rinks will be sent to Superior this evening by the local organization.

The Duluth players were well pleased with the West Duluth rink, and spoke in the most complimentary terms of conditions as they found them there. Other contests between the two clubs will be arranged for in the near future. The players last evening were:

Duluth—
M. A. McLeannan
G. M. Charles
Alex. Maerke
Ron Smith
Skip—
E. G. Wallinder
J. E. Callin
Henry Hurdon
R. J. MacLeod
Skip—

West Duluth—
C. Hewitt
G. Houtin
H. Gifford
W. Meldrum
W. Evered
A. H. Donald
R. Weddell
A. G. Macaulay
Skip—

OFFICERS INSTALLED.
Santa Maria court, Women's Catholic Order of Foresters, held an installation of officers at Gilley's hall last evening.

Mrs. J. D. Kerns, deputy high chief ranger, acted as installing officer. Officers installed were as follows:

Mrs. Nellie Kerns, chief ranger; Mrs.

Anderson, vice chief ranger; Miss A. Gilley, recording secretary; Mrs. M. Messe, financial secretary; Mrs. M. Burns, treasurer; Mrs. D. Doherty and Mrs. M. Donohue, conductors; Mrs. A. Jacobs, Mrs. M. Kingham and Mrs. P. Leidinger, trustees.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.
Zenith Pharmacy, 504 Raleigh St.
The funeral of C. A. Johnson will be

To Seventh Ward Voters.

I ask all those who have not done so already to register tomorrow (the last day of registration) and vote for me on February 7th for alderman, and if re-elected I pledge myself to conduct the affairs of the office to the best of my ability.

L. A. BARNES
Republican candidate for alderman 7th ward.

held Sunday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the Elm Swedish Lutheran church. Interment will be at Onondaga cemetery.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Joseph Dennis, who died yesterday, will be held tomorrow morning, at 9 o'clock, from the St. Jean de Baptiste church, Twenty-fifth avenue west. Interment will be at Calvary cemetery.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Allard have re-

Bargains at City Drug Store.

LANA OIL AND BUTTERMILK

SOAP 5 Cakes 20c

Lofoten Cod Liver Oil, \$1 bottle 69c

DeWitt's Liniment, the great rheu-

matic cure, 50c

For that cough use White Pine Lung

Balsam 25c

turned from Southern Minnesota.

Use the best, Murray's Non-Exceller Butter.

Charles O'Brien expects to leave for North Yakima, Wash., Monday. He

says he is going into the fruit raising business.

Matters of great importance are scheduled to come up for discussion at the regular meeting of the West Duluth Commercial club tonight, and President M. M. Clark earnestly desires that there be a full attendance.

Dr. G. E. Budd, dentist, 302 Central

avenue, West Duluth.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of

Seventh ward Democrats was held last

evening in the office of M. J. Phil-

trout. The ward organization had

encouraging reports concerning the

political situation to offer.

Oscar Wolf, of Holmes City, Minn.,

will lecture on the temperance ques-

tion this evening at Victor's hall, Grand

avenue. Mr. Wolf is very well known

among the Scandinavians of the North-

west.

Henry T. McLaughlin has returned to

Brandon, Minn., after visiting with his

parents on Grand avenue.

The old power house of the electric

light plant at Proctor was totally de-

stroyed by fire last night. Much val-

uable machinery was also destroyed.

The loss is said to be practically cov-

ered by insurance.

THE POLICY

OF COMBES

Will Be Followed By

the New French

Ministry.

Paris, Jan. 27.—The Rouvier ministry

held its first formal council at the

Elysee palace today under the pres-

idency of President Loubet. Premier

Rouvier submitted his declaration of

policy, which was approved. Later the

premier presented the declaration to

PARTY HAS CLOSE CALL

Fifty People Narrowly Escape Death By St. Paul Street Car.

St. Paul, Jan. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fifty persons narrowly escaped death under the wheels of a street car at Mississippi and Thirteenth streets last night in a collision between a Mississippi street car and a big bus containing a sleighride party on its way to Como park. Fifteen of the party were slightly hurt, and nearly all the occupants of the sleigh were shaken up and bruised.

The sleighride party was divided into two loads. The first sleigh crossed the track without danger, but the second arrived at the corner just as a westbound car was passing. The four horses on the sled were going at a six-mile pace and the leaders were already upon the track before the driver, Ed Fischer, saw the approaching car. The body of the sled was across the tracks when the car struck.

There was a rending of wood, a crash of breaking glass, mingled with screams and yells and a wild scattering of people.

The car came to a stop and all hands turned to assisting the injured. They were carried into a nearby drug store and their cuts and bruises dressed. Some were seriously injured. They were then taken home in the other sleigh.

HOUGHTON WOMAN IS ACQUITTED OF MURDER.

Houghton, Mich., Jan. 27.—Mrs. May Brown, who shot and killed her husband, John Brown, a barber, was acquitted of a charge of murder today.

Brown was shot during a quarrel over his inattention to her and drinking.

DEFEAT IS COMPLETE.

Budapest, Hungary, Jan. 27.—The defeat of the government at the recent election appears to have been complete. The opposition secured 171 seats out of the 315 results so far known. One hundred and eighteen of these are members of the Kossuth party.

THE LAST CHANCE

Only One More Opportunity For Voters to Register.

Nearly Half the Voters May Disenfranchise Themselves.

Over 5000 voters in the city will disenfranchise themselves at the approaching municipal election, unless they turn out tomorrow and register.

Tomorrow is the last opportunity the voters will have to get their names on the books before the February election, and those who fail to do so will be barred from the polls.

The registration in-air the wards has been very light, and up to the present time not more than one-half of the voters of the city have their names on the books. Not more than 200 are expected to register tomorrow, and that will leave the total about 300 short of what it should be for a municipal election.

The quiet campaign in the cause of the small registration. Little has been heard of the political situation, and in these wards where a warm fight is looked for, the campaign is being conducted on the sly.

Tomorrow is also the last day for filing petitions and the applications of candidates for the election. Any candidate whose application is not in the hands of the county auditor by tomorrow evening, will not appear on the ballot.

Independent candidates who wish to enter the race must file their applications accompanied by the necessary petition.

Three charter amendments and the proposed charter of the city are also voted on at the February election. The amendments provide for the abolishment of the board of public works, the creation of a police pension fund for aged and disabled officers, and the abolishment of the additional ten per cent added to all street improvement assessments for engineering expenses.

The registration boards will be in session tomorrow from 6 o'clock in the morning until 5 o'clock in the evening.

FIGHT AT NEBAGAMON

Boxing Tournament Will Be Held There February 7.

Members of the Duluth and Superior series of Eagles are looking forward to a boxing tournament to be given by the Nebagamonic No. 88, at Lake Nebagamonic on Feb. 7.

The tournament will include two bouts between the Duluth and Superior series. The principal bout will be a twenty round go between Billy Moore and John Thompson.

The two lightweights who gave such a fast exhibition recently at the tournament given by the Superior Eagles.

Eddie Kenzie, of Minneapolis, and Kid Fisher, of Superior, will fight ten rounds at the conclusion of the other contest.

A special train will be run from Duluth and Superior to carry the ring followers from the head of the lakes.

LEADERS AND TAIL-ENDERS

Band and Second Division to Meet at the Armory.

The band and second division indoor baseball teams will come together this evening at the Armory for one of the regular games for the indoor pennant.

The band is at present tied with the two militia companies for first place, and tonight's games with the sailors will either pull the musicians down to third place or give them an undisputed lead.

The second division will be the battery for the second division, and Simpson and Bennett for the band.

SPEAKER CLAGUE

Threatened With an Abscess in the Throat.

St. Paul, Jan. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Speaker Clague was reported in an improved condition, so far as concerns the attack of the grip, from which he has been suffering. He is now, however, threatened with an abscess in the throat, and early today a specialist was called in.

Sergeant-at-Arms Chaggett of the house is also confined to his home, due to an attack of the grip.

MIGHT HAVE SAVED IT.

A Lot of Trouble From Too Much Starchy Food.

A little boy of eight years whose parents did not feed him on the right kind of food, was always nervous and suffered from a weak condition of the stomach and bowels. Finally he was taken down with appendicitis and after the operation the doctor, knowing that his intestinal digestion was very weak, put him on Grape-Nuts twice a day.

He rapidly recovered and about two months thereafter, his father states, "He has grown to be strong, muscular and sleeps soundly, weighs 72 pounds, and his whole system is in a fine condition of health." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

It is plain that if he had been put on Grape-Nuts at an earlier period in his life, he would not have been troubled by the kind of ailment which he now suffers from. He could not digest, he never would have had appendicitis. That disease is the result of indigestion and indigestion is the result of starchy food.

Grape-Nuts is made of the selected parts of wheat and barley and by the regular process of the cooking at the factory, all of the starch is turned into sugar ready for immediate digestion and the more perfect nourishment of all parts of the body, particularly the brain and nerve centers.

See the little book, "The Road to Well-being," found in each pkg.

Stack & Co

107 West Superior Street.

Whatever your shopping plans for tomorrow don't miss this opportunity to buy embroideries. Tomorrow we place on sale 4 special lots of embroidery and insertions

At 3½c, 5c, 7½c and 10c

Table Damask.	Fine Bed Spreads.	Fine Cambric.
Elegant quality heavy mercerized Satin Damask, full width, permanent finish and splendid value; in German, half and unbleached; 65c quality—	Heavy, large size, hemmed spreads; these sizes run extra large, full bleached; worth 89c each—tomorrow at—	36-inch soft-finish Muslin Cambric—the regular 10c quality—tomorrow we offer it at—
5c	75 cents	7½ cents

Window Shades.	New Dress Percales.	Dress Gingham.
We offer tomorrow 25 dozen window shades, in dark green and colors; complete with fixtures—25c kind for—	100 pieces dark dress percale, new styles in blue, red, brown and black; the regular 10c quality at—	50 pieces best staple Dress Gingham, all new styles, in dainty checks and stripes. These goods sell regularly at 12½c per yard. Tomorrow we offer the lot at, per yard—
15 cents	8½ cents	10 cents

Lace Curtains.	Linen Towels.	New Waistings.
100 pairs Nottingham Lace Curtains, three yards long and 48 and 60 inches wide, in floral and plain centre; worth up to \$1.75—your choice of a good selection at—	Barnesley's best linen crash, with fast red border—the regular 10c quality—on sale tomorrow at—	We place on sale tomorrow 10 pieces handsome mercerized, in pretty figures and dots; the regular 39c quality at—
\$1.00	8½ cents	25 cents

Children's Underwear	Ladies' Underwear	Underskirts.
Fleece-lined Vests and Pants—a big lot of odd sized—worth 25c each—	Swiss ribbed Vests and Pants; heavy fleece; the regular 29c value for—	Tomorrow we place on sale 20 dozen heavy mercerized Underskirts, made full with deep flounce and ruffle; regular \$1.50 value for only—
19 cents	19 cents	98 cents

39c for men's heavy fleeced Shirts and Drawers; worth regularly, 50c.

21c for Boys' Pants, in dark, serviceable, striped; extra well made; the regular 29c kind.

COMMISSION LOSES CASE
With Lake Shore and Is Ordered to Pay Costs.

Cleveland, Jan. 27.—Judge Wing, of the United States circuit court, today handed down a decision in the test case brought by the interstate commerce commission against the Lake Shore and other railroads to compel the latter to restore hay and straw from the sixth to the fifth classification in freight rates. Judge Wing's decision is in favor of the railroads and orders the case dismissed with the costs assessed against the interstate commerce commission.

RECEIVERS APPOINTED
For Standard Rope & Twine Company of New Jersey.

Trenton, N. J., Jan. 27.—Chancellor Magie today filed in the court of chancery an order appointing Dick S. Ramsey and Frederick K. Day receivers of the Standard Rope and Twine company, which was organized under the laws of New Jersey in 1895 in connection with the reorganization of the United States Cordage company. The corporation for its receiver was made by George W. Montgomery, of New York, who is vice president of the Standard Rope and Twine company. Montgomery places the liabilities of the company at \$1,300,000, in addition to outstanding bonds and stock. On this amount \$224,000 is due the Union selling company, with which the Standard company has hypothecated manufactured rope and twine. It is stated that the collateral is not worth more than enough to meet the indebtedness for which this was given. The company's plants are in Brooklyn, Boston and Elizabeth, N. J. Mr. Montgomery says they are not worth more than \$2,500,000 or less than the amount for which they are mortgaged. The assets in excess of the plant, Mr. Montgomery places at \$82,000.

Sunday Concert
By Flauten's Third Regiment, Band.

Assisted by George Tyler, Tenor; Gerard Tonnag, Pianist
January 29, AT THE LYCEUM.
Opening number at 3 p. m. All seats 25c

PROGRAM FOR STEIN SOCIAL
Fine Program Provided For Commercial Club Guests.

Tonight's program for the Stein social at the Commercial club has been completed, and will include Flauten's combined band and orchestra. The admission, one Stein, with the given card, the Stein to become the property of the club for ornamental purposes, will entitle the bearer to all refreshments and the following program:

March
Speaker, inviting members to be seated
"Watch on Rhine"
Band.

Recitation, "The Uncle"
J. J. Fitzgerald.
Mandolin selection
Interstate Mandolin Club.
Song
Franz Schultz.
Orchestra
Flauten's.

Selection
Concordia Quartette.
"Me and Jim"
J. J. Fitzgerald.
Song
P. Doran.
Orchestral selection
Address
E. L. Millar.
Mandolin club, selected
Duet
F. Schultz and F. Hase.
Slight of hand, professional
Mock-Sad-All.
(Courtesy of Metropolitan Theater).

TRAIN ARRIVES NEARLY DAY LATE.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—The Twentieth Century Limited train from New York arrived at the La Salle street station here today twenty hours and five minutes behind time as a result of the blizzard. The difficulties encountered were said to be some of the worst experienced by any train in recent years. Twenty-seven passengers, including two women, were aboard. Except by delay the passengers suffered no inconvenience. The cars were kept warm and meals were served at all hours.

NEW YORK RECOVERS FROM GREAT STORM.

New York, Jan. 27.—Recovery from the great storm of Wednesday was practically complete today. Railroads and trolley lines which were severely crippled by drifting snow had resumed operation almost under normal conditions and even the ferry boats which were hampered greatly by ice were running very near their regular schedules.

"Isn't safe to be a day without Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the house. Never can tell what moment an accident is going to happen."

Let Your Children See Free of Charge

Foxes, Cats, Pheasants

Poultry Show!

16 East Superior street, TODAY and TOMORROW. Over 500 beautiful birds of all classes, together with Japanese Golden Pheasants—those beautiful Oriental birds—pigeons, Bantams, two wild foxes, tiny weaver chicks, (4 days old) with their cackling mother; incubators in operation. The greatest show by far ever held in Duluth. Come everybody.

TRAIN SERVICE BETTER.

Pittsburg, Jan. 27.—Train service



AN OPPORTUNITY OF A LIFETIME

The Duluth Consignment Co. has bought the entire stock of Mrs. Chas. L. Gray, 20 West Superior Street, consisting of ladies' up-to-date dress and walking skirts, ladies' suits, silk petticoats, ladies' and misses' coats and jackets, up-to-date line of waists, furs and millinery. We have bought the stock at 45c on the dollar and we must close out the entire stock at once. We can only remain in that store a short time and we have marked the stock down to less than 50c on the dollar.

This is a chance of a lifetime to get such fine merchandise as Mr. Gray carried, for less than 50c on the dollar. It's a well known fact to all that Mr. Gray carried one of the finest stocks in the city in that line; but since Mr. Gray died, Mrs. Gray was not able to take care of the business, and sold out the entire stock and fixtures. Sale commences Saturday, at 9 a. m. Be sure and don't miss this opportunity.

Chas. L. Gray Stock, 20 West Superior St.

DULUTH CONSIGNMENT CO.

A VERDICT AT LAST

Bowers Case Finally Decided In Favor of Defendant.

Thomas Sawyer, Charged With Postoffice Robbery, on Trial.

Judge Page Morris, in federal court this morning, directed the jury in the case of Alphonzo Benjamin Bowers against the Lake Superior Contracting and Dredging company to return a verdict for the defendant. The matter has occupied the attention of the court for more than nine days.

This afternoon Thomas Sawyer, charged with robbing at Benoitville, Minn., Oct. 11, is being given a jury trial. The Bowers case was an action to recover royalty on dredging machinery. In making the motion to secure a verdict by direction of the court the defense set up the claim that Bowers has no action against the dredging company. It was claimed that, at the time of the sale of the Barker estate leased to the dredging company, Bowers was not a partner in any other party. Arguments on the motion to direct a verdict in favor of the defendant occupied several days.

Paul A. Ewert, second assistant United States district attorney, is conducting the criminal prosecution against Sawyer. Sawyer himself was placed on the witness stand this afternoon. He admitted having had a considerable number of shares in his possession, and also admitted trying to sell them to farmers, but asserted that they had been obtained in a cash trade. He said that he met a man on the road one evening about 9 o'clock. The man was traveling by wagon, with wife, child and household goods. He explained. He stayed with the outfit overnight, and before parting traded watches with the man, taking \$250 in cash and about \$20 worth of stamps for "boot" money. He claims his watch was worth more than the stamps. Sawyer was indicted by the grand jury on two counts.

Van Guard to Retire.

The Van Guard Clothing company has been forced to leave from its present location, Boyce, the druggist, having secured the lease of the store. The firm carried an unusually large stock of clothing and furnishings which must be disposed of at once. The firm's advertisement in today's Herald that are almost ridiculously low. The Van Guard has always been recognized as headquarters for good quality goods at low prices in Duluth, but owing to the low prices at which their goods are sold, do not feel able to pay the high rent demanded for their present location. A few of the many bargains being offered are quoted in this issue.

FINES MAIR FOR ASSAULT

Court Imposes \$20 Penalty on Spalding Hotel Porter.

Archibald Mair, the young man employed at the Spalding hotel, who was indicted for assaulting Edward Totman, the liverman, appeared before Judge Cant, this noon and changed his plea of not guilty to the charge of assault in the second degree to guilty of assault in the third degree. He was sentenced to pay a fine of \$20 or to be confined in the county jail until the fine is paid, not exceeding thirty days. By direction of his brother David Mair, who furnished the bonds for his release from custody, following arrest, a portion of the cash bail was appropriated to pay the fine, and Archibald was released.

The information against young Mair was that while acting on direction of the Spalding management to keep back drivers out of the lobby, he mistook Mr. Totman for a driver and had words, resulting in Mair's striking the liverman in the face.

Under oath, Mair told the court that he did not know Mr. Totman and that when he questioned him as to his business in the lobby, the latter responded sharply, the talk leading into a quarrel during which, thinking Mr. Totman was about to strike him, he landed the first blow, following it up with two more by the time Mr. Totman had pulled off his heavy fur coat. Mair testified that he did not use brass knuckles, also that Mr. Totman made the remark if he had not been drinking the fight would have had a different ending. Alexander Marshall appeared for Mair.

Important Sale at Freimuth's.

In the advertisement of I. Freimuth in this issue is announced a sensational sale of the stock of suits, coats, waists and petticoats purchased from S. Bershard at a very low rate on the dollar. The stock is to be sold at once the prices at which they are quoted offers a money saving opportunity that no women in Duluth or vicinity can afford to overlook. The purchase of this stock is said to have been made in the quickest time of any sale ever made on the street.

DIAMOND OF 3032 CARATS

Found Near Pretoria—It Is Valued at \$3,500,000.

Johannesburg, Transvaal, Jan. 27.—The largest diamond ever discovered has been found near Pretoria. The stone weighs 3032 carats and is said to be a pure white diamond of good quality. It is locally valued at \$3,500,000 to \$4,000,000. The famous Kohinoor, which is valued at \$20,000,000, weighs 12 carats, though it is said to have weighed 200 carats before it was cut. There is immense excitement here and at Pretoria as a result of the discovery.

THE BIG SHOE SALE!

SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR SATURDAY.

OVERSHOES AND WARM SHOES. Are you troubled with cold feet? Now is the time to buy. Don't delay—the bargains are genuine.

Ladies' and children's warm House Slippers, worth 75c—Phillips' price..... **39c**

Ladies' warm Slippers, worth 85c—Phillips' price..... **49c**

Ladies' warm Slippers and Lace Shoes, worth up to \$1.25—Phillips' price..... **69c**

Ladies' Felt Shoes and Slippers, worth up to \$2.00—take your choice..... **98c**

Men's \$3.00 warm Shoes, all styles—Phillips' price..... **\$1.98**

Misses' and children's warm Shoes and Slippers at less than cost.

Misses' and children's Shoes, worth up to \$2.00—to close out at..... **98c**

Misses' and children's \$1.00 Shoes, all sizes—closing-out sale price..... **69c**

Children's 75c Shoes, all sizes, 2 to 8—Phillips' sale price..... **49c**

Our entire stock of Ladies' and Men's \$4.00 Shoes go at..... **\$2.95**

Ladies' crochet Slippers—during this sale at..... **65c**

Ladies' fine vici kid and box calf, lace and button Shoes, worth \$2.50—Phillips' sale price..... **\$1.48**

300 pairs of Ladies' patent and vici kid box calf lace and blucher cut, worth up to \$3.50—Phillips' price..... **\$1.98**

All the \$5.00 fine Shoes, ladies' and men's—go at..... **\$3.75**

Broken lines of men's fine \$5.00 Shoes—during this sale..... **\$2.48**

Ladies' Storm Rubbers, all sizes—Phillips' price, during this sale..... **39c**

Ladies' Storm Alaska and 1-buckle Overshoes, worth \$1.25—Phillips' price..... **69c**

Men's pure gum buckled Overshoes, worth \$1.75—Phillips' price..... **\$1.19**

Boys' Rubbers, for sox..... **69c**
Boys' Shoe Paces..... **79c**

Misses' and children's two-buckle Overshoes—sale price..... **98c**

Ladies' and Men's \$5.00 Shoes—on sale at..... **\$3.75**

The entire stock of \$6.00 Shoes on sale at..... **\$4.45**

"Phillips" stamped on a shoe is a guarantee of honest worth.

T. C. PHILLIPS retires from Retail Shoe Business.

PHILLIPS & CO

218 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

A GENERAL ENGAGEMENT

Is Now Going On Between Russians and Japanese.

Berlin, Jan. 27.—A dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger, from Mukden, today, dated 9:15 a. m., says:

"A general engagement began yesterday and continues today. Already the losses on both sides are considerable. The fighting is especially heavy at the center."

A stirring editorial in the Man-

churian Army Messenger, the official journal, calls on the army to perform its appointed task, regardless of occurrences at home, and thus shame the mercenaries into patriotism.

JAPS ORDER FLOUR FROM MINNEAPOLIS.

Minneapolis, Jan. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Large orders for flour, oats and barley were placed on change today for Nagaaki Jobbers. One order of flour was for 30,000 sacks, and other large orders are being negotiated. The barley is low grade and, with the oats, it is intended to feed the Japanese army horses. The flour is of the best grade and is for the army. Although the orders are placed by business firms, it is well understood that they are only for the Japanese government. There is promise of a large trade there ever in food supplies for the Orient.

FOXES AND CATS ON EXHIBITION! POULTRY SHOW

At 15 East Superior street, Friday, Saturday, Sunday and Tuesday. Hundreds of fine birds, as well as cats, will be shown. Friday afternoon and Saturday children free if accompanied by parents paying regular price, 25c.

COME EVERYBODY.

IMPORTANT MEASURE

Affecting Alaska Is Signed By the President.

Washington, Jan. 27.—President Roosevelt signed today the most important measure affecting Alaska that has been enacted by congress for several years. It provides for the construction and

maintenance of roads and schools and the care of insane persons in Alaska.

The bill passed the senate at the last session but was passed by the house only a little more than a week ago. Senator Nelson, of Minnesota, who is interested in the measure, Attorney General Moody and Special Assistant Attorney General Charles W. Russell had a conference with the president today regarding the bill. The attorney general and Mr. Russell presented to the president the legal advice of the measure. At the conclusion of the conference the president signed the bill.

AN ELOPEMENT

Followed Contest For Gold Heart at Bazar.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—An elopement as the result of a contest for a gold heart at a church bazar in South Chicago early last fall and a marriage in a Michigan town, have been kept secret by the principals until a few days ago, when the mother of the bride received a letter from her daughter informing her she had been a wife since Sept. 1.

Samuel Mucken, life-saver at Jackson Park, attended a bazar in August in St. Kevin's church, South Chicago. Miss Catherine Hamilton, a nurse in the South Chicago hospital, had a chance booth with a gold heart as the prize. The rivalry among the young men for the heart was keen. Mucken determined to win it. He did.

A few minutes later Miss Hamilton and Mucken quietly went to South Haven and were married.

MARYLAND'S TRIAL TRIP.

Boston, Jan. 27.—The new cruiser Maryland, built for the United States government by the Newport News Shipbuilding Dry Dock company, left here this morning for the trial course off Thatcher's island where her official speed trial will take place.

Mid-Winter Sale

Of Men's Women's and Children's Clothing at HALF PRICE. We must sell them in order to make room for our new goods, which will be here February 10.

\$25 Ladies' Suits \$10.00 | \$5.50 Boys' Suits \$2.50
\$18 Ladies' Suits \$7.50 | \$20 Men's Suits at \$10
\$15 Ladies' Coats \$6.00 | \$20 Men's Overcoats \$10
\$1.00 Boys' Sweaters at 50c

**CASH
OR
CREDIT**

Fred W. Edwards
CASH & CREDIT PARLORS

If you have not the ready cash, don't worry; we will make the payments to suit you.

OVER GIDDING'S.

We Offer the Biggest Bargains in the City.



Men's Suits and Overcoats, worth \$13.50 to \$15
ON SALE AT

\$9.75

Men's Suits and Overcoats, worth \$16 to \$18—

\$13.75

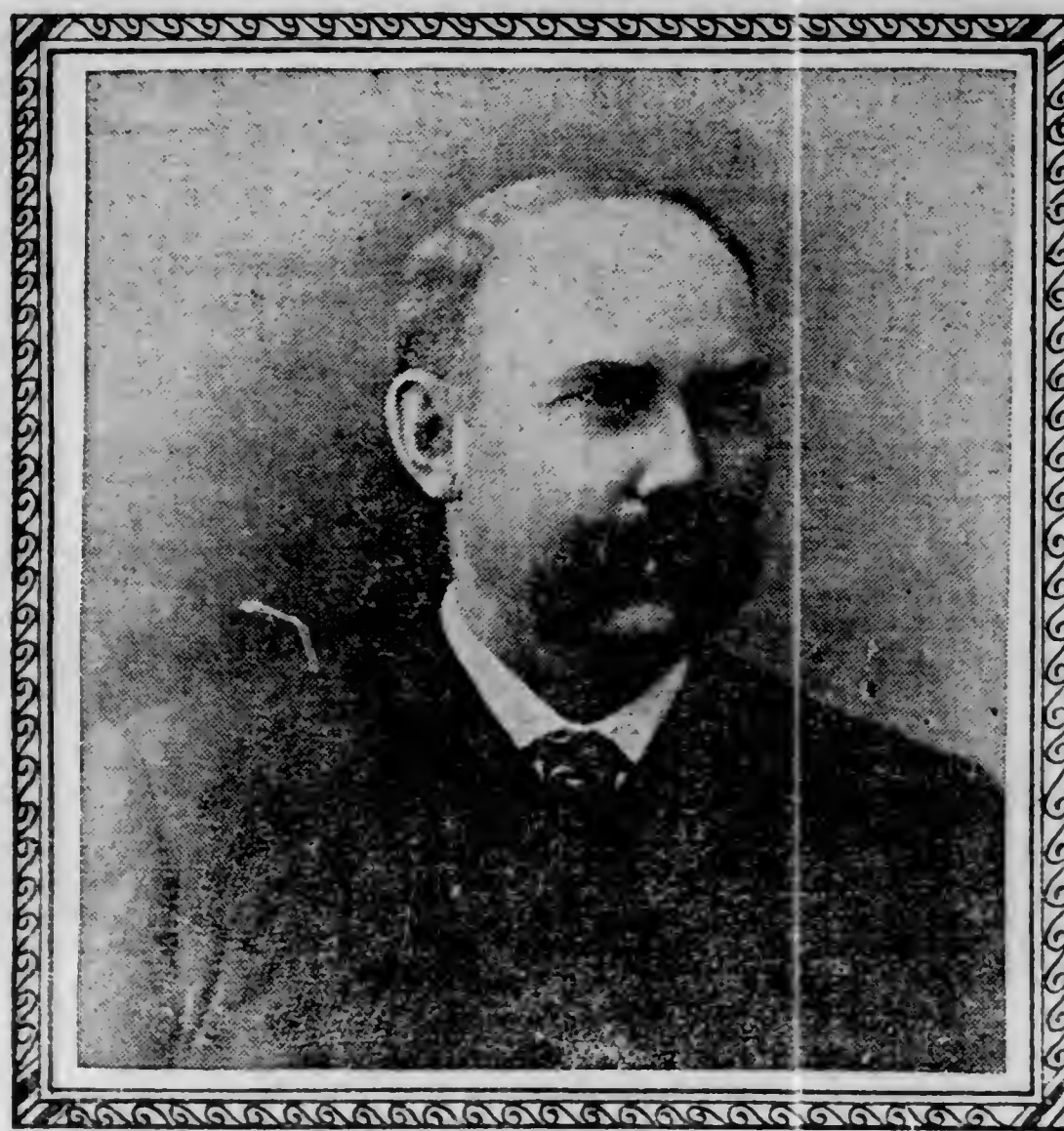
BOYS' KNEE PANT SUITS—Half Price
\$8 Suits now \$4. \$6 Suits now \$3. \$4 Suits now \$2. All sizes, 3 to 16.

MEN'S SHIRTS—
worth \$1.00 and \$1.50—
75c

SHOE BARGAINS.
Men's \$5 Patent Colt Shoes... \$3.65
\$3.50 Shoes, in all leathers... \$2.85

Neckwear—½ Price.
50c Four-in-Hands, Tecks and Ascots—at... **25c**

FLOAN LEVEROOS & CO.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST. DULUTH
MEN'S FINE CLOTHING



CAPT. JEREMIAH H. TRIGGS.
Well Known Duluth Citizen Who Died Today—Photo Taken Some Years Ago But Latest in Existence.

J. H. TRIGGS DEAD

Had Been Resident of Duluth For Twenty Years.

Was Prominent Factor In Growth and Development of City.

Capt. Jeremiah H. Triggs, for the past twenty years a resident of Duluth, and during the whole of that time prominently interested in the growth, progress and development of the city, died of liver complaint at 8:30 o'clock this morning, at his home, 120 West Fourth street.

The funeral will be held Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the Unitarian church, corner of Eighth avenue and First street, and will be in charge of the Willis A. German post, G. A. R., of which the deceased was past commander.

Capt. Triggs was a great believer in Duluth. His faith in the city was boundless. He was always making bright predictions regarding its future, and continually devoting his best energies to promoting the interests of the town. Of a naturally optimistic nature, and with a pleasant personality and every disposition, he made friends by the score. Although for some time prior to his death he was in ill health, the captain at all times was good natured and cheerful, appearing to be an optimistic concerning his own condition as in regard to the future of Duluth.

Captain Triggs was born in the year 1841 at Indianapolis, Ind. His youth was spent in Iowa, until he enlisted to fight in the war of the rebellion. Being among the students of the Rensselaer academy he formed a company which later became a part of the Seventh cavalry. He fought all through the war, and at its close was offered

Plain Words on Catarrh Cures

Mr. S. F. Boyce's Views.

Just at this time of the year the newspapers are filled with advertisements of Catarrh cures of one kind or another to such an extent that a Herald reporter opened up a talk on the subject with S. F. Boyce, our local druggist. "In all probability," said Mr. Boyce, "every one of them can be found on sale in my store. But I cannot guarantee these various remedies of course they may be meritorious as to that I cannot say—I buy them from the manufacturers and I certainly would not sell them if I thought they were in any way injurious."

"But," continued Mr. Boyce, "there is one Catarrh cure I know all about, and that Catarrh cure I back up with my reputation as a pharmacist, and with my bona fide guarantee. That remedy is Rexall Muc-Tone. I know how Rexall Muc-Tone is made, what medicines are used in compounding it and the scrupulous care with which it is manufactured, and I know that it is an honest, meritorious remedy, that has cured thousands of chronic sufferers from catarrh."

"The very first dose of Muc-Tone will brace you up, will give you new strength and hope, will convince you that at last you have found a medicine that goes right to the spot and does the work for which it is intended; and with each succeeding dose you will feel better and better, stronger and stronger. You will regain your appetite, will find yourself eating heartily, and will feel that your food is doing you good. You will note an increase of blood. Your hands and feet will be warm, instead of cold and clammy. Your nerves will become steady. You will sleep soundly, and you will get up in the morning wonderfully refreshed, and despondency will be a thing of the past; and besides," continued Mr. Boyce, "Rexall Muc-Tone will accomplish all this in an astonishingly short time. It makes no difference whether you are just beginning to feel badly or whether you have suffered for years—I say Muc-Tone will cure you—just try me out on this statement. If it does not do all that I have claimed for it, I will immediately refund your money. You can get a large trial bottle for fifty cents. S. F. Boyce, Druggist."

the commission of captain in the regular army, which he refused.

Following the war he went to Colorado, and remained there for several years, engaging in the mining business. In 1870 he went to Kansas, where, in 1880, he was married to Martha Bates, at Wichita, Kan. While in the East on mining business, Capt. Triggs met Jay Cooke, and from him learned of the great possibilities of Duluth. He became very much interested in Duluth, and in 1883 removed here. Immediately he became a prominent factor in building up the city, and in bringing its great natural resources to the attention of his clients, associates, and the outside world.

During the great activity in real estate, he was a senior member of the firm of Triggs & Kennedy, and their business was one of the largest in the city. His home has been in Duluth since 1883, but during the panic of the nineties he spent a good deal of time in developing the Triggs mines in Canada. He devoted his attention to these properties for three or four years, and though he again returned to this city and became active in business affairs he never lost faith in the Canadian region as being a place of great possibilities in a gold mining way. This belief was maintained up to the day of his death.

Since the spring of 1901 he has been giving his entire time and attention to Duluth and its interests, and since the fall of 1901 has been a member of the firm of A. C. Volk & Co. He believed unlimited benefits would result from the proposed development of the St. Louis river water power, and his friends greatly regret that he did not survive long enough to see the completion of the project and the benefits so soon to be realized.

Capt. Triggs has been active in G. A. R. circles and was loved and respected by his comrades. He was a member of the Masonic order since 21 years of age, and was a trustee of the Catholic church.

SPOILED HER BEAUTY.
Harriet Howard, of 29 W. 34th St., New York, at one time had her beauty spoiled with skin trouble. She writes: "I had Sall Ithorn of Rozema for years, but nothing would cure it, until I used Beck's Arnica Salve. A quick and sure healer for cuts, burns and sores. 25c at all druggists."

FIRE BURNS POWER HOUSE

One of Missabe Road's Buildings at Proctor Burns.

The old power house of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway at Proctor was completely destroyed by fire last night. The blaze was discovered shortly after midnight, but it had gained such headway that it could not be brought under control. The loss, including both machinery and building, will come to between \$100,000 and \$150,000. The company carries its own insurance.

As the new power house at Proctor, which has been in the course of construction for some time, is not yet completed, the fire will result in a good deal of inconvenience to the corporation, which will have to get along as best it can for about three weeks with no regular power house. The new building, it is expected, will be ready for occupancy within three weeks.

The fire started in the boiler plant. Flames were first seen leaping from the boiler room, and the fire department, with its two hose carts, was soon on the scene. The men did fine work, but there was no way of controlling the flames, they had spread so rapidly. The firemen, who were nearest to the burning boiler tank adjoining the building. Their work in this respect is coming in for several compliments from the railway officials today.

The power plant contained two large boilers, two dynamos and an engine. It is hard to determine just how badly these articles are damaged, but with one or two exceptions it is believed they will prove to be a total loss.

CLAIM HE IS INSANE

Penwarden May Escape Jail on Plea of Insanity.

An effort may be made by friends of Frank Penwarden to have him examined before Judge Middlecott for alleged insanity.

Penwarden was sentenced on two counts yesterday afternoon from the municipal court. He is charged with passing worthless checks drawn on the First National bank at Two Harbors, where, it is stated, Penwarden does not have an account.

He pleaded not guilty, but offered no defense. Penwarden was sentenced to \$100 and costs or ninety days on the first count and \$50 and costs or sixty days on the second.

His friends claim that he is mentally unbalanced, and an effort may be made to have him brought before Judge Middlecott.

J. M. GIDDING & CO.

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J. M. GIDDING & CO.

Clearing Sale Girls' and Misses' Coats.



This is practically the last call on girls' and misses' Coats—that's why we've made the values so unusual—wanted to reduce our stocks in one day—that's a much better plan than slow sales and a little better profits—better for us—better for you. Pursuing this method we sell more in a day than we'd ordinarily sell in three or four.

We do not care how exacting you are—we'll meet your bargain expectations more than half way.

No matter if you are in a hurry—let's look into the news feature of this sale a little further—it will pay you—here's a short resume:

\$5.00 for girls' \$10.00 full-length Coats of winter-weight cheviot, in blue and brown—full box coat with belt—collar and cuffs trimmed with velvet—finished with silk braid—sizes 6 to 14. Smart coats for the young miss.

\$3.50 for girls' \$7.00 full-length Coats of winter-weight cheviot.

All the Women's Winter Coats Must Go

Sharp, decisive action—but it should clear our floors entirely for the new season. And that's our "heart's set prize" just now.

Not very many of these coats, of course. But quality makes amends for small numbers. For the most stylish and best, loose fitted and semi-fitting Coats in covert cloth, kersey, cheviot, broadcloth, melton and zibeline are included.

AT \$5.00—COATS WORTH \$11.50.

AT \$15.00—COATS WORTH TO \$27.50.

AT \$20.00—COATS WORTH \$27.50 TO \$32.00.

Many in weights for Spring. All in styles to be worn next season.

Radical Price-Reductions On Our Finest Furs.

The Gidding stock of Furs is gathered with the greatest care. We supervise closely every piece we buy; and would no more sell an unreliable or spurious piece of fur than pinchbeck jewelry for solid gold.

Hence, when such deep price-cuts as these are announced on first-class furs, no additional argument, beyond a statement of details, is necessary to convince people that this is the most excellent time to buy.

Many pieces are marked at half former prices, and a number of the more elaborate garments are even less than half.

The following list covers all of our imported and more elaborate FUR SETS and WRAPS IN HUDSON BAY SAMBS, ERMINE, CHINCHILLA, PERSIAN LAMB, MINK, ALASKA SEAL AND SIBERIAN SQUIRREL.

Tomorrow the Half-Yearly "Sweep" of Underwear

Lewis Underwear.

Union Suits, in white and blue, all wool; sold regularly at \$4.75—at \$4.00.

Silk and wool Union Suits, in white, flesh and blue; \$8.50 value—at \$7.50.

Separate garments of all wool—in white and blue; \$3.00 value—at \$2.50.

Silk and wool, in separate garments, in white and blue; \$4.50 value—at \$4.00.

All silk Union Suits; \$11.50 value—at \$10.00.

All silk separate garments; \$8.50 value—at \$7.00.

Harvard Mills Underwear.

All our Union Suits and separate garments at a great reduction—in whites and greys.

\$2.75 and \$2.50 Union Suits at \$2.00.

\$2.25 Union Suits at \$1.75.

\$2.00 Union Suits at \$1.50.

\$1.50 Union Suits at \$1.00.

Outing Flannel Night Dresses.

All our Outing Flannel Night Gowns, in plain colors and stripes—at exactly half price.

Eiderdown Dressing Sacques and Bath Robes.

Our entire line of Dressing Sacques and Bath Robes, in all colors—blues, pinks, greys and reds—at one-third off.

The Attractions at the Muslin Underwear Sale Are Unique, But Interest Centers In the Rare Values.

Night Gowns.	Chemise.	Drawers.	Petticoats.	Corset Covers.	Knee Skirts.
39c	75c	25c	\$1.00	25c	\$1.00
50c	\$1.00	50c	\$1.25	50c	\$1.25
75c	\$1.25	75c	\$1.50	75c	\$1.50
\$1.00	\$1.50	\$1.00	\$2.00	\$1.00	\$2.00
and up to \$18.50.	and up to \$4.50.	and up to \$10.00.	and up to \$18.50.	and up to \$18.50.	and up to \$18.50.

J. M. GIDDING & CO. Cor. First Avenue West @ Superior Street.

FOXES AT SHOW

Narrow Escape From Destruction of Much Valuable Poultry.

One Hundred Eggs Will Hatch Before Tomorrow Night.

Had two of the attendants at the poultry show been a little less watchful, several hundred dollars' worth of prize poultry might have been destroyed by the natural enemies of the hen, foxes.

Yesterday afternoon two young, but full-grown foxes, were brought in to be placed on exhibition with the poultry. The animals were caged in a light wooden covered box with some wire netting. As long as there was a light in the building, the two animals lay curled up in the back of their cages apparently asleep, but every move made near the cage was watched by their sharp black eyes.

After the last visitor had left the building last evening, the attendants prepared to close up for the night. The light was turned off, and the men prepared to leave. Just as they reached the door one of them heard a

grating sound coming from the foxes' cage. They quickly turned on the light again, and discovered that in the brief space of but a minute or two, the foxes had secured a good start toward freedom by gnawing the edge of the box where the netting was attached. Ten or fifteen minutes' work with their sharp teeth would have left them free, and it was then just a question of how much damage they cared to do, as the canvas cages would be no protection to the fancy poultry. The attendants took no further chances and the light was left turned on, while one of them stayed on watch throughout the night.

Persons visiting the show today and tomorrow will have an opportunity of witnessing chickens being hatched out in an incubator.

An incubator containing 100 eggs is on exhibition, and the eggs are due to hatch out before tomorrow night. Several of them already show signs of the chickens at work inside the shells, and it is apt to prove a popular exhibition for the children, at least, tomorrow. As a still further inducement for the children to attend the show, Theodore Hollister, of the golden Wyandotte cockerel, which won third prize in the show, as a prize to the boy under 15 years of age who guesses nearest to the number of chickens that will be hatched from the eggs before Saturday evening at 9 o'clock.

A wager which was made by John Greenfield and Mr. Hollister himself this morning, may be a guide to the boys in making their guesses. Mr. Hollister bet \$10 that at least fifty chickens would be hatched from the 100 eggs before 9 o'clock, and Mr. Greenfield took the negative end of the bet.

The work of awarding the ribbons and prizes continues, and will probably be completed by this evening. G. W. Smith, of West Duluth, president of the association, made a clean sweep of the silver-faced Wyandotte class, the second largest class in the show. His bird comprised the finest pen of that breed ever exhibited in Duluth, and he won every prize in the class with the exception of third pullet.

The following is a complete list of the prizes which have been awarded up to the present time:

Barred Plymouth Rocks: J. B. Greenfield, Lakeside—1 cock; 1, 2 and 3, cockerel; 1 and 3, hen; 1 pen. John Knutson, Willow River—2 and 3, pullets; 3 pen. R. B. Forward, Duluth—3 pullets.

Buff Plymouth Rocks: Theodore Hollister, Duluth—1 cock; 1 and 2, cockerel; 1, 2 and 3, pullets; 1 pen. Mrs. Richard Hodgson, Lakeside—2 cocks; 2 hen; 2 and 3 cockerel; 2 pen.

White Plymouth Rocks: W. C. Sargent, Duluth—1 hen. R. J. Gundry, West Duluth—1 cock; 3 cockerel. J. E. Lynds, Cloquet—3 pullets. N. S. Benjamin, Hastings—1 and 2, cockerel. White Wyandottes: Anderson & Edmunds, Duluth—1 and 2, cock; 1 and 2, hen; 1 and 3, cockerel; 1, 2 and 3, pul-

let; 1, pen. E. H. Smith, Duluth—2 cockerel. John W. Thomas, Duluth—3, hen; 3 pen.

Partridge Wyandottes: J. W. Nelson, Duluth—1, 2 and 3, hen; 1, 2 and 3, pullet; 1, 2 and 3, cockerel; 1, pen.

Dark Brahmans: Theodore Hollister—3, cock; 1 and 2, hen; 3, cockerel; 1, 2 and 3, pullet; 2, hen.

Light Brahmans: Theodore Hollister—1, cock; 1, 2 and 3, pullet; 1, pen.

Buff Cochins: W. J. Irwin, Eveleth—1, cock; 1 and 2, hen; 3, cockerel; 1, 2 and 3, pullet; 1, pen.

Buff Cochins Bantams: Flint & Son—1 and 3, hen.

White Cochins Bantams: W. J. Irwin, Eveleth—1, cockerel; 1, pullet.

Black Breasted Red Game Bantam: Charles Johnson, West Duluth—1, cock; 2, hen; 3, cockerel. W. J. Irwin, Eveleth—2, cock; 1, hen; 1 and 2, cockerel; 1, pen. J. W. Nelson—3, pullet; 2, pen.

Silver-laced Wyandotte: G. W. Smith, West Duluth—1, cock; 1 and 2, pullets today. Senator Cullom gave to

the committee the result of a conference he had with Acting Secretary of State Loomis, to the effect that the protocol by which the United States representatives took charge of the island's finances has not yet been received at the state department, but is now on route to the United States. In view of the communication Senator Bacon moved that his resolution of inquiry lie over without prejudice, until the full statement has been received from the state department.

It's folly to suffer from that horrible plague of the night, itching piles. Doan's Ointment cures, quickly and permanently. At any drug store, 50 cents.

INFORMS SENATE
Of Plans to Take Charge of Santo Domingo.

Washington, Jan. 27.—Secretary Hay will send to the senate a treaty to take the place of the protocol, through which the United States intends to take charge of the financial affairs of the government of Santo Domingo and administer them to the end that the claims of all persons against the island shall be equitably met. A communication to that effect was sent to the senate and by Senator Cullom laid before the committee on foreign relations today. Senator Cullom gave to

the committee the result of a conference he had with Acting Secretary of State Loomis, to the effect that the protocol by which the United States representatives took charge of the island's finances has not yet been received at the state department, but is now on route to the United States. In view of the communication Senator Bacon moved that his resolution of inquiry lie over without prejudice, until the full statement has been received from the state department.

It's folly to suffer from that horrible plague of the night, itching piles. Doan's Ointment cures, quickly and permanently. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Madison, Wis., & Return
\$12.90.

January 31 to February 2 inclusive, "The Northwestern Line" will sell excursion tickets to Madison, Wis., and return at \$12.90. Tickets good for return until and including February 3, 1905. City Ticket Office, 302 West Superior street.

A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

50c, 75c and \$1 Neckties, 25c

Saturday, Monday and Tuesday.

This is for the purpose of clearing up our stock.

Four-in-hands, Ascots, Puffs, DeJoinvilles, Tecks and Finest Club Ties.

Ladies—The finest Windsors are included in this sale.

A. B. Siewert & Company

Hatters and Furnishers, 304 West Superior Street.

Closing Out Sale!

We are closing out at less than cost our entire stock of launches, with or without engines, row boats, wood and canvas covered canoes, duck boats, etc.

Pearson Boat Construction Co.

No. 100 Alworth Building.
Old Phone 1147.

certain that she said
pleased Steve more | not about to resign, as has b
ported.

into the long comedian's painted face. "Well, I'll be d—d, if it ain't the old fellow," he said. "I've never seen any other comedian so much more pleasant things as they are doing their signatures under the stars and stripes this morning. One newspaper said, 'Messrs. Cohen & Stuve have shrewdly anticipated Mr. Willoughby for Mr. Kingsbury in the leading role when they saw that the latter's work did not please.' Mr. Willoughby is an eccentric comedian of excellent ability whom the firm very recently 'discovered.'"

"What Alice Leslie said is not recorded, but it is certain that she said something that pleased Stuve more than all the rest."

NOT TO RESIGN.

New York, Jan. 27.—The Associated Press was informed today on the authority that President F. H. Allen of the Wabash railroad system was not about to resign, as has been reported.

TWO NOTED CASES

In Tennessee Courts That Are Identical In Some Respects.

Can Judge Sentence to Death, Jury Recommending Clemency?

Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 27.—Is the supreme court bound by precedent? If an affirmative answer is given then it would seem that Tom Cox may escape the gallows, even if the voluminous assignment of errors in his bill of exceptions is sustained by Tennessee's court of last resort.

A case similar to, in fact, almost identical with, that of the state against Tom Cox, who murdered Edgewood Dossell, has just been decided by the supreme court, and the accused got decidedly the better of his lawyers.

Bank Maxwell, an alleged confederate of Cox, who was indicted for the murder of Dossell, was in Maxwell's home neighborhood, disguised as an agent for a camera, which enlarged photographs.

Friends of the confederate learned that an officer was in the vicinity, and warned Maxwell to escape. But he would not heed their advice.

On the contrary, he appeared to have a love for United States marshals. He declared that he would like to see the white of Swain's eyes, and after that, what about his business with a rifle over his shoulder.

One morning a short time after the picture agent made his appearance in the hall of Jackson county, the sun rose on his dead body.

Proceeding circumstances caused suspicion to fall upon Maxwell and he was arrested, and later he confessed committing the homicide, but pleaded that the killing was in self-defense. There were no eye witnesses to the killing.

Maxwell's statements that Swain drew his pistol to compel him to hand over his rifle was overthrown by the testimony of those who discovered and examined the body of the deceased. The court was instructed, and the witness was sworn as to the facts of the case.

The jury which tried Maxwell rendered a verdict of murder in the first degree, but because the evidence from the defendant's confession was all circumstantial, recommended that the trial judge impose the life imprisonment sentence. The court disregarded the "mitigation" clause, and said: "You shall be hanged by the neck until dead."

The defendant took an appeal to the supreme court, asserting that the trial judge imposed the life imprisonment sentence. The lower court was sustained in every phase of the case except its last part.

The proof, and the evidence was not sufficiently conclusive as to cause the mind of the court to rest in affirming the sentence of death. Hence, the sentence was modified to imprisonment for life.

The details of the Maxwell murder are still fresh in the memories of all newspaper readers in the state. It is, perhaps, true, that no other story of a murder and the trial of the murderer has been read so generally in Tennessee in years.

Like the shooting of Swain, there were no eye witnesses to the Maxwell murder in its entirety. The judge of Joel A. Battle castle hall saw Cox fire the shot, but he saw a woman in a room, saw Maxwell's actions before or during the shooting. Cox and Maxwell exchanged shots, and while the bullet from Maxwell's clothing indicated that he was taken by surprise, evidence was not sufficient to establish that he was not a witness.

Cox saw Maxwell immediately preceding the deed.

After a long and tedious trial Cox was convicted of the murder, but a compromise verdict was reached. One juror held out for acquittal for more than a week, and then voted for murder in the first degree, provided mitigation were recommended. At the close of the trial, Judge Hart set aside the recommendations and passed the sentence of death.

CASSEL'S PRINCELY PARTY.
Taking a Shipload of People to Egypt.

London, Jan. 27.—Sir Ernest Cassel is making a whole shipload of London's smartest society to Egypt as his guests. The duke and duchess of Devonshire, Mr. and Mrs. Rochefort Maguire, Lord and Lady Cholmondeley, the countess of Essex, Viscountess, duchess of Manchester, and Muriel Wilson are a few of the fortunate ones included in this royal excursion.

From the moment they leave their own houses in London until they return to them, everything is provided for them, regardless of expense. Any time any one of them feels like a change, they can go to any of the special compartments in trains right through from London, and rest as long as they like on any chosen steamer to Port Said.

NAGGING PAINS
Newport News, Va., July 22, 1903.
Last summer while recovering from illness of fever, I had a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism in the knees, from which I was unable to leave my room for several months. I was treated by two doctors and also tried different kinds of liniments and medicines which seemed to relieve me from pain for awhile, but at the same time I was not any nearer getting well. One day while reading a paper I saw an advertisement of S. S. S. for Rheumatism. I decided to give it a trial, which I did at once. After I had taken three bottles I felt a great deal better, and I still continued to take it regularly until I was entirely cured. I now feel better than for years, and I cheerfully recommend S. S. S. to any one suffering from Rheumatism.

613 3rd St. C. R. E. GILDERKNEVE.

Rheumatism is caused by uric acid or some other acid poison in the blood, which when deposited in the muscles and joints, produce the sharp, cutting pains and the stiffness and soreness peculiar to this disease. S. S. S. goes directly into the circulation, all irritating substances are neutralized and filtered out of the system, the blood is made pure and the general health is built up under the purifying and tonic effects of the vegetable remedy.

Write for our special book on Rheumatism which is sent free. Our physicians will advise without charge all who will write us about their case.

The Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

DIRECTORS PAY

Voluntarily \$650,000 Into the Grass Twine Company's Treasury.

Supposed to Represent Unearned Dividends Declared By Them.

New York, Jan. 27.—Former directors of the American Grass Twine company have voluntarily paid into the treasury of the company \$650,000 in cash, supposed to represent unearned dividends declared by them in 1902, with interest. The men who composed the board of directors in that year were D. O. Mills, Henry E. Howland, Robert E. Todd, Stewart H. Christman and Jacob Rubino, of this city; Michael I. O'Shaughnessy, of St. Paul, Herbert Myrick, of Springfield, Mass., and Horace J. Knowles, of Delaware.

According to a man familiar with the affairs of the company, not all the directors for 1902 contributed to the fund; only those who felt that they were able to do so. The names of the contributors, it was said, would not be made public, at least at present, so as not to embarrass the members of the board who didn't pay.

This large payment was made in the early part of December. It was on Nov. 28 that Justice Clarke in the supreme court handed down his decision in a suit brought against Alexander M. Curtis, of Buffalo, a director of the American Mailing company, holding him liable for \$34,000, the amount with interest of unearned dividends declared at directors' meetings which he had attended. It was in the early part of December also that a stockholder in the American Grass Twine company, Joseph Watkins, brought an action through his attorneys, Mothman & Nearsulmer, of 38 Park row, individually against the members of the board of directors, seeking to force them to return to the treasury with interest \$55,000 which the plaintiff alleged had been paid in dividends out of the company's capital.

To what extent the action of this stockholder and the decision in the American Mailing company case influenced the former directors of the Grass Twine company was not learned yesterday. The man who is interested in the Grass Twine company said that the directors who paid the \$650,000 were by no means certain when they did so that the dividends which had been paid were unearned. To prove that they had been unearned, however, this man said, would entail a lengthy proceeding.

So much personal inconvenience to the directors that certain of them decided that they would prefer to put up the money as cash in hand.

While the money was actually paid into the treasury of the company after Justice Clarke's decision, the old directors, according to this informant, had been contemplating the action for some time previous to the decision. This man said further, that the suit brought by Watkins had not been withdrawn even now, when the decision had been completed with, but that the attorneys who represented Watkins' interests were demanding that their counsel fee be paid by the directors also. Thus the directors were objecting to Watkins, according to this man, owned only fifty shares of stock in the company, and that was all the stock represented in the effort to have the directors reimburse the treasury.

Henry Nearsulmer said that his client had bought the stock in 1902 when it was selling at \$60. The next year, when dividends were discontinued, it went as low as \$6, the highest price paid for it being 25¢. Nearsulmer said that his client alleged that the price had been inflated by payment of unearned dividends.

The American Grass Twine company was organized under the laws of Delaware in 1899, with a capital of \$15,000,000. The first dividend on the stock was for 14 per cent quarterly, paid in July and October of the same year. The directors, after declaring another quarterly dividend of 14 per cent, payable on Jan. 1, 1903, rescinded that action and made the dividend 4 per cent instead, the understanding being that the money was required for working capital and improvements. No dividends have been paid by the company since. In 1901 the company stock brought from 30¢ to 45¢. The next year it jumped as high as 62¢.

The present directors of the company, given by a man identified with it, are H. E. Mohr, J. Dougherty, John M. Robinson, J. S. Knowles, G. W. Greff and Henry M. Coburn.

Some of the men, it was said, who contributed to the \$650,000 is now on the board of directors, although all of them are interested in the company. James J. Hill is named in the reference books as being a member of the long list of directors, but it was said yesterday that he had never served.

"Neglected colds make fat graveyards," Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup helps men and women to a happy, vigorous old age.

INDIANA MEN
Visit the Jail and Are Kept There.

Bluffton, Ind., Jan. 27.—Charley Mosure met Marshal John Crosbie on the streets and informed him that he intended to go to the county jail to see his friend, Scott Hughes, who has been in custody ten days serving a sixty-days' jail sentence for intoxication and fighting.

Crosbie told Mosure to go ahead, that he was perfectly welcome to pay a visit to his friend if he so desired, but after Mosure left him the officer telephoned to the jail and notified Sheriff Johnson that Mosure, another look him up in a cell and not to release him.

Having completed his visit, Mosure told the sheriff that he was ready to go and the sheriff politely told him to remain a little longer, as he had thirty days more in which he could visit with Hughes and the other prisoners.

Then Kindlesmeyer, of Poneto, was jailed in a manner similar to Mosure. He went to the jail to see Noah Kemper, a friend who was serving out a fine for stabbing a man at Poneto, and when he was ready to go Sheriff Johnson informed him that he was under arrest for intoxication. Kindlesmeyer spent the night in jail and in the morning was fined \$1 and costs by Mayor Mock and sent back to jail to spend ten days with his friend Kemper.

GOING OUT OF BUSINESS!
Forced out of business on account of high rent, we must vacate our store and we have no other store to move our large stock to, and are compelled to sacrifice our entire stock and fixtures at prices that will meet the purse of every buyer. Mark what we say, **WE MUST VACATE OUR STORE.** Boyce, the druggist, takes possession of our store. Don't miss the opportunity. Come early and take advantage of this great **"FORCED TO VACATE SALE."**

A \$50,000 STOCK AT HALF PRICE!
Our entire stock of men's and boys' Clothing, Hats, Caps, Furnishing Goods, Boots and Shoes must be turned into cash at prices that will astonish you—prices that will convince you and prices that will move the goods. No regard for value—no regard for cost. Our object is to sell our entire stock of goods in a limited time. So make ready to be on hand.

SALE BEGINS SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 28, AT 9 O'CLOCK

OUR ENTIRE STOCK MARKED DOWN IN REMOVAL PRICES.

Men's Hats—all styles—go at—
Half Price.

Ralston Health Shoes—always \$4.00—during this sale at only—
\$2.48

Lumbermen's Sox—the kind that usually sells for 50c—during this sale we sell them at—
19c

Mackinaw Coats—high collar—worth \$3.00—closing out sale price—
\$1.48

Duck Coats—the very best \$2.50 kind—closing out sale price only—
\$1.19

Men's all wool Sweaters—the kind that always sells at \$1.25—Closing out price—
69c

Extra heavy Sweaters—worth \$3.00 each—closing out sale price—
\$1.48

1200 pairs Crown \$3.00 Shoes—closing out sale price—per pair only—
\$2.12

Men's Heavy Working Shoes—worth \$2.50—closing out sale price only—
\$1.39

Men's Fine Shoes—worth \$2.00—closing out sale price—per pair only—
99c

Driving Gloves—12 and 14-inch top—worth \$4.50—price only—
\$2.49

Men's \$3.00 Dress Shoes—a special in our closing out sale at only—
\$1.69

WE MUST MOVE—HIGH RENT FORCES US TO VACATE.

8-inch leather top Rubbers—all sizes, \$3 kind—closing out price—
\$1.69

Low Rubbers go at—
\$1.12

Storm Alaskas—go at—
79c

THIS IS IT: 407

50c Caps—19c
\$1.00 Caps—43c
Handkerchiefs—2c
Boys' Suspenders—9c

Men's Silk Suspenders—19c
Silk Neckties—1c
75c Mittens—43c

THIS IS A FACT—PRICES WE QUOTE WILL MOVE OUR GOODS.

125 dozen Fleece Lined Underwear—worth 75c per garment—closing out sale price—
39c

98 dozen Camel's Hair Underwear—closing out sale price per garment only—
44c

Boys' heavy Underwear—the kind that sells for 50c—closing out sale price only—
21c

Hand Knit Underwear—regular price \$3.00—closing out sale price only—
69c

The best \$3.50 Underwear in stock goes in our closing out sale at only—
89c

Fancy Wool Underwear—\$4.50 and \$5.00 grades—closing out sale price—
\$1.19

Men's Dress Shirts—worth 75c—go during our closing out sale at only—
39c

Outing Flannel Working Shirts—go into our closing out sale at only—
29c

Men's 75c Overshirts go into the closing out sale at only—
39c

Fleece lined Black Overshirts—our closing out sale price only—
49c

Our Buffalo Flannel Shirts go into the closing out sale at only—
99c

Dress Shirts—the \$1.50 kind go into the closing out sale at only—
89c

Dark blue Overshirts—worth \$2.00—closing out sale price only—
89c

Dress Shirts in fancy colors—closing out sale price only—each—
49c

SATURDAY WILL BE A RECORD BREAKER IN PRICES AT OUR STORE.

Remember the date, Saturday, Jan. 28, '05, this great "Forced to Vacate Sale" begins and will continue 'till every article is sold

THE VAN GUARD CLOTHING CO
Store Open Evenings. 407 West Superior St., Next Door to American Express Office.

Men's Fine Suits
Eight hundred all wool chevots, black, blue and fancy colors—regular price \$10.00—go at—
\$4.50

Four hundred regular \$12.00 Suits—all wool—in all colors—closing out sale price—
\$5.75

Two hundred of America's best worsteds, serges and Thibets, regular price \$15 and \$16 suits—now only—
\$7.50

Men's Dress Suits—fancy cashmeres and imported weaves—regular \$20 and \$22 suits at—
\$9.50

Fancy worsteds and black clays, in sack and double breasted—regular \$25.00 suits—now go at—
\$11.98

300 elegantly lined suits, sewed with silk band—padded shoulders—half cloth front—in every way a tailored garment—regular \$30 suits—
\$13.98

Men's Fine Trousers.
Five hundred Union-made Pants—neat patterns—worth \$4 and \$5.00—closing out price—
\$2.98

300 pairs Pants—fancy stripe in neat effects—worth \$3.00 and \$4.00—closing out price—
\$1.75

Two hundred pairs Men's all wool Pants—all colors—worth \$3.00—closing out sale price—
\$1.40

Men's \$3.00 Dress Shoes—a special in our closing out sale at only—
\$1.69

Mule Skin Mitten—go in the closing out sale at only—
19c

500 dozen Collars—all styles and sizes—closing out sale price—each—
8c

SAY IT NOW: 407

Dress Shirts—the \$1.50 kind go into the closing out sale at only—
89c

Dark blue Overshirts—worth \$2.00—closing out sale price only—
89c

Dress Shirts in fancy colors—closing out sale price only—each—
49c

SATURDAY WILL BE A RECORD BREAKER IN PRICES AT OUR STORE.

Remember the date, Saturday, Jan. 28, '05, this great "Forced to Vacate Sale" begins and will continue 'till every article is sold

THE VAN GUARD CLOTHING CO
Store Open Evenings. 407 West Superior St., Next Door to American Express Office.



Saturday's Market Basket



We have two of
the very best prescrip-
tion druggists
in the Northwest

Busy all the time putting up prescriptions.
Bring your prescriptions to us and have
them filled correctly and at moderate prices.

**Boyce's
Drug Store.**

We have an overstock of
out-door and cabinet

Thermometers

that we are offering at very
low prices.

Don't miss this opportunity we are offer-
ing to get a good fever thermometer at less
than wholesale cost prices.

And please don't forget to take
home a box of our 29c Satur-
day Candy.

All at **Boyce's
Drug Store.**



No extra charge for
PAINLESS EXTRACTING

Gold Crowns, the best.....\$7
Porcelain Crowns, the best.....\$5
Gold Fillings, up from.....\$1.50
Silver Fillings, up from.....75c
We have the largest dental practice
in Duluth because we give you the
best and guarantee our work.

**JOHNSON & KAAKE,
DENTISTS.**
Zenith Phone 161. Bell Phone 1359-M
Mesaba block—409 W. Superior St.

**ON THE TENTH
OF FEBRUARY**

Trial of Judge Swayne
Will Be Begun By
Senate.

Washington, Jan. 27.—Before 1 o'clock
the galleries were packed and areas
back of the senators' seats were filled
with members of the house who came
to attend the ceremonies.
Six of the house managers appeared
and the proceedings of the last session
of the impeachment proceedings were
read.
Former Senators Anthony Higgins
and John M. Thurston took seats as
counsel for Swayne.
When Judge Swayne was summoned
to appear at the bar Senator Higgins
responded that through his counsel
Judge Swayne asked seven days to
make answer.
An order was entered that Swayne
answer on February 2. Manager Palmer
offered an order that witnesses
be summoned on the 10th of February
and that the trial proceed on February
12.
Mr. Thurston suggested that the trial
proceed February 10.
The senate as a trial court adjourned
until next Friday.
Pending the appearance of Judge

GASSER'S

MARKET

We are offering particular meats,
for particular people, at particularly
attractive prices.

Pork Loins, whole or half—
per lb.....11c
Pork Shoulders, lb.....9c
Pork Butts, lb.....9c
Spare Ribs, 3 lbs. for.....25c
Pot Roast, per lb.....10c
Round Steak, lb.....12½c and 15c
Shoulder Steak, lb.....10c, 12½c
Rib Boiling Beef, lb.....5c
Leg Mutton, lb.....12½c, 15c
Mutton Stew, lb.....15c to 18c
Leg Lamb, lb.....15c to 18c
Lamb Stew, lb.....8c
Hams, lb.....12½c
Bacon, lb.....14c
Turkeys, per lb.....25c
Ducks, per lb.....18c
Chickens, spring, lb.....18c
Hens, lb.....15c to 17c

**For Fresh Candies
and
Home Baking
Go to the**

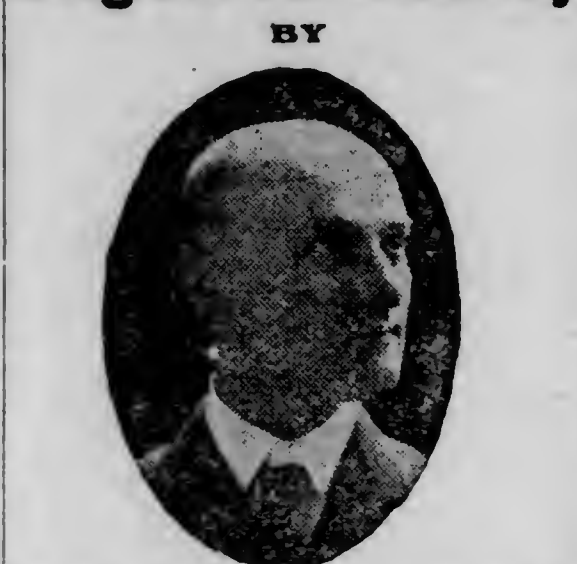
**BON-TON
Bakery and Candy Kitchen**
25 W. Superior St.
Zenith Phone 1166.

Swayne and others connected with the
trial, the senate proceeded with other
business.
Mr. Spooner presented a memorial
from the Wisconsin legislature urging
compliance with the president's recom-
mendations for the extension of the
powers of the interstate commerce
commission.

**EXILES TO PROTEST
Against Deal of the U. S.
With Santo Domingo.**

Nicks Island, Bahamas, Jan. 27.—At a
conference held here last night by Dom-
inican exiles headed by Gen. Deschamps,
formerly vice president of Santo Dom-
ingo, it was resolved to make a national
protest against the proposal signed Jan.

Bargains For Saturday



KUGLER

**Your Druggist,
108 West Superior Street.
THE LOW-PRICE DRUG STORE.**

Patent Medicine.

	Regular price.	Special price.
Syrup White Pine Com-	50c	31c
Extract Malt with Cod	50c	79c
Liver Oil	50c	69c
Emulsion Cod Liver	50c	17c
Oil (The best)	50c	35c
Pitcher's Castoria	25c	
Sulphur Paste	50c	
(For itch and pimples)		
Seidlitz Powder	25c	17c
Pure Norwegian Cod	80c	59c
Liver Oil, pints	25c	13c
Perfumed Talcum Pow-	50c	
der, (B. & C.)		
Swinton's English	25c	
Primrose Toilet Pow-	25c	
der		
Extract Malt with Cas-	50c	75c
cars	50c	5c
NURSING BOTTLES	10c	

When you want the right thing at
the right time and at the right
price go to KUGLER, your drug-
gist.

	Regular price.	Special price.
Rubber Sponges	25c	17c
Rubber Gloves, \$1.00, \$1.25	69c	
Rubber Bathing Caps	75c	49c
Whirling Vaginal Spray	50c	
Syringe	\$2.50	\$1.75
Alameda Chocolate	50c	40c
Creams, 1 lb	50c	40c
D. C. Co.'s Bittersweets,	50c	40c
1 lb	50c	35c
Menier's Bittersweets,	50c	
1 lb	50c	

GOOD THINGS TO EAT!

Special Sale—Saturday only

Our best 15c Doughnuts,
per doz.....10c
Milk Rolls, per
doz.....10c
Main Cookies, per doz.....25c
10c, or 3 doz. for.....10c
Home-made Cookies, per
doz.....25c
A 15c Mince Cake,
for.....10c
A Joe Layer Cake,
for.....25c
Try our Home-made Bread.

Dinners and Luncheon
Our Goose or Chicken Dinner will
please you.
Luncheon Served at All Hours.

THE VIENNA,
207 West Superior St. Phone 310.

"The Old Reliable."

FRINK'S

**Independent
Meat Market**

907 WEST MICHIGAN ST.
Both Phones.

**Prices That Speak for
Themselves.**

Leg of Mutton	10c
Round Steak	10c
Sirloin Steak	12½c
Porterhouse Steak	12½c
Pork Loins, whole or half	10c
Rib Roast	8c
All kinds of Sausages—	
3 lbs. for	25c

at San Domingo between the Domini-
can government and the American mis-
sionary, Mr. Dawson, and Commander Albert
C. Dillingham, U. S. N., and his over to
the United States government the finan-
cial administration of the country.

**PAUL HAUSER OF
ST. PAUL ENDS LIFE.**

St. Paul, Jan. 27.—(Special to The
Herald.)—Paul Hauser, secretary and



"Growlers" are rare
amongst users of KING

ARTHUR COFFEE be-
cause of the genius who
labors with twenty

years of practical expe-
rience to give you the best
the earth produces, viz:

**KING ARTHUR COF-
FEE.** Genius, you will
remember, is "an infin-
ite capacity for taking

pains." Because of this,
the army of adherents
to KING ARTHUR is

swelling daily.

JOIN THE THROG!

Roasted and packed by
**AROMA COFFEE CO.,
DULUTH.**

FOLZ'S

Saturday Specials:

Corn, Peas and Tomatoes,
3 cans for 25c

Apples, per peck,
20c, 25c, 30c and 35c

Corn Starch, per pkg.....5c

Laundry Starch, per pkg.....5c

If you want
the best, insist
on getting

PRIMUS BUTTER

**Deliciously sweet
and pure. Churned
daily by**

Bridgeman & Russell
16 W. First St.
Both 'Phones 352.

COX BROS.

Are now at the old stand,
101 East Superior Street

**The Best in the Market
At prices that are right.**

**Secure the best obtain-
able results from your
BREADMAKING—
Avoid all complaints of poor
bread. Insist upon having
COMMANDER**

Flour from your grocer.
Mtd. by GREGORY, COOK &
COMPANY, DULUTH.

treasurer of the Hauser Malting com-
pany, committed suicide this after-
noon by shooting a bullet into his
heart. He was a prominent young
business man of St. Paul. No motive
for the act is known.

FIRE AT MARSHALLTOWN, IA.
Marshalltown, Iowa, Jan. 27.—The B.
W. Welch department store building
and contents, at 611-613, was burned
today. Loss estimated at \$20,000. In-
surance about half.

THE BARGAIN GROCERY.

D. O'Leary's

**Cash Grocery,
15 East Superior Street.
Telephone 199.**

Shipping Orders Promptly Filled.

SATURDAY'S CUT PRICES.

RADISHES,	CAULIFLOWER,
ONIONS,	SPINACH,
LETTUCE,	OYSTER PLANT,
CELERY,	BANANAS,
CUCUMBERS,	GRAPES,
TOMATOES,	DATES,
APPLES,	FIGS,
ORANGES,	MAPLE SUGAR,
	MIXED NUTS.

Good Apples, per bbl.....\$2.50

Potatoes, per bu.....40c

Sugar Cured Ham, per lb.....10c

Choice Bacon, per lb.....12c

5-lb Jars Fresh Country But-
ter, per jar.....\$1.10

Print Creamery, per lb.....29c

A Good Bulk Butter, per lb.....25c

Lard.....3 lbs 25c

Eggs, per doz.....20c

Ripe Tomatoes, per lb.....15c

Hubbard Squash, each.....15c

Can Corn, per doz.....90c

Can Peas, per doz.....85c

Can Tomatoes, per doz.....90c

Can Succotash, per doz.....95c

Olives, per qt.....25c

10-lb Box Figs.....90c

Honey.....2 combs 25c

Cream Cheese.....2 lbs 25c

Use Our Phone 199.

**Lakeside, West End and
Park Point Deliveries Daily.**

**Special Saturday
Bargains**

—AT THE—
Malcomson Tea Store

The home of choice teas, coffees,
spices, baking powder, flavoring ex-
tracts, etc.—READ THE LIST!

BEST OLD GOVERNMENT
Java and Mocha, at 35c
per lb, or 3 pounds for.....\$1.00

OUR 27c CHALLENGE Java
and Mocha at 25c, 3¼ lbs. for.....\$1.00

OUR 25c PEABERRY
Mocha, at 25c, or 5 lbs for.....\$1.00

All our regular 60c Teas, a lb.....48c

Our regular 40c Japan for 35c, 3 lbs \$1

Our reg. 40c Ceylon or 35c, 3 lbs \$1

Our reg. 25c size bot. of Extracts.....18c

Our reg. 10c size bot. of Extracts.....8c

8 bars Best Laundry Soap for.....25c

1-lb pkg Washing Powder for.....17c

When you buy here you positively
have no checks or catch-penny dishes
or so-called presents to pay for. But
your money's worth in a high-grade,
Fresh Tea or Coffee, at prices as low
as the best can be sold for.
We deliver goods everywhere.

G. F. AMBORN,
110 West Superior Street.

RATHBUN'S

**29 East Superior Street.
Telephone 656. SIMON CLARK, Manager.**

SATURDAY SPECIALS

In which Quality and Economy, combined with efficient service
are made the leading features.

Success Brand Coffee—

Is characterized by a delightful aroma, for-
eign to all coffees sold by coupon and gift
stores; a strictly high-grade
coffee at a moderate price... **3-lb can 85c**

HIGH-GRADE CEYLON TEA—our own importation—in
bulk—equal in quality and flavor to what you
pay 60c and 75c per lb for in tins—at, per lb..... **45c**

SWEET, NEW-MADE
DAIRY BUTTER.....28c
per lb.....28c

BEST QUALITY
CREAMERY BUTTER.....28c
In bulk—per lb.....28c

PURE LEAF-RENDERED
LARD—3 lbs for.....25c

STRICTLY NEW-LAID
RANCH EGGS.....25c
at lowest prices in the
city.

VEGETABLES—
Intense cold weather pre-
cials in the South. Our
Fresh Vegetables were
shipped previous to the cold
snap—Assortment com-
plete—prices showing a
downward tendency.

HOT-HOUSE LETTUCE
3 heads for.....10c

SUPERLATIVE
QUALITY—Maine Corn,
Wisconsin Sweet Pens,
Delaware Tomatoes—
2 cans for.....25c

Per dozen cans.....\$1.45
Per case 2 doz.....\$2.85

FLORIDA ORANGES
AND GRAPE FRUIT.

SUNDRIES demonstrating the purchasing power
of a Dime:

10c

2-oz bottle Vanilla or
Lemon Extract.....10c
3 lbs Sago or Tapioca.....10c
2 lbs Whole Rice.....10c
3 bars White Ribbon Soap.....10c
3 lbs Bulk Starch.....10c
3 pkts Jaxson Washing
Powder.....10c

1 can Sliced Peaches,
Blackberries, Raspberries
or Strawberries.....10c
1 2-lb can Boston Baked
Beans.....10c
Best quality Pork, per lb.....10c
7 lbs Washing Soda.....10c

GRONSETH & OLSEN
401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

VISITORS WELCOME TO OUR NEW MODEL FACTORY

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT

In 2-Pie 10c Packages with List of Valuable Premiums.
MERRELL-BOULE CO.
STRAUSE, NEW YORK

MORK BROS.

Zenith Phone 189; Duluth Phone
667-M. 531 W. First St. and
109 W. First Street.

We are headquarters for choice
meats, and our prices are as low
as the lowest.

Fresh killed turkeys, per lb.....20c

Fresh killed ducks, per lb.....15c

Hens, per lb.....15c

Spring chickens, per lb.....17c

Beef, rib roast.....10c and 12½c

Beef, pot roast, lb.....8c and 10c

Beef stew, lb.....5c and 8c

Leg of mutton, lb.....12½c

Mutton chops, lb.....12½c 15c

Veal roast, lb.....10c and 15c

Veal chops, lb.....12½c and 15c

Pork loins, whole, lb.....11c

Pork, roast, lb.....12½c and 10c

Pork sausage, lb.....10c

Hamburger steak, lb.....10c

Bologna sausage, 3 lbs for.....25c

MEAT!

A. ANDERSON, the butcher, who
for the past year has been located at
411 East Fourth street, has moved to
522 East Fourth street, where he
wishes to meet his friends and the
general public, and will make prices
that can't be beaten.

Round Steak, per lb.....10c

Sirloin and Porterhouse, lb.....12½c

Rib Roast, per lb.....10c

Pot Roast, per lb.....8c

Pork Chops, per lb.....12½c

Fresh Butter, from country, lb.....22c

Fresh Eggs, from country, doz.....22c

Our Butter and Eggs are strictly fresh

J. A. GROCHOWSKI,
107 West Fourth Street.

ART. ANDERSON
522 E. Fourth St. Phone, new, 1615

THE ELEMENT OF RESULTS

Of chance is entirely eliminated from the advertising which appears in The Evening Herald. The character and quality of its circulation insure the certainty

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

ATTENTION TENANTS

Have You Thought of Moving May 1.

Remember, the desirable houses go first. Let us have your requirements at once. We will endeavor to get the very house or store you want.

Stephenson Rental Agency,

Providence Bldg. Phone 406.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO. WEST DULUTH.

Buy choice double corner, West Duluth, 5th division, sewer, streets improved.

\$800 Lakeside. Buy 50-foot corner, Lester Park on London Road. Best location and ground secured.

\$800 LOOK THESE UP!

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,

REAL ESTATE-MORTGAGE LOANS. INSURANCE. 220 West Superior Street.

\$1350 4-room house, city water, sewer, in Endion.

\$1650 5-room house, city water, on East Fifth street, Central.

\$4200 Brick flat building, rents \$50 per month. Good investment.

\$4500 50-foot and three houses. Fourth street, Central.

\$8500 50-foot and double house. Eighth street, Central. Modern. East side street.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,

Real Estate, Insurance and Loans. Exchange Building, Zenith 335.

\$5500 for modern residence; within walking distance; hot water heat; all in best condition.

\$1100 for a cozy cottage in the East End. Small cash payment, balance monthly.

\$3000 to Loan—5%.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL

Exchange Bldg.

\$2200 Will buy a well built seven room house on East Sixth street. Water in house, sewer and connections made. Still sell on.

WHITNEY WALL

Real Estate and Insurance. Telephone—Bell 198. Main Floor, Exchange Bldg. Zenith 318.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth. Arrive Duluth.

4:40 a.m. St. Paul, Minn. 9:45 p.m.

5:00 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 10:15 p.m.

5:10 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 10:25 p.m.

5:20 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 10:35 p.m.

5:30 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 10:45 p.m.

5:40 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 10:55 p.m.

5:50 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 11:05 p.m.

6:00 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 11:15 p.m.

6:10 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 11:25 p.m.

6:20 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 11:35 p.m.

6:30 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 11:45 p.m.

6:40 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 11:55 p.m.

6:50 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 12:05 p.m.

7:00 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 12:15 p.m.

7:10 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 12:25 p.m.

7:20 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 12:35 p.m.

7:30 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 12:45 p.m.

7:40 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 12:55 p.m.

7:50 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 1:05 p.m.

8:00 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 1:15 p.m.

8:10 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 1:25 p.m.

8:20 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 1:35 p.m.

8:30 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 1:45 p.m.

8:40 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 1:55 p.m.

8:50 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 2:05 p.m.

9:00 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 2:15 p.m.

9:10 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 2:25 p.m.

9:20 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 2:35 p.m.

9:30 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 2:45 p.m.

9:40 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 2:55 p.m.

9:50 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 3:05 p.m.

10:00 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 3:15 p.m.

10:10 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 3:25 p.m.

10:20 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 3:35 p.m.

10:30 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 3:45 p.m.

10:40 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 3:55 p.m.

10:50 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 4:05 p.m.

11:00 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 4:15 p.m.

11:10 a.m. Chicago, Ill. 4:25 p.m.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

Finest 25-foot lot on East Second street, in best neighborhood, with more than 35 feet vacant on each side, that will always remain so, thus assuring light, air and good view for all time. Speak quick. Lots in all parts of city.

A. C. VOK & CO.,

PALLADIUM BUILDING.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED steam-heated rooms, 218 West Superior street.

LARGE FURNISHED ROOM, OVERLOOKING lake; large closet, bath. Reasonable. 807 East First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 117 East First street.

TWO OR THREE ROOMS FOR RENT, suitable for light housekeeping. Electric light, bath and heat. 423 East First street.

FOR RENT FURNISHED ROOM, three doors east of High School, \$12 per month; heat, light and bath, next to room, comfort of home. 116 East Third street, near 1st.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT—Chester Terrace.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR light housekeeping, 30 West Fourth street, near 1st.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS, FURNISHED single or en suite. West End, Y. G. Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room and bath for one or two; bath, gas. 817 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—TWO SMALL ROOMS OR one large room, furnished for light housekeeping. 32 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—ONE ROOM, WITH board. Inquire at 318 1/2 Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT—LARGE, FRONT, FURNISHED room for one or two. 160 First avenue east.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT AT 123 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 10 Mason flats.

FOR RENT—NEATLY FURNISHED rooms and rooms for light housekeeping. 205 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—TWO FRONT ROOMS AT 327 East Superior street; stove heat; cheap for winter.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOM BASEMENT, 25 Cottage Park. Call First Avenue Clothing Store.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 528 West Second street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room, 312 East Fifth street. Inquire residence or at store, 48 West Superior street.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT—120 Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT—OFFICES, MESABA building, Julia D. Howard & Co.

FOR RENT—FOUR STALL BARN, ALL conveniences. Call at 38 East First St.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FURNISHED MODERN SEVEN-ROOM house four blocks from Board of Trade. Call at 123 West First street. N. P. Russell, 16 West First street. Phone 95-M.

FOR RENT—SMALL 4-ROOM HOUSE, 18 East 3rd street. Phone 325-M.

FOR RENT—SIX ROOM HOUSE, FURNISHED or unfurnished. No. 107 East Third street.

SIX-ROOM, NEW, DETACHED, FRAME dwelling, hardwood floors, bath, water, yard, 42 East Fifth street, Hartman-O'Donnell Agency, 200 Exchange Bldg.

FURNISHED HOUSE FOR RENT—ALL modern conveniences. Six rooms. 625 Fifty-eighth avenue West.

SEVEN-ROOM, BRICK, FIRST-CLASS condition, modern, hardwood floors, bath, water, electric light, gas, 213 East Fifth street, Hartman-O'Donnell Agency, 200 Exchange Bldg.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM DETACHED dwelling, city water, bath. 67 West First street, Dr. C. Hartman & Co., 200 Exchange Bldg.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM HOUSE. 303 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE. 328 West Third street. \$15.00 per month. P. A. Lewis, 802 Torrey building.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, suitable for two families. 515 Fourth avenue West. Inquire at 30 Fourth avenue West, corner First street.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM HOUSE—24 Madison avenue, off the lake stairs can be rented separately if desired. Inquire 200 Exchange Bldg. N. P. Russell, 16 West First street.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.—G. H. Crosby, 106 Providence building. Phone 24.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT, ELEVENth avenue west, rooms in good condition, very warm, cheap rent. Inquire 200 Exchange Bldg. N. P. Russell, 16 West First street.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT, CENTRAL, all conveniences. N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

FLAT IN ASTORIA TERRACE, INQUIRE R. T. Lewis, 302 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—SMALL FIVE-ROOM FLAT with water. 11 No. 38 Sixth avenue West. \$15 per month. William E. Richardson, 200 Exchange Bldg.

FOR RENT—STORES.

FOR RENT—ONE-HALF OF STORE AT 100 West Superior street. Seckins & Le Borsous.

FOR RENT—REAR PART OF STORE, 24 West Superior street. Suitable for lumber or dry and feed commission office. This entrance into St. Louis hotel lobby.

FOR RENT—BRICK STORE ROOM, central location on Fourth street; newly decorated and wired; only \$15 to right party; all basement. Sherwood Torrey building.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A PARTY WITH \$100 CASH TO SELL goods for local wholesale house on commission; trade already established. J. W. Herald.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

KARL HAGBERG IS LOCATED AT 9 Twelfth avenue west. Give us a call. Zenith phone 28-Y.

SUITS PRESSING, 50c. PANTS, 15c. J. Oreckowky, 10 Fourth avenue west.

TELEPHONE FOR WOOD.

ANDERSON'S WOOD YARD—CORD wood 85 per cord, sawed, 65 extra; sawing, 10c. 528 East Fourth street. Both phones.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

PIANOS AND ORGANS. AND PIANOS AND ORGANS. Closing out 1804 styles next week. \$250 Mahogany Upright Piano. \$140.00. \$250 Piano Player. \$125.00. \$75 Organ. \$17.50.

ROBBY PIANO CO. Factory representative for W. W. Kimball Co., 201 East Superior St. Duluth.

*****STOCK SHOES, CLOTHES AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, at 6c ON THE DOLLAR. *****

*****GOLD, at 6c ON THE DOLLAR. *****

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No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Modern homes for sale in all parts of city. Geo. H. Crosby, Providence building.

FOR SALE—A HOME HOUSE, ALL modern, to be moved from 319 Fourth avenue west. Inquire Room 22, Mesaba block.

FOR SALE—A LARGE LOT OF EAST END, Lakeside and Park Point lots. Now is the time to begin making your plans for this season. Let us show you what we can do in the way of securing a home of your own on easy terms. William C. Sargent & Co., 302 Lonsdale building. Ideal Estate, Loans, Fire Insurance.

FOR SALE—50 FOOT LOT ON FIFTY, third avenue west, Duluth. \$150. M. Sunberg, 201 West Second street.

FOR SALE—PARK POINT LOT AT 194 price until the 15th. Look this up quickly. William C. Sargent & Co., Lonsdale building.

ONE OF THE BEST LOTS ON PARK Point at \$100 less than market price. You are going to buy there this summer, this is your chance. William C. Sargent & Co., Lonsdale building.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL DESIRABLE 5, 10 and 20-acre tracts on Lester river, 1 1/2 to 3 miles from street car line. William C. Sargent & Co., 302 Lonsdale building.

WE place an Underwood Typewriter in your office two weeks free on trial. Underwood Typewriter, 330 W. Superior St.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF SUPPLYING typewriters. No charge to other parties. Call 504, either phone. Remington Typewriter Co., 410 West Superior street.

COUNTRY PRODUCE. CENTRAL BUTTER & EGG CO., 200 West Michigan street. Phone 568.

THOMAS COLBERTSON, DEALER in country produce. 125 West Superior St.

TAFT PLEADS FOR FREE TRADE BETWEEN U. S. AND THE PHILIPPINES

The Secretary Addresses
Committee on Subject
of the Tariff.

Duty of Government to
Maintain Best Possible
Conditions.

Thinks Present Status
Will Remain Through-
out Generation.

Washington, Jan. 28.—Secretary Taft made an address today before the house committee on ways and means in favor of the tariff bill reducing the duty on sugar and tobacco from the Philippines. He contended that as the Philippines belong to the United States, thereby imposing a sacred trust on this government, it is our duty to establish and maintain the best possible conditions there.

"Certainly," he said, "the present status of the islands, so far as our relations to them are concerned, will remain the same throughout the present generation and probably longer."

With this in view, he maintained, it would be as just to establish a tariff between the states of Ohio and Pennsylvania as between the United States and the Philippines. "Ultimate free trade would have to come in the end between the islands and the United States," Secretary Taft asserted warmly that congress had already enacted a measure which was eminently fair to the islands. "You have declared that in 1906 American bottoms shall carry everything from the United States and the Philippines both ways. It is possible that the house or the senate can impose on the people a domestic policy with reference to the carrying of goods and yet withhold the opportunity of markets for those goods."

"No, sir, I am not willing to admit that. I do not think congress will be unjust and therefore I do not believe that special interests may as well put their houses in order. The American people are not going to allow it."

Secretary Taft referred to reports that he was willing to compromise on a 25 per cent reduction. "I am willing," he added, "to compromise on anything in the way of a reduction if I can get all this on the theory that we are coming ultimately to trade with the archipelago and every step in that direction is going to teach these insular sugar and tobacco gentlemen that they are not going to be injured by that fact."

Taking the labor question, he said the whole policy of the administration was against the introduction of Chinese labor in the islands. He doubted if there were more than 35,000 Chinamen in the islands and none of these are agricultural laborers.

Mr. Williams (Miss) the minority floor leader, asked the secretary if it was the administration policy to give the islands ultimate independence. The secretary affirmed this, stating that such would be the case when the people of the islands were capable of self-government.

"Self-government as the Americans understand it, or as the Filipino understand it," asked Mr. Williams. "I doubt if they ever reach the self-governing capacity of the Americans," the secretary replied.

"Well," asserted Mr. Williams, "there is not so much difference between you and the Democrats. You believe in granting self-government when the people are ready, and we believe in fixing a date for their independence."

Secretary Taft—Yes, that is it. Whenever they reach the condition where they have a reasonable public opinion which may be relied on to restrain radicalism; when inter-island communication has been established, and when conditions generally have become settled—then, if they desire independence, give it to them. If they don't, they wish a bond which might become a self-governing colony?"

Mr. Williams—Even then you would make them a self-governing colony?"

"Yes, sir."

Mr. Williams remarked that the Republican position at first was that we were to keep the islands forever.

IS STABBED AND ROBBED

Misfortunes of Man Who
Went To Assist
Another.

New York, Jan. 28.—While attempting to rescue a man who had been stricken on the street, 19-year-old Richard Lewis was stabbed and dangerously wounded in the bowery today. John McKean, who went to Lewis' assistance, was also stabbed twice in the side, but his injuries are not serious. Both of the injured men and Mrs. Howard Lewis' mother, have identified as the assailant a man now under arrest, who declared himself to the police as Michael Tokme, a laborer, 25 years old. While the surgeons were examining Lewis and McKean, in a hotel near the scene of the stabbing, a thief, who entered the room with the curious crowd which collected, stole McKean's vest, which contained a roll of bills amounting to more than \$200.

LEGISLATIVE GRANT FOR NAVAL RESERVE

An Annual Appropriation of \$8500
Is to Be Asked.

Opposition to Bill Increasing Min-
imum Price of State Lands.

FROM THE HERALD
ST. PAUL BUREAU.

St. Paul, Jan. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The naval reserve of the state of Minnesota, which is located entirely at Duluth so far, will come before the present legislature for the first time asking for state assistance, such as has been accorded the National Guards, the land forces of the state, for many years.

Next week a bill will be introduced that will provide for an annual appropriation of \$8500 for the maintenance of the naval reserve, and the same bill will include several items in which the National Guards are interested. The latter will work hand in hand with the sailors, and after considerable argument over the matter, and a thorough canvass of the situation, have agreed to stand or fall together. The Guards are already cared for by a con-

tinuing annual appropriation, such as the sailors are asking for.

The Duluth delegation is heartily in sympathy with the movement, and it is confident that it will be able to pass the measure that has been prepared. The fact that Duluth is the only seaport of the state, and that at present the naval reserve is confined to that city may be responsible for some lack of interest from members from other parts, but the situation has been pretty carefully sounded, and the chances are good that the bill will go through.

The Minnesota naval reserve, consisting of two divisions, acting under the governor and the adjutant general, and in direct command of Lieut. Commander Guy C. Eaton, was organized a little more than a year ago, and has already been recognized by the federal government, which has supplied a couple of substantial cutters, and will do more this year.

The law authorizing the organization of a state naval reserve, which was

(Continued on page 7, fourth column.)

RUSSIANS RECOVER FROM STRIKE SCARE

City of St. Petersburg Has Resumed
Its Normal Appearance.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 28, 4:45 p. m.—St. Petersburg has entirely resumed its normal appearance. The ordinary routine is in effect and large forces of men are removing the heavy accumulations of snow piled up during the strike. St. Petersburgers are beginning to discuss topics other than strikes, riot and revolution. All the dailies, except two, appeared this morning in their accustomed form. The others will resume publication tomorrow.

The papers are under orders to refrain from all, save the most cautious comment on the occurrences of Sunday and the following days and they do not print any details beyond the official reports holding that as they are not permitted to print truthfully and freely, they will print truthfully further. The Russ, however, indulges in an open attack upon the censorship which it declares to be inadvisable and inimical to the true interests of Russia at such a critical time and appeals to the newspapers to print the truth as they see it. The paper serves plain notice on the censorship which it declares to be inadvisable and inimical to the true interests of Russia at such a critical time and appeals to the newspapers to print the truth as they see it.

The elements behind the movement for the betterment of Russia, it adds, are not pickpockets, criminals or agitators, but landed proprietors, the educated classes and intelligent labor. In the press, the Russ continues, the government has an unbiased and conscientious adviser. The rulers of Russia dare not close their ears to all but one set of opinions.

The Russ also prints a nineteen-column discussion of the labor situation in Russia.

Several of the most sensational of the foreign newspaper correspondents are reported to have been summoned to headquarters by Governor General Trepoft and called to account for the lurid accounts of the recent happenings which they had sent out.

Washington, Jan. 28.—Consul General Watts, at St. Petersburg, cabled the state department today in regard to the situation in Russia as follows: "Strike spreading. Just received a cablegram from Warsaw that all workshops are stopped. Vienna railway men joining. Gas works and water works are being operated by soldiers."

Warsaw, Jan. 28.—A hundred thousand people are now out on strike. Thus far there have been no disturbances. The street cars are not running and no newspapers were published this morning.

There is practically no bread left in the bakeries.

About 100,000 persons have struck at Lodz. Telephone communication with that city has been interrupted by the strikers.

Moscow, Jan. 28.—All the newspapers reappeared today. The factory inspectors report that 20,000 persons are still out on strike.

Work is being resumed at almost all the mills which had been closed, but the other large mills, including Prokhoroff's, where the men were paid yesterday, have struck. The situation is not causing alarm.

although there is some anxiety regarding a possible disturbance tomorrow.

SERGIUS TO BLAME
For the Posting of the London Telegram.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 28, 5:50 p. m.—The real origin of the charges contained in the London telegram posted at Moscow by Assistant Police Chief Roundoff to the effect that Great Britain has been supplying money to the Russian arsenal and dock yards for the purpose of aiding her ally Japan, is now definitely known.

The grand duke according to reliable information from Moscow turned over the telegram to a Moscow newspaper which declined to print it, whereupon by the grand duke's direction, M. Roundoff placed it in the hands of Count Lamsdorf, who is anxious to avoid a diplomatic incident. Sir Charles Harnack, the British minister here, following up his personal request for an explanation Thursday, when the same charges in another form appeared in the papers here, Count Lamsdorf has not yet replied to this letter although at the foreign office it is alleged that official as well as unofficial papers print telegrams containing news which might touch the slightest government sanction.

AT LIBAU
Strikers Make Some Demonstrations But Are Dispensed.

Libau, Russia, Jan. 28.—There were some demonstrations on the part of the strikers during the night, and attempts were made to loot bakeries, but the rioters were dispersed by troops who have been reinforced by a regiment from Kovno. Some telegraph poles were torn down, but they have been replaced.

The government today issued a proclamation reminding the workers of the patriotism they displayed on the occasion of the recent visit of Emperor Nicholas and the imperial family to Libau, declaring that a strike was the result of the activity of evil disposed revolutionists who have nothing in common with the workmen, and urging the latter to return to work and not embarrass the country while at war. If they resume their employment the governor will help them. Otherwise he will take energetic measures to restore order.

**F. SHERMEN SAW A
STRANGE WARSHIP.**

Paris, Jan. 28.—The international commission inquiring into the North sea incident held a brief session today. Capt. Foote and Mate Lyons, of the trawler Kennett both testified to seeing a strange warship firing one round following the firing on the trawlers by vessels of the Russian Second Pacific squadron. The trawler was fired at two times and fired a shot, which fell near a trawler. The warship then disappeared.

PRESIDENT ASKED

By Emperor William to
Arrange For Exchange
of Professors.

Kaiser Believes It Will
Prove of Great
Benefit.

Berlin, Jan. 28.—Emperor William has directed the president of the United States, Baron Speck Von Sternburg, to lay before President Roosevelt, in official form, the suggestion for an exchange of professors between Germany and America, that the emperor mentioned to Ambassador Tower on New Year's day. The ambassador, who sailed on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Jan. 25, only carries an outline of the project which the president will be asked to approve and co-ordinate in making a workable plan. The emperor has invited several German professors to present him with their ideas on the subject. Professor Adolph Harnack, one of those invited, writes in the Preussische Gazette that the great scholars of the middle ages were not tied fast to any one country. They lectured at Naples, Bologna, Paris, Cologne and Oxford, and their students followed them. Professor Harnack explains the advantage to students of spending part of their period of study abroad. An exchange of students, he adds, necessarily suggests an exchange of professors. Only a few students can now have the advantage of study abroad, but larger numbers will get that advantage if the professor himself goes abroad to lecture. He refers to Lord Kelvin, Sir William Ramsay and Nansen, the explorer as having lectured in Berlin. Professor Max Mueller, Professor Harnack also points out, came to Strassburg to give lectures, while retaining his Oxford professorship, and adds that Professor Gregory of Leipzig is American by birth and a professor at a German university, and has given a course of lectures in America.

The simplest means to inaugurate professional interchange, according to Professor Harnack, is to invite distinguished professors from abroad to give courses of four to eight lectures. But this is not enough. It is necessary to have a course of study for a period of six months or even longer. In doing so, no country will import a professor when it has a better one at home, and no country will import a professor when it has a better one at home. No amount of industrious study will give German students the plan to succeed in things that he can get from a native of America. It is of all the civilized states the most ready to Germany in space, but intellectually the nearest and most

"In exchanging professors," continues Professor Harnack, "we think in the first instance of America. Harvard and Berlin are already negotiating a plan and will have to begin with studies in their modern limits. If the idea is sound, it will then grow of itself. Difficulties will have to be met in the plan to succeed in things that he can get from a native of America. It is of all the civilized states the most ready to Germany in space, but intellectually the nearest and most

AMERICAN SHIP TAKEN BY JAPS

The M. S. Dollar, Bound
for Vladivostok,
Captured.

Tokio, Jan. 28, 2 p. m.—The American steamer M. S. Dollar, enroute for Vladivostok, which was captured by the Japanese in the Pacific ocean east of Hokkaido island.

A dispatch from London dated Jan. 25, states that a steamer with a black funnel, encircled with two red bands, was ashore at Vladivostok, and that it was supposed to be the M. S. Dollar, sailing from San Francisco, Dec. 31, but no details of the accident to the ship were received. It was deemed possible that she had been run ashore purposely to avoid capture by Japanese warships. The M. S. Dollar was formerly the British steamer Arab, built in 1890 at New Castle, England. She was subsequently sold to the Dollar Steamship company of San Francisco. The London dispatch further stated that the M. S. Dollar had been posted on the overdue board in that city at a rate of thirty guineas. In San Francisco the vessel has been posted an overdue with a rate of 30 per cent quoted for reinsurance.

ENGINEER IS DEAD, FIREMAN IS MISSING

Philadelphia, Jan. 28.—William Wies, aged 52 years, an engineer on the Pennsylvania road, is dead from exposure during the storm last Wednesday night. Edward Lapp, of Berwyn, Pa., his fireman, is missing and is believed to have been frozen to death. Philadelphia police today brought a train from Harrisburg to this city. At Bradford Hills, about thirty miles west of this city, his train ploughed with a snow plow and the engine was slightly damaged. Fireman Lapp went back to flag the train following a strange warship firing one round following the firing on the trawlers by vessels of the Russian Second Pacific squadron. The trawler was fired at two times and fired a shot, which fell near a trawler. The warship then disappeared.

When Wies reached the West Philadelphia station, a doctor came to be relieved from duty. He was ill and went to the Presbyterian hospital, where he succumbed to blood poisoning.

RUSSIANS LOSE OVER A THOUSAND SOLDIERS IN CAPTURING A VILLAGE

The Sudden Engagement of Troops
Is Becoming General.
Accounts of the Attacks Thus Far
Received Are Conflicting.

Russian Interest Diverted From In-
ternal Disorder to War.

While the strike situation continues to spread in Russian cities, there have been no disturbances of a serious character, and interest is transferred from the internal situation to Manchuria, where the armies of Kuropatkin and Oyama are again engaged. Following a long period of military inactivity, it seems that a movement was begun on Jan. 25, and has assumed proportions approaching a general engagement. Advice from Japanese and Russian sources are conflicting as to the trend of fighting, but it appears that on Jan. 25, Gen. Kuropatkin attempted a forward movement and advanced a full corps on his right. Field Marshal Oyama met it by assuming the aggressive and reports that he defeated the Russians at Chenchiapao. A Mukden dispatch, however, says the Japanese were driven back on their left for a distance of five miles and were defeated with heavy losses in an attempt to take the famous Lone Tree hill. On Jan. 26, the fighting extended to the center, and only the extreme eastern end of the line is not involved. A St. Petersburg dispatch says that the Russians captured about 2000 men in the capture of Sandepas and captured 100 prisoners, besides arms, wagons and ammunition.



ALONZO J. WHITEMAN.

Buffalo, Jan. 28.—Alonzo J. Whiteman, who made a sensational escape from Detective Sergeant Albert Solomon and Detective Field, by jumping through the window of a moving train at Dunkirk, on Sept. 27 last, was recaptured today. He is locked up at the headquarters here on the charge of forgery and grand larceny.

A CLASH OF AUTHORITY

Board of General Appraisers
Conflict With Treas-
ury Department.

New York, Jan. 28.—The board of United States general appraisers has strongly reiterated a previously expressed determination to be a customs court—an independent tribunal between the importer on the one hand and the government on the other. A similar position, taken three years ago in an opinion written by General Appraiser Somerville, was resented by the treasury department, and for a time the removal of some members of the board there appeared likely.

The present case grew out of a protest against the assessment by the collector of customs at Milwaukee of duty on certain personal effects that were forwarded under immediate transportation entry to Milwaukee from New York.

When the case was called by the appraisers the protest failed to appear but sent a letter, saying he had made simultaneous protest to the treasury department, and already had received a favorable decision. The appraisers then declared themselves as noted and ruled against the protesting citizen of Milwaukee.

SWEARING AMONG WOMEN. W. C. T. U. Objects to Use of "Good Heavens."

Scranton, Pa., Jan. 28.—The Woman's Christian Temperance union of Carbonade has, in resolutions, noting that more and more women are making use of such expressions as "My Lord" and "Good Heavens," declared that this is "swearing among women." A resolution looking to a movement for its suppression was passed.

PRESENT COLD WAVE NOT SO SEVERE AS LAST

St. Paul, Jan. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Nine degrees below zero was the official record of the temperature in St. Paul today, and 21 degrees at Winnipeg, Man. Throughout the Northwest the cold is severe, with light snow in Montana and North Dakota. This cold wave is not so severe as the one early in the week.

PRESIDENT'S SYMPATHY.

Berlin, Jan. 28.—Ambassador Tower, in congratulating Emperor William on his birthday, yesterday said that President Roosevelt had instructed him by cable to express the president's sympathy for the emperor and emperor in the illness of Prince Etel-Friedrich and the president's own concern on the subject.

GENERAL ENGAGEMENT Is Progressing With All But Flanks Involved.

Mukden, Jan. 28, 10:44 p. m.—(Delayed in transmission.)—A general engagement is progressing. Only a flank is not involved. The hospitals here

HUNGRY MEN ATTACK ITALIANS WHO GET WORK SHOVELING SNOW

New York, Jan. 28.—A gang of 200 men who had waited in the morning first street from early in the morning until late at night to get work shoveling snow for the city, and had seen gang after gang of Italians employed, finally lost patience and began a series of attacks on the Italians. They punched and kicked the Italians, took away their shovels, picks and scrapers and broke the tools.

The men were enraged because they claimed the Italians got the jobs, some by paying to padrones twenty-five cents each, and others by paying five cents an hour for every hour they worked. The shoveling of snow twenty-five cents an hour and it was ascertained later that the padrone story was true. Many of the men called hungry men waiting hour after hour in line, saw themselves passed over again and again because they did not have five or ten cents to pay the padrone. Some were homeless, others had wives and children, who were waiting for them to bring home food.

When word was sent to the waiting ones that no more men would be hired until Saturday, they marched on the Italians in a body. There were eighty in the first party attacked and most of them took to their heels. The few who did resist were badly beaten. The attackers were dispersed by the police, but got together again and continued their work.

"SPOTTED" THE WIDOWS Who Made Deposits at Savings Banks, For Hoch's Information.

Chicago, Jan. 28.—In searching for a woman who might be interested in hiding Johann Hoch, the alleged Blue-board, the police have secured evidence which leads them to believe that Hoch was aided in his quest for wealthy widows by two persons—a man and a woman. While there are no specific charges, it is believed the two suspects are withholding information which would be of great assistance to the police. The officers intimate that several arrests may soon be made.

The man in the case is an employment agent and the woman is said to have been one of his clients. There is, however, a feud between the pair and each accuses the other. The man declares that the woman has been illegally married many times and that there are charges pending against her in connection with one of the marriages at Jefferson, a suburb of Chicago. In return, the woman asserts that her accuser was an accomplice of Hoch, and watched the cash windows of savings banks in order to "spot" widows who made deposits.

LEAVING RUSSIA. Many Foreign Residents Are Arriving at Berlin.

Berlin, Jan. 28.—Foreign residents of St. Petersburg are beginning to arrive in Berlin to await developments. Some Americans and Englishmen and many Germans who are obliged to remain

there to attend to business are sending their families here. The opinion of arrivals is that the present half calm is only a period of preparation for a resistance for the government and that active smuggling of arms and dynamite is going on across the Austrian frontier. St. Petersburg goes steadily down the hill that more such events and even a revolution are impending. The wife of a leading American of St. Petersburg, who has arrived here, relates how a princess, who was expressing the most positive views concerning Governor General Trepoft to a countess, was interrupted with the remark: "You talk like an anarchist."

"Are you not one?" replied the princess. "I think we all are now," said the countess.

AGRICULTURIST GETS \$100,000

In Yearly Installments
For the Purpose of
Experiments.

New York, Jan. 28.—It has been announced that the sum of \$100,000 allotted by the trustees of the Carnegie Institute to Luther Burbank, the California agriculturist, will be paid to him in annual installments of \$10,000. This sum will enable Burbank to devote his entire attention for that period to experiments with new grasses and vegetables, and it is expected that he will relinquish temporarily his business interests.

Many important discoveries have been made by the Californian at his home in Santa Rosa during the past twenty-five years. He has worked along the line of seeking imperfect products in fruits, flowers, etc., in order to make them of full value. He claims there is "No weed which will not sooner or later respond liberally to good cultivation and persistent selection."

Let Your Children See Free of Charge Foxes, Cats, Pheasants AT Poultry Show!

16 EAST SUPERIOR STREET. **TONIGHT.** Over 500 beautiful birds of all classes, together with Japanese Golden Pheasants—those beautiful Oriental birds—pigeons, Bantams, two wild fowls, tiny weevils, (4 days old) with their cackling mother, incubators in operation. The greatest show by far ever held in Duluth. Come everybody. Children free if accompanied by their parents purchasing ticket.

We are Agents for The Minneapolis Heat Regulator

Which will control the temperature in your rooms and regulate the fire in your heater. Scores of them are in use in Duluth and all over the country. They pay for themselves in a short time. We also make a specialty of furnace heating, roofing and cornice work.

BURRELL & HARMON,
3 South First Avenue East,
Duluth, Minn.

You want the most and best bread possible every time there is baking done—**COMMUNICATE** is the answer. For Sale By All Grocers. Manufactured by Gregory, Cook & Co., Duluth, Minn.

NONE HAVE FILED

No Independent Candidates Have Yet Made Their Appearance.

Registration on Last Day Expected to Reach 2000.

Up to 3 o'clock this afternoon no independent candidates for the municipal election in February had made their appearance, and it is likely that the ticket will remain as constituted at the close of the primary election last month.

Today is the last day for filing applications, and any candidate who does not file before 6 o'clock this evening will not be allowed to have his name printed on the ballot.

All of the candidates nominated at the primaries have filed their certificates, but no others have yet appeared.

Today is also the last day of registration, and all voters who fail to register today and who have not registered on one of the two previous days of registration, will be disfranchised at the coming election.

The registration today is expected to be considerably heavier than last Tuesday, and about 2000 names will probably be added to the list. The total for the first two days of registration was slightly under 5000, and if 2000 names are added today it will make a fair showing for an early year. The election aroused by the proposed bond issue and the warm fight promised in several of the wards is creating considerable interest in the election and is resulting in a larger registration than would otherwise be the case.

The ballot as it is constituted at the present time, and as it will probably appear on election day, is as follows: All taxpayers—F. W. McCormick, city controller—W. S. McCormick, Rep.

Special municipal judge—J. D. Holmes, Rep.; Frank Cutting, Dem. Justice of the Peace—J. B. Black, Rep.

Alderman First ward—Watson S. Moore, Rep.

Alderman Second ward—Nicholas Mueller, Dem.; Edward Tolman, Rep.

Alderman Third ward—Emil Peterson, Dem.; E. E. Burg, Rep.

Alderman Fourth ward—Frank Schaffer, Dem.; A. J. Lytle, Rep.

Alderman Fifth ward—Edward Riebeck, Dem.; Harvey A. Wing, Rep.

Alderman Sixth ward—Frank Schaffer, Dem.; M. L. Fraser, Rep.

Alderman Seventh ward—M. J. Philbrick, Dem.; Lucian A. Barnes, Rep.

Alderman Eighth ward—B. J. Gichell, Dem.; Emil Hendrickson, Rep.

JOHNSON & KAAKE,
DENTISTS.
Zenith phone 165. Bell phone 1369-M.
Mesaba block—409 W. Superior St.

WE'LL GET THE RIVER AND HARBOR BILL HAS MAINTENANCE PROVISION.

Committee Recommends \$50,000 Above New Pier Estimate.

Pending a publication of the detailed report of the rivers and harbors committee in congress, when the bill comes before the house, it is understood that of the total appropriation of \$50,000 recommended by the committee for the Duluth-Superior harbor, \$20,000 is for work on the new south pier at Superior entry, \$30,000 for contract work on the piers at that locality, and \$50,000 for maintenance work in the local harbor.

These figures are assumed to be correct, based on the fact that the engineer's report estimated \$20,000 as necessary to complete the project of the harbor, and \$30,000 as necessary for maintenance, the amount is just about the engineer's estimate of what should be available annually for the Duluth-Superior harbor.

After that amount is spent, should it be available, this harbor will not be in line for anything more for maintenance work until congressional action be taken three years hence.

When it became apparent that the money in the fund already appropriated for the south pier work at Superior entry was running low, the work was stopped. Nothing will be done in the way of continuing the construction of the pier until the fund is replenished.

The first work that will be done with the resumption of pier construction will be the dredging of the trench out in the lake, for the piling on which the structure will rest. Whether the government will attempt the dredging work is not yet determined.

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SETTLES CASE CITY ADJUSTS ACTION AGAINST BARBER ASPHALT COM- PANY.

Judgment Allowed For \$41,228.14 and Case Is Stricken.

In the case of the Barber Asphalt company against the city of Duluth, that judgment was entered in favor of the plaintiff, in the sum of \$41,228.14, as a full settlement of all claims and demands, according to papers filed with the clerk of the federal court today. The matter was to have come up at the present term of federal court, but it will now be stricken from the calendar.

The money is claimed to be due as a balance on a contract for paving East Superior street. The asphalt company secured a contract from the city for paving the street from Eighth avenue to Sixteenth avenue east with asphalt, the price being \$54,760. It was claimed in the original complaint that the company performed the terms of the contract in every particular, except to the time in which it was to be completed.

The delay in the work is alleged to have been due to the fact that the city failed to pay for the work. The company claimed that it was entitled to the money for the work done, and that the city was liable for the balance.

The city claimed that the company had not performed the work in accordance with the contract, and that it was not liable for the balance. The case was set for trial at the present term of federal court, but it will now be stricken from the calendar.

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NEW RANGE Cuyler Adams Explorations Extend Over Period of Ten Years.

The option given by Cuyler Adams and associates to Pickands, Mather & Company, for a lease on the new Cuyuna iron range, is a good deal of attention to the property. That an option would be taken by a concern of the standing of Pickands, Mather & Company is pointed to as conclusive evidence of the value of the range.

The Cuyuna range is located in Crow Wing county, and from fifteen to twenty miles in length, with a general northeast and southwest strike. It runs parallel with the Northern Pacific railway, at a distance of about one and one-half miles, on an average. Deerwood, just south of where the main explorations have been made, is 75 miles in an iron range.

The iron ore deposits were discovered on the range by Cuyler Adams, over a decade ago, and the property was explored and plotted by him with such accuracy that, notwithstanding the fact that there are no rock outcrops in that country, and that the whole range is drift covered for a depth of from 20 to 100 feet or more, the drill holes located by him at various points, showing some ten miles of territory, have been found in every case.

Up to the present time there has been some 100 feet of drilling done on the range, and this work already proves the existence of large quantities of merchantable ore. Now that the big independent concerns are going in it is believed that it will be but a short time before a new lot of explorations will be added to the Lake Superior district.

Now, from a 25 per cent. return for iron plates up to 62 per cent. metallic iron. The deepest hole drilled was 400 feet and was bottomed in ore at that point. Forty feet of 57 per cent. ore rested on a diorite foot wall, and a hole 200 feet at right angles to the strike cut the ore body again and is still in it.

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BOYS HAVE CLOSE CALL

Tales of narrow escapes on the part of coasting parties are common at the present time, but what was probably the closest shave yet reported occurred a few evenings ago.

George N. LaVaque, the assistant humane officer, was driving along Second street last evening. He states that he had been keeping a close lookout for bob-sleighs, but at Seventh avenue east, the danger of a collision slipped his mind for a moment.

Suddenly, just as he reached the corner he heard a yell close by him. He turned and saw a sleigh loaded with half a dozen boys coming down the avenue at top speed. His horse, which had been traveling at a fast trot, noticed the sleigh at the same time and jumped into the air. The sleigh shot under the animal's hoofs, and the back end of it veering a little, hit the horse's back feet as he came down. The frightened animal started to run, and the cutter just missed the rear of the sleigh as it sped down the hill.

"It would take a policeman on every corner to stop the boys coasting," says Mr. LaVaque, "and the only way to avoid accidents is for the youngsters to keep a sharp lookout at every corner for sleighs. The danger can be reduced to a minimum in this way."

TO ARREST APPLEYARD

Buffalo, Jan. 23.—Chief of Detectives Taylor said that he wired to the chief of police of Boston to arrest Arthur E. Appleyard on the charge of grand larceny and that as soon as he received word that Appleyard is arrested he would send an officer to Boston to bring him here.

The officer, who would be supplied with the necessary papers to secure extradition if Appleyard refused to come voluntarily, is Judge Murphy.

Henry W. Kileen, attorney for a trust company of Scranton applied to Judge Murphy today for a warrant for the arrest of Jacob Doid and John P. Diehl for alleged negligence of duty as directors of the German bank. Judge Murphy reserved decision.

TO ATTEND GRADUATION

Washington, Jan. 23.—President Roosevelt will attend next Monday the exercises incident to the graduation of this year's class from the naval academy at Annapolis. The president and his party will go to Annapolis on a special train via the Pennsylvania railroad.

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Take Your Sunday Dinner

at the
**Hotel
Superior**

6 to 8 o'clock.

Music by Howell's
Orchestra.

SCIENTIFIC DISCUSSION OF DISEASES OF MEN



Longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in Diseases of Men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records show.

Nothing else affecting the life of man produces so much vice, degradation and secret misery as his sexual relations. The proliferation of this physiological instinct has exerted a greater influence upon the acts and destinies of mankind than any other one cause. There is so much in modern life to stimulate and excite the sexual propensities, that few men attain to middle age without having impaired this function to a greater or less degree, either by abuse and excesses in early life, such as the immature frame was incapable of sustaining, or by "burning the candle at both ends" and exhausting vitality by overstraining the genito-spinal center, or by both these causes. Hence the widespread prevalence of sexual debility among men, and the urgent need of a rational and successful treatment for the restoration of the genito-urinary organs. Pre-senility with premature loss of sexual power and the universal depreciation and decay of all the other vital functions is a condition which more than any other, causes self-condemnation, secret remorse and unhappiness. **VITALITY IS THE PRIDE OF MANHOOD,** and its loss causes man to lose in his own estimation, realizing that he has fallen in importance in the universal struggle for favor, fame and fortune, and is left with a life of gloom and despair. My experience has demonstrated that most of these cases can be cured. At least I do not find them difficult, and am inclined to attribute the lack of success of others to their having treatment upon a radically wrong theory, and to their lack of experience in handling these cases. There is, in fact, no reason why sexual weakness should not be as amenable to treatment as other organs of the body. But these cases are **NOT CURED** by the ordinary routine prescriptions of phosphorus, nuxvomica, and damiana, and other "lost manhood" remedies. Each case is a problem by itself, and must be worked out separately, and here is where the specialist is most needed. If the patient would be cured, the general practitioner usually gives a mass of routine therapy with little expectation of really securing results, and then tells the patient that treatment is useless and there is really nothing the matter with him. The patient rightly wonders why the doctor cannot treat satisfactorily sexual weakness as well as liver and stomach trouble. Is there, then, no relief for sexual weakness? Just a human "hang up the fiddle and the bow," and resign himself to a life of sexual impotency? Certainly not. I am convinced that all these cases, except those of grave spinal cord disease, are amenable to cure by my special methods. One of the most usual complications of sexual impotency is **CHRONIC PROSTATITIS**. The symptoms are: Premature discharge, oozing of siline resembling white of egg, slight burning or stinging upon urination, dribbling of urine, the last drops being retained and dribbling out afterward.

VARICOCELE is an exciting and continuing cause of sexual debility, and should always be cured when present if perfect vitality be desired. I invite anyone who is desirous of a cure for

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, SYPHILITIC BLOOD, POISON, NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY, RUPTURE, KIDNEY AND URINARY DISEASES,

to come to this office for consultation. I have cured a score of men well known at the head of the lakes and I can cure you, if your case is curable. It is self-evident that all talks and letters are considered absolutely confidential with me.

If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

REFERENCE: Best Leading Business Men of this City.

CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association

No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Avenue, Duluth, Minn.

ADVOCATES DELAY

George H. Crosby Expresses Himself on New Courthouse Matter.

Declares County Will Make Mistake In Building Now.

"I do not believe that the time is ripe for a new courthouse in this county," declared George H. Crosby, the well-known local real estate man, this morning. "I do not believe that St. Louis county can afford at the present time to build a courthouse such as many suit its needs. Furthermore, I do not believe that we know what the needs of the county are at the present, nor what they will be for the next few years to come."

"I do believe that there is a great future before this county and this city, and when we build at all we should build with a view of taking care of that future. I believe that it would be the best policy to postpone the building of the courthouse now, but down by about half the cost that is being made annually for that purpose, thereby reducing the burden of the taxpayers. If building the levy at half the amount now asked for, we can have it come. We have got along all right with the old building in the past, and the increase in business is not going to be so sudden as to immediately require new and larger quarters."

"I also feel convinced that the taxpayers will, a few years later, be better prepared to say where they desire their courthouse located, while the style of the building should be left to the architects. I think they will put it into it."

"I realize that county officials and county officers may be a little inconvenienced for room at the present time, but I do not believe that the inconvenience is so serious that this county can get along with the old courthouse for several years to come. We have got along all right with the old building in the past, and the increase in business is not going to be so sudden as to immediately require new and larger quarters."

"I expect, of course, that the argument made for delay will be answered to the effect that it will take four or five years to build a courthouse anyway and that by the time the building is completed it will be a necessity."

"I take no stock in such argument. In fact, I do not believe that conditions will necessitate a building within that time. While there may be ample room for county officers to do business at the old courthouse I believe there is sufficient room for them to get along for a few years longer."

"The trouble seems to be that a great many people have got the building fever and they now want to see the new

building go ahead, regardless of the conditions, which seem to me almost imperative to postpone the matter for a few years. I believe that if the county of St. Louis could build a new courthouse at this time it will be making a very grave mistake."

"Well, too, I am not at all in favor of the 'office building' idea for public buildings. Buildings should have ample room, not of many stories, and that they should be erected with an eye to symmetry and beauty as well as of utility. Such a building as the new courthouse is planned to distinguish it from the severe lines of the usual business structures, among which it is like to be placed. The new courthouse will be a building for the people, and it should be a building which the people will desire to see a handsome as well as useful structure—one which they can point to with pride."

SAMARITANS ATTENTION!

All members of Alpha Council No. 1, and other councils of Modern Samaritans are requested to attend the family reunion, to be held at the family residence, 1175 Ogden avenue, Superior, on Sunday, Jan. 29, at 2 p. m.

W. F. A. NOBLE, Grand Samaritan.

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COMMISSIONERS ADDRESS PEOPLE

Explain the Policy of the Water and Light Board.

Not Fair to Deny to Minority Benefits Majority Have.

To the People of the City of Duluth:

Numerous inquiries have been made of the members of the board of water and light commissioners by citizens and taxpayers of Duluth as to what is to be the policy of this board in the future regarding the water rates and the issuing of bonds for extensions and improvements, and inasmuch as the water and gas plants belong to the people, we deem it only fair that we should make a public declaration of our intentions in the matter. Of course we can only speak for the board as now constituted.

One year ago, in its annual report, this board proposed a reduction of water rates on the first of January, 1934. Instead of waiting until that time the reduction was made on the first of July, 1934.

Since the city took the plant the water rates have been reduced nearly 50 per cent.

We have carefully considered the question of rates as they now exist, and have made numerous inquiries of citizens as to their views upon the subject, and from such consideration and inquiries, we have come to the conclusion that the water rates as now established are reasonable, and are as low as the city can afford to make them, when the quality of the water, the cost of operating the plant, and the city's financial condition are taken into consideration.

It will therefore be the policy of this board in the future to maintain the water rates as they now are, and to use the surplus earnings in making extensions and improvements in the plant until such time as changed conditions require a reduction of rates. The board and the finances of the city will warrant further reductions. Some inequalities in the rates may exist, and changes will undoubtedly have to be made to remedy these defects as we become aware of them, but the present general level of rates will be maintained.

Under the present rates, with the consumers we now have, the plant will pay the interest on the bonded debt and the operating expenses and leave

a fair surplus. Yet this surplus will not be sufficient to make the extensions and improvements that are really needed in the immediate future. It will therefore be necessary to increase the bonded debt to some extent or deny to a minority of our people the benefits that are already accorded to the majority.

This board believes that all of the people who are within reasonable reach should have water, and especially so when they are willing to pay for it a sum sufficient to protect the city from loss.

War and light bonds should not be confused with the city's other bonded debt, because the money derived from their sale is used in new work, upon which there is an assured and guaranteed income.

We believe that a misunderstanding exists with reference to the amount of water and light bonds that have been issued for extensions and improvements since the purchase of the plants. Only \$100,000 of such bonds have been issued. There have been laid since the city acquired the plant, nineteen miles each of both water and gas pipes. The department itself has paid from its earnings for extensions and improvements, \$122. From the issue of bonds to build the supplementary system, was left a balance of \$100,000, which was used in addition to the above amounts in furnishing these extensions and improvements to the systems.

It should be remembered also that the present system is large enough for a population five times greater than the present population of the city, and that with our present rates the department can in the near future pay for all extensions from their earnings of the plant, and later on accumulate and pay for the redemption of the bonds themselves.

This board recommended to the common council the submission to the people at the coming election of the question of issuing \$100,000 of bonds, the council increased the request to \$150,000 because it believed that the people of Park Point should be given gas and water at once.

It may be that the board can do the work contemplated in its report to the council and make the Park Point extension without all of the proceeds of the \$150,000 of bonds. If so, all of the bonds need not be sold. At the election the people only give to the council the authority to issue bonds. The question of the advisability of issuing and selling them still remains with the council.

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 25, 1935.
L. P. AXLEY,
GEORGE SPENCER,
SAMUEL F. SNIVELY,
H. H. PHILLIPS,
J. H. CROWLEY,
Board of Water and Light Commissioners.

L. N. CASE,
Manager and Secretary.

NO LONG WAITS!

NO SHORT WEIGHTS!

COAL CUP!

And watch the ashes—they tell the tale.

LEHIGH VALLEY

is the hottest, the best burning and cleanest HARD COAL on the market.

THE UPHAM COAL CO.

Deal in it Exclusively. 410 West Superior Street,

Old Phone 256; Zenith Phone 485. Manhattan Building.

Careful Attention and Promptness Given to Every Order.

THE HIGH SCHOOL

Students and Teachers Are Preparing For Examinations.

Social Affairs and Senior Play to Follow Soon After.

The past week at the high school has been a very quiet one in all lines. Students and teachers are preparing for the examinations that are to come two weeks hence, on Thursday and Friday, February 8 and 10. Reviews are in progress in all the classes, and all those who have not been studious enough in the past to keep their marks up to 85 or over are now making up for lost time in order to pass a creditable examination and prevent the possibility of being compelled to spend

THE VALUE OF CHARCOAL.

Few People Know How Useful It Is In Preserving Health and Beauty.

Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient disinfectant and purifier in nature. A few realize its value when taken into the human system for the same cleansing purpose.

Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it the better; it is not a drug at all, but simply absorbs the poisons and impurities in the blood, the stomach and intestines and carries them out of the system.

Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating onions and other odorous vegetables. Charcoal effectively clears and improves the complexion, it whitens the teeth and further acts as a natural and eminently safe cathartic.

It absorbs the injurious gases which collect in the stomach and bowels; it disinfects the mouth and throat from the poison of catarrh. All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the best charcoal and the most for the money is in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges; they are composed of the finest powdered Willow charcoal, and other harmless anti-septics in purlet form, or rather in the form of large, pleasant-tasting lozenges, the charcoal being mixed with honey.

The daily use of these lozenges will soon lead to a much improved condition of the general health, better complexion and purer breath. In fact, the beauty of it is, that no possible harm can result from their continuous use, but on the contrary, great benefit.

A Buffalo physician, in speaking of the benefits of charcoal, says: "I advise Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges to all my patients suffering from gas in stomach and bowels, and to clear the complexion, and purify the blood, and the throat. I also believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of them; they cost but twenty-five cents a box at drug stores, and although in some sense a patent preparation, yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges than in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."

another semester's work on the same subject. They are burning the midnight oil with a will, trying to get a stryke of learning that may by any chance prove valuable, and getting a firm general grasp of each and every branch of what ever line of science, mathematics, language or history that they happen to be studying. The teachers on their part are having their busy spells in advance, preparing the material for the next term's work.

After the "exams," however, things will begin to get more normal. The juniors will start the ball rolling the very first evening of the new year, and the seniors will follow suit. The play has more than a year to go, and the seniors will be ready to start their play on the first of the first semester. The seniors will be ready to start their play on the first of the first semester. The seniors will be ready to start their play on the first of the first semester.

Following the midyear will come the social affairs and senior play. The seniors will be ready to start their play on the first of the first semester. The seniors will be ready to start their play on the first of the first semester. The seniors will be ready to start their play on the first of the first semester.

The annual hockey game of the two lower classes will also be played sometime in the near future. The seniors will be ready to start their play on the first of the first semester. The seniors will be ready to start their play on the first of the first semester. The seniors will be ready to start their play on the first of the first semester.

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well as chosen captain of the junior hockey team. The seniors will be ready to start their play on the first of the first semester. The seniors will be ready to start their play on the first of the first semester. The seniors will be ready to start their play on the first of the first semester.

Last evening the high school hockey team defeated the Superior seven by a score of 3 to 1. The members of the team were: Joe Lovell, captain, who scored the first goal, and on Jan. 1 last the club had \$204.70 in the treasury.

The special music that is given every Friday morning in the chapel exercises consisted yesterday of a cantata solo, "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," which was sung in a very pleasing manner by Miss Josephine Northome. And a song by the choir, entitled "Name Ditties." Both selections are compositions of Professor Custance.

Last evening Mr. McFadden gave a delightful to the members of the Agassiz club. The party drove out to the pumping station, where they viewed the machinery and the working of the plant. Every member reported a most enjoyable time. Mr. Ulrich and Miss Vea Scholten acted as chaperones.

The freshmen

A Sign of the Times

Merit alone can hold its own.

"SALADA"

CEYLON AND INDIA NATURAL GREEN tea, by its absolute purity and delicious flavor is displacing Japan tea just as "SALADA" Black is displacing all other black teas. Sold in sealed lead packets only. 60c and 70c per lb. By all grocers. Trial packets 10 cts.

Received the highest award and gold medal at the St. Louis Exposition.

DORKINGS WIN

Prove to Be the Highest Scoring Birds in Show.

G. Hood Thompson Wins Challenge Cup With Them.

Silver Grey Dorkings, exhibited by G. Hood Thompson, of Woodland, captured the bulk of the prizes and special awards at the Duluth Poultry show now in progress.

The fact is no reflection on the exhibits of the other poultry owners. Dorkings are known to poultry fanciers as very high scoring birds. They have been bred for centuries, and but few of the birds in the class fall very low in the markings. The other varieties, on the contrary, are attempts on the part of fanciers to combine the attributes of good laying birds and good table birds in one breed, and the cross-bred birds frequently revert to their former classes, making it difficult to secure high-scoring birds. This fact, combined with the fact that Mr. Thompson has some exceptionally fine birds, even for Dorkings, enabled him to make almost a clean sweep of the special prizes, although his birds, according to the statement of one of the officers of the association this morning, probably do not show any more careful breeding than those of several other exhibitors in the show.

Judge Windom's Rhode Island Reds were barred from the competition for the challenge cup, owing to the fact that this class is not yet included in the American Standard, although it will be included in the Standard in the near future. Judge Windom's birds were scored even higher than Mr. Thompson's, but they were not eligible for the cup.

The exhibits of Secretary Edmunds, Theodore Hollister, J. W. Nelson, J. W. Smith and several other exhibitors were not far behind that of Mr. Thompson, and were scored but a few points below it.

The prize for the best general display went to Theodore Hollister, and the second prize to Mr. Thompson. Herbert Grotte, of St. Paul, won the prize for the best bantam display.

The following is the list of special awards:

Challenge cup—Ten highest scoring birds in show, G. Hood Thompson, on Silver Grey Dorkings.

Quartet cup—Highest scoring cock, hen, cockerel and pullet, G. Hood Thompson, on Silver Grey Dorkings.

Ten dollars in gold—Highest scoring pen in American class, J. W. Nelson, on Partridge Wyandottes.

Ten dollars in gold—Highest scoring pen of Asiatic, Theodore Hollister, on Dark Brahmas.

Ten dollars in gold—Medallion class, Theodore Hollister, on Blue Andalusians.

Silver cup, given by Successful Poultry Journal—Highest scoring pen in miscellaneous classes, G. Hood Thompson, on Silver Grey Dorkings.

One ton of coal, given by Northwestern Fuel company—Highest scoring pair of adult birds, G. Hood Thompson, Silver Grey Dorkings.

C. J. Stewart secured a special prize for the best pair of game birds in the show.

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show, winning on a pair of White Indian game birds.

Cats were placed on exhibition today, and a dozen or more fancy animals owned by Duluth people were entered.

The eggs in the incubator are hatching out rapidly, and a crowd of children watched the chickens pecking their way out this morning.

GRAND TOURNAMENT INDOOR BASEBALL AT ARMORY

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, February 2nd, 3rd and 4th ALPENA vs. DULUTH.

Dancing until 1 o'clock. Flaxen's Orchestra. Admission to game and dance, 50c.

DEATH COMES IN FLORIDA

Mrs. W. R. Cole Dies at Tarpon Springs—Brief Illness.

A telegram was received in this city yesterday afternoon, telling of the death of Mrs. W. R. Cole, of this city, at her winter home at Tarpon Springs, Florida, yesterday morning at 9 o'clock. Mrs. Cole was about 45 years old and was a native of Michigan.

When Mrs. Cole was associated with the Minnesota Iron Co., at Tower, she moved to Duluth and Mr. Cole continued as a drill contractor. In October the Coles formed part of M. H. Alworth's party bound for Florida, using Mr. Alworth's new yacht from Peoria, Ill., to St. Louis, where they visited the exposition, later using the yacht to continue their trip down the Mississippi.

Details of Mrs. Cole's illness are unknown locally. She had been ill for a time after reaching Florida, and had to have a nurse, although the nature of the ailment is unknown to friends in Duluth. She recovered, however, and was in good health again as far as was known to friends in this city until the message came from Mr. Cole.

She was passing away yesterday morning at Tarpon Springs. Their daughter, Miss Phoebe Cole, and Mr. Cole, left Tarpon Springs with the remains last night and are expected to arrive here Monday or Tuesday.

Everything the market affords at Haley's Restaurant. Popular prices.

COMPANIES INCORPORATE. Two Local Concerns File Their Articles.

Two companies formed of local men, filed incorporation articles with the register of deeds this morning.

The Glaskin-Comstock company has incorporated with a capital stock of \$50,000, and purposes to do a general manufacturing and dealing business in leather and rubber goods and mill, mining and railroad machinery.

The incorporators are John W. Comstock, Thomas H. Glaskin and Byron G. Seeger.

The Hibbing Water, Light and Power company, incorporated by D. D. Crowley, H. A. Liedel and John W. Day for the purpose of establishing a water, light and power plant at Hibbing, has a capital stock of \$50,000.

BLOOD POISON CURED.

A Desperate Struggle and How It Ended

Just 27 miles from the classic city of Athens, Ga., is located the thriving little town of Maxey's, the residence of Mr. Robert Ward, who has just been released from the most perilous predicament, the particulars of which he has consented to give to the public. He writes as follows:

MAXEY'S, OGLETHORPE CO., GA., July 1.

For twelve or fourteen years I have been a great sufferer with a terrible form of Blood Poison (Syphilis), which ran into the secondary, and finally it was pronounced a tertiary form. My head, face and shoulders became almost a solid mass of corruption, and finally the disease commenced eating away my skull bones. I became so horribly repulsive that for three years I absolutely refused to let people see me. I used large quantities of the most noted blood remedies, and applied to nearly all physicians near me, but my condition continued to grow worse, and all said I must surely die. My bones became the seat of excruciating aches and pains; my nights were passed in misery; I was reduced in flesh and strength; my kidneys were terribly deranged, and life became a burden to me.

I chanced to see an advertisement of B. B. B., and I sent one dollar to W. C. Birchmore and Co., merchants of our place, and they procured one bottle for me. It was used with decided benefit. I continued its use and when eight or ten bottles had been used was pronounced sound and well.

Hundreds of scars can now be seen on me, looking like a man who had been burned and then restored. My case is well known in this county, and for the benefit of others who may be similarly affected, I think it my duty to give facts to the public, and to extend my heartfelt thanks for so valuable a remedy. I have been well over twelve months, and no return of the disease has occurred.

ROBERT WARD.

MAXEY'S, GA., July 1.

We, the undersigned, know Mr. Robert Ward, and take pleasure in stating that the facts as above stated by him are true, and that his was one of the worst cases of Blood Poison we ever knew in our county, and that he has been cured by the use of B. B. B.—Botanic Blood Balm.

JOHN T. HART, A. T. BRIGHTWELL, Merchant.

W. C. BIRCHMORE & CO., Merchants.

J. H. BRIGHTWELL, M. D.

Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) is guaranteed to cure any Blood or Skin Disease if taken in sufficient quantity as directed. It is sold by all good druggists at \$1.00 per large bottle; 6 for \$5.00. Valuable book free.

BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

West Duluth

THE BOND ISSUE

H. H. Phelps Explains It Before West Duluth Commercial Club.

Would Make No Difference In Any Person's Taxes.

An explanation of the proposed issue of water and light bonds, and of the resulting benefits to the city, was made by H. H. Phelps at a meeting of the West Duluth Commercial club last night.

Following the address an adjournment was taken to next Friday evening, when there will be a general discussion of the matter.

One of the main arguments of Mr. Phelps in favor of the bonds was that the issue would make no difference in any person's taxes. All bonds are a lien on the water and light plant, and the interest on them is paid out of the earnings of the plant, and not by the people, any more than the people are called upon to pay the interest on bonds issued by the electric light company.

President M. M. Clark, in introducing Mr. Phelps, said there was a general misunderstanding regarding the bond question, which is one of vital importance to all citizens, and one which all should thoroughly understand. To put the matter straight in the minds of West Duluth people, at least, the explanation by the member of the water and light board was to be made.

Mr. Phelps first briefly sketched the history of the acquisition of the gas and water plant by the city of Duluth, and of the great improvement it has made since the plant was purchased at a price of \$2,250,000. He told of the several improvements made in the system since the purchase, mentioning in this connection that most of the water pipes and eight miles of gas pipe which have been laid since the city first took charge of the plant, and the bonds to raise the money for the necessary funds for such extensions and improvements as were needed.

He said that despite the fact that a very large amount of money has been expended on the plant the price of water to the consumer has been reduced almost 60 cents without city water utility the city gained control.

"But several more improvements are now necessary," he continued. "For one thing, we now have but one water main leading to West Duluth. A break in this main would shut us without city water until repairs were made. There is only one main to supply all the district west of the point of rocks, except for the temporary main which has been laid on First street, over the point of rocks, and in cases of emergency a region extending only so far as Thirty-ninth avenue west. From Thirty-ninth avenue to West Duluth there is only one main."

"A duplicate main would cost over \$60,000, so that the \$100,000 is a practicable. The only solution of the problem is a reservoir in the water. Such a reservoir is now practically assured, if the proposed issue of bonds is made. This improvement, it is estimated, will cost about \$40,000. The reservoir will be placed at the same elevation as the one at Thirty-fourth avenue east, and in a case of emergency, should anything happen to the pumping station in the East End, would for a time supply the whole city with water, even clear out to West Duluth."

"During the last two or three years the board of water and light commissioners has expended about \$25,000 in ordinary extensions of water mains. If ordinary extensions I mean such extensions to property perhaps half a mile or so from the main. Such extensions are made only when there is a guarantee of 8 per cent annual interest on the money thus expended."

Other proposed extensions are out Grand avenue, into the Fairmount school district, to Duluth Heights, along Grand avenue, the bay front in Duluth, in need of larger mains, and Park Point. When the board first considered the needed improvement, members figured that \$157,000 would about cover the cost of making them. It was not until after the money had been expended that the board learned that the cost of issue \$100,000 bonds, believing that the \$100,000 would be taken care of from interest on the whole investment. But when the matter came before the council the Park Point people stepped forward and asked for city water. To cover that they asked for would cost about \$40,000. It was only fair that all parts of the city should be included, and it was decided that the council should be authorized to issue bonds in the sum of \$140,000, if any were issued at all. This does not necessarily mean that \$140,000 in bonds will be issued. After the council gets the authority to issue bonds, as extended, it may be found that some of the improvements are not necessary at this time, and in this case the issue will be smaller than the \$140,000.

The vote on the proposition, at the municipal election next month is simply to determine whether the people desire to authorize the council to issue the bonds. It should be plainly understood that the matter will rest with the council and not with the water and light board.

"The city plant runs today about \$200,000 a year above the cost of operation. The interest on the bonds will all be paid out of the earnings of the plant, and will not make a particle of difference with any man's taxes. The bonds will be no more a burden on the people than would bonds issued by the electric light company."

"As the city grows the water and light plant will become a source of ever greater revenue than it is now. No more reductions in the water rates

are proposed, however, until such time as a change in conditions will warrant. The earnings will be placed in a fund to pay for extensions and improvements, and will go toward the forming of a sinking fund."

CURLERS DEFEATED. West Duluth Men Pay Visit to Superior.

Two links from West Duluth were defeated by Superior curlers last night at the Broadway rink in Superior. A. G. Macauley's players were ahead from the start of the game, and a few minutes before the end, when an unfortunate play allowed the opposing aggregation to come out victors.

A return match will be played with Superior at the Fifty-seventh avenue west rink some night next week. Probable other games will be arranged for next week between the Western Curling club and the Duluth organization. The players last night were:

West Duluth—Superior—
W. Kennedy, J. T. Murphy,
G. Macauley, S. E. Lane,
A. H. Donald, S. E. Lane,
S. H. Hanchett, H. Connor,
S. Skiff, Skiff—55,
H. Hewitt, Bartholomew,
G. W. Bordin, Skiff—55,
R. Widdell, Simmons,
A. G. Macauley, Noll Smith,
Skip—36, Skip—14.

CLUB BANQUET. Arrangements Being Made For Annual Event.

At the West Duluth Commercial club meeting last night the banquet committee reported that favorable progress was being made in arranging for the annual event, which will be held this year on the evening of Feb. 22, at Schell & Wade's hall.

President M. M. Clark said that while no definite announcement of speakers could yet be made, he was able to say that all the main business interests of this part of the city will be represented at the banquet, and that the speeches would be a surprise to those in attendance. Among the addresses will be one relative to the proposed street car extension, dealing with the prospects for the desired improvement. Addresses regarding the real estate and manufacturing interests and the plans of the Northern Power company will also be of vital interest to business men and property owners in general.

Club members expect to meet with no difficulty in disposing of 300 banquet tickets.

THE CHURCHES. Subjects For Sunday Sermons In West Duluth.

At the Holy Apostles' Episcopal church, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue west and Ellnor street, there will be evening prayer and confirmation service by Bishop Morrison at 7:30 o'clock. Miss Grace Turner will sing, and Charles Applehagen will also sing. The evening service, commencing at 7:45 o'clock, to be conducted by the pastor, Rev. E. Wulfsberg, Jr. Sunday school will meet at 9:30 a. m.

There will be preaching by Rev. A. P. Lund at Olson & Kaup's hall at 8 o'clock in the evening. Everybody is welcome.

At the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue west and Gosnell street, there will be evening prayer and confirmation service at 7:30 o'clock. Rev. W. J. Lowrie, the pastor, taking "The Prophet Amos and His Prophecy" as a subject. Services will be held at the Third Swedish Baptist church, corner of Fifty-ninth avenue west and Ramsey street, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. C. A. Alden, the pastor, will take for his morning theme "The Sick Tree Cursed," which subject will be continued in the evening. Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock and the Young People's society at 5 p. m. Following is the musical program for the evening series:

Organ prelude, Engelman's Soprano solo, "Not a Sparrow Fall," Mrs. J. H. Kern.

Voluntary, "A Sonnet," Kuhlau. Baritone solo, "Calvary," Rudny. W. A. Anderson.

Postlude—March, Chopin. W. A. Anderson, organist.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS. The funeral of Mrs. Joseph Dennis, which was to have occurred today, has been postponed until Monday morning. It will be held at 9 o'clock, from the French church, Twenty-fifth avenue west.

C. T. Govett is confined to his home with a severe attack of rheumatism. Meyer Kane has returned from a business trip to the range. Joseph Magliere is in the city, from St. Paul.

Dr. C. E. Budd, dentist, 302 Central avenue, West Duluth.

Albert Johnson is building a house at the corner of Fifty-second avenue west and Bristol street.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Mahler, 5010 Huntington street, left last night for Duluth City with the body of their infant child, which died Thursday.

The steamer A. B. Wolvin is now in readiness to unload her cargo of coal at the Zenith blast furnace dock. It was necessary to break a considerable amount of ice before the boat could be towed to the dock from her position in the river, where she has been awaiting her turn to unload since the close of navigation.

Mrs. James Neal has returned from Winnipeg, where she has been visiting friends.

A son was born last night to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gagnon, corner of Ramsey street and Fifty-third avenue west.

Use the best, Murray's Non-Exceller Butter.

The Fairmont hockey team will play the Two Harbors aggregation at Two Harbors tonight.

Zenith Pharmacy, 564 Raleigh St. Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Linander entertained Wednesday evening a party of young people at their home, 6214 Park street, in honor of Miss Floretta Bujold's thirteenth birthday, and the evening was most delightfully spent with games. Those present were: Masters E. Nelson, H. Torgeson, O. Sarvela, L. Sarvela, O. Blanchard, L. Baker, A. Olson, R. Dorstad, M. Johnson, C. Bujold, Misses Floretta Bujold, Alice Forsgren, Ruth Brown, Ella Wiseman, Louise Baker, and Emma Baker.

Class lessons 50 cents in china, oil and water color painting until May 1. Studio, Fifty-third avenue and Ramsey street. MRS. HAYDEN.

The calendar circle of the Presby-

terian church will give a social in the church parlors Tuesday evening. A musical program will be given. The evening service, commencing at 7:45 o'clock, to be conducted by the pastor, Rev. E. Wulfsberg, Jr. Sunday school will meet at 9:30 a. m.

At the Westminster Presbyterian church there will be morning services at 10:30 o'clock. Rev. W. J. Lowrie, the pastor, taking "The Prophet Amos and His Prophecy" as a subject. Services will be held at the Third Swedish Baptist church, corner of Fifty-ninth avenue west and Ramsey street, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. C. A. Alden, the pastor, will take for his morning theme "The Sick Tree Cursed," which subject will be continued in the evening. Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock and the Young People's society at 5 p. m. Following is the musical program for the evening series:

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Postlude—March, Chopin. W. A. Anderson, organist.

GENUINE PIANO BARGAINS

Our annual pre-inventory sale has demonstrated that when a reliable house, such as the Duluth Music Company, offers such exceptional values as this sale presents, shrewd buyers are quick to take advantage of it. Yesterday was the record-breaker, nine pianos leaving our salesrooms to be placed in the homes of as many delighted purchasers. Many fine instruments still await those who come quickly. These are a few of them. Remember, the sale closes Tuesday, January 31st.

ONE EMERSON Piano—New, lightly marred in case; regular price \$400—will go in this sale at—

\$288.00

ONE REMINGTON—Has been rented short time to one of our best musicians; good as new; regular price \$300—now—

\$178.00

ONE STODART—Slightly used; guaranteed absolutely good as new; regular price \$285; now—

\$168.00

Thirty other fine instruments to go at the same extraordinary great values.

Prices on All New Instruments Cut From 10 to 20%.

You have the reputation of years of honorable business dealing in Duluth back of every purchase you make at this sale.

Duluth Music Co.

LAKE AVENUE AND SUPERIOR STREET. J. T. STEWART, MGR.

Tuning a specialty, by the best tuner in the Northwest.

ONE WILLARD Piano—In mottled walnut; regular price \$275—grand value at—

\$148.00

ONE DYER BROS. Piano—Mahogany case, new, marred in transit; regular price \$300—during this sale—

\$216.00

ONE GRAND UNION Square Piano—good value at \$125—during this sale—

\$43.00

ONE HENRY F. MILLER Piano, worth \$200—during this sale—

\$75.00

P. Lund at Olson & Kaup's hall at 8 o'clock in the evening. Everybody is welcome.

At the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue west and Gosnell street, there will be evening prayer and confirmation service at 7:30 o'clock. Rev. W. J. Lowrie, the pastor, taking "The Prophet Amos and His Prophecy" as a subject. Services will be held at the Third Swedish Baptist church, corner of Fifty-ninth avenue west and Ramsey street, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. C. A. Alden, the pastor, will take for his morning theme "The Sick Tree Cursed," which subject will be continued in the evening. Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock and the Young People's society at 5 p. m. Following is the musical program for the evening series:

Organ prelude, Engelman's Soprano solo, "Not a Sparrow Fall," Mrs. J. H. Kern.

Voluntary, "A Sonnet," Kuhlau. Baritone solo, "Calvary," Rudny. W. A. Anderson.

Postlude—March, Chopin. W. A. Anderson, organist.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS. The funeral of Mrs. Joseph Dennis, which was to have occurred today, has been postponed until Monday morning. It will be held at 9 o'clock, from the French church, Twenty-fifth avenue west.

C. T. Govett is confined to his home with a severe attack of rheumatism. Meyer Kane has returned from a business trip to the range. Joseph Magliere is in the city, from St. Paul.

Dr. C. E. Budd, dentist, 302 Central avenue, West Duluth.

Albert Johnson is building a house at the corner of Fifty-second avenue west and Bristol street.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Mahler, 5010 Huntington street, left last night for Duluth City with the body of their infant child, which died Thursday.

The steamer A. B. Wolvin is now in readiness to unload her cargo of coal at the Zenith blast furnace dock. It was necessary to break a considerable amount of ice before the boat could be towed to the dock from her position in the river, where she has been awaiting her turn to unload since the close of navigation.

Mrs. James Neal has returned from Winnipeg, where she has been visiting friends.

A son was born last night to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gagnon, corner of Ramsey street and Fifty-third avenue west.

Use the best, Murray's Non-Exceller Butter.

The Fairmont hockey team will play the Two Harbors aggregation at Two Harbors tonight.

Zenith Pharmacy, 564 Raleigh St. Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Linander entertained Wednesday evening a party of young people at their home, 6214 Park street, in honor of Miss Floretta Bujold's thirteenth birthday, and the evening was most delightfully spent with games. Those present were: Masters E. Nelson, H. Torgeson, O. Sarvela, L. Sarvela, O. Blanchard, L. Baker, A. Olson, R. Dorstad, M. Johnson, C. Bujold, Misses Floretta Bujold, Alice Forsgren, Ruth Brown, Ella Wiseman, Louise Baker, and Emma Baker.

Class lessons 50 cents in china, oil and water color painting until May 1. Studio, Fifty-third avenue and Ramsey street. MRS. HAYDEN.

The calendar circle of the Presby-

terian church will give a social in the church parlors Tuesday evening. A musical program will be given. The evening service, commencing at 7:45 o'clock, to be conducted by the pastor, Rev. E. Wulfsberg, Jr. Sunday school will meet at 9:30 a. m.

At the Westminster Presbyterian church there will be morning services at 10:30 o'clock. Rev. W. J. Lowrie, the pastor, taking "The Prophet Amos and His Prophecy" as a subject. Services will be held at the Third Swedish Baptist church, corner of Fifty-ninth avenue west and Ramsey street, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. C. A. Alden, the pastor, will take for his morning theme "The Sick Tree Cursed," which subject will be continued in the evening. Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock and the Young People's society at 5 p. m. Following is the musical program for the evening series:

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NO CHOICE LEFT

Captain William Howenstine Says Court May Jail Him.

Claims He Has No Money to Meet Order.

"Judge, I haven't the money; you might as well send me to jail," was the declaration made to Judge Ensign this morning by William Howenstine, the aged resident on lower Minnesota Point, following the court's order that he must pay his common law wife, Caroline Howenstine, a monthly sum for her maintenance during the pendency of the divorce action which she has instituted.

Capt. Howenstine, who is 74 years of age, appeared in district court at special term, with his attorney, this morning, on a citation to show cause why he should not contribute a stated amount for the care of his wife and for her attorney's fees until the divorce case is settled.

The court, after listening to the argument, ordered that Capt. Howenstine should, beginning with the present month, pay Caroline Howenstine a monthly allowance of \$20, pending the trial of the divorce case, the first payment to be made by Feb. 1, and every succeeding payment on the twentieth of each month. The court further ordered that Capt. Howenstine should pay Mrs. Howenstine's attorney fees of \$25 that \$25 of the money must be paid in ten days and the remainder in thirty days.

Champer Green, attorney for Capt. Howenstine, claimed that his client, a man about 75 years of age, had been unable this past year to earn enough to pay for even the groceries needed for his family, that while he had some real estate it is not in such condition that he can realize on it.

Mrs. Howenstine was also in court when the hearing began this morning, but she did not remain. She is slight in person, apparently not in the best of health, even looking much older than the age of 49 years stated in her complaint. During the proceedings this morning, Capt. Howenstine said that she is 50 years old.

At one time in protesting the payment of any temporary alimony, Capt. Howenstine intimated that he could not live with his wife and that she had run away from him to live with another man.

Under the terms of the court's order,

What Is Catarrh?

If You Have Any of the Following Symptoms, Send Your Name and Address Today.

Is your breath foul? Is your voice husky? Is your nose stopped? Do you snore at night? Do you sneeze a great deal? Do you have frequent pains in the forehead? Do you have pains across the eyes? Are you getting your nose sore? Is there a dropping into the throat? Are you losing your sense of taste? Are you gradually getting deaf? Do you hear buzzing sounds? Do you have ringing in the ears? Do you suffer with nausea of the stomach?

forehead? Do you have pains across the eyes? Are you getting your nose sore? Is there a dropping into the throat? Are you losing your sense of taste? Are you gradually getting deaf? Do you hear buzzing sounds? Do you have ringing in the ears? Do you suffer with nausea of the stomach?

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DR. MITCHELL

Is Healing the Sick Every Day at 17 East Superior Street.

THE BLIND SEE! THE LAME WALK! And Hopeless Invalids Healed of Diseases That Promised to End Their Lives.

WANTED—A few Ladies and Gentlemen to learn Magnetic Healing.

In the last few years there has been advanced a new thought which is known as Magnetic Healing. Thousands of people all over the world are singing the praises of this new method, and there are more and more people being cured of their various ailments.

The cures that Dr. Mitchell has made are very remarkable. Many have been cured of such ailments as Rheumatism, Stomach, heart, liver, kidney, blood and skin diseases and bladder troubles, asthma, hay fever, Headaches, nervousness, fevers, consumption, coughs, colds, catarrhs, etc., and many more. He has cured the throat, lungs, or any vital organ, and has given up in a space of time that is marvellous. Paralysis, locomotor ataxia, dropsy, gout, sciatica and piles are quickly and permanently removed. Dr. Mitchell's treatment purifies the entire system and perfect health is restored.

Dr. Mitchell's practice has become so numerous that it is impossible for him to attend to it all, and he has so perfected and simplified his method that he can teach it to others. He also wishes to benefit humanity by perpetuating his method so that others may be benefited. He has therefore, decided to teach this wonderful method to others. Twenty-five dollars a day can easily be made by the use of this method. This is a noble profession. For full information call or write.

Capt. Howenstine has until next Wednesday to raise \$20 to pay the first installment for maintenance, and until a week from Tuesday to pay the first \$25 installment for Mrs. Howenstine's attorney's services. If the amounts are not paid on the dates mentioned, he will be in contempt of court and is liable to imprisonment in the county jail, at the discretion of the court.

ARGUMENTS CONCLUDED

The Smoot Case Will Soon Go To Whole Senate.

Washington, Jan. 28.—The investigation of the protests against Senator Smoot, of Utah, retaining his seat in the United States senate, was concluded today by the committee on privileges and elections and when a report is drafted by the committee, the investigation will pass to the whole senate. One question of great moment which will be fought over on the floor of the senate is whether a two-thirds vote or a majority of the senate is required to expel a member. It will be several weeks before the committee will be able to report. The committee allowed counsel until Feb. 4 to revise their arguments and file copies. Only one session of the committee was held today. Mr. Worthington, counsel for Senator Smoot, concluded his argument. Judge Taylor closed the case for the protesters.

ATTEMPT FAILED. Tie Placed on Track to Wreck Train.

Kansas City, Jan. 28.—An unsuccessful attempt to wreck the Missouri, Kansas & Texas fast mail train from Kansas City, running at the rate of 60 miles an hour, has been made in a deep cut three miles southwest of Moberly, Mo. A tie had been fastened across the track and a derailling iron placed on the rails. The force with which the engine struck the tie snapped it in two and threw it with the derailling iron to one side.

PRINCE GIVES HAWAIIAN OFFICIALS PRESENTS.

Honolulu, Jan. 19, via San Francisco, Jan. 28.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—When the Japanese Prince Fushimi passed through Honolulu on his way to the United States, he was received with fitting ceremony by Governor Dole and other officials.

RELIGIOUS CANVASS

Of Biwabik Made By Rev. E. A. Mirick.

Biwabik, Minn., Jan. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Rev. E. A. Mirick, the pastor of the Biwabik Congregational church, has recently made a canvass of the population of Biwabik. The following are the results:

Methodists (five languages) 202
Roman Catholics 241
Presbyterians 37
Episcopalians 12
Baptists 12
Seven denominations (less than seven each) 18
Undenominational 15

PATIENTS MUCH BETTER.

Washington, Jan. 28.—The secretary of state today received a telegram from Consul General Gunder at Panama saying that with the exception of Panamensis, all the yellow fever cases on board the Boston were much better and that there were no new cases on board that ship.

UNLUCKY HAT

Black Felt Fedora Causes the Arrest of Dan Peterson.

Accused of a Highway Robbery Committed in May, 1903.

Accused of assaulting Sven E. Olson, knocking him down and robbing him of \$24 in cash and a certificate of deposit for \$100, Daniel Peterson was bound over to the grand jury this morning by Judge Windom in the municipal court.

The crime for which Peterson was arrested was committed on May 17, 1903. Olson had been boasting of the amount of money he had in a Bowery saloon. Peterson was in the saloon at the time, and he is claimed to have followed Olson home and, in company with another man, to have robbed him just as he was entering his home, near the power station of the street railway.

He left the city the day following the crime and did not return until last week, when he was arrested by Detectives Irving and Schulte. The evidence against Peterson is largely circumstantial, but it was ample to warrant his being bound over. Olson and Officer Johnson, who was summoned, found a hat belonging to the assailant as he fled hurriedly from the scene. The police succeeded in having the hat identified as belonging to Peterson, and in court this morning Peterson acknowledged that it was his hat. He claimed that he had loaned it to another man the night of the crime. "Who was this man?" asked County Clerk McClellan.

"I don't know." "Are you accustomed lending hats or exchanging hats with strangers whenever they ask you?" "Well, he asked me if Olson was in the saloon and I told him he was. And then he asked me to change hats with him, and said he was going to get Olson."

"What did he mean by that?" "I don't know." "Did he mean he was going to rob him?" "I don't know." Peterson stated that he had taken the ferry to Superior the next day, and had then walked to Carlton, looking for work. A few days later he took the train to Minneapolis and then went to Omaha and through Iowa.

Where did you get the money to do all this?" "Well, I took the freight and then I worked for a little time in Minneapolis, and they shipped me from Omaha with a lot of men to work in Iowa."

Judge Windom decided that the evidence was sufficient to warrant an investigation by the grand jury, and Peterson was bound over to the whole senate. One question of great moment which will be fought over on the floor of the senate is whether a two-thirds vote or a majority of the senate is required to expel a member. It will be several weeks before the committee will be able to report. The committee allowed counsel until Feb. 4 to revise their arguments and file copies. Only one session of the committee was held today. Mr. Worthington, counsel for Senator Smoot, concluded his argument. Judge Taylor closed the case for the protesters.

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RAILROAD NEWS

President Elliott Away and Shippers' Protest Is Delayed.

No Appointment Made Yet to Superintendency at Itasca.

President Howard Elliott, of the Northern Pacific, and some of the other officials of the company, are at present on a trip to the coast, and that fact is noted in an answer received from shippers to the committee of shippers of Duluth, whose protest against increased switching charge recently went to Mr. Elliott's office. The answer stated that as soon as the officials returned to headquarters the matter would be taken up by them.

ACTING SUPERINTENDENT E. E. Nash Filling Omaha Position at Itasca.

Since the resignation of William Bennett as superintendent of the Omaha, E. E. Nash, recently assistant superintendent at Itasca, has been acting in Mr. Bennett's former position. Mr. Nash, whether this will result in Mr. Nash succeeding Mr. Bennett permanently remains to be seen. Mr. Nash has been more than a month since Mr. Nash went to Itasca, where he is superintendent of the Omaha, and he is expected to return to Omaha in a few days. Mr. Nash is a native of Iowa, and he is a graduate of the University of Iowa. He has been in the service of the Omaha for several years, and he is a very capable and efficient manager.

MEANS NEW TOWNS. Great Northern Extension Is Bringing Them.

Special trains are being taken by the passenger department of the Great Northern road to advertise its new extension, in Ramsey and Cavalier counties. The new extension, which has been started along the new extension, is a branch line from the main line of the Great Northern road, and it is expected to be completed in a few months. The new extension will be a very important addition to the Great Northern road, and it will greatly increase the service to the communities along the line.

PORTLAND EXHIBITION. Northern Pacific Busily Engaged in Advertising It.

A. M. Cleland, general passenger agent of the Northern Pacific, is giving to the public some information about the exhibition to be opened this summer at Portland, Me. The exhibition, which is being organized by the Portland Chamber of Commerce, is a very important event for the city, and it is expected to attract a large number of visitors. The Northern Pacific is very interested in the exhibition, and it is doing everything possible to advertise it.

SKATING MATCH. Harry Webb and Howard Trede will skate a three-mile race at the Western Curling rink next Wednesday evening.

Surprise Party. Miss Lucy Thiele was pleasantly surprised Wednesday evening by a number of friends at her home, 321 West Third street. The party was a very successful one, and it was a great pleasure for Miss Thiele to have her friends with her.

WINTER TOURIST TICKETS ARE NOW ON SALE VIA LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD TO FLORIDA, GULF COAST RESORTS, CUBA, At Very Low Rates.

For rates, time tables or beautifully illustrated booklets on Florida, the Gulf Coast, New Orleans or Cuba, address nearest representative.

F. D. BISH, D. P. A. Cincinnati
J. C. DAVENPORT, D. P. A. St. Louis
H. C. BAILEY, N. W. P. A. Chicago
J. H. MILLIKEN, D. P. A. Louisville, Ky.

WHY NOT GO TO FLORIDA AND CUBA?

When the SOUTHERN RAILWAY, in connection with the Queen & Crescent route, take you from Chicago or St. Louis in THROUGH CARS to Florida, Cuba, or the Gulf Coast, in about THIRTY-TWO HOURS!

When you go down via Cincinnati or Louisville, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Macon, through the very best of the South, returning via Savannah, Columbia, Augusta, Spartanburg, Asheville, Hot Springs and Knoxville, through the famous scenic section of the South!

Stop-overs in both directions. Low round-trip rates. Leave Chicago 1:00 p. m. Leave St. Louis 10:30 p. m. "FLORIDA LIMITED" Leave Chicago 8:30 p. m. Leave St. Louis 10:30 p. m. No floor traffic in the country. Write for literature and particulars, and for sleeping car reservations to N. W. P. A., 225 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. G. B. ALLEN, St. Louis, Mo. A. G. P. A., St. Louis, Mo.

Railroad Notes. John Krey, formerly with the Duluth & Iron Range road, later with the government engineer's office here and now connected with the engineering department of the New York Central road, New York City, is visiting in Duluth.

General Superintendent Potter, of the Wisconsin Central, who is here, paid a call on the Duluth & Iron Range road, and he is expected to return to his home in Wisconsin.

Through trains were nearly all on time today.

WILL EXPLAIN THE TEST

State Veterinarian Will Address Council on Tuberculin Test.

If any of the citizens of Duluth are desirous of knowing just how the tuberculin test is administered to cattle, what its effects are, and the circumstances under which it should be administered, they can gain all the knowledge they require by attending the council meeting next Monday evening.

The state veterinarian, Dr. H. W. Murray, will be in Duluth Monday, and at the request of the Duluth & Iron Range road, he will explain fully the workings of the tuberculin test to the aldermen. Any of the citizens of Duluth who wish to know more concerning it, can learn what they desire to know by attending the council meeting.

Surprise Party. A very pleasant surprise was given Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Ryan, Friday evening, Games and dancing were indulged in and the occasion was a happy one. Those present were: Messrs. Ryan, McGowan, Felix Mulholland, William Sullivan, John Nolan, Dan Tripp, W. A. Beers, Eddie Beers, Dave O'Hara, Will Whalen, Charles Sullivan, Charlie Sullivan, Marie Sullivan, George Sullivan, Ellen Sullivan, Josephine Grace, Annie Beers, Maggie McManis, Bazelle, Agnes Mosack, Marie Monaghan, Burke, Tena Biewick, Ashbell Ryan.

PUT PEPPER IN HIS TRACKS. Browning Threw Bloodhounds Off Scent In That Way.

Bedford, Ind., Jan. 28.—Elmer Brown, known as "Duke," a well-known hunter, again took the stand today in the hearing of Browning and Frank Evans, charged with the murder of Sarah Schaeffer. On cross examination the woman told Browning that she had seen him stand guard in the sidewalk and Browning stood at the alley waiting for Miss Schaeffer. The witness wanted to get a letter she had. The witness said Browning told her he had killed Evans and dragged her to the shed. The witness said Evans wanted to get a letter she had. The witness said Evans wanted to get a letter she had.

OLD SORES CURED. ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE. Cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Mercurolic Ulcers, Fester Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Milk Legs, Pockmarks, Boils, Blisters, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, Itch, Eczema, Psoriasis, Ringworm, Tinea, Scabies, and all other skin diseases. Price 25 cents per tin. Sold everywhere.

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Stop-overs in both directions. Low round-trip rates. Leave Chicago 1:00 p. m. Leave St. Louis 10:30 p. m. "FLORIDA LIMITED" Leave Chicago 8:30 p. m. Leave St. Louis 10:30 p. m. No floor traffic in the country. Write for literature and particulars, and for sleeping car reservations to N. W. P. A., 225 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. G. B. ALLEN, St. Louis, Mo. A. G. P. A., St. Louis, Mo.

Articles of Incorporation. The name of this corporation shall be Glaskin-Comstock Company.

The general nature of its business shall be the manufacturing of and generally dealing in, all kinds of leather goods, rubber goods, shoe chamois, and mill, mining and railroad supplies.

The principal place of transacting business of this corporation shall be the city of Duluth, State of Minnesota.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be the last day of February, 1905, and its continuance shall be thirty (30) years.

The capital stock of this corporation shall be Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000), and the same shall be paid in by installments at the discretion of the directors, as the board of directors shall determine.

The highest amount of indebtedness which this corporation shall at any time be subject to, is the sum of Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000).

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this association for incorporation are as follows, to-wit: Daniel D. Crowley, residing at Duluth, Minnesota.

Henry A. Lidel, residing at Duluth, Minnesota.

John W. Day, residing at Duluth, Minnesota.

The government of this corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a Board of Directors consisting of three stockholders, and a president, a vice-president, a secretary, and a treasurer.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

Glaskin-Comstock Company.

Know all men by these presents, that the undersigned, do hereby associate ourselves together to form a corporation for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 34, General Statutes 1904, of the State of Minnesota, and acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, and to that end have organized by adopting and signing the following Articles of Incorporation:

ARTICLE I. The name of this corporation shall be Glaskin-Comstock Company.

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STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS. I, Notary Public, do hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record in Book 2 of Incorporations, on the 27th day of January, A. D. 1905, at 4 o'clock p. m., and was duly recorded in Book 3 of Incorporations, on the 27th day of January, A. D. 1905, at 4 o'clock p. m., and was duly recorded in Book 3 of Incorporations, on the 27th day of January, A. D. 1905, at 4 o'clock p. m.

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ACTIVE IN STOCKS

Buying on Enormous Scale and the Closing Strong

Know all men by these presents, that we, the undersigned, have agreed to and do hereby associate ourselves together pursuant to the provisions of Title 2, of Chapter 34, of the General Statutes of the State of Minnesota, of the revision of 1878, being sections 2594 to 2601 inclusive of the general statutes of 1894, of said state, and the acts amendatory thereof

Steel Stocks and Railway Equipment Shares Are Prominent.

ARTICLE I.
The name of this corporation shall be Draper Brokerage Company, and the general nature of its business shall be the engaging in and carrying on of a general brokerage and commission business, and the buying and selling of all kinds of goods, wares and merchandise, fruits and products of the soil, and generally to do all things necessary or proper for carrying on said business, and to have, exercise and enjoy all the rights, benefits, privileges and immunities of a corporation, to-wit:

speculative liquidation on the stock exchange here early in the week. Later there was a recovery partly due to a less serious view of the prospect of a revolution and partly to the idea that Russia's internal difficulties might hasten the conclusion of the war with Japan. The New York market has been benefited by the weeding out of weak speculative accounts on the decline. Former surmises

The principal place of business of said corporation shall be the City of Duluth, in the County of St. Louis and State of Minnesota.

ARTICLE II.

The time of commencement of this corporation shall be February 1, 1905, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty years.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of capital stock of this

New York, Jan. 28.—Opening prices of stocks today held firmly and generally showed small fractional advances. St. Paul and Chicago declined, but preferred rose large fractions, and the Locomotive stocks were strong, the common advancing $\frac{3}{4}$ and the preferred a point. Forty-five

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this corporation are

Interest in the market was confined largely to a few of the important stocks such as a number of the steel stocks, St. Paul, Erie, Union Pacific and United States Steel preferred, were prominent at intervals. St. Paul, Delaware & Hudson, Colorado and Southern and Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis, moved up to 1 1/4, and Rock Island preferred 1 1/4. Amalgamated Copper was depressed to 1 1/2. Among the specialties, the gold advances reached to 1 1/4 for Smelting.

ARTICLE VI.

The names of the first board of directors are as follows: Rufus H. Draper, Frank F. Leach and Frank Hicks, all residing at Duluth, Minnesota.

The successors are elected and qualified. The affairs of this corporation shall be vested in a board of three directors, who shall be elected at the annual meeting of this corporation, which shall be held on

After the appearance of the bank statement Union Pacific broke through the restraint which had held it below 120 and rose aggressively on heavy dealings to 217½. St. Paul rose 2½ in sympathy, Southern Pacific 1½, Northwestern 1¾.

board of directors shall be filled by the remaining directors, the person or persons so elected to hold until the next ensuing annual meeting of said corporation. The board of directors shall each have one vote, and the annual meeting of the stockholders of said corporation, elect a president, vice-president, secretary and treasurer, and such other officers as they may deem necessary. Any vacancy occurring in any of said offices shall be filled by the remaining directors, and, if none remain, the president, if one, shall appoint the person to fill the vacancy.

preferred 'B', Chicago Great Western preferred 'A', Omaha and Great Northern preferred 1½. The market turned strong, Erie rose to 4½. Gains reached a point or more in Pennsylvania, New York Central, Chicago Great Western preferred 'B', Colorado Southern second preferred 'B', Missouri Pacific, St. Louis and North Western preferred 'A', Illinois Central preferred 'A', Brooklyn, Transit, Woolen, Ice preferred, Paper preferred, Virginia-Chemical. Realizing in some minor stocks was in evidence and Vulcan Denning, Kansas City Southern preferred

persons so elected to serve until the next annual meeting or until their successors are elected and qualified. The officers of president and treasurer may be held over until the next annual meeting. The annual meeting is held and the directors chosen at such meeting shall elect officers as hereinbefore provided, the general officers of this corporation shall be as follows: Rufus L. Draper, president and treasurer; and Charles W. Draper, secretary and Frank F. Leach, secretary. The first board of directors shall meet and elect said officers on the first day of

and Soo preferred lost 1. Quick profiting affected the whole list, but prices advanced again. The transcontinentals group closed very strong but the general list was slightly irregular.

Quotations furnished by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey Building.

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchafalca, pfd	101	101	101
do com	87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Smelter, com	86 1/2	85 3/4	86 1/4

The officers and directors of this corporation shall be those designated to act as such until the first annual meeting hereof, shall hold their offices during the full term of one year, or until their successors are elected and qualified. The board of directors may adopt such by-laws as they may deem proper, consistent with these articles, and the constitution and laws of the State of Minnesota, as they may deem necessary and proper for the government of the affairs of the corporation, and the conduct of its business.

Merleau Lee	63	54	63
Amalgamated Copper	72	72	72
Baltimore & Ohio	10	10	10
Canada Pacific	133	133	133
Chesapeake & Ohio	48	48	48
C. F. I.	46	45	46
Chicago, Great Western	23	23	23
Erie, 1st pfd.	81	81	81
Erie, com	48	45	48
Florida Central	15	15	15
Genesee	12	12	12
Knoxville & Nashville	137	137	137
Mexican Central	22	22	22

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto
set our hands and affixed our seals this
4th day of January, A. D. 1905.

RUFUS H. DRAHER, (Seal.)
FRANK F. LEACH, (Seal.)
FRANK H. LEACH, (Seal.)

Signed, sealed and delivered in the pre-
sence of

H. P. GARDINER,
CECIL VAN NORMAN.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis,
ss.

On this 4th day of January, A. D. 1905.

Metropolitan Ry.	116 1/2	116 1/2	116 1/2
Missouri Pacific	106 1/2	106 3/4	106 3/4
Norfolk & Western	79 1/2	79 1/2	79 1/2
New York Central	145 1/2	144 1/2	145 1/2
North & Western	45	45	45 1/2
People's Gas	107 1/2	106 3/4	107
Pacific Mail	44 1/2	43 1/2	44
Pennsylvania Ry.	137 1/2	139 1/2	137 1/2
Rock Island, com.	26	25 1/2	26
do pfd	81 1/4	81 1/4	81 1/4
Reading, com	89 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
St. L. & S. pfd.	89 1/2	89 1/2	89 1/2
St. L. & com.	16 1/2	16 1/2	16 1/2
Union	37 1/2	37	37

before me, a notary public within and for said county, personally appeared Rufus H. Draper, Frank F. Leach and Frank Hicks, to me known, being the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

H. P. GARDINER,
Notary Public,
St. Louis County, Minnesota.
(Notarial Seal, St. Louis, County, Minn.)

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.

Paul	176%	171%	176%
ugar	142%	141%	142%
o, Railway.com	34%	34%	34%
o, Northern Pacific	67%	66%	67%
o, com	38	38	38
o, Texas Pacific	71	71	71
o, S. Steel, pfd.	96%	94%	94%
o, S. Steel, com	31	30%	30%
o, Union Pacific, com	121%	119%	121%
o, Wisconsin Central, com	22	21%	22
o, pfd	45%	45%	45%
o, Western Union	92%	92%	92%

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record on Jan. 26, 1956, at 9:45 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book 3 of Misc., page 244.

M. PALMER,
Register of Deeds.

By THOS. CLARK,
Deputy.

—

State of Minnesota, Department of State.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on Jan. 26, 1956, at 9:45 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book 3 of Misc., page 244.

do pf'd	43%,	43%,	47%
do Northern Securities, 1544	to 155.		

The total sales were 736,400 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.—Legan & Bryan to Dulme, Webber & Co. Market closed very strong. The bank statement coming here was favorable than expected gave increased courage to the bulls. Steel stocks and railway equipment shares are again prominent. Underlying conditions are strong and

clock p. m., and was duly recorded in
book J 3 of Incorporations, on page 75.
P. E. HANSON,
Secretary of State.

—Northern cake	17 20	17 35
NEW YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE.		
January delivery	\$.....	\$17 10
February delivery	15 10	16 75
March delivery	15 50	18 75
April delivery	16 50	16 85
May delivery	15 50	16 40

continue to make for improvement. Rangoon's earnings are largely in money changes, and these are factors that count for making the bull stock markets. The action of the market would indicate large interests in the situation in control. News from abroad continues to suggest early peace. In the event of which we feel the market adds the already built force. The market affects us and we believe underlying and ultimately higher prices.

Waldorf to Coe Commission Co. "If I

WISCONSIN STALWARTS
 Jay La Follette Will Make
 Stephenson Senator.

are asked to name the distinguishing feature of this market, the head of the representative of a prominent exchange house today, I would reply, "the scarcity of stocks for sale." This remark directs attention again to the persistent way with which investors hold their securities, and which is one of the greatest causes of the fluctuations in the market structure. It is pointed out that the bears have this worked in their favor. Russia, gold exports, and another Lawson manifesto, the chief effects of which have been increased ease in money and a big

concerns Governor La Follette and the meaning of his speech before the joint assembly. The stalwarts assert that he has given his promise to Isaac Stephenson to refuse the honor and throw it to the Marinette man; that he has said the only way he could hold his grip on the legislature was by accepting conditionally, and when the time comes, withdrawing the vote and throwing his

These things strengthen confidence in the theory entertained for some time by people high up in financial circles that in every sharp reaction stocks are a purchase. The ease with which United States Steel rallied during the day and the addition of the American Analog Corp. recovered its dividend after selling "Ex" together with the rise in American Steel Foundries preferred, make for a very bullish feeling on the metal stocks. Both United States Steel and Copper, however, are not in the same class as the other ironore producers, than is generally har-

Another stalwart view is that Stephenson has threatened to desert the governor, and the latter's conditional acceptance was simply to gain time so that he could try to appease the Marietta millionaire, as the governor is ambitious to take the seat himself.

Administration men, on the other hand, scout the idea that the governor is going to resign.

formed. It is the judgment of the best informed brokers that these commitments will ultimately be covered at a higher level of prices. The merger stocks, those concerned directly and indirectly with the settlement of Northern Securities case, continue to be bought on all sides and sold on all bulges by the interests controlling them, whose one aim is to preserve an orderly speculation until a fitting time arrives for a general forward movement based on earnings, divi-

an agreement with Stephens, and say it is the governor's firm intention to go to Washington, provided his measures go through. If it should happen that these measures were not passed by March 4, the governor will leave Wisconsin with but one representative in the senate, and later go to Washington and qualify. Some even say he will not take his seat before December.

THE ELEMENT OF RESULTS

Of chance is entirely eliminated from the advertising which appears in The Evening Herald. The character and quality of its circulation insure the certainty

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

SITUATION AS SECOND COOK OR AS housekeeper. Call or address 123 West First street.

WANTED—CARE OF FURNISHED room by middle-aged lady. Y 41, Herald.

WANTED—PLACES TO GO OUT NURSING by competent nurse. 25 Quinn street.

WANTED—POSITION AS STENOGRAPHER. T 45, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—OFFICE POSITION BY young man, 27, experienced, accurate and industrious; small salary; must have work to pay rent and food. Can you offer? Address N 3, Herald.

WANTED—BY THOROUGHLY COMPETENT man, painting, paperhanging or bookbinding; lowest figures. Address N 8, Herald.

PERSONAL.

PURE, SAFE AND SURE!

Dr. Roger's Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills, a trial of forty cents, will have you feeling better than you have for some time. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by J. B. Middlecoff, 201 West Superior street.

PROFESSIONAL MAN, GENTLEMAN and wealthy, desires without delay, poor but honest wife. Address Mr. Curtis, 60 Chicago street, Chicago.

HANDSOME WIDOW, WORTH \$50,000, wants immediately, able, industrious husband. Address Mrs. Aetna, Onondaga building, Chicago.

PERSONAL—LADIES, DR. STRICKLAND'S monthly remedy relieves in five hours; safe and sure; box free, send stamp for particulars. Brown, Chemical Co., Box 33, Milwaukee, Wis.

MARRY—WIDOWED AND REBUILT—marriage directly free; pay when married; entirely new man; send no money. Address H. A. Hutton, Dept. 105, Tonawanda, Mich.

LADIES: Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable, Take Effect. Send for particulars. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

LADIES: WHEN IN NEED, SEND FOR free trial of our everlasting remedy. Relief quick and safe. Paris Chemical Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, the acquaintance of a young lady of intelligence and possessing appearance, object sociability. Address O 60, Herald.

ANYBODY KNOWING WHEREABOUTS of Phil Wagner kindly inform Louis E. Wagner at Brookston, Minn., or Oconto Falls, Wis.

SAFE; SURE; GUARANTEED FEMALE PILLS; quickly relieve suppression from any cause. E. French, Admitts Co., Inc., 261 Duluth, Minn.

MEDICAL.

LADIES ONLY—DR. LE DUE'S GENUINE French Female Regulator from Paris. Three packages are possible cures of all menstrual troubles; safe, reliable, and sure. Send for free trial. Dr. Le Due, 261 Duluth, Minn.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. R. C. RAYMOND'S Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. No pain, no danger. Interference with work; relief in three to five days. We have never known of a single failure. Mail order promptly. Price \$2. Dr. R. C. Raymond, Medical Co., room 10, 54 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

LADIES—DR. LAFRANCE'S Compound; safely relieves all menstrual troubles. Booklet free. Dr. LaFrance, Philadelphia, Pa.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS STATE of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, 21st. In Probate Court, special term, January 21st, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of William A. Middlecoff, deceased.

Letters of administration with will annexed on the estate of William A. Middlecoff, late of the County of St. Louis, State of Minnesota, being granted to J. A. Middlecoff.

It is ordered, that six months be and the sum of \$1,000 be paid to the said J. A. Middlecoff, on or before the 1st day of July, 1905, to the persons having claims or demands against the said deceased, in which case the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Monday, the 24th day of July, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 21st day of January, A. D. 1905.

J. B. MIDDLECOFF, Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.) Duluth Evening Herald—Jan. 21-25, Feb. 4, 1905.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC. State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, 21st. In Probate Court, special term, January 21st, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Emma Lindberg, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Frank Hakanson, administrator of the estate of Emma Lindberg, deceased, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 15th day of February, A. D. 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 16th day of January, 1905.

J. B. MIDDLECOFF, Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.) Duluth Evening Herald—Jan. 23-25, Feb. 4-1905.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED steam-heated rooms, 218 West Superior street.

LARGE FURNISHED ROOM, OVERLOOKING lake, large closet, bath. Reasonable. 807 East First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 117 West First street.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT—7 Chester terrace.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR light housekeeping. 310 West Fourth St.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS, FURNISHED, or on suite. West End. Y 4, Herald.

FOR RENT—ONE ROOM, WITH bath. Inquire at 218 1/2 Fourth avenue corner of West.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT AT 123 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 10 Mason flats.

FOR RENT—NEATLY FURNISHED rooms, and rooms for light housekeeping. 360 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—3 WILL RENT WARM and room with alcove. Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—TWO FRONT ROOMS AT 327 East Superior street; stove heat; price reduced to five per box.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 528 West Second street.

MODERN, FURNISHED SUITE OF rooms, second floor. Old phone 1026-K. 126 East First street.

FOR RENT—WELL FURNISHED room, hot water, etc., centrally located on Third street. Gentlemen only. References exchanged. L. B. care of Herald.

FURNISHED ROOM—MODERN CONVENIENCES. Eighteenth avenue east. Address C M. Herald.

VERY WARM, NICELY FURNISHED room. 245 Tenth avenue east.

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED ROOM, 612 East First street. Inquire at 612 East First street.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT—120 Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT—OFFICES, MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

FOR RENT—FOUR SMALL BARN, ALL conveniences. Call at 26 East First St.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FURNISHED MODERN SEVEN-ROOM house four blocks from Board of Trade; will rent cheap to right party. E. F. Bussard, 16 West First street. Phone 206-M.

FOR RENT—SMALL 4-ROOM HOUSE, 119 East Sixth street.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM HOUSE, FURNISHED, or unfurnished. No. 167 East Third street.

SIX-ROOM, NEW, DETACHED, FRAME dwelling, hardwood floors, bath, water; warm. 218 East Fifth street. Hartman & O'Donnell Agency, 222 Exchange Bldg.

SEVEN-ROOM, BRICK, FIRST-CLASS condition; modern; hardwood floors, bath, water, electric light, gas, 213 East Fifth street. Hartman & O'Donnell Agency, 222 Exchange Bldg.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM DETACHED dwelling, city water, bath. 67 West First street. O. C. Hartman & Co., 222 Exchange Bldg.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM HOUSE. 308 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE. 328 West Third street. \$8.50 per month. East Superior street, near Third street.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, suitable for two families. 518 Fourth avenue West. Inquire at 30 Fourth avenue West. O. C. Hartman & Co., 222 Exchange Bldg.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM HOUSE—224 Mesaba avenue, or the down stairs can be rented separately if desired. Inquire of Albert Johnson, 167 West Fifth street. New phone 110-D.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY

—G. H. Crosby, 106 Providence building. Phone 24.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—THREE-ROOM FLAT. Call 644 East Second street.

FOUR-ROOM FLAT WITH BATH, NICE order. 130 West Fourth street. 320, includes water. No children. Sherwood Torrey building.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT, CENTRAL all conveniences. N. J. Upham Co., 404 Burrows building.

FLAT IN ASIABULA TERRACE. Inquire R. T. Lewis, 222 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—SMALL FIVE-ROOM FLAT with water. At No. 318 Sixth avenue West. 155 1/2 North Second street. Richardson, Exchange Bldg.

FOR RENT—STORES.

FOR RENT—ONE-HALF OF STORE AT 167 West Superior street. Seckins & Le Borous.

FOR RENT—REAR PART OF STORE, 224 West Superior street. Suitable for lumber or buy and feed commission office. Has entrance into St. Louis hotel lobby.

FOR RENT—BRICK STORE ROOM, central location on Fourth street; newly floored, papered and wired; only \$15 to right party, full basement. Sherwood Torrey building.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

KARL HAGBERG IS LOCATED AT a twentieth avenue west. Give us a call. Zenith phone 22-Y.

SUITS PRESSING, 60c; PANTS, 15c. J. Greckovsky, 14 Fourth avenue west.

TELEPHONE FOR WOOD.

ANDERSON'S WOOD YARD—CORD wood 45 per cord, split 75c. 25 East Fourth street. Both phones.

ACTING AND ELOCUTION.

MR. AND MRS. JOHN MILTON, WITH the Bradbury School of Music.

SECOND-HAND CLOTHES.

Ladies' and gents' clothes bought; highest prices. G. Shapiro, 73 W. Sup. St.

HAIRDRESSING.

SUPERIOR'S HAIR AND MOLES removed. 63 West Superior street, treatments and manicuring. A. Kelly, opp. Glass Bldg.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

PIANOS AND ORGANS. PIANOS AND ORGANS. Closing out 100 styles next week. \$15.00 Mahogany Upright Piano. \$125.00 Piano Player. \$175.00 \$15 Organ. \$175.00

Factory representative for W. W. Kimball Co., 201 East Superior St., Duluth.

FOR SALE—MEN'S, WOMEN'S AND children's clothing on easy payments. Fred W. Edwards, rooms 3-4, over Guiding's.

WELL WORTH REMEMBERING WILL REDUCE FUEL BILL! The price of coal being the same, you should secure the best and longest-burning, and that is where the CELEBRATED LEHIGH BRIGHT COAL economies. It is bright, clean and does not clinker. Give it a trial. We rely upon the quality of the coal to keep your trade.

PINCH FUEL CO.—S. L. FISCHER PIANOS. FISCHER PIANOS. FISCHER PIANOS.

HOWARD, FARWELL & CO., Hunter block, 25 West Superior St. W. J. Allen, Local Manager.

FOR SALE—BOOKCASE, DININGROOM furniture, bedroom, etc., quarter-sawn oak. Inquire 1809 Jefferson street. Flat C.

FOR SALE—SEWING MACHINE; GOOD as new. \$6.00. 24 Third avenue east.

\$500 WILL BUY FIRST-CLASS 23-ROOM hotel, doing the best business in town at Blackduck, Minn. Good reasons for selling. Has electric lights throughout and city water. Address for further particulars, Alfred Olson, Blackduck, Minn.

FOR SALE—AT DEERWOOD HOTEL. The inn. Too much other business and poor health the reason for selling. For particulars inquire of C. J. Rathvon, proprietor, Deerwood, Minn.

\$200 PIANO FOR \$100 THE FOREGOING is not much more unreasonable than to advertise a piano for \$300 but must be sold at \$100. We have new Eastern made pianos for which we ask but \$150 without sacrifice. If you can make a profit on them at that, if you want this quality come and get the same without sacrifice. Call on George H. Howard, Farwell & Co., 25 West Superior street. Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—HOME-MADE STOCKING yarn. Write for prices.

SEWING MACHINES FOR RENT. All kinds, at White Machine store, 106 West Superior street, near Third street. We also repair and keep supplies for all machines.

FOR SALE—RAILS, LIGHT and heavy, Switches, Frog, Portable track for tramways and sidings. M. Mitchell Co., Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE—CHEAP FURNITURE suitable for rooming houses. Parties leaving city. Flat 7, Osborn block. Nineteenth avenue west on Superior St.

FOR SALE—NATIONAL CASH REGISTERS. In good shape. \$100.00. Call on desk, new. W. S. Wright, 717 West Second street.

FORTY ACRES LEVEL CLAY LAND—open black loam clearing, 100 miles from a city—a fine bargain. 120 acres clay land nearby, well watered, 10 miles from a city—a fine bargain. Price \$7.00 per acre. L. P. Lord, 1011 Weeks avenue, Superior.

FOR SALE—FINE UPRIGHT PIANO, mahogany case, with attachments, for \$150.00. Must be sold. Call 327 East Superior street, near Third street.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—CONFECTIONERY and clear store, in West End. Address O 58, Herald.

FOR SALE—ONE KREMER JACKET, very cheap. Call 623 West Superior street.

WOOD FOR SALE—SIXTY CORDS OF dry hardwood, near city. Call on A. Wharton, No. 2 Exchange building.

CASH PAID FOR OLD GOLD and silver. Highest market prices. M. Henderson Jewelry company, 324 West Superior street.

ORDER YOUR WINTER SUPPLY of groceries now and get special inducements at Gasser's grocery.

Poultry supplies, incubators, brooders, factory prices. L. W. Nelson, 5 1/2 Sup.

WILL TRADE FURNITURE, HOUSE furnishings, piano, etc., just from factory for real estate. Goods suitable for mansions as well as cottages. Call on J. J. Upham Co., 404 Burrows building.

MEN'S SEWED SOLES, 75c; NAILED, 50c; rubber heels, 85c. While you wait. The Gopher, 8 First avenue west.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

HARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, Minn., have the largest assortment of horses North of the city. Auction every Wednesday at 3 o'clock. Private sales daily. Part time given.

FOR SALE—EIGHT HEAVY HORSES; suitable for the city or driving, with or without harness. Guter, 127 West First street.

WE ARE STILL DOING BUSINESS. And have just received two carloads of logging horses and farm mares. L. HAMMEL CO., 308 E. First St.

FOR SALE—GOOD WORKING HORSE, weight 1400, color black. Inquire S. M. Kane, 139 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—ACCLIMATED, FINE draft and general purpose horses—75 to 100 head always on hand. Stone-Orndorff Co.

FOR SALE A FEW LIGHT and heavy horses. H. R. Patterson, West Duluth. Both phones, No. 300.

GRINDING.

SCIENTIFIC WORK moderate prices. E. E. Superior street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, BURROWS BLDG. Best work. Moderate prices.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Modern homes for sale in all parts of city. Geo. H. Crosby, Providence building.

FOR SALE—11 ROOM HOUSE, modern to be moved from 312 Fourth avenue west. Inquire Room 22, Mesaba block.

FOR SALE—A LARGE LIST OF EAST End, Lakeside and Park Point lots. Now is the time to begin making your plans for this season. Let us show you what we can do in the way of securing a home of your own on easy terms. William C. Sargent & Co., 308 Lonsdale building. Real Estate, Loans, Fire Insurance.

FOR SALE—FOOT LOT ON FIFTY-Fourth street, bounded by 15th St., Sunberg, 201 West Second street.

FOR SALE—PARK POINT LOT AT 1504 park until the 15th. Look this up quickly. William C. Sargent & Co., Lonsdale building.

ONE OF THE BEST LOTS ON PARK POINT at \$100 less than market price. If you are going to buy there this summer, this is your chance. William C. Sargent & Co., Lonsdale building.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL DESIRABLE 5, 10 and 20-acre tracts on Lester river, 15 to 20 miles from Duluth. Call on William C. Sargent & Co., 308 Lonsdale building.

WE place an Underwood Typewriter in your office two weeks free on trial. Underwood Typewriter, 230 W. Superior St.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF SUPPLYING stenographers. No charge to either party. Call 501, either phone. Reeling Typewriter Co.

Simplicity, durability, visibility and speed of our typewriters. No other typewriter. Typewriter Co., 410 West Superior street.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

CENTRAL BUTTER & OIL CO., 200 West Michigan. Northern Business Agency, 313 N. Bank of Commerce building, Minneapolis, Minn.

THOMAS COLBERTSON, DEALER IN country produce. 150 West Superior St.

FIRE INSURANCE.

WE SELL FIRE INSURANCE THAT insures. We solicit your business. Particulars inquire of C. J. Rathvon, proprietor, Deerwood, Minn.

WE Write Fire Insurance; the best companies. R. M. Newport, 202 Lonsdale.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMPANIES. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

BEGIN THE YEAR RIGHT—TAKE out your fire insurance without delay. Losses promptly paid. W. M. Prindle Co., 102 Superior street. Duluth, Minn.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY and promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

AN INCOME FOR THE FAMILY—DIVIDENDS from the Duluth and Superior International Lumber & Development Co. (assets thirteen million dollars). Write for particulars. George H. Crosby, 106-7-8 Providence building.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE OR business, no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale send us description of property, title, location. Business Agency, 313 N. Bank of Commerce building, Minneapolis, Minn.

A PARTY WITH \$100 CASH TO SELL good black loam clearing, 100 miles from a city—a fine bargain. 120 acres clay land nearby, well watered, 10 miles from a city—a fine bargain. Price \$7.00 per acre. L. P. Lord, 1011 Weeks avenue, Superior.

THE BEST WOOD.

TO THE CITY WOOD YARD, 15 SECOND avenue west. Both phones.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. E. Anderson, Mgr., 327 Manhattan Bldg., Bldg. Zenith phone 60; residence, 1213.

HIGH-GRADE CUTLERY.

HENKEL AND BOKER RAZORS, Gillette safety razors, Gillette safety razors, fine pocket knives, Jordan's English butcher knives. Kelley Hardware company.

CUT FLOWERS.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF CHOICE varieties always on hand. Duluth Floral Co., 2 and 4 East Superior street.

MAGAZINE READERS.

WE SECURED THE ORDER FOR THE periodicals for the public library in sharp competition. The order for the supply of the libraries has since come our way. It will pay you to get our prices. We sell the best and lowest prices. New business and can furnish any periodical published. Zenith Subscription Agency, 417 Burrows building.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. L. Gruen, 31 West Superior St.

MINES AND MINING.

R. B. HIGBER, GERMANIA LIFE Bldg., St. Paul, Minn. Dealer in iron finds and mining stock. O. A. Naga, 67 Torrey.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. R. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio Bldg. Specializing in civil and mechanical engineering, particularly for waterworks sewers, etc.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—Over Suffer's. HUMES.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 54 E. 4th Old phone.

MISS RACON, Phoenix Bldg., 4th Ave. W.

MISS PRACHEY, 307 First National bank.

FLORIST.

EVERYTHING IN plants, cut flowers, artistic designs. Seckins, 110 W. Sup. St.

DENTISTRY.

PARBINGERS OF FINE SPRING MODES

Some Advance Models Which Point the Way for the Spring Fashions.

SPRING COSTUME OF SILK HEATHER.

All of the rough-surfaced silks of the coarser weaves are promised an exceptionally successful season with the coming of spring weather, these lending themselves well to the production of the tailor-made styles. The gown has a long coat, somewhat upon the redingote order, the bodice part being disposed of in a surplice style. The surplice folds are edged with lace, lavishly covered with French knots, and handsome appliques with cord pendants are posed on either shoulder. The sleeve has an elbow cuff topped a lower sleeve, that is elaborated after the same manner. The long skirts of the redingote extend almost to the ankle, are circular in cut, carefully fitted over the hips and with the wide sweep, which is the correct style. The skirt is severely plain and guileless of trimming, its eight-yard hem being faced with a brown velvet and finished with two rows of plain machine stitching.

SIMPLE DESIGN FOR A LINGERIE BLOUSE.

The blouse that fastens in the back lead all the other productions this season, since it leaves the fronts free and unbroken for the display of elaborate applique devices. The one of the picture is so fashioned, tucking in yoke form the tucks released to make the necessary fullness below the bust, being done by hand. A Valenciennes lace is applied in the center of the tucking with a hemstitch effect. The very bishop sleeve has a huge bow knot of the lace on the upper part of the arm, and the collar and cuff are of alternating tuck, lace, and lace. In the back groups of tucks run lengthwise from neck to hem, and the appliques are not seen.

A GISHA PRODUCTION.

The old-time fichu is one of the novelties offered this season in connection with the dainty wash blouse. The model illustrated is in white Persian lawn of a soft and sheer quality, with an applique net lace for trimming. The fichu is in the net lace, with a tucked chemise to fill in, this latter having a large embroidered motif applique. The sleeve is arranged in three somewhat scant puffs, a fancy wash lace braid joining the shirred puffs and decorating the shallow cuffs. There is a deep shirred centre of the Persian lawn to match the waist, this fastening in front, and with featherbones to hold the sides and the pointed back in shape.

NOVEL SHAPE IN STRAW.

In consonance with the edict that demands broad and generous brims to the new hats, this adaptation of a walking hat will be sure to meet with fashionable approval. The crown is large and medium high and the brim flares well all around, turning slightly upward on either side. The straw is in a pretty shade of light wood brown, and the trimming is simply white ribbon carelessly wound around the crown and disposed of in long flat loops along the front. Three ostrich tips, also in white, are posed rather toward the right side of the front, and a chow of ribbon is tucked in beneath the brim at the left side.

THE DAINY LITTLE TURBAN.

Both for dressy and informal wear these dainty little turbans are still in good standing. The latest productions in this line are longer from back to front and correspondingly narrower than were their predecessors, and the brims are now in almost every instance made a background for quite a little trimming. A fine pale blue satin straw of an intricate weave fashions the hat, and little squares of embroidered white silk mousseline are lavishly used for trimming, both joined together in groups and singly dotted with rows of straw for a trimming. The crown is plain, all of the trimming scheme carried out on the brim, and a rosette of white and gold lace braid is centered with rather stiff white wings that stand up well above the crown.

Dainty Designs in Frocks and Blouses.

The usual latten fitting to Southern climes brings the fashions for spring wear several weeks ahead of what they used to be.

In the newer order of things dainty frocks and blouses of sheer thin materials are being fashioned up North while the snow is flying and the winter wind whistling around the corner in a way to make one shiver. The class of wardrobe selected will depend entirely upon what point upon the map they are to be worn. Those bound for Florida will need what the country dressmaker referred to as a betwixt and between outfit—that is, neither winter nor summer garb exclusively, but a judicious mingling of both. For those bound for Havana, however, the straight out and out summer wardrobe will be the thing, for the climate there is one perpetual summer. Havana is increasing in popularity since the American invasion, and since it is pretty nearly the only winter resort that can boast of a settled society of its own it attracts a class of Americans with whom social position and establishment is the end and aim of existence.

There is a very decided change in the outlines of the fashionable figure since this time last year. The waist is more clearly defined, the long point in front, whether it be accomplished in the corset proper or in the girder matters not, but it must be an evidence—and is made an essential feature of current styles. The close fit over the hips still maintains, but the flare from hip to hem is even more marked than when the winter models first showed themselves. Eight yards at the hem is now a moderate estimate, and in the frilly and fluffy crepe de chine and lace and net gowns a dozen yards at this point will not be at all aniss.

The popularity of the separate blouse, whether of silk, velvet or the washable lingerie variety, is still strong. Despite the assurance of interested dressmakers to the effect that they are de-mode, passe and altogether out of the fashionable race, the best dressers continue to include them in their orders, and the best makers in Paris continue to send over models that are each one of them more bewitching than the last.

With the tailor-made gown they are an absolute necessity, and the three-piece costume is one that commands the attention of the leading houses. Whether fashioned from the usual woollen tailor-

made materials—the broadcloths, the mannish tweeds and mixtures, or with such—of velvet, velveteen, or with the new silk weaves which the tailors are taking up with such enthusiasm, the coat and skirt are usually of the one material and the blouse of another.

The washable waist is the one selected to go with the plain morning or walking gown—the one whose skirt is an inch or two clear of the ground all around. Not so short as the rainy daises of mirthful memory used to wear them, but still short enough to display to advantage the smart trim shoe of shiny black patent calf or kid. And, by the way, the Oxford tie is the correct thing for spring wear, and instead of the usual silk shoe-lace there is a broad ribbon of black gros grain. The eyelets are made much larger and buttonholed with silk twist to accommodate this new fad, which ties on the instep with a fluffy double bow and short, close ends.

For the fancy blouses that accompany the dresser toilets of silk and velvet the soft lousies and crepe de chine, all exquisitely hand embroidered, are the preferred of the moment. Self colors are best liked for embroideries, and quantities of yellowish lace are used with delightfully fluff effect.

Some of the newest blouses show a yoke and sleeves all of lace, and the finer webs are far the more favored. Thus, a coral pink panne velvet has a very shallow and irregularly shaped yoke of a yellowish honiton, and the full glist sleeves were of the same mounted over coral pink chiffon, and strapped at the cuff with the velvet looped into little cut steel buckles.

There is evident a return of the strass button to favor, and surely there are not many of the small items of dress that lend an air of riches at smaller expense than these same buttons. In the smaller and flatter sizes they are at their best, and the new ones are centered with gold, silver or copper, while a few show the new green bronze.

There is a delightful variety in the new sleeves, but already some especial types are being used exclusively for one purpose. Thus, the tailors have claimed with enthusiasm the sleeve that has one full puff to the elbow, two tiny ones occupying the wrist. By way of variant an upstanding cuff, widely flaring, is sometimes posed at the elbow; and occasionally the lower puffs are of a contrasting material, usually velvet.

Costume of Silk Heather

Simple design for a Lingerie Blouse

A Gisha Production

Novel Effects in The New Spring Hats.

The first showing of spring millinery is greeted with joy as a relief from the heavy fur and felt and beaver hats that have prevailed during the winter months, to say nothing of the plume-laden velvet shape that has had things pretty nearly all its own way for dressy occasions ever since the first snow flew, and even before.

The light and airy straws, with their trimmings of foamy tulle, the bright spring flowers that bedeck them and the novelties in style and shape are eagerly scanned and discussed, with a view to their probable comingness.

The straw hat is the one that will lead the spring fashions, although there are not lacking examples in malines, net of varying degrees of fineness and shapes of many a kind and character in the soft and supple silks. These latter are often best described as between-season hats, for while they are not unsuitable for winter wear, neither are they entirely out of the picture for use on days when the sun does shine and the warm winds blow.

With shoulders growing broader in each new dress model that is produced, sleeves taking to themselves the most bouffant proportions and the skirts following suit even more so, it goes almost without saying that in order to balance the figure artistically and correctly the hats, too, must take on a like degree of flare. The brims of the new hats are—such of them as have brims or leaves—broad and flaring to a most becoming degree, and set off the bouffantry of the gown to perfection.

Crowns are growing steadily higher, and there is a pronounced tendency to do away with the bandeau and make the shape set comfortably to the head without it. This will make many a shape far too trying to the average wearer, for a cleverly adjusted bandeau will work wonders in the set and effect of a hat. A little tilt in front or to one side is often all that is needed to make a dis-

as ring chapeau do its just duty and gain for the wearer her due meed of good looks.

Just the particular angle at which those new shapes are to be adjusted is a matter that every woman must find out for herself before her mirror. The fraction of an inch—one might almost say a centimeter—to the back or front or to either side will make all the difference in the world in the effect.

On the ready-to-wear hats, which have become such a feature of the millinery shops, the trimmings are of the simplest order. Not that that has any tendency to render the chapeau less expensive. Not a bit of it! The less trimming the better quality it must be seems to be the rule with the milliners, and it takes a clever hand to place that same small amount of trimming to the best effect.

Ribbons are having a triumphant inning in the new millinery. The liking for shaded effects still continues, but it is more often now attained in the use of several ribbons rather than in one wide oen showing several gradations of tone. The pastel tints in several combinations appear frequently, and a monotone ostrich plume is their frequent accompaniment.

The vogue of the ostrich plume shows signs of increase rather than abatement with the coming of the spring days. From the 18-inch size up to those of the lyra shape and double-tipped ends, that measure a yard and a half in length—they are almost long enough and thick enough for boas—everything in plumes goes. And all the colors of the rainbow, with a few more additional in every conceivable shade, are used. The dyers' art has been brought to a fine pitch of perfection in these, and the shadings in the ombre plumes are artistic in the extreme.

The little turbans and toques which have become so fashionable are far too popular and too generally becoming to

be lightly thrust aside in the new season's designs. Almost the only point of difference to be noted in these is that some of them have developed a tendency to a longer and narrower shape. The box turban shows itself again after a slight eclipse in favor of the marquis shape, and the brim of the new style is really lavishly trimmed when one takes into consideration the rather severe lines of this shape.

The plaid braids, in a satin straw, are shown for wear with the woollen tailor-made walking suits, and a plaid effect is given to other braids by the interweaving of narrow, flexible gold or silver braids through the straw. A rather stiff Napoleon rosette, with a wing or group of quills thrust through it, is the preferred trimming for these so-called tailor-made hats, although the same shape, with more trimming and an ostrich plume added, is recommended for dressy afternoon wear by the best houses.

Modifications of the English walking hat—one might refer to them as an enlarged edition of that model—are shown both with stiff and plain trimmings, and with ribbons and feathers as well. The shape seems to take both styles with equally good effect.

A Picturesque Chapeau.

It would be somewhat hard to classify this straw shape as belonging to any especial order, except that of the vaguely picturesque. The crown is a low, flat, drum shape, the brim broad and flaring, and quite a dashing character is afforded in the clever folds of white malines wired to shape, with a rakish roll at the side and a marquis point in the front. The hat itself is of a rather coarse brown straw, the brim double-faced and with a rather deep bandeau in the front and sides to lift the shape off the face. Setting closely to the head at the back, it projects becomingly on front and sides, and, except for the malines, the sole trimming is a huge, fluffy ostrich plume shaded from seal brown through tan into a very pale blue at the tip. This starts at the crown, pierces the brim on the right side, and the pale blue tip curls under and is attached to the bandeau against the hair.

Chamois leather should never be washed in hot water, which hardens it, but in cold water, with either a little ammonia or a lather of soap.



Novel Shape in Straw

With the long coats there is neither occasion nor excuse for an elaborate skirt, and in this connection there is promised a return to the plain skirt that has to depend upon the consciousness of an irreproachable cut and finish for its cachet. Occasionally the silk lining and the skirt are fashioned in one, the necessary haircloth being an interlining, and the accepted tailor finish a velveteen binding barely showing from the edge of the skirt.

Mrs. Shopper—Dress goods will be much higher this winter.
Mr. Shopper—I'm glad of that. I never did like these decolette costumes.

DISCUSSION OF SQUARE MILE HOMESTEAD BILLS

Great Future For the West Depicted By Congressman Mondell.

Whether 640 acres as a homestead shall take the place of 160 acres is a question which is being discussed before the public lands committees of the senate and house. Statements have been made showing that a square mile is not too much to allow a man in certain states of the West, and that 160 acres is too little. An interesting argument was made last Friday, before the house committee, by Representative Mondell of Wyoming, chairman of the house irrigation committee, in which he took decided ground against any hasty legislation on this subject.

"Congress passed a law on this question last session, including the land of Western Nebraska," he said, "with the understanding that it was only a matter of time before the law would be amended. The nature of an experiment. After a full trial there, and a careful investigation of its results, it may be wise—may be wise, I say—to enact similar legislation for other limited locations; but to forthwith apply the plan to great areas of the West at this season, to believe that it is a dangerous thing. The Nebraska law has been in no sense a demonstration as yet."

Mr. Mondell stated that he had made four or five long railroad trips through out this part of Nebraska, and he had observed no indication of settlement under this law. He saw no new houses, nor no evidence of increased population. He admitted that there are vast areas of the West which eventually will be classified as grazing lands solely, irredeemable beyond any process of irrigation, better and more profitable through the introduction of new arid land, crops, "but," he said, "we are in no condition at this time and will not be for many years, to intelligently classify all those lands. There is a great advance being made on the desert today, by which the whole system, and methods of culture are constantly making productive, and will reclaim millions of acres which a few years ago were supposed to be absolutely barren. For crop growing, it would be a serious mistake to condemn any of these lands which have been reclaimed by science progresses more and more, by

come suitable for homes, to indefinite stock grazing."

As an illustration, he stated that in his own country, Western Wyoming, immediately west of the South Dakota line, some twelve years ago a start was made by himself and friends to grow grain without irrigation. These "agricultural" operations were looked upon by the cowboys as a great joke. The "dry" section was "now country," and dry land farming. Well, there was not even a question that it would succeed. Now a quarter of a million bushels of grain are produced annually—wheat yielding from eighteen to twenty-five bushels per acre—in Crook county, to the north, and also west of the South Dakota line, the crop production without irrigation is much more. In the southern half of Western county, twelve years ago, an almost unbroken range, there is now an average of between two and three hundred head of cattle per square mile. "This," he said, "shows the advance we have made in twelve years. Why have we any reason to believe that we will not make as great an additional advance in the coming twelve years, and bring lands under cultivation which are now looked upon as worthless for farming?"

"It is not," he said, "that there is a change in climate, but a change in the class of farmers; not a change in the soil, but in the class of the crops grown. A considerable portion of this land included in these square-mile homestead bills will be found during the coming decade or so to be suitable for so-called 'dry farming,' considerable acreage irrigated in small individual patches by damming coulees, etc., and a considerable portion by private irrigation systems."

"We are but upon the fringe of the agricultural development of the great West. There will, if we proceed carefully, be a great advance in the cultivation of our land, and ultimately cultivate as much land by these 'dry farm' methods as through irrigation. For were supposed to be absolutely barren. For crop growing, it would be a serious mistake to condemn any of these lands which have been reclaimed by science progresses more and more, by

DRUM MAJOR ROY MACKENZIE.



ROY MACKENZIE, ONCE DULUTH POLICEMAN, NOW DRUM MAJOR OF KILTIES GREAT BAND.

"But you ought to have seen Roy Mackenzie," is the remark made by old residents of Duluth whenever the subject of tall men is mentioned. The accompanying picture of Mackenzie was "snapped" by Al. Ribbenack during the time Mackenzie was serving on the police force. He was without doubt the largest man that ever served on the local force and probably the largest policeman in the Northwest at the time, standing 6 feet 7 inches in his stockings. In the picture Mackenzie had just arrested a "drunk" who looks like an infant beside the giant policeman. Mackenzie is now the drum major

of the famous Kilties' band of Toronto, Canada. He recently made a tour of England with the band, and while the band was playing in London. In spite of his great height, he is well formed and all of his muscles are well developed.

The picture is also interesting from the fact that it shows the condition of Michigan street at the time Mackenzie was appointed to the police force by Mayor Lewis in 1894, and the picture was taken shortly afterwards. At that time Michigan street, across from the Union depot was only partially built up.

the state, are pawned by those who should guard its interests, and how every American is keenly concerned in the story, through the various characteristics and these are largely illustrated. The right arm of the government, the Commercial National bank of Chicago, treats of "The Financial Power of the South West," and John F. Parnell, of the Capital, a New West, while the editor Shaller Mathews, has something to say about its culture. "The West," as described by Frank H. Spearman, and the "Outposts of Empire," by W. S. Harwood, "How Railroads Build a Nation," by Henry F. Cope, "The Growth of Population in the Mississippi Valley," by Fredrick Austin Ogg, and "The Conquest of the Mountains," by Henry F. Cope.

The February number of Country Life in America has some fascinating studies of grouse, both in photograph and text. Blue grouse, sage grouse, and spruce grouse are treated of in the intimate accurate way for which Josef Brunner is famous, and his photographs reveal careful detail work on the grouse. The February number of Country Life in America has some fascinating studies of grouse, both in photograph and text. Blue grouse, sage grouse, and spruce grouse are treated of in the intimate accurate way for which Josef Brunner is famous, and his photographs reveal careful detail work on the grouse. The February number of Country Life in America has some fascinating studies of grouse, both in photograph and text. Blue grouse, sage grouse, and spruce grouse are treated of in the intimate accurate way for which Josef Brunner is famous, and his photographs reveal careful detail work on the grouse.

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contains an especially interesting assortment of short stories and wide-awake special articles, numbering in all nineteen. The leading article is an up-to-date history of that "wild and woolly" recent state, Washington, one of our most promising states and all of our most important industries. The leading article is an up-to-date history of that "wild and woolly" recent state, Washington, one of our most promising states and all of our most important industries. The leading article is an up-to-date history of that "wild and woolly" recent state, Washington, one of our most promising states and all of our most important industries.

Madame, the magazine "For Women" has a very attractive table of contents in its February issue. The Music Supplement, which proved so popular in January, is continued, and the words and music of Lon Dinsmore's original composition, entitled "The Song of the Birds," is given complete in supplement form. This feature is very greatly appreciated by Madame readers. The second of the series of articles by celebrated artists is printed in which Mme. Gabrielle Redan gives a sketch of her career. The story is one of absorbing interest. This article is beautifully illustrated with photographs of Mme. Redan as "Zaza" and "Sylvie."

"The Little Germany," a story by Denison Halley Clift, appears in the Argonaut for Jan. 23. It is a story of San Francisco life, and is finely written, full of interest, and with an unexpected ending. An old German music teacher and his pupil are the leading characters.

The personal narrative of the taking of Port Arthur, told by the men who took it, the feature of the February Leslie's Monthly Magazine. Two of the narratives, by an officer of engineers and by a sapper, give a most vivid and picturesque account of the actual fighting, both above and below ground, around that tremendous fortress. Some beautiful photographs of Japanese girls in this number show a more peaceful side of the national life. The story of Berlin, the named, begins Miss Laut's articles on the explorers of the Pacific.

The February number of the Holiday Monthly Magazine for Children, an excellent magazine for the young, is followed by a frontispiece drawn by Ida Dougherty, and contains a number of "Pyle" "Betsey's Mistake" tells the touching story of a little girl of long ago who saved her father's life with her teacher's money. "High Top Lee Lee" is a story of a Chinese boy, and "The Coats of Scarlet" is a story of George Washington and his friends. There is a Valentine story with a pretty lesson in manners attached, and other hints for that fascinating day.

In these days, when Russia, her war, her people, her armies are so constantly in the public eye, everything that adds to our real knowledge of the vast empire is eagerly read. Much that is interesting and instructive will be found in an article on "Russia: Its Youth and Its Life," contributed by the Hon. Charles Emory Smith, formerly American minister to St. Petersburg.

The Delicater for February, with a beautiful art cover, and a varied table of contents, is a most attractive number. It contains a number of "Pyle" "Betsey's Mistake" tells the touching story of a little girl of long ago who saved her father's life with her teacher's money. "High Top Lee Lee" is a story of a Chinese boy, and "The Coats of Scarlet" is a story of George Washington and his friends. There is a Valentine story with a pretty lesson in manners attached, and other hints for that fascinating day.

The leading article in the February issue of the magazine is "The New Psychology for thinkers, discusses Christian Science theories, and the author asserts that all leading theories of the mind are based on the same principles. The magazine is a review of the latest psychological theories, and discusses the work of the great psychologists of the day. The magazine is a review of the latest psychological theories, and discusses the work of the great psychologists of the day.

In addition to the editorial comment, the current events section contains a number of interesting features. The "Automobile" section, by J. B. Middlecoff, discusses the latest developments in the automobile industry. The "Automobile" section, by J. B. Middlecoff, discusses the latest developments in the automobile industry. The "Automobile" section, by J. B. Middlecoff, discusses the latest developments in the automobile industry.

The automobile is growing in popularity with the general public, and it is explained that this is due to the fact that a woman is now driving a car. The article discusses the latest developments in the automobile industry, and the role of women in the automobile world. The article discusses the latest developments in the automobile industry, and the role of women in the automobile world.

"Senator Hoar's Death," observes Collier's for Jan. 28, "is a very fit event for the United States senate to commemorate. In setting aside Jan. 28 for eulogies, the senate intended to show respect to the great statesman. It is a fitting tribute to the great statesman. It is a fitting tribute to the great statesman. It is a fitting tribute to the great statesman.

The serial rights of H. Rider Haggard's latest novel of adventure, "Ayesha," the long-looked-for companion story to "She," must have cost the publisher of the Popular Magazine a pretty penny, so they were perhaps justified if they expected it to create a sensation. The serial rights of H. Rider Haggard's latest novel of adventure, "Ayesha," the long-looked-for companion story to "She," must have cost the publisher of the Popular Magazine a pretty penny, so they were perhaps justified if they expected it to create a sensation.

Married Women

Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness. All of this can be avoided, however, by the use of Mother's Friend before baby comes, as this great liniment always prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of her form. Mother's Friend overcomes all the danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing. Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the use of this wonderful remedy. Sold by all druggists at \$1.00 per bottle. Our little book, telling all about this liniment, will be sent free.

Mother's Friend
The Bradford Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Storage and Moving

We invite parties who are thinking of storing their goods to call and inspect our storehouse at 510, 512, 514 East Superior street. We want them to see for themselves how we are prepared to take care of their goods.

NO MISREPRESENTATION

Special heated room for Pianos. No extra charge. Private rooms if desired. Our rates for storage and insurance are very low.

We move you in our large "VANS" cheaper than you can get the work done in DRAYS. Get our price.

Duluth Va. & Storage Co.

Both 'Phones, 492. 210 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

"A HANDFUL OF DIRT MAY BE A HOUSEFUL OF SHAME." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

SAPOLIC

of this contest with a pack of blood-bounds," said the ex-governor. "I entered a contest with the bottom and I was here at the finish. If the legislature, in its session, declares that I shall take my seat, if it declares Mr. Adams elected, I shall gracefully step down."

Notice of Bids.

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids, in the form of a statement of the County Auditor, will be received at the office of the County Auditor, Carlton County, Minn., until 10 o'clock, a. m., on Monday, February 28, 1905, according to the plans and specifications for the construction of a new building for the County Auditor, Carlton County, Minn. The bids will be opened at 10 o'clock, a. m., on Monday, February 28, 1905, at the office of the County Auditor, Carlton County, Minn. The bids will be opened at 10 o'clock, a. m., on Monday, February 28, 1905, at the office of the County Auditor, Carlton County, Minn.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. In Probate Court, Special Term, January 19th, 1905. In the matter of the Estate of Fred Olson, Deceased.

It is ordered that the hearing on the claims against the estate of Fred Olson, deceased, be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, on Monday, the 28th day of February, 1905, at 10 o'clock, a. m. The claims against the estate of Fred Olson, deceased, shall be presented to the probate court on said day, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Monday, the 28th day of February, 1905, be a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, and the same hearing is appointed and ordered to be held on said day, at 10 o'clock, a. m., for the examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District. Charles W. Day, Plaintiff, vs. Duluth Log Company and John Drinkwater, Defendants.

SUMMONS. The State of Minnesota to the above named Defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is being annexed and served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the undersigned, at his office in the city of Duluth, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service. If you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will, upon such failure, have the amount of the plaintiff's claim entered as a judgment against you, and the costs of this action, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated January 16, 1905. R. R. BRIGGS, Plaintiff's Attorney. 600-01 Torrey Building, Duluth, Minn.

You will also take notice that the complaint in said action has been duly filed in the office of the clerk of said district court, and for St. Louis County, Minnesota.

R. R. BRIGGS, Plaintiff's Attorney. Duluth Evening Herald—Dec. 31, Jan. 7-14, 21-28, Feb. 4, 1905.



Revivo

RESTORES VITALITY. Made a Well Man of Me.

"FRENCH REMEDY" produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all other remedies fail. Restores vitality, impotency, Nightly Emission, and all other ailments of the male sex. It is a sure cure for all ailments of the male sex. It is a sure cure for all ailments of the male sex.

ROYAL MEDICINE CO., Trayer Building, For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce, Max Whit, druggists.

Pennyroyal Pills

MADE IN A LABORATORY. It is a sure cure for all ailments of the female sex. It is a sure cure for all ailments of the female sex. It is a sure cure for all ailments of the female sex.

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WHEN IT WAS REALLY COLD

Ink Froze To Pens and Boys To Wet Lapstones In the Good Old Days.

The ancient art of keeping warm in blustering winter weather was crude, as practiced by the forefathers, or Judge Sewall would not have complained that he was slow in receding events in his diary because his ink froze upon his pen, says the Boston Globe. Nor would the colonial shoemakers have many times decided that it was too cold to make shoes, but just right to go hunting. The test of temperature was made by allowing an apprentice to sit on a wet lapstone. If he was frozen to it, the weather was considered too cold to work.

Indeed, just how the people of the cold parts of this country got any comfort during these severe winter days is not apparent to the eyes of today that have looked upon the simple and curious heat-producers of early times. A rare collection of these ancient fireplaces, and stoves and other promoters of mercurial rises is preserved today in the Essex institute, in Salem, Mass., together with much interesting information thereon.

One of these curios is a fireback from the ancestral home of Col. Timothy Pickens, Washington's friend and secretary of war. It is of slate and looks like a gravestone. It was carved with the Pickens family crest. It was placed in the back of the fireplace, so that the burning logs would not set fire to the house.

These old-fashioned fireplaces were huge affairs. Children could sit in their corners and watch the sparks chase each other toward the stars. The fireplaces and chimneys were first lined with mud, so that they would not burn, but later they were made of brick. It is a common remark that in trying to get warm at such the faces of people were roasted from the heat while their backs froze in the drafts from the cracks in the windows and doors.

The early forefathers were a hardy race, and endured the cold wonderfully. The Puritans of Salem refused to quit their meeting houses, declaring that warmth therein "was a kind of hell and wicked Satan." The sturdy Puritan slave and their sons and daughters huddled together when the cold

CAT STEW IS QUINCE

Puss Is Very Appetizing When Cooked Cleverly—Snails Are Good, and Rats Also.

The popular prejudice against snails is incomprehensible when the favor of oysters, periwinkles, mussels and cockles is considered, says the London Globe. In many London restaurants, particularly in Soho, snails now figure in the daily menu. This is an imported taste from France, but in the West country snails are highly esteemed by the lower classes. A year or two ago a clergyman cited as an illustration of poverty in Bristol that he had seen working girls pick snails off a wall and eat them.

As a matter of fact, the snail is extensively eaten in Somerset and Gloucestershire, both a dairy and a medicinal. There are men who make a living by collecting snails and selling them under the name of "wall fish." Boiled in their shells they are picked out and eaten with bread and butter, being accounted a great luxury and very nourishing. In pulmonary diseases they probably rank as a specific. Frogs are another dainty which pre-judice denies to the Englishman, though in the United States and Canada they are esteemed as highly as in France. Spasmodically a surgeon is offered for sale in London, and the accident of its capture affords a novel of which snails should not be passed by, for it is generally sold at eight pence a pound. Cut and cooked as a cutlet it tastes rather like veal, without a suspicion of fish about it.

In Germany the bear's flesh is greatly favored, and smoked bear tongues, hams and sausages are both appetizing and expensive. Ever since Paris, in the siege of 1870-71, was driven to eating up the animals at the zoo, can't's flesh has been demanded by French gourmets. Remarkably like beef in appearance it is as tender as veal, and there are Parisians who insist on regularly eating it. On the same testimony, lion steaks are reported to be only moderate eating, while tiger is both tough and unwholesome. In fact, however, is delightfully white and toothsome, and alligators and crocodiles provide a most delicate and delicate food, midway between that of veal and pork.

Beef and mutton, with pork, so entirely make up the menu that we actually regard lamb and veal as distinct dishes. Why should not goat flesh be introduced into the kitchen as food? It is good eating, as Robinson Crusoe and Don Juan testify. In France it is largely eaten, and some of the best 100,000 goats annually for the table. Our neighbors also enjoy the donkey, whose flesh, when killed young, resembles that of the turkey, though of much finer flavor.

Through a hippogriff banquet ar-

ranged by the late Sir Henry Thompson was held in London some years ago. It is still almost dangerous to suggest horse flesh to an Englishman. Food, in reality it is very excellent eating, and only prejudice can gain-say the fact, that worn-out horses cannot afford either nourishing or palatable meat, but that of a horse reared like an ox, for the table, has a finer flavor and more tender than any other in color. It is served in the best French restaurants, as well as being largely eaten by the people of the East.

"It was in Paris," wrote Mr. Vandam, the author of "An Englishman in Paris," that I learned how the cat had been so long a favorite with the friend of man if you like, but don't eat him. Fry him, stew him, boil or bake him, do what you like, his flesh is and remains oily and fatty, with a strong flavor of castor oil. But I declare that stewed puss is far finer than stewed rabbit."

This testimony the writer can personally corroborate, having recently been invited to a dinner given by a gourmet of eccentric tastes. The dish of the evening was "Chat aux Champignons." Soaked in white vinegar with aromatic herbs and cooked in red wine, the cat made a most savory dish, and after the prejudice of the first mouthful, one was bound to admit its succulence and flavor. The same verdict must be given for rat pie by any who have eaten it. At thrashing time in the north country some farmers capture and convert the rats from the ricks into a stew or pie. Thus cooked, the grain-fed rat is as dainty as game pigeon. On this point both the naturalists, Frank Buckland and Rev. J. G. Wood, agreed.

Another neglected article of food is the guinea pig. Were the edible variety of the hedgehog known it would rival snails in popularity. As cooked in rural England it is delicious. The correct way is to incise the hedgehog, bristles and all, with a thick cut of soft clay and place it in the glowing embers of a fire to bake. The bristles and skin come off with the fire, and the meat is found to be tender and most delicate meat imaginable.

To make bunny squirrel into a stew may seem a refinement, and of delicate taste, but such ideas rarely trouble the rustic and the dish is as memorable as appetizing. Snakes, being rare in England, are not much eaten, but in Southern France there is a snake which is extensively sold, prepared for the table. It is called the "serpent de mer" and is a small snake, about a foot long, and is very tender and delicious. It is said that the snake is introduced into the kitchen as food, and is good eating, as Robinson Crusoe and Don Juan testify. In France it is largely eaten, and some of the best 100,000 goats annually for the table. Our neighbors also enjoy the donkey, whose flesh, when killed young, resembles that of the turkey, though of much finer flavor.

Through a hippogriff banquet ar-

A Strenuous Worker American Family Soap

Possesses qualities not found in other soap—sweetens and purifies the home—is distinguished from all other soaps because of its purity, its economy and its great cleansing qualities. Every atom cleanses.

Send for complete list of the many valuable premiums given for American Family Soap Wrappers. Address Premium Dept., 360 North Water St., Chicago, Ill.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY.

covered, so far as the surface conditions indicated, where a point rock stood ten feet above the water surface. Two hundred feet away borings 120 feet below river bottom failed to find the foundation. In a great many cases a few hundred dollars expended in borings have resulted in changing the location of dam sites,

and, of course, have saved many thousands of dollars. The same conditions hold good in the examination of reservoirs where natural depressions are used to store water. Here it is necessary to determine whether the bottom is impermeable, or has a sand or terrace outlet which would let the water out after it had been stored.

cool, calm and collected, and the other fellow's up against it. All this time I was side-stepping like a dance hall girl. I still had my knife in my right hand, but I got it in my left some-where. Then I began prancing for the buffalo's heart, I plunged the blade in up to the handle, but missed the right spot. The bull could do anything he had ever done before. I got ready for another blade got through the it. That time the bull's head dropped. Was he dead? Well, he sure was, soon. I reckon now, the one that Buffalo that was ever killed by a knife. Jim White used to say so, and Jim knew."

GOOD TESTS FOR DIAMONDS

Many Simple Experiments Which Will Show Whether a Gem Is Genuine or Not.

If you doubt the genuineness of your diamonds, or stones which you contemplate purchasing, it is not necessary to submit them to an expert—by studying the following methods of testing these gems you may become your own expert, says the Columbus Press-Post. For the first lesson, take a real diamond and a piece of glass. Drop them in glasses of water. The imitation will sink, while the real one will be distinctly visible, shining out whitely through the water. The real diamond is, however, cloudy in appearance, and on the flat side of each put a tiny drop of water. On the real diamond the drop will hold in globular form, and can be about with a pin point. The drop on the glass one will spread. Study the two stones with a magnifying glass. The facets of the false one are uneven and irregular, while the facets of the real one are of uniform size and shape. The reason for this is that a diamond cutter with a good gem will sacrifice symmetry to weight, preferring to leave some slight irregularities in the planes and edges than to reduce the stone's value. The material in a false stone being of little value, the cutter makes as finished a job as he can of it, the appearance counting for more than the value.

If a real diamond be used as a miniature reading glass, added by a large magnifying glass, it will appear as a clear and clean. Substitute the false diamond, and the letters will appear broken or, will be seen, owing to unequal refraction. Then you may try the familiar experiment of scratching a sheet of glass. Because your stone will scratch down the glass, while the false one will not. Try to break the glass evenly on the scratch. No real stone can be broken in this way. The hardest file, but the instrument will easily make any imitation that has ever been made.

Having scratched your pretty bit of glass it is worthless, drop it and the diamond into hydrofluoric acid. Before placing the stone in the acid, be sure the diamond will suffer not at all. Then there is still another experiment. Take a bit of stuff with red and white markings, pass the stone to be tested over the stuff, and observe the result. If the stone be an imitation the colors will be distinguishable through it; if it be a diamond no difference of color will be appreciable.

A genuine diamond rubbed upon wood or metal, after having been previously sub-

jected to the rays of the electric arc, becomes phosphorescent in the dark; this cannot be said of any of the imitations. If the stone to be tried is covered with borax paste, and after being well heated in the alcohol flame, dropped into a glass of water, the proof will be instantaneous. The glass imitation will fly into bits, while the genuine one will be unaffected. Finally, try to crush between two hard plates a diamond and an imitation and learn the difference.

After the diamond, the sapphire is the hardest stone known to man. A pink or red sapphire, she possesses also the quality of resisting the attack of the file, but she is, however, cloudy in appearance, and has a milky hue. The topaz is slightly yellowish and surrenders to the cutting teeth of the file. There are a great number of white diamonds, but a pure, clear, transparent stone without a shade of color is more rare than is often supposed.

Becomes white diamond are some which exhibit the shades of red, blue, green, yellow, brown, black and pink. Heat sometimes causes a diamond to change its color, and after a while the color, thus acquired, becomes permanent. Yellow diamonds, or those commonly designated "off color," furnish the greatest variety of shades and some of them exceed in beauty all other stones of that color.

Specimens of canary-colored diamonds are by no means rare. They may almost be found in a corner of a jewelry store. A colored diamond is of great value, and the more so, the more brilliant and the more magnificent coloring is considered the more beautiful of all the precious stones. The most valuable of these are the blue, red, green, yellow, brown, black and pink. The blue diamonds are the most valuable, and the most difficult to come by. They are found in the mines of India, and are highly prized by the East. The blue diamonds are the most valuable, and the most difficult to come by. They are found in the mines of India, and are highly prized by the East.

For beauty the blue stones come directly after the red diamonds. Those possessing the deep blue, and in this respect resembling the sapphire, are indeed most beautiful gems, differing from the sapphire in that they are not so hard. The blue diamonds are the most valuable, and the most difficult to come by. They are found in the mines of India, and are highly prized by the East.

Place of the Brazilian diamond, which of late years has become quite scarce. Cheap diamonds of much inferior value are now being sold, and are often able to distinguish between these gems and an accomplishment possessed by the few.

Instant relief and refreshing sleep for fretted mothers, in warm baths with Cuticura Soap and gentle anointings with Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure, and purport of emollients, to be followed in severe cases by mild doses of Cuticura Resolvent.

"My niece's little baby boy, two years old, was so badly afflicted with eczema that he needed constant watching. It was all over his face and he scratched the sores constantly. Mornings his clothes would be stained with blood, and his face and hands would be covered. His family never could take him out, as his face was always full of large sores. They had medical treatment, and tried everything they heard of. She commenced using the Cuticura Remedies last spring and found that at last she had a wonderful healer. The sores left his face and he was entirely cured, and now his face is as smooth and rosy as though no sore had ever been there on his face."

Mrs. L. J. ROSE, JERUSALEM, N. Y. FEB. 12, 1898.

On March 7, 1903, five years later, Mrs. Rose writes: "I received your note of kind inquiry and am pleased to inform you of the permanent cure of my little boy. He is now a healthy child with pink and white skin free from all blemishes. It has been a marvelous cure and brought about in a short time after all other medical aid failed."

Beit held through the world. Cuticura Remedies, 90c. the bottle. Sold by Dr. J. C. Clark, 100 N. 1st St., Duluth, Minn. The Resolvent, 50c. the bottle. Sold by Dr. J. C. Clark, 100 N. 1st St., Duluth, Minn. The Soap, 25c. the box. Sold by Dr. J. C. Clark, 100 N. 1st St., Duluth, Minn. The Ointment, 25c. the tin. Sold by Dr. J. C. Clark, 100 N. 1st St., Duluth, Minn. The Cream, 25c. the tin. Sold by Dr. J. C. Clark, 100 N. 1st St., Duluth, Minn. The Lotion, 25c. the bottle. Sold by Dr. J. C. Clark, 100 N. 1st St., Duluth, Minn. The Powder, 25c. the tin. Sold by Dr. J. C. Clark, 100 N. 1st St., Duluth, Minn. The Shampoo, 25c. the bottle. Sold by Dr. J. C. Clark, 100 N. 1st St., Duluth, Minn. The Hair Oil, 25c. the bottle. Sold by Dr. J. C. Clark, 100 N. 1st St., Duluth, Minn. The Face Cream, 25c. the tin. Sold by Dr. J. C. Clark, 100 N. 1st St., Duluth, Minn. The Body Lotion, 25c. the bottle. Sold by Dr. J. C. Clark, 100 N. 1st St., Duluth, Minn. The Hand Cream, 25c. the tin. 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